

# Java-Week 2

## 1. Write a Java program to check whether a number is Buzz or not.

```
package Week2;

public class Buzz_no {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i = 70;
        if (i%10==0 || i%7==0)
            System.out.println("Buzz Number");
        else
            System.out.println("Not a Buzz Number");

    }

}
```

Output: Buzz Number

## 2. Write a Java program to calculate factorial of 12.

```
package Week2;

public class Factorial_12 {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i, sum=1;
        for(i=1; i<=12; i++)
        {
            sum+=i*sum;
        }
        System.out.println("Factorial of 12 is : "+sum);

    }

}
```

Output: Factorial of 12 is : 1932053504

## 3. Write a Java program for Fibonacci series.

```
package Week2;

public class Fibonacci {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i = 1, n = 10, t1 = 0, t2 = 1;
        System.out.print("First " + n + " terms: ");
        while (i <= n)
        {
```

```

        System.out.print(t1 + " + ");
        int sum = t1 + t2;
        t1 = t2;
        t2 = sum;
        i++;
    }
}

```

Output: First 10 terms: 0 + 1 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 5 + 8 + 13 + 21 + 34

#### 4. Write a Java program to reverse a number.

```

package Week2;

public class Reverse {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i =199,j,k=0;
        while (i !=0)
        {
            j=i%10;
            k=k*10+j;
            i=i/10;

        }
        System.out.println("Answer is :"+k);
    }
}

```

Output: Answer is :991

#### 5. Admission to a professional course is subject to the following conditions:

(a) marks in Mathematics  $\geq 60$  (b) marks in Physics  $\geq 50$

(c) marks in Chemistry  $\geq 40$  (d) Total in all 3 subjects  $\geq 200$

(Or)

Total in Maths & Physics  $\geq 150$

Given the marks in the 3 subjects of n (user input) students, write a program to process the applications to list the eligible candidates.

```

package Week2;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Number_Process {

```

```

public static void main(String args[]){

    int m,p,c;
    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter marks of math :");
    m=sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter marks of phy :");
    p=sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter marks of chem :");
    c=sc.nextInt();

    if((m+p)>=150 || (p+c+m)>=200 )
    {
        System.out.println("Eligable");
    }
    else
    {
        System.out.println("Not Eligable");
    }
}

}

```

Output:

```

Enter marks of math :
60
Enter marks of phy :
95
Enter marks of chem :
45
Eligible

```

## 6. Write a Java program to find all roots of a quadratic equation.

```

package Week2;

```

```

import static java.lang.Math.*;
public class Root {

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int a = 1, b = -7, c = 12;

        if (a == 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Invalid");

```

```

        return;
    }

    int d = b*b - 4*a*c;
    double sqrt_val = sqrt(abs(d));

    System.out.println("Roots are real and
different \n");

    System.out.println((double) (-b + sqrt_val) /
(2 * a) + "\n"
+ (double) (-b - sqrt_val)
/ (2 * a));
    }
}
Roots are real and different
4.0
3.0

```

### 7. Write a Java program to calculate the sum of natural numbers up to a certain range.

```

package Week2;

public class Root {

    public static void main(String args[])
    {

        int sum=0;
        for(int i=0;i<=10;i++)
        {
            sum+=i;
        }
        System.out.println("Sum is : "+sum);
    }
}

```

Output: Sum is : 55

### 8. Write a Java program to print all multiple of 10 between a given interval.

```

package Week2;

import java.util.Scanner;

```

```

public class Sum_of_Natural {

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the range : ");
        int N = scanner.nextInt();

        for(int i=1;i<=N;i++)
        {
            System.out.println(N+" x "+i+" =
"+(10*i));
        }
    }
}

```

Output: Enter the range :

```

10
10 x 1 = 10
10 x 2 = 20
10 x 3 = 30
10 x 4 = 40
10 x 5 = 50
10 x 6 = 60
10 x 7 = 70
10 x 8 = 80
10 x 9 = 90
10 x 10 = 100

```

### 9. Write a Java program to generate multiplication table.

```

package Week2;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Mult_Table {

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        System.out.print("Enter the number: ");
        Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
        int N = scanner.nextInt();

        for(int i=1;i<=10;i++)
        {
            System.out.println(N+" x "+i+" = "+(N*i));
        }
    }
}

