CUDA

Vector addition

```
%%Cu
cudaError t addWithCuda(int *c, const int *a, const int *b, unsigned int s
ize);
 global void addKernel(int *c, const int *a, const int *b)
    int i = threadIdx.x;
    c[i] = a[i] + b[i];
int main()
    const int arraySize = 5;
    const int a[arraySize] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
    const int b[arraySize] = { 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 };
    int c[arraySize] = { 0 };
    // Add vectors in parallel.
    cudaError t cudaStatus = addWithCuda(c, a, b, arraySize);
    if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
        fprintf(stderr, "addWithCuda failed!");
       return 1;
    printf("{1,2,3,4,5} + {10,20,30,40,50} = {\$d,\$d,\$d,\$d,\$d,\$d}\n",
        c[0], c[1], c[2], c[3], c[4]);
    // cudaDeviceReset must be called before exiting in order for profilin
    // tracing tools such as Nsight and Visual Profiler to show complete t
races.
    cudaStatus = cudaDeviceReset();
    if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cudaDeviceReset failed!");
        return 1;
```

```
// Helper function for using CUDA to add vectors in parallel.
cudaError t addWithCuda(int *c, const int *a, const int *b, unsigned int s
ize)
   int *dev a = 0;
   int *dev b = 0;
   int *dev c = 0;
   cudaError t cudaStatus;
   // Choose which GPU to run on, change this on a multi-GPU system.
   cudaStatus = cudaSetDevice(0);
   if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
       fprintf(stderr, "cudaSetDevice failed! Do you have a CUDA-
capable GPU installed?");
       goto Error;
   // Allocate GPU buffers for three vectors (two input, one output)
   cudaStatus = cudaMalloc((void**)&dev c, size * sizeof(int));
   if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cudaMalloc failed!");
       goto Error;
   cudaStatus = cudaMalloc((void**)&dev a, size * sizeof(int));
   if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cudaMalloc failed!");
       goto Error;
   cudaStatus = cudaMalloc((void**)&dev b, size * sizeof(int));
   if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
       fprintf(stderr, "cudaMalloc failed!");
       goto Error;
    // Copy input vectors from host memory to GPU buffers.
   cudaStatus = cudaMemcpy(dev a, a, size * sizeof(int), cudaMemcpyHostTo
Device);
       fprintf(stderr, "cudaMemcpy failed!");
```

```
goto Error;
    cudaStatus = cudaMemcpy(dev b, b, size * sizeof(int), cudaMemcpyHostTo
Device);
    if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
       fprintf(stderr, "cudaMemcpy failed!");
       goto Error;
    // Launch a kernel on the GPU with one thread for each element.
    addKernel<<<1, size>>>(dev c, dev a, dev b);
    // Check for any errors launching the kernel
    cudaStatus = cudaGetLastError();
    if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
        fprintf(stderr, "addKernel launch failed: %s\n", cudaGetErrorStrin
g(cudaStatus));
       goto Error;
    // cudaDeviceSynchronize waits for the kernel to finish, and returns
    // any errors encountered during the launch.
    cudaStatus = cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cudaDeviceSynchronize returned error code %d afte
r launching addKernel!\n", cudaStatus);
       goto Error;
    // Copy output vector from GPU buffer to host memory.
    cudaStatus = cudaMemcpy(c, dev c, size * sizeof(int), cudaMemcpyDevice
ToHost);
    if (cudaStatus != cudaSuccess) {
       fprintf(stderr, "cudaMemcpy failed!");
       goto Error;
Error:
   cudaFree(dev c);
   cudaFree(dev a);
    cudaFree(dev b);
    return cudaStatus;
```

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}

[> {1,2,3,4,5} + {10,20,30,40,50} = {11,22,33,44,55}
```

Matrix Multiplication

```
88cu
int main(void) {
   void MatrixMultiplication(float *, float *, float *, int);
    const int Width = 5;
    float M[Width*Width], N[Width*Width], P[Width*Width];
    for (int i = 0; i < (Width*Width); i++) {
       M[i] = 5;
       N[i] = 5;
       P[i] = 0;
   MatrixMultiplication(M, N, P, Width);
   for(int i = 0; i < (Width*Width); i++) {</pre>
       printf("%f \n", P[i]);
    int quit;
    scanf("%d", &quit);
 /Matrix multiplication kernel - thread specification
 global void MatrixMulKernel(float *Md, float *Nd, float *Pd, int Width
    //2D Thread ID
   int tx = threadIdx.x;
   int ty = threadIdx.y;
    //Pvalue stores the Pd element that is computed by the thread
    float Pvalue = 0;
    for (int k = 0; k < Width ; ++k) {
       float Mdelement = Md[ty*Width + k];
```

```
float Ndelement = Nd[k*Width + tx];
        Pvalue += (Mdelement*Ndelement);
    Pd[ty*Width + tx] = Pvalue;
void MatrixMultiplication(float *M, float *N, float *P, int Width) {
    int size = Width*Width*sizeof(float);
    float *Md, *Nd, *Pd;
    //Transfer M and N to device memory
    cudaMalloc((void**)&Md, size);
    cudaMemcpy(Md, M, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&Nd, size);
    cudaMemcpy(Nd,N,size,cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    //Allocate P on the device
    cudaMalloc((void**) &Pd, size);
    //Setup the execution configuration
    dim3 dimBlock(Width, Width);
    dim3 dimGrid(1,1);
    //Launch the device computation threads!
    MatrixMulKernel<<<dimGrid, dimBlock>>> (Md, Nd, Pd, Width);
    //Transfer P from device to host
    cudaMemcpy(P,Pd,size,cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    //Free device matrices
    cudaFree (Md);
    cudaFree(Nd);
    cudaFree(Pd);
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