

Supplementary Resources II:

Public EEG-based motor imagery (MI) datasets.

The content of this document is part of the following review paper:

[Deep learning techniques for classification of electroencephalogram \(EEG\) motor imagery \(MI\) signals: a review](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00521-021-06352-5)

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s00521-021-06352-5>

For the details, the reader can refer to the above paper.

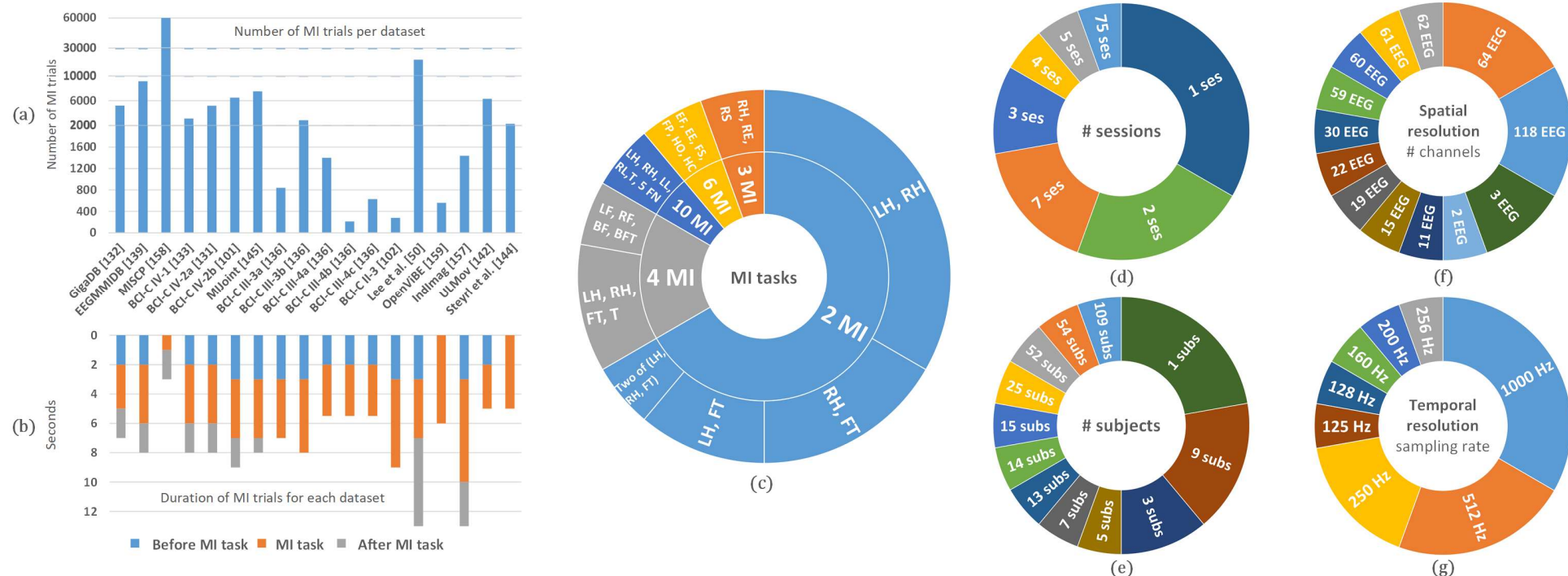
If you use the data in this document, please cite the original review paper as:

Altaheri, H., Muhammad, G., Alsulaiman, M. et al. Deep learning techniques for classification of electroencephalogram (EEG) motor imagery (MI) signals: a review. Neural Computing and Applications (2021). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00521-021-06352-5>

Summary of public EEG-based motor imagery (MI) datasets released between 2002 and 2020, arranged from newest to oldest.