```

```
    }  
}  
  
OP: Enter the number: 5  
5 x 1 = 5  
5 x 2 = 10  
5 x 3 = 15  
5 x 4 = 20  
5 x 5 = 25  
5 x 6 = 30  
5 x 7 = 35  
5 x 8 = 40  
5 x 9 = 45  
5 x 10 = 50
```

#### 10. Write a Java program to find HCF of two Numbers.

```
package Week2;  
  
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class HCF {  
  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        int n1 = 81, n2 = 153;  
        while(n1 != n2)  
        {  
            if(n1 > n2)  
                n1 -= n2;  
            else  
                n2 -= n1;  
        }  
        System.out.println("Answer is = " + n1);  
    }  
}
```

Output: Answer is = 9

#### 11. Write a Java program to find LCM of two Numbers.

```
package Week2;  
  
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class LCM {  
  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {
```

```

        int n1 = 72, n2 = 120, gcd = 1;
        for(int i = 1; i <= n1 && i <= n2; ++i)
        {
            if(n1 % i == 0 && n2 % i == 0)
                gcd = i;
        }
        int lcm = (n1 * n2) / gcd;
        System.out.printf("The LCM of %d and %d is %d.",
n1, n2, lcm);
    }
}

```

Output: The LCM of 72 and 120 is 360.

## 12. Write a Java program to count the number of digits of an integer.

```

package Week2;

public class Count_Digits {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i =5555, counter=0;
        while (i !=0)
        {

            i=i/10;
            counter++;
        }
        System.out.println("Count is :"+counter);
    }

}

```

Output: Count is :4

## 13. Write a Java program to calculate the exponential of a number.

```

package Week2;

public class Exponent_Count {

    public static void main(String args[]){
        int base = 3, exponent = 4;
        long result = 1;
        while (exponent != 0)
        {

```

```

        result *= base;
        --exponent;
    }
    System.out.println("Answer = " + result);
}

}
Answer = 81

```

#### 14. Write a Java program to check whether a number is palindrome or not.

```

package Week2;

public class Palindrome {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int num = 121, reversedInteger = 0, remainder,
originalInteger;
        originalInteger = num;

        while( num != 0 )
        {
            remainder = num % 10;
            reversedInteger = reversedInteger * 10 + remainder;
            num /= 10;
        }
        if (originalInteger == reversedInteger)
            System.out.println(originalInteger + " is a
palindrome.");
        else
            System.out.println(originalInteger + " is not a
palindrome.");
    }

}
Outout: 121 is a palindrome.

```

#### 15. Write a Java program to check whether a number is prime or not.

```

package Week2;

public class Prime {

    public static void main(String args[]){

```



```

int i,m=0,flag=0;
int n=19;
m=n/2;
if(n==0||n==1){
    System.out.println(n+" is not prime number");
}else{
    for(i=2;i<=m;i++){
        if(n%i==0){
            System.out.println(n+" is not prime number");
            flag=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(flag==0) { System.out.println(n+" is prime
number"); }
}

}

}
Output: 19 is prime number

```

#### 16. Write a Java program to convert a Binary Number to Decimal and Decimal to Binary.

```

package Week2;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Binary_Decimal {

    public static void main(String args[]){
        int n, count = 0, a;
        String x = "";
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter any decimal number:");
        n = s.nextInt();
        while(n > 0)
        {
            a = n % 2;

            x = x + "" + a;
            n = n / 2;
        }
        System.out.println("Binary number:"+x);

        int base = 1,dec_value=0;
        System.out.print("Enter any Binary number:");
        int num= s.nextInt();
    }
}

```

```

        int temp = num;
        while (temp!=0) {
            int last_digit = temp % 10;
            temp = temp / 10;

            dec_value += last_digit * base;

            base = base * 2;
        }
        System.out.println("Decimal number:"+dec_value);
    }
}

```

Output:

```

Enter any decimal number:5
Binary number:101
Enter any Binary number:101
Decimal number:5

```

### 17. Write a Java program to find median of a set of numbers.

```

package Week2;

public class Median {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int a[] = { 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8};
        int n = 8;
        if (n % 2 != 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Median is = "+a[n / 2]);
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Median is = "+(a[(n - 1) / 2] +
a[n / 2]) / 2.0);
        }
    }

}

```

Ouput: Median is = 4.5

**18. Write a program to compute the value of Euler's number that is used as the base of natural logarithms. Use the following formula.**

