# SVM C

April 3, 2022

# 1 Support Vector Machine (SVM) Classifier

#### 1.0.1 Reading the dataset

```
[]: col_names = ['timeStamp', 'Gender', 'Grade', 'Age', 'Length', 'Weight', □

⇔'ShoesSize']

dataframe = pd.read_csv("../human_features.csv", names = col_names, □

⇔skiprows=(0, ))
```

```
[]: training_data = dataframe.loc[:, ['Age', 'Length', 'Gender']]
```

#### 1.0.2 Label encoding

```
[]: label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
training_data['Gender'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(training_data['Gender'])
```

## 1.0.3 Feature scaling

```
[]: scaler = MinMaxScaler()
    scaler.fit(training_data)
    scaled = scaler.fit_transform(training_data)
    scaled_df = pd.DataFrame(scaled, columns=training_data.columns)
```

```
[ ]: X = scaled_df.loc[:, scaled_df.columns != 'Gender']
Y = scaled_df.loc[:, 'Gender']
```

```
[]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.33, userandom_state=0)
```

#### 1.0.4 Creating the classifier

```
[]: clf = SVC(kernel='linear', C=1000)
```

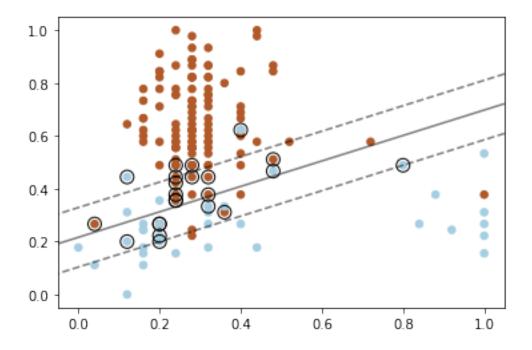
#### 1.0.5 Training the classifier

```
[]: clf.fit(x_train.values, y_train.values)
```

[]: SVC(C=1000, kernel='linear')

# 2 Drawing the support vectors

```
[]: plt.scatter(X.iloc[:, 0], X.iloc[:, 1], c=Y, s=30, cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
     # plot the decision function
     ax = plt.gca()
     xlim = ax.get_xlim()
     ylim = ax.get_ylim()
     # create grid to evaluate model
     xx = np.linspace(xlim[0], xlim[1], 30)
     yy = np.linspace(ylim[0], ylim[1], 30)
     YY, XX = np.meshgrid(yy, xx)
     xy = np.vstack([XX.ravel(), YY.ravel()]).T
     Z = clf.decision_function(xy).reshape(XX.shape)
     # plot decision boundary and margins
     ax.contour(
         XX, YY, Z, colors="k", levels=[-1, 0, 1], alpha=0.5, linestyles=["--", "-", __
     )
     # plot support vectors
     ax.scatter(
         clf.support_vectors_[:, 0],
         clf.support_vectors_[:, 1],
         s=100,
         linewidth=1,
         facecolors="none",
         edgecolors="k",
     plt.show()
```



## 2.1 Prediction

```
[ ]: y_predict = clf.predict(x_test.values)
```

# 2.1.1 Accuracy

```
[]: round((accuracy_score(y_test, y_predict) * 100), ndigits=2)
```

[]: 86.79

## 2.2 Confusion Matrix

```
[]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predict, labels=clf.classes_)
    disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm, display_labels=clf.classes_)
    disp.plot()
```

[]: <sklearn.metrics.\_plot.confusion\_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x7f7c8535ba30>