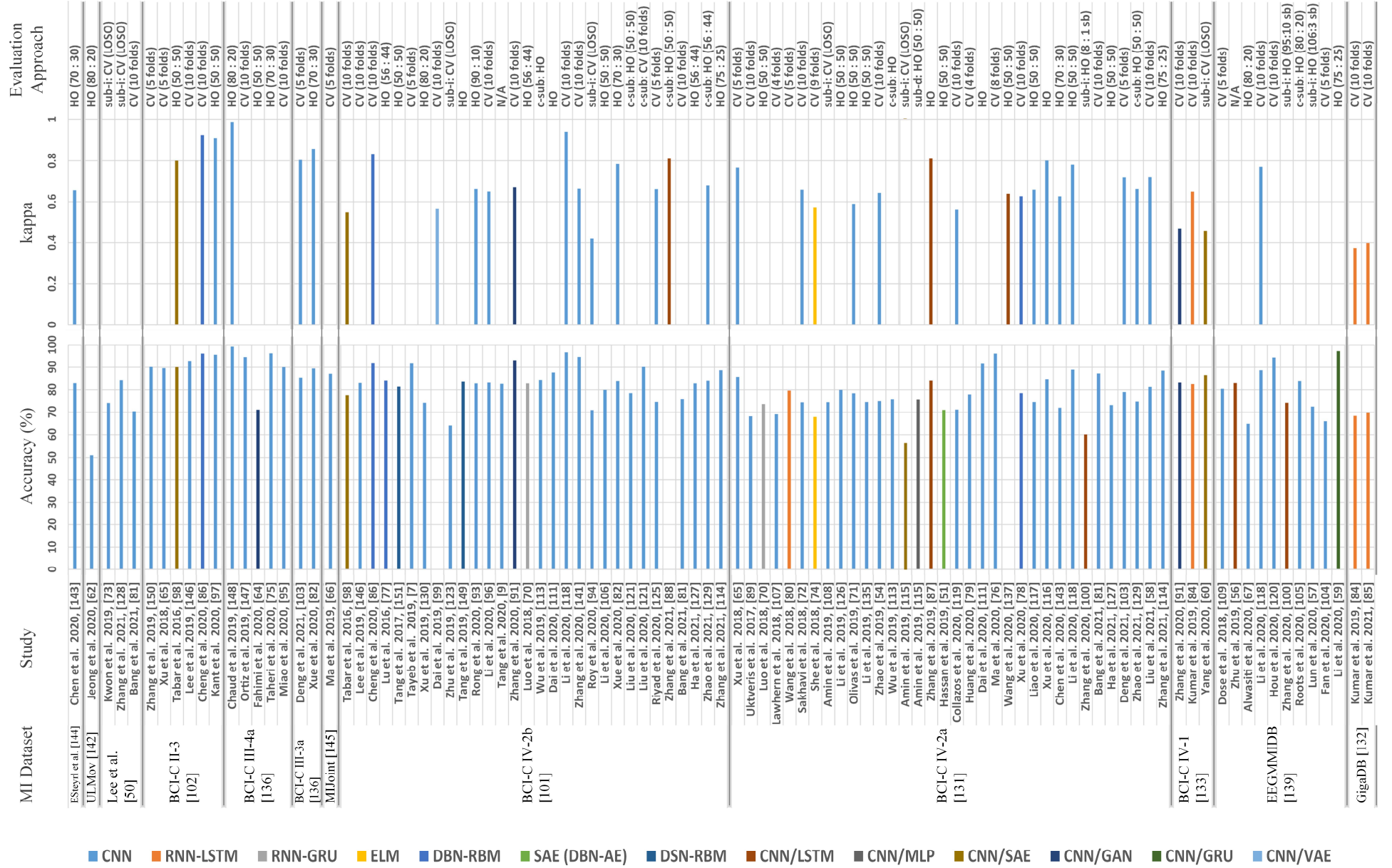
| Name [ref.] URL Pub. Year | Key features | # MI classes (Type) | Non-MI | Non-EEG | # Non-TR EEG (Rest/Noise) (Type) | # subjects | # trials | | | # sessions (duration) (time between sessions) | # runs per session (duration) (rest between runs) | # trials per run (# MI in a trial) | Trial duration [B MI A] (s) | SW / HW | # electrodes (type) | Sampling rate (Freq. band) (Hz) | Voltage resolution | Signal quality validation (during recording) | MI data validation (after recording) |
|--|--|--|---|-------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|---|
| | | | | | | | total | per subject | per class | | | | | | | | | | |
| MIJoint [145] 7 2020 | Different joints (same limb), Raw data, pre-processed, and direct trials | 3 RH, RE, RS | – | EMG EOG | 1 RS | 25 19 M 6 F | 7500 300×25 | 300 | 2500 100×25 | 7 MI:5, RS:2 (MI: 320s, RS: 400s) (5-10 min) | 1 | MI: 40 RS: 50 (ST) | 8 [2+1 4 1] | E7 | 64 EEG (Gel) | 1000 (0.5-100) | – | SQV-1 (≤ 5 kΩ) SQV-4 | MIV-4 MIV-5 |
| Lee et al. [50] 2019 | Three BCI paradigms: MI, ERP, and SSVEP. | 2 LH, RH | ERP, and SSVEP paradigms | EMG | – | 54 25 F | 21600 TD: 10800 ED: 10800 | 400 TD: 100×2 ED: 100×2 | 10800 200×54 | 2 (51 min) (DD) | 2 (offline/online) (22 min) (7 min) | 100 (ST) | 13±1.5 [3 4 6±1.5] | E6, E11 | 62 EEG 4 EMG | 1000 | – | SQV-1 (≤ 10 kΩ) | – |
| MISCP [158] 3 2018 | Many MI classes and a large number of trials | 10 LH, RH, LL, RL,T, 5 FN | Press two keys on keyboard | – | 1 RS | 13 8 M 5 F | ~60,000 | ~4600 | – | 75 (50-55 min) () | 3 (15 min) (2 min) | 300 (OT) | 3±0.5 [- 1 2±0.5] | S2, E3 | 19 EEG (Gel) | 200 (0.53-70) 1000 (0.53-100) | 24 bit (0.1 uV) | SQV-1 (≤ 10 kΩ) SQV-2 (within ± 0.25 cm) | MIV-4 MIV-5 |
| GigaDB [132] 1 2017 | Many subjects, different signals: MI/Non-MI, EEG/Non-EEG/Non-TR EEG | 2 LH, RH | AM (1-run, same as MI tasks) | EMG | 6 EB, EUD, ELR, HM, JC, RS | 52 33 M 19 F | ~5200-6240 (AM: ~1040) | 100-120 (AM: 20) | ~2600-3120 (AM: ~520) | 1 (50 min) () | 5-6 MI:4-5, AM:1 (140 s) (4 min max) | 20 (OT) | 7 [2 3 2] | S1, E1, E2 | 64 EEG 2 EMG | 512 | – | – | MIV-1 (Amp>±100μV) MIV-2, MIV-3, MIV-4 |