**$e = 1 + 1/1! + 1/2! + 1/3! + \dots + 1/n!$**

```
package Week2;

public class Euler_Log {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        double term = 1.0;
        double sum = 1.0;
        int n = 0;
        while (term >= 0.0000001)
        {
            n++;
            term = term/n;
            sum = sum + term;
        }
        System.out.println(" Approximate value of e is:
"+sum);
    }

}
```

Output: Approximate value of e is: 2.718281826198493

**19. Write a Java program to generate all combination of 1, 2, or 3 using loop.**

```
package Week2;

public class Combination {

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i, j, k;

        for (i=1; i<=3; i++)

        {
            for (j=1; j<=3; j++)

            {
                for (k=1; k<=3; k++)
```

```

        System.out.println(i+" "+j+" "+k);
    }

}

}}
1 1 1
1 1 2
1 1 3
1 2 1
1 2 2
1 2 3
1 3 1
1 3 2
1 3 3
2 1 1
2 1 2
2 1 3
2 2 1
2 2 2
2 2 3
2 3 1
2 3 2
2 3 3
3 1 1
3 1 2
3 1 3
3 2 1
3 2 2
3 2 3
3 3 1
3 3 2
3 3 3

```

**20. Write a Java program to read two integer values m and n and to decide and print whether m is multiple of n.**

```

package Week2;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Multiple_Find {

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        System.out.print("Enter M: ");
        Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
        int M = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter M: ");

        int N = scanner.nextInt();

        if (M%N==0)
            System.out.println("Yes");
    }
}

```

```

        else
            System.out.println("No");
    }
}

```

Output: Enter M: 10  
Enter M: 5  
Yes

## 21. Write a Java program to display prime numbers between a given interval.

```

package Week2;

public class Prime {

    public static void main(String args[]){
        int i,m=0,flag=0;
        int n=19;
        m=n/2;
        if(n==0||n==1){
            System.out.println(n+" is not prime number");
        }else{
            for(i=2;i<=m;i++){
                if(n%i==0){
                    System.out.println(n+" is not prime number");
                    flag=1;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if(flag==0) { System.out.println(n+" is prime
number"); }
        }
    }

}

Enter Up: 10
Enter Down: 20
11 is prime number
13 is prime number
17 is prime number
19 is prime number

```

## 22. Write a Java program to check whether a given number is Armstrong Number or not.

```

package Week2;

```

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Armstrong {

    public static void main(String args[]){
        int c=0,a,temp;
        int n=153;
        temp=n;
        while(n>0)
        {
            a=n%10;
            n=n/10;
            c=c+(a*a*a);
        }
        if(temp==c)
            System.out.println("armstrong number");
        else
            System.out.println("Not armstrong number");
    }

}
armstrong number

```

**Write Java programs for the patterns given bellow: (23-25)**

**23.**

```

1
2 3 4
5 6 7 8 9

```

```

package Week2;

```

```

import java.util.Scanner;

```

```

public class Pattern1 {

```

```

    public static void main(String args[]){

        int i,j;
        for(i=1;i<5;i++)
        {
            for(j=1;j<=i;j++)

```

```

        {
            System.out.print(j);
        }

        System.out.println();
    }

}

```

24.

```

    1
  2 3 2
3 4 5 4 3
4 5 6 7 6 5 4

```

```
package Week2;
```

```
public class Pattern3 {
```

```

    public static void main(String args[]){
        int i, space, rows, k=0, count = 0, count1 = 0;
        rows=4;
        for(i=1; i<=rows; ++i)
        {
            for(space=1; space <= rows-i; ++space)
            {
                System.out.print(" ");
                ++count;
            }
            while(k != 2*i-1)
            {
                if (count <= rows-1)
                {
                    System.out.print(i+k+" ");
                    ++count;
                }
                else
                {
                    ++count1;
                    System.out.print(i+k-2*count1);
                }
                ++k;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        count1 = count = k = 0;
        System.out.println();
    }
}

```

**25.**

```

1      1
2      2
3 3
4

```

```

package Week2;

public class Pattern2 {

    public static void main(String args[]){
        int n=5;
        int i, j;
        for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            for (j = n - 1; j > i; j--)
            {
                System.out.print(" ");
            }

            System.out.print(i );

            for (j = 1; j < (i * 2); j++)
                System.out.print(" ");

            if (i >= 1)
                System.out.print(i);
            System.out.print("\n");
        }
    }
}

```