

Circle - 08 • Assignment Presentation

Presentation Outline

- 1. JavaScript Refresh
- 2. Conditional Statements
- 3. Asynchronous JavaScript
- 4. DOM & Events
- 5. ES Modules & Form Handling
- 6. Node+npm & Bundlers
- 7. Browser Object Modules





1. JavaScript Refresh

```
const originals = [1, 2, 3]
const clone = [...originals] // new copy
clone.push(4)

console.log(originals) // - [1,2,3]
console.log(clone) // - [1,2,3,4]

// rest parameter
function sum(...nums) {
    return nums.reduce((a, b) => a + b, 0)
}

[1, 2, 3]
[1, 2, 3, 4]
```

Key takeaways

- Spread avoids accidental mutation
- Rest collects unknown arguments and must be last in the param list only once no default value





2. JS Conditional Toolkit

- **Nested switch** → rarely worth the complexity.
- Pick the construct that keeps intent obvious.

3. Asynchronous JavaScript

```
async function getGitHubUser(name) {
   const res = await fetch(`https://api.github.com/users/${name}`)
   if (!res.ok) throw new Error('Network error')
   return res.json()
}

getGitHubUser('chrisroland')
   .then(user => console.log(user.name))
   .catch(console.error)
Chris Ebube Roland
```

- Promises tame callback hell
- async/await reads top-to-bottom
- Always handle errors (try/catch or .catch())
- Callbacks still exist .map , .filter , .reduce each expect one





4. DOM & Events

```
<button id="btn">Clicked  times</button>

<script type="module">
    const btn = document.getElementById('btn')
    let count = 0

btn.addEventListener('click', e => {
    count++
    e.currentTarget.textContent = `Clicked ${count}$ times`
    })
</script>
```

Click the button to increment the count.

Clicked 0 times

- addEventListener is preferred
- Understand bubbling vs capturing
- Use delegation for long lists





5. ES Modules + Dynamic import()

Export labels what a module shares while **import** pulls that piece into another file.

```
// utils/math.js
export function add(a, b) { return a + b }
export default function mul(a, b) { return a * b }

// main.js
import mul, { add } from './utils/math.js'

(async () => {
  if (performance.now() > 5000) {
    const { sparkle } = await import('./effects/sparkle.js')
    sparkle()
  }
})();
```

Why it matters: predictable scope, tree-shaking, lazy-loading.





Form Handling with FormData

```
<form id="todoForm">
    <input name="task" required>
        <button>Add</button>
        </form>

<script type="module">
        todoForm.addEventListener('submit', e => {
            e.preventDefault()
            const data = new FormData(e.target)
            console.log(Object.fromEntries(data)) // { task: "Buy Akara" }
        })
        </script>
```

- preventDefault() stops page reload
- FormData quickly serialises any form





6. Node & NPM + Bundlers

```
npm init -y  # generates package.json
npm i -D vite  # ultra-fast dev server
npm run dev  # HMR at localhost:5173
npm run build  # output /dist with hashed assets
vite preview  # test production build
```

Why bundlers?	Benefits
Browsers can't import SVG/PNG or npm libs directly	Bundlers translate everything
Code-splitting & optimisation	Smaller, faster production bundles
Dev server with HMR	Instant feedback while coding

7. Browser Object Models

Layer	What it lets JS control
DOM	HTML & content structure
CSSOM	Stylesheets (classes, colors)
ВОМ	Browser chrome - window , history , navigator

Note: the *window* object is global; *document* and styles live one layer below.

Confetti Demo

```
//Confetti.js
 import confetti from 'canvas-confetti'
 export function celebrate() {
   confetti({
     particleCount: 150,
     spread: 70,
     origin: { y: 0.6 }
<form id="todoForm">
  <input name="task" required>
  <button on:click={celebrate}>Add</button>
</form>
<script>
 import celebrate from '/confetti.js'
</script>
<!-- click button to see confetti fx -->
```

Add to do

Could be used to celebrate. E.g call celebrate() after adding a new to-do.

Summary;

ES Modules

Bundlers & npm

Skills learned	Usage/Real-world impact
Clean array/object handling	Fewer bugs, simpler state updates
Promises & await	Reliable API calls, loaders, error UI
DOM mastery	Interactive components without libraries

Maintainable, testable codebase

Modern workflow—ready for React/Next