| ULMov [142] 15, 17 2017 | Upper limb MI movements | 6 EF, EE, FS, FP, HO, HC | AM (1-run, same as MI tasks) | EOG, GS, ES | 1 RS | 15 9 F | 6300 420×15 (AM: 6300) | 420 10×42 (AM: 420) | 900 60×15 (AM: 900) | 2 (AM:1, MI:1) () (DD) | 10 | 42 (ST) | 7.5±0.5 [2 3 2-3] | E14 | 61 EEG 3 EOG 19 GS 13 ES | 512 (0.01-200) | – | – | – |
| IndlMag [157] 15, 16 2015 | Several mental tasks performed by disabled peoples. | 2 RH, FT | Mental activities: SN, MWS, and MS | – | – | 9 (disabl ed) 7 F | 1440 160×9 | 160 80×2 | 720 80×9 | 2 () (DD) | 8 () (4) | 25 (10 for MI) (ST) | 13±0.5 [3 7 3±0.5] | S3, E13 | 30 EEG | 256 (0.5-100) | – | – | – |
| Steyrl et al. [144] 15, 18 2014 | Two class motor imagery | 2 RH, FT | – | – | – | 14 | 2240 TD: 1400 ED: 840 | 160 TD: 50×2 ED: 30×2 | 1120 TD: 50×14 ED: 30×14 | 1 () (same session) | 8 (TD: 5, ED: 3) | 20 (ST) | 5 [- 5 -] | E15 | 15 EEG | 512 | – | – | – |
| OpenViBE [159] 14 2012 | Individual imagery | 2 LH, RH | – | – | – | 1 | 560 | 560 | 280 | 3 () (DD) | 4-5 (total 14 runs) | 40 (ST) | 6 [- 6 -] | E12 | 11 EEG | 512 | – | – | – |
| EEGMMIDB [139] 2 2009 | Many subjects | 4 LF, RF, BF, and BFT | AM (6-runs, same as MI tasks) | – | 2 EO, EC | 109 | ~9156 84×109 (AM: ~9156) | 84 21×4 (AM: 84) | ~2289 21×109 (AM: ~2289) | 1 (26 min) () | 14 BL: 2, MI: 6, AM: 6 (BL: 1, MI: 2, AM: 2 min) | 14 (ST) | 8 [2 4 2] | S1 | 64 EEG | 160 | – | – | – |
| BCI-C IV-1 [133] 4 2008 | Uncued classifier application (classification of continuous EEG) | 2 Two of 3 classes (LH, RH, FT) | – | – | IS | 7 3 AR | 3080 TD: 1400 ED: 1680 | 440 TD: 200 ED: 240 | 1540 TD: 100×7 ED: 120×7 | 1 | 6 TD: 2, ED: 4 () (5-15 min) | TD: 100 ED: 60 (ST) | TD: 8 [2 4 2] ED: 8 [- 1.5-8 1.5-8] | E4, E5 | 59 EEG | 1000 (0.05-200) | 16 bit (0.1 uV) | – | – |
| BCI-C IV-2a [131] 5 2008 | Continuous classifier application and eye movement artifacts | 4 LH, RH, FT, T | – | EOG | 3 EO, EC, EM | 9 | 5184 (4800 valid) | 576 TD: 288 ED: 288 | 1296 TD: 72×9 ED: 72×9 | 2 () (DD) | 6 (~ 6 min) (short break) | 48 (ST) | 8±0.5 [2 4 2±0.5] | E6 | 22 EEG 3 EOG | 250 (0.5-100) | – | SQV-3 | – |
