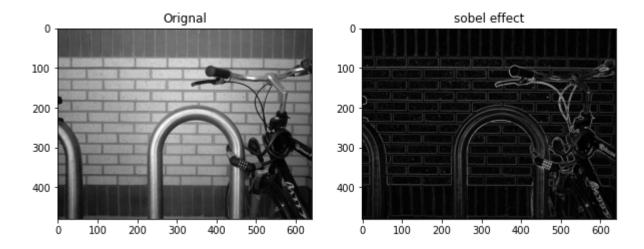
```
import numpy as np
from processImage import processImage

img = processImage('../Bikesgray.jpg')
```

Sobel operator

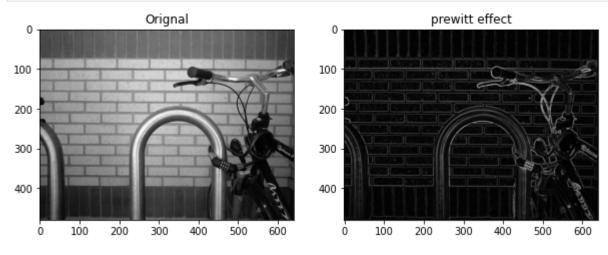
```
In [ ]:
         # Edge Detection Kernel (sopel operator)
         kernel x = np.array([[-1, 0, 1], [-2, 0, 2], [-1, 0, 1]])
         kernel y = np.array([[-1, -2, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 2, 1]])
In [ ]:
         from convolve import convolve2D multi Kernal
         # Convolve and Save Output
         outputImage, theta = convolve2D multi Kernal(img, kernel x, kernel y, padding=1)
        /home/shafei-aoc/Desktop/imageProcessing/task2/convolve.py:49: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in
        double scalars
          theta[i, j] = np.arctan(Gy / Gx)
        /home/shafei-aoc/Desktop/imageProcessing/task2/convolve.py:49: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in
        double scalars
          theta[i, j] = np.arctan(Gy / Gx)
In [ ]:
         from plot import plot image
         plot image(img, outputImage, title 2="sobel effect")
```



Prewitt operator

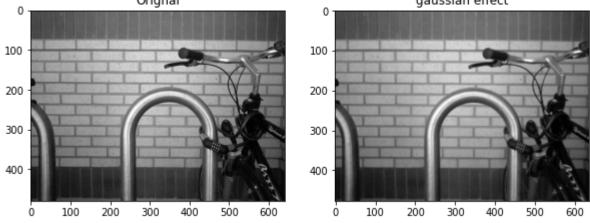
```
In [ ]: # Edge Detection Kernel (prewitt operator)
kernel_x = np.array([[1, 0, -1], [1, 0, -1], [1, 0, -1]])
kernel_y = np.array([[1, 1, 1], [0, 0, 0], [-1, -1, -1]])

# Convolve and Save Output
outputImage, theta = convolve2D_multi_Kernal(img, kernel_x, kernel_y, padding=1)
In [ ]: plot_image(img, outputImage, title_2="prewitt effect")
```

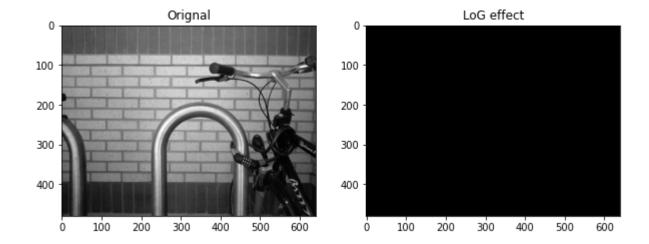


Laplacian of Gaussian (LoG)

