

AP® Microeconomics 2011 Free-Response Questions

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2011 AP® MICROECONOMICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

MICROECONOMICS

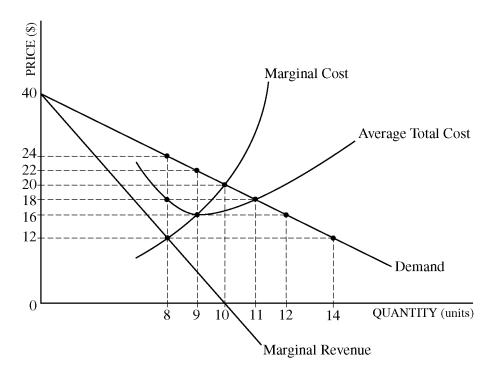
Section II

Planning time—10 minutes

Writing time—50 minutes

Directions: You have 50 minutes to answer all three of the following questions. <u>It is suggested that you spend approximately half your time on the first question and divide the remaining time equally between the next two questions.</u> In answering the questions, you should emphasize the line of reasoning that generated your results; it is not enough to list the results of your analysis. Include correctly labeled diagrams, if useful or required, in explaining your answers. A correctly labeled diagram must have all axes and curves clearly labeled and must show directional changes. Use a pen with black or dark blue ink.

1. A monopolist's demand, marginal revenue, and cost curves are shown in the diagram below.



- (a) Assume that the monopolist wants to maximize profit. Using the labeling on the graph, indicate the monopolist's price.
- (b) When the output is 8 units, what is the profit per unit?
- (c) Assume that the monopolist is maximizing profit. Is allocative efficiency achieved? Explain.
- (d) Between the prices of \$16 and \$18, is the monopolist in the elastic, inelastic, or unit elastic portion of its demand curve? Explain.
- (e) Assume that regulators set an output of 11 units.
 - (i) Is the monopolist earning positive economic profit? Explain.
 - (ii) Is the monopolist earning positive accounting profit?

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- (f) Assume instead that regulators impose a price ceiling of \$22.
 - (i) What is the marginal revenue for the eighth unit?
 - (ii) What quantity will be produced?
- (g) Assume instead that the monopolist practices perfect price discrimination (also called first-degree price discrimination).
 - (i) What quantity will be produced?
 - (ii) What will be the value of the consumer surplus?
- 2. Assume that the market for avocados is perfectly competitive. The typical firm is earning positive economic profit in the short-run equilibrium.
 - (a) Draw a correctly labeled graph for the typical firm, illustrating the short-run equilibrium and labeling the equilibrium market price and output P_E and Q_E , respectively.
 - (b) Assume there is an increase in the market wage rate for labor, a variable input. Show on your graph in part (a) the effect of the wage increase on the marginal cost curve in the short run.
 - (c) Assume that avocado producers hire workers from a perfectly competitive labor market. Draw a graph of labor supply and demand for the typical firm and label the supply curve MFC and the demand curve MRP. Assume the market wage rate increases from w_1 to w_2 . Show the effect of the wage increase on the graph, labeling the initial quantity of labor hired QL_1 and the new quantity of labor hired QL_2 .
- 3. Assume that the market for good X is perfectly competitive and that the production of good X creates a negative externality.
 - (a) Draw a correctly labeled graph of the market for good X and show each of the following.
 - (i) The marginal private cost and marginal social cost of good X, labeled MPC and MSC, respectively
 - (ii) The market quantity, labeled Q_m
 - (iii) The allocatively efficient quantity, labeled Q_s
 - (iv) The area of deadweight loss, shaded completely
 - (b) Assume that a lump-sum tax is imposed on the producers of good X. What happens to the deadweight loss? Explain.

STOP

END OF EXAM