| BCI-C IV-2b [101] 6 2008 | Session-to-session transfer and eye movement artifacts | 2 LH, RH | – | EOG | 3 EO, EC, EM | 9 | 6480 (720×9) | 720 SP: 120×2 FP: 160×3 | 3240 SP: 120×9 FP: 240×9 | 5 SP:2, FP:3 () (5 days) | 10 SP: 6, FP: 4 | SP: 20 FP: 40 (ST) | SP: 9±0.5 [3 4 2±0.5] FP: 9±0.5 [3 4.5 1.5±0.5] | – | 3 EEG 3 EOG | 250 (0.5-100) | – | SQV-3 | – |
| BCI-C III-3a [136] 8 2004 | Multi-class problems | 4 LH, RH, FT, T | – | – | – | 3 | 840 | sub1: 360 sub2: 240 sub3: 240 | ~210 90+60×2 | 1 | 6 - 7 | 40 (ST) | 7 [3 4 -] | E8 | 60 EEG | 250 (1-50) | – | – | – |
| BCI-C III-3b [136] 9 2004 | Non-stationarity problems | 2 LH, RH | – | – | – | 3 | 2800 | sub1: 640 sub2: 1080 sub3: 1080 | ~1400 320+540×2 | 3 | 4 - 9 | – | 8 [3 5 -] | E9 | 2 EEG | 125 (0.5-30) | – | – | – |
| BCI-C III-4a [136] 10 2004 | Small training sets, (subject-to-subject transfer) | 2 RH, FT | – | – | – | 5 | 1400 TD: 560 ED: 840 | 280 140×2 | 700 140×5 | 4 | – | – | 5.5±0.25 [2±0.25 3.5 -] | E10 | 118 EEG | 1000 (0.5-200) | 16 bit (0.1 uV) | – | – |
| BCI-C III-4b [136] 11 | classification of continuous EEG without trial structure | 2 LH, FT | – | – | – | 1 | TD: 210 | TD: 210 | – | 7 TD :3 ED: 4 | – | – | TD: 5.5±0.25 [2±0.25 3.5 -] | E10 | 118 EEG | 1000 (0.5-200) | 16 bit (0.1 uV) | – | – |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---|---|---|--|---------------------------|-----|---------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
| 2004 | | | | | | ED: 3.25-10.25 [2±0.25 1.5-8 -] | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BCI-C III-4c [136] 12 2004 | Non-stationarity problems | 2 LH, FT | — | — | — | 1 | 630 TD: 210 ED: 420 | — | 7 TD :3 ED: 4 | — | — | TD: 5.5±0.25 [2±0.25 3.5 -] ED: 3±0.25 [2±0.25 1 -] | E10, E11 | 118 EEG | 1000 (0.5-200) | 16 bit (0.1 uV) | — | — | |
| BCI-C II-3 [102] 13 2002 | First public MI dataset | 2 LH, RH | — | — | — | 1 F | 280 TD: 140 ED: 140 | 280 | 140 | 1 | 7 ((several minutes) | 40 (ST) | 9 [3 6 -] | E6, E9 | 3 EEG | 128 (0.5-30) | — | — | — |



