## **Student Information**

Full Name : Alperen OVAK

 $Id\ Number:\ 2580801$ 

#### Answer 1

a)

p	q	$\neg q$	$p \rightarrow q$	$p \land \neg q$	$p \to q \oplus p \land \neg q$
T	Т	F	${ m T}$	F	${ m T}$
T	F	$\Gamma$	$\mathbf{F}$	Т	${ m T}$
F	Т	F	${ m T}$	F	${ m T}$
F	F	T	${ m T}$	F	Τ

b)

$$p \to ((q \lor \neg p) \to r) \equiv \neg p \lor ((q \lor \neg p) \to r)$$

$$\equiv \neg p \lor (\neg (q \lor \neg p) \lor r)$$

$$\equiv \neg p \lor ((\neg q \lor \neg \neg p) \lor r)$$

$$\equiv \neg p \lor ((\neg q \lor p) \lor r)$$

$$\equiv (\neg p \lor (\neg q \lor p)) \lor r$$

$$\equiv ((\neg p \lor \neg q) \land (\neg p \lor p)) \lor r$$

$$\equiv ((\neg p \lor \neg q) \land (T)) \lor r$$

$$\equiv (\neg p \lor \neg q) \lor r$$

$$\equiv \neg (p \land q) \lor r$$

$$\equiv (p \land q) \to r$$

table 7, Equivalence 1 table 7, Equivalence 1

table 6, De Morgan's Second Law

 $table\ 6, Double\ Negation\ Law$ 

 $table\ 6, Associative\ Law$ 

 $table\ 6, Distributive\ Law$ 

table 6, Negation First Law

table 6, Identity First Law

 $table\ 6, De\ Morgan's\ Second\ Law$ 

 $table\ 7, Equivalence\ 3$ 

c)

- 1. F
- 2. F
- 3. F
- 4. T
- 5. T

## Answer 2

```
a) \exists x (P(Can, x) \land T(x, L))

b) \forall x (T(x, S) \rightarrow \exists y (N(y, Turkish) \land P(y, x)))

c) \forall x \exists y \exists z (T(x, S) \land R(x, y) \land T(y, S) \land R(x, z) \land T(z, S) \land (y = z))

d) \forall y \exists z (W(M, y) \rightarrow \neg (P(z, y) \land N(z, English)))

e) \exists x \exists y ((x \neq y) \land N(x, Turkish) \land N(y, Turkish) \land P(x, G) \land P(y, G) \land \forall z (P(z, G) \rightarrow (z = x \lor z = y)))

f) \exists x \exists y \exists z (T(x, y) \land T(x, z) \land (y \neq z))
```

#### Answer 3

	$p \to q, (r \land s) \to p, (r \land s) \to$	$(\neg q) \vdash \neg s$
1.	$p \rightarrow q$	premise
2.	$(r \wedge s) \to p$	premise
3.	$(r \land \neg q)$	premise
4.	r	$\wedge e, 3$
5.	$\neg q$	$\wedge e, 3$
6.	$r \wedge s$	assumption
7.	p	$\rightarrow$ e 2,5
8.	ig  q	$\rightarrow$ e 1,6
9.		$\neg e 5, 8$
10.	$\neg(r \land s)$	¬i 6 − 9
11.	S	assumption
12.	$r \wedge s$	∧i 4,11
13.		$\neg e 10, 12$
14.	$\neg s$	¬i 11 – 13

## Answer 4

a)

- (First premise)  $\exists x (P(x) \to S(x))$
- $\bullet \ (Second \ premise) \ \forall x (P(x)) \\$
- $(Claim) \exists y S(y)$

b)

# $\exists x (P(x) \to S(x)), \forall x (P(x)) \vdash \exists y S(y)$

1.	$\exists x (P(x) \to S(x))$	premise
2.	$\forall x (P(x))$	premise
3.	$P(c) \to S(c)$	assumption
4.	P(c)	$\forall e \ 2$
5.	S(c)	$\rightarrow$ e 3,4
6.	$\exists y S(y)$	∃i 5
7.	$\exists y S(y)$	$\exists e \ 3 - 6$