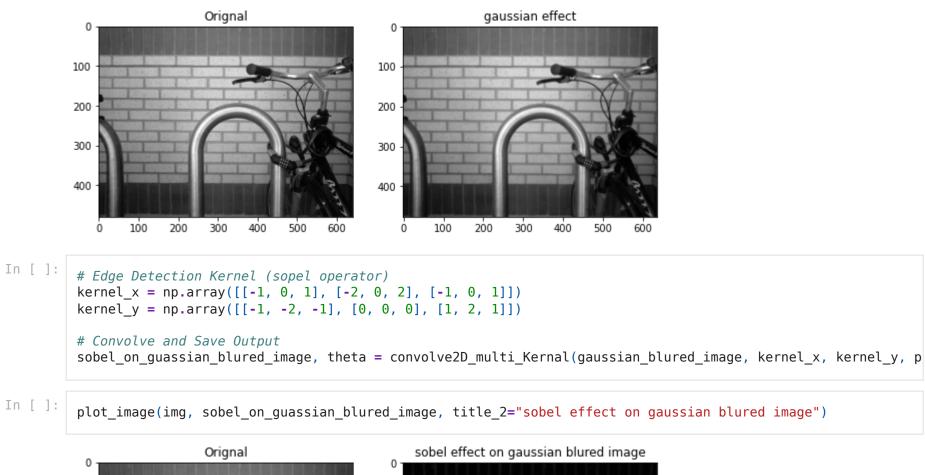
```
In [ ]:
         import gaussian
         gaussian kernal = gaussian.generateGaussian(kernal size=5, sigma = 1)
         gaussian kernal
        array([[0.00291502, 0.01306423, 0.02153928, 0.01306423, 0.00291502],
Out[ ]:
                [0.01306423, 0.05854983, 0.09653235, 0.05854983, 0.01306423],
                [0.02153928, 0.09653235, 0.15915494, 0.09653235, 0.02153928],
                [0.01306423, 0.05854983, 0.09653235, 0.05854983, 0.01306423],
                [0.00291502, 0.01306423, 0.02153928, 0.01306423, 0.00291502]])
In [ ]:
         from convolve import convolve2D single Kernal
         image gaussian smoothed = convolve2D single Kernal(img, gaussian kernal)
In [ ]:
         plot image(img, image gaussian smoothed, title 2="gaussian effect")
                          Orignal
                                                              gaussian effect
                                                 100
         100
```

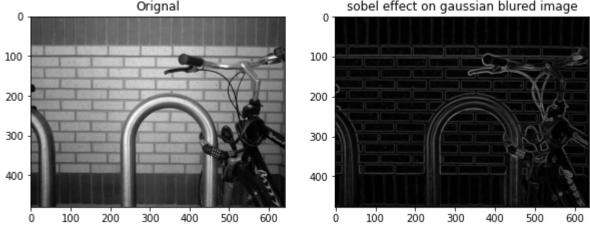


Applying zero crossing



Canny operator

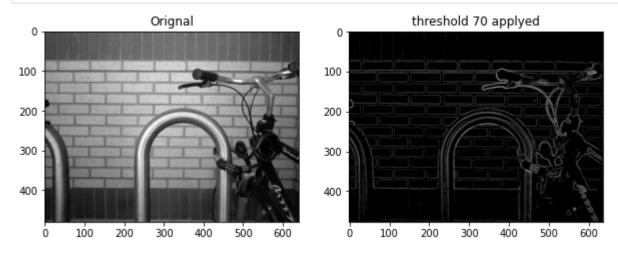




Calculating direction

```
In [ ]: angle = np.rad2deg(theta)
```

Applying threshold 70



Non max suppression

```
In []:
# Find the neighbouring pixels (b,c) in the rounded gradient direction
# and then apply non-max suppression
M, N = threshold_applyed.shape
Non_max = np.zeros((M,N), dtype= np.uint8)

for i in range(1,N-1):
    for j in range(1,N-1):
        # Horizontal 0
        if (0 <= angle[i,j] < 22.5) or (157.5 <= angle[i,j] <= 180) or (-22.5 <= angle[i,j] < 0) or (-180 <= b = sobel_on_guassian_blured_image[i, j+1]</pre>
```

```
c = sobel on guassian blured image[i, j-1]
# Diagonal 45
elif (22.5 \le angle[i,j] \le 67.5) or (-157.5 \le angle[i,j] \le -112.5):
    b = sobel on guassian blured image[i+1, j+1]
    c = sobel on guassian blured image[i-1, j-1]
# Vertical 90
elif (67.5 \le angle[i,j] < 112.5) or (-112.5 \le angle[i,j] < -67.5):
    b = sobel on guassian blured image[i+1, j]
    c = sobel on guassian blured image[i-1, j]
# Diagonal 135
elif (112.5 \le angle[i,j] < 157.5) or (-67.5 \le angle[i,j] < -22.5):
    b = sobel on guassian blured image[i+1, j-1]
    c = sobel on guassian blured image[i-1, j+1]
# Non-max Suppression
if (sobel on guassian blured image[i,j] >= b) and (sobel on guassian blured image[i,j] >= c):
    Non max[i,j] = sobel on guassian blured image[i,j]
else:
    Non max[i,j] = 0
```

In []: plot_image(img, Non_max, title_2="Non max supression effect")