A visualization of the classification accuracy of EEG-based motor imagery (MI) reported by the latest deep learning-based articles for all public MI datasets.

HO: Hold-out (train: test), **CV:** Cross-validation, **LOSO:** Leave-one-subject-out, **c-sub:** Cross-subject, **sub-d:** Subject-dependent, **sub-i:** Subject-independent, **sb:** subjects, **“(x : y sb)”**: x subjects for training and y subjects for testing



References

- [1] F. Alshehri and G. Muhammad, "A comprehensive survey of the Internet of Things (IoT) and AI-based smart healthcare," *IEEE ACCESS*, vol. 9, pp. 3660–3678, 2021.
- [2] M. Masud *et al.*, "A lightweight and robust secure key establishment protocol for internet of medical things in COVID-19 patients care," *IEEE Internet Things J.*, 2020.
- [3] G. Muhammad, F. Alshehri, F. Karray, A. El Saddik, M. Alsulaiman, and T. H. Falk, "A comprehensive survey on multimodal medical signals fusion for smart healthcare systems," *Inf. Fusion*, 2021.
- [4] J. Cantillo-Negrete, R. I. Carino-Escobar, P. Carrillo-Mora, D. Elias-Vinas, and J. Gutierrez-Martinez, "Motor imagery-based brain-computer interface coupled to a robotic hand orthosis aimed for neurorehabilitation of stroke patients," *J. Healthc. Eng.*, vol. 2018, 2018.
- [5] E. López-Larraz, A. Sarasola-Sanz, N. Irastorza-Landa, N. Birbaumer, and A. Ramos-Murguialday, "Brain-machine interfaces for rehabilitation in stroke: A review," *NeuroRehabilitation*, vol. 43, no. 1, pp. 77–97, 2018.
- [6] M. S. Al-Quraishi, I. Elamvazuthi, S. A. Daud, S. Parasuraman, and A. Borboni, "EEG-based control for upper and lower limb exoskeletons and prostheses: A systematic review," *Sensors*, vol. 18, no. 10, p. 3342, 2018.
- [7] Z. Tayeb *et al.*, "Validating deep neural networks for online decoding of motor imagery movements from EEG signals," *Sensors*, vol. 19, no. 1, p. 210, 2019.
- [8] Á. Fernández-Rodríguez, F. Velasco-Álvarez, and R. Ron-Angevin, "Review of real brain-controlled wheelchairs," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 13, no. 6, p. 61001, 2016.
- [9] X. Tang, W. Li, X. Li, W. Ma, and X. Dang, "Motor imagery EEG recognition based on conditional optimization empirical mode decomposition and multi-scale convolutional neural network," *Expert Syst. Appl.*, vol. 149, p. 113285, 2020.
- [10] J. Li, J. Liang, Q. Zhao, J. Li, K. Hong, and L. Zhang, "Design of assistive wheelchair system directly steered by human thoughts," *Int. J. Neural Syst.*, vol. 23, no. 03, p. 1350013, 2013.
- [11] L. Cao, B. Xia, O. Maysam, J. Li, H. Xie, and N. Birbaumer, "A synchronous motor imagery based neural physiological paradigm for brain computer interface speller," *Front. Hum. Neurosci.*, vol. 11, p. 274, 2017.
- [12] D. Das Chakladar and S. Chakraborty, "Multi-target way of cursor movement in brain computer interface using unsupervised learning," *Biol. Inspired Cogn. Archit.*, vol. 25, pp. 88–100, 2018.
- [13] A. Delorme, T. Sejnowski, and S. Makeig, "Enhanced detection of artifacts in EEG data using higher-order statistics and independent component analysis," *Neuroimage*, vol. 34, no. 4, pp. 1443–1449, 2007.
- [14] A. Jafarifarmand and M. A. Badamchizadeh, "EEG artifacts handling in a real practical brain-computer interface controlled vehicle," *IEEE Trans. Neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 27, no. 6, pp. 1200–1208, 2019.
- [15] D. Pawar and S. Dhage, "Feature Extraction Methods for Electroencephalography based Brain-Computer Interface: A Review," *IAENG Int. J. Comput. Sci.*, vol. 47, no. 3, 2020.
