# 脱壳小记

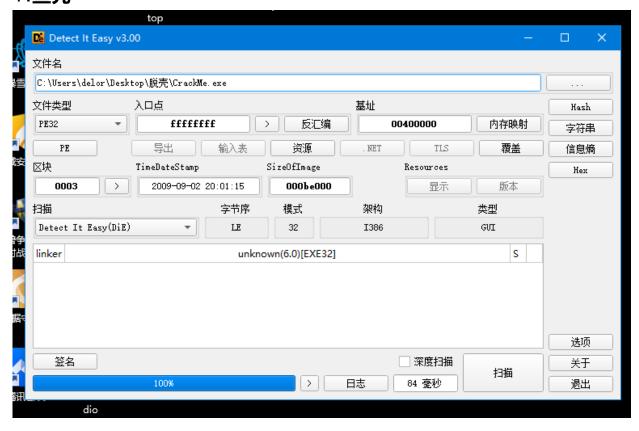
原题目链接: https://bbs.pediy.com/thread-97892.htm

原分析链接: https://bbs.pediy.com/thread-101765.htm

本文作者: Delort

本文是纯粹的脱壳, 无算法分析的内容。

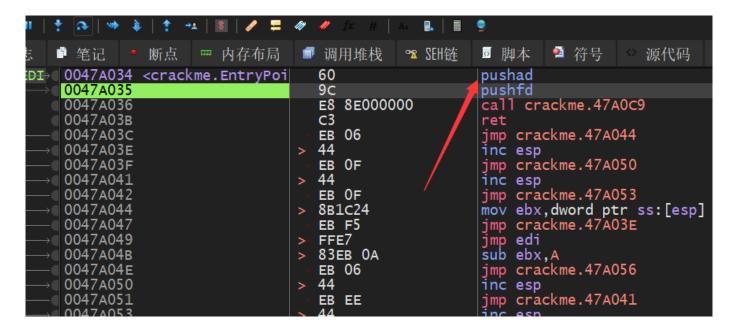
# 1.查壳



没有查到。

# 2.**寻找**oep

单步步过pushad



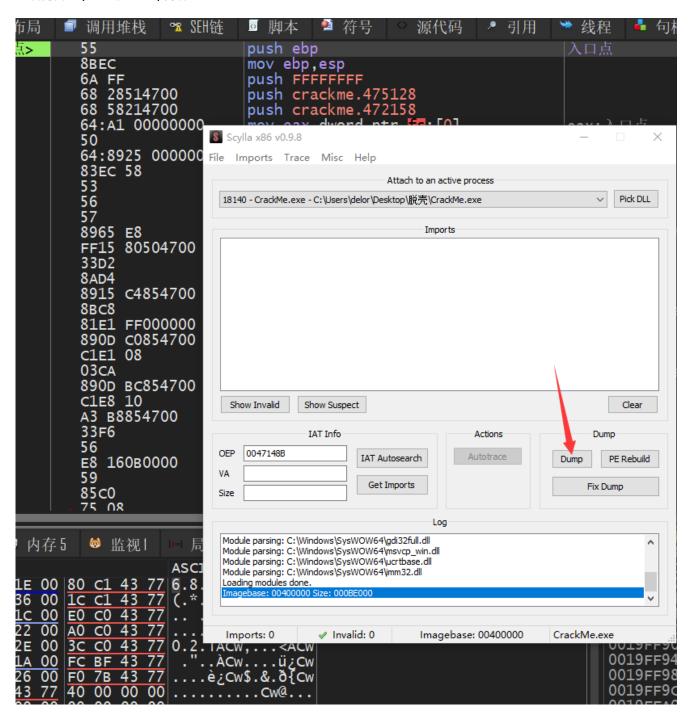
### 在此处esp处下硬件访问断点。



单步步过到此处为oep

```
🎴 符号
■ 笔记
           断点
                 ┈ 内存布局
                              ■ 调用堆栈
                                           st SEH锛
                                                    ☑ 脚本
                                                                         源代码
| 0047148B | <crackme. 入口点>
                                                    push ebp
0047118C
0047148E
                                8BEC
                                                    mov ebp,esp
                                6A FF
                                                    push FFFFFFF
                                                    push crackme.475128
                                68 28514700
00471490
                                68 58214700
                                                    push crackme.472158
00471495
0047149A
                                64:A1 00000000
                                                    mov eax, dword ptr fs:[0]
004714A0
                                50
                                                    push eax
004714A1
                                64:8925 00000000
                                                    mov dword ptr fs:[0],esp
004714A8
                                83EC 58
                                                    sub esp,58
004714AB
                                53
                                                    push ebx
                                56
004714AC
                                                    push esi
                                57
004714AD
                                                    push edi
004714AE
                                8965 E8
                                                    mov dword ptr ss:[ebp-18]
```

### 然后打开Scylla进行dump操作



# 3.**手动重建导入表和**IAT

# 3.1**复制INT到IA**T

此步骤其实可忽略,只需新建import table 并在数据目录填入RVA即可。

## INT:

			_								_	-									-
Offset	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F		I	NSI	ASCII	^
000B78E0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00					
000B78F0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00					
000B7900	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	12	58	07	00				X	
000B7910	6	58	07	00	EE	57	07	00	E2	57	07	00	22	58	07	00	X	îW	âW	"X	
000B7920	00	00	00	00	6E	5A	07	00	5C	5A	07	00	4E	5A	07	00		nΖ	\Z	NZ	
000B7930	3E	5.7	07	00	32	5A	07	00	26	5A	07	00	1C	5A	07	00	>Z	22	&Ζ	Z	
000B7940	10	5A	9.7	00	04	5A	07	00	7E	5A	07	00	EC	59	07	00	Z	Z	~Z	ìY	
000B7950	DE	59	07	00	D0	59	07	00	C2	59	07	00	В2	59	07	00	ÞΥ	ĐY	ÂY	² Y	
000B7960	98	59	07	00	8A	59	07	00	7A	59	07	00	68	59	07	00	~Y	ŠY	zY	hY	
000B7970	4E	59	07	00	36	59	07	00	94	5A	07	00	A4	5A	07	00	NY	6Y	"Z	μZ	
000B7980	B4	5A	07	00	C6	5A	07	00	F8	59	07	00	76	58	07	00	^Z	ÆΖ	øΥ	VΧ	
000B7990	3E	58	07	00	52	58	07	00	64	58	07	00	84	58	07	00	>X	RX	dX	"X	
000B79A0	92	58	07	00	Α6	58	07	00	BA	58	07	00	D6	58	07	00	' X	X	۰x	ÖX	
000B79B0	EC	58	07	00	06	59	07	00	20	59	07	00	00	00	00	00	ìX	Y	Y		
000B79C0	C4	57	07	00	B8	57	07	00	Α6	57	07	00	9E	57	07	00	ÄW	, W	W	žW	
000B79D0	92	57	07	00	86	57	07	00	76	57	07	00	68	57	07	00	' W	†W	$\nabla W$	hW	
000B79E0	58	57	07	00	4C	57	07	00	40	57	07	00	2E	57	07	00	XW	LW	@W	.W	
000B79F0	22	57	07	00	10	57	07	00	FE	56	07	00	EC	56	07	00	"W	W	þV	ìV	
000B7A00	DE	56	07	00	CE	56	07	00	C2	56	07	00	В4	56	07	00	₽V	ÎV	ÂV	'V	
000B7A10	A0	56	07	00	92	56	07	00	7E	56	07	00	70	56	07	00	V	<b>'</b> V	~∇	pV	
000B7A20	58	56	07	00	44	56	07	00	30	56	07	00	00	00	00	00	XV	DV	OV		
000B7A30	95	00	44	69	73	70	61	74	63	68	4D	65	73	73	61	67	• D	<ul> <li>DispatchMessag</li> </ul>			
000B7A40	65	41	00	00	82	02	54	72	61	6E	73	6C	61	74	65	4D	еA	, 1	rans	slateM	
000000000							~~	~~			- 4								-		

## IAT:

UUUB/3EU	υυ	υU	υU	UU	υU	υU	UU	UU	UU	UU	UU	UU	υU	UU	UU	υU				
000B73F0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				
000B7400	12	58	07	00	06	58	07	00	EE	57	07	00	E2	57	07	00	X	X	îW	âW
000B7410	22	58	07	00	00	00	00	00	6E	5A	07	00	5C	5A	07	00	"X		nΖ	\Z
000B742	4E	5A	07	00	3E	5A	07	00	32	5A	07	00	26	5A	07	00	NZ	>Z	2Z	&Z
000B7430	1C	5A	07	00	10	5A	07	00	04	5A	07	00	7E	5A	07	00	Z	Z	Z	~Z
000B7440	EC	59	07	00	DE	59	07	00	D0	59	07	00	C2	59	07	00	ìY	ÞΥ	ĐΥ	ÂY
000B7450	\B2	59	07	00	98	59	07	00	8A	59	07	00	7A	59	07	00	εY	~Y	ŠΥ	zY
000B7460	68	59	07	00	4E	59	07	00	36	59	07	00	94	5A	07	00	hY	NY	6Y	"Z
000B7470	A4	5A	07	00	В4	5A	07	00	C6	5A	07	00	F8	59	07	00	μZ	'Z	ÆΖ	øΥ
000B7480	76	58	07	00	3E	58	07	00	52	58	07	00	64	58	07	00	vΧ	>X	RX	dX
000B7490	84	58	07	00	92	58	07	00	Α6	58	07	00	BA	58	07	00	"X	' X	X	۰X
000B74A0	D6	58	07	00	EC	58	07	00	06	59	07	00	20	59	07	00	ÖX	ìX	Y	Y
000B74B0	00	00	00	00	C4	57	07	00	В8	57	07	00	Α6	57	07	00		ÄW	, W	W
000B74C0	9E	57	07	00	92	57	07	00	86	57	07	00	76	57	07	00	žW	'W	†W	νW
000B74D0	68	57	07	00	58	57	07	00	4C	57	07	00	40	57	07	00	hW	XW	LW	@W
000B74E0	2E	57	07	00	22	57	07	00	10	57	07	00	FE	56	07	00	.W	"W	W	þV
000B74F0	EC	56	07	00	DE	56	07	00	CE	56	07	00	C2	56	07	00	ìV	ÞV	Îν	ÂV
000B7500	В4	56	07	00	A0	56	07	00	92	56	07	00	7E	56	07	00	۲ν.	V	<b>,</b> A	~∇
000B7510	70	56	07	00	58	56	07	00	44	56	07	00	30	56	07	00	pV	ΧV	DV	oν
000B7520	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	62	15	47	00	J		ŸŸŸ	ÿb G

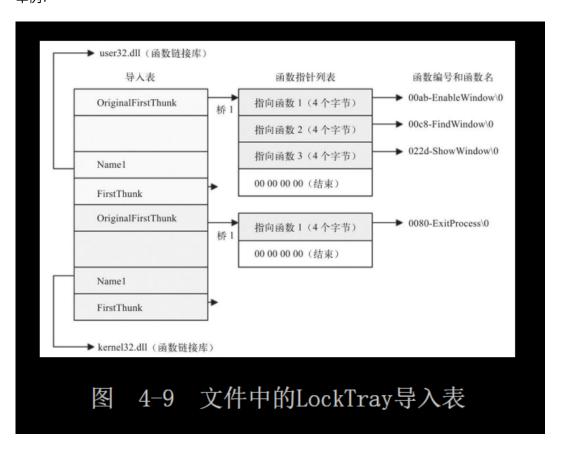
## 3.2**新建导入表**

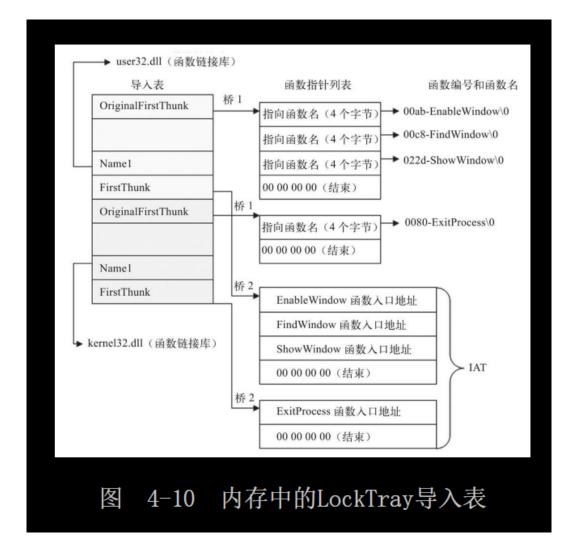
找一个空白地址填入信息, 我此处找的是下图地址:

```
000B71D0
000B71E0
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
               00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 B7210 00 50 07 00 CC CC
                          P ÌÌÌÌÌÌÌÌÌÌÌ
00B7220
    D8 5A 07 00 18 50 07 00 CC CC CC CC CC CC CC PZ P ÌÌÌÌÌÌÌÌ
000B7230
    CC CC CC CC D6 57 07 00
               B4 50 07 00 00 00 00 00
                          ÌÌÌÌÖW
000B7240
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
               00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
000B7250
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
               00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
000B7260
```

INT和IAT在文件中都是函数地址信息表,内容一致都指向函数编号和函数名。

### 举例:





只不过IAT加载内存里,存的数值变成函数VA了。

## 3.3导入表数据结构-复习

由多个导入表描述符构成:

```
IMAGE_IMPORT_DESCRIPTOR STRUCT
union
Characteristics dd ?
OriginalFirstThunk dd ?;0000h - 桥 1
ends
TimeDateStamp dd ?;0004h - 时间截
ForwarderChain dd ?;0008h - 链表的前一个结构
Name1 dd ?;000ch - 指向链接库名字的指针
FirstThunk dd ?;0010h - 桥 2

IMAGE_IMPORT_DESCRIPTOR ENDS
```

#### 结尾全0。

桥1或者桥2在文件中指向IMAGE\_THUNK\_DATA,该结构为:

IMAGE\_THUNK\_DATA STRUCT
union u1
ForwarderString dd ?
Function dd ?
Ordinal dd ?
AddressOfData dd ?
ends
IMAGE\_THUNK\_DATA ENDS

结束标志全0.

该结构又指向编号-函数名的结构。

IMAGE\_IMPORT\_BY\_NAME STRUCT
Hint dw ?;0000h-函数编号
Name1 db ?;0004h-表示函数名的字符串
IMAGE\_IMPORT\_BY\_NAME ENDS