

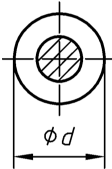
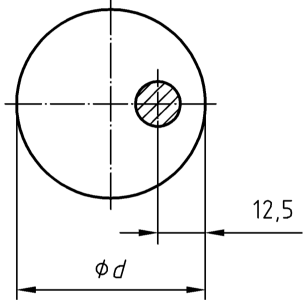
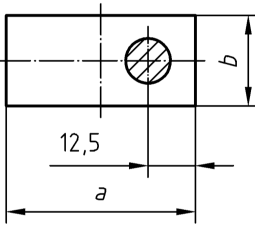
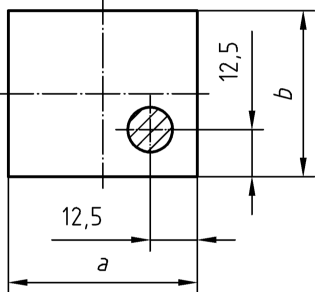
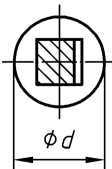
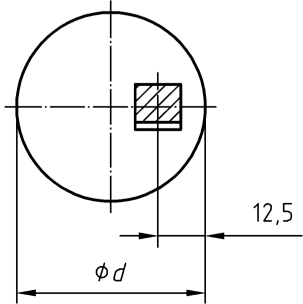
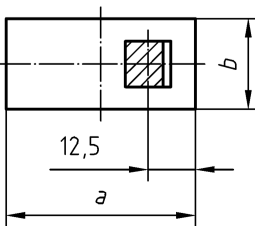
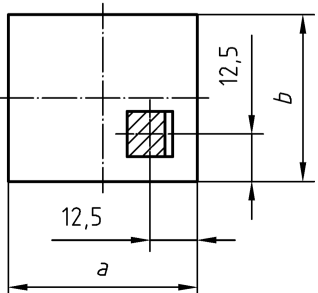
Type of test	Round cross-section products	Rectangular cross-section products
Tensile	<div><div>$d \leq 25^b$ </div><div>$25 < d \leq 160$  a)</div></div>	<div><div>$b \leq 25$ $a \geq b$ </div><div>$25 < b \leq 160$ $a \geq b$  b)</div></div>
Impact ^a	<div><div>$15 \leq d \leq 25$ </div><div>$25 < d \leq 160$  c)</div></div>	<div><div>$b \leq 25$ $a \geq b$ </div><div>$25 < b \leq 160$ $a \geq b$  d)</div></div>
<div><div>^a For products of a round cross-section, the axis of the notch is parallel to a diameter; for products with a rectangular cross-section, the axis of the notch is perpendicular to the greatest rolled surface.</div><div>^b Samples of product may alternatively be tested unmachined, in accordance with EN ISO 377.</div></div>		

Figure 1 — Position of test pieces for steel bars and rods ≤ 160 mm diameter or thickness (longitudinal test pieces)