- [16] E. C. Djamel, M. Y. Abdullah, and F. Renaldi, "Brain computer interface game controlling using fast fourier transform and learning vector quantization," *J. Telecommun. Electron. Comput. Eng.*, vol. 9, no. 2–5, pp. 71–74, 2017.
- [17] M. R. N. Kousarizi, A. A. Ghanbari, M. Teshnehlal, M. A. Shorehdeli, and A. Gharaviri, "Feature extraction and classification of EEG signals using Wavelet transform, SVM and artificial neural networks for brain computer interfaces," in *2009 International Joint Conference on Bioinformatics, Systems Biology and Intelligent Computing*, 2009, pp. 352–355.
- [18] L. Wang, Z. Lan, Q. Wang, R. Yang, and H. Li, "ELM Kernel and Wavelet Packet Decomposition Based EEG Classification Algorithm," *Autom. Control Comput. Sci.*, vol. 53, no. 5, pp. 452–460, 2019.
- [19] H. Ramoser, J. Muller-Gerking, and G. Pfurtscheller, "Optimal spatial filtering of single trial EEG during imagined hand movement," *IEEE Trans. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 8, no. 4, pp. 441–446, 2000.
- [20] L. Zhang, D. Wen, C. Li, and R. Zhu, "Ensemble classifier based on optimized extreme learning machine for motor imagery classification," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 17, no. 2, p. 26004, 2020.
- [21] K. Wang, D.-H. Zhai, and Y. Xia, "Motor Imagination EEG Recognition Algorithm based on DWT, CSP and Extreme Learning Machine," in *2019 Chinese Control Conference (CCC)*, 2019, pp. 4590–4595.
- [22] Z. Jin, G. Zhou, D. Gao, and Y. Zhang, "EEG classification using sparse Bayesian extreme learning machine for brain-computer interface," *Neural Comput. Appl.*, pp. 1–9, 2018.
- [23] K. K. Ang, Z. Y. Chin, C. Wang, C. Guan, and H. Zhang, "Filter bank common spatial pattern algorithm on BCI competition IV datasets 2a and 2b," *Front. Neurosci.*, vol. 6, p. 39, 2012.
- [24] C.-Y. Chen, C.-W. Wu, C.-T. Lin, and S.-A. Chen, "A novel classification method for motor imagery based on Brain-Computer Interface," in *2014 International Joint Conference on Neural Networks (IJCNN)*, 2014, pp. 4099–4102.
- [25] M. Arvaneh, C. Guan, K. K. Ang, and C. Quek, "Optimizing the channel selection and classification accuracy in EEG-based BCI," *IEEE Trans. Biomed. Eng.*, vol. 58, no. 6, pp. 1865–1873, 2011.
- [26] W. Samek, C. Vidaurre, K.-R. Müller, and M. Kawanabe, "Stationary common spatial patterns for brain-computer interfacing," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 9, no. 2, p. 26013, 2012.
- [27] W. Samek, M. Kawanabe, and K.-R. Müller, "Divergence-based framework for common spatial patterns algorithms," *IEEE Rev. Biomed. Eng.*, vol. 7, pp. 50–72, 2013.
- [28] W. Wu, Z. Chen, X. Gao, Y. Li, E. N. Brown, and S. Gao, "Probabilistic common spatial patterns for multichannel EEG analysis," *IEEE Trans. Pattern Anal. Mach. Intell.*, vol. 37, no. 3, pp. 639–653, 2014.
- [29] M. Rashid *et al.*, "Current Status, Challenges, and Possible Solutions of EEG-Based Brain-Computer Interface: A Comprehensive Review," *Front. Neurobot.*, 2020.
- [30] X. Zhang, L. Yao, X. Wang, J. J. M. Monaghan, D. Mcalpine, and Y. Zhang, "A survey on deep learning-based non-invasive brain signals: recent advances and new frontiers," *J. Neural Eng.*, 2020.
- [31] H. Altaheri, M. Alsulaiman, and G. Muhammad, "Date Fruit Classification for Robotic Harvesting in a Natural Environment Using Deep Learning," *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, no. 1, pp. 117115–117133, Aug. 2019.
- [32] M. Qamhan, H. Altaheri, A. H. Meftah, G. Muhammad, and Y. A. Alotaibi, "Digital Audio Forensics: Microphone and Environment Classification Using Deep Learning," *IEEE Access*, vol. 9, pp. 62719–62733, 2021.
- [33] G. Muhammad, M. S. Hossain, and N. Kumar, "EEG-based pathology detection for home health monitoring," *IEEE J. Sel. Areas Commun.*, vol. 39, no. 2, pp. 603–610, 2020.
- [34] G. Muhammad, M. F. Alhamid, and X. Long, "Computing and processing on the edge: Smart pathology detection for connected healthcare," *IEEE Netw.*, vol. 33, no. 6, pp. 44–49, 2019.
- [35] G. Muhammad, S. K. M. M. Rahman, A. Alelaiwi, and A. Alamri, "Smart health solution integrating IoT and cloud: A case study of voice pathology monitoring," *IEEE Commun. Mag.*, vol. 55, no. 1, pp. 69–73, 2017.
- [36] F. Lotte *et al.*, "A review of classification algorithms for EEG-based brain-computer interfaces: a 10 year update," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 15, no. 3, p. 31005, 2018.
- [37] A. Craik, Y. He, and J. L. Contreras-Vidal, "Deep learning for electroencephalogram (EEG) classification tasks: a review," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 16, no. 3, p. 31001, 2019.
- [38] N. Padfield, J. Zabalza, H. Zhao, V. Masero, and J. Ren, "EEG-based brain-computer interfaces using motor-imagery: Techniques and challenges," *Sensors*, vol. 19, no. 6, p. 1423, 2019.
- [39] S. Aggarwal and N. Chugh, "Signal processing techniques for motor imagery brain computer interface: A review," *Array*, vol. 1, p. 100003, 2019.
- [40] Z. Wan, R. Yang, M. Huang, N. Zeng, and X. Liu, "A review on transfer learning in EEG signal analysis," *Neurocomputing*, vol. 421, pp. 1–14, 2020.
- [41] E. Lashgari, D. Liang, and U. Maoz, "Data augmentation for deep-learning-based electroencephalography," *J. Neurosci. Methods*, p. 108885, 2020.
- [42] D. Moher, A. Liberati, J. Tetzlaff, D. G. Altman, and P. Group, "Preferred reporting items for systematic reviews and meta-analyses: the PRISMA statement," *PLoS med.*, vol. 6, no. 7, p. e1000097, 2009.
- [43] J. del R. Millán *et al.*, "Combining brain-computer interfaces and assistive technologies: state-of-the-art and challenges," *Front. Neurosci.*, vol. 4, p. 161, 2010.
- [44] L. J. Greenfield, J. D. Geyer, and P. R. Carney, *Reading EEGs: A practical approach*. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2012.
- [45] T. Ball, M. Kern, I. Mutschler, A. Aertsen, and A. Schulze-

- Bonhage, "Signal quality of simultaneously recorded invasive and non-invasive EEG," *Neuroimage*, vol. 46, no. 3, pp. 708–716, 2009.
- [46] E. R. Kandel, J. H. Schwartz, T. M. Jessell, S. Siegelbaum, A. J. Hudspeth, and S. Mack, *Principles of neural science*, vol. 4. McGraw-hill New York, 2000.
- [47] "CHB-MIT Scalp EEG Database." [Online]. Available: <https://archive.physionet.org/physiobank/charts/chbmit.png>. [Accessed: 12-Apr-2020].
- [48] S. Lacey and R. Lawson, *Multisensory imagery*. Springer Science & Business Media, 2013.
- [49] A. Rezeika, M. Benda, P. Stawicki, F. Gembler, A. Saboor, and I. Volosyak, "Brain-computer interface spellers: A review," *Brain Sci.*, vol. 8, no. 4, p. 57, 2018.
- [50] M.-H. Lee *et al.*, "EEG dataset and OpenBMI toolbox for three BCI paradigms: an investigation into BCI illiteracy," *Gigascience*, vol. 8, no. 5, p. giz002, 2019.
- [51] A. Hassanpour, M. Moradikia, H. Adeli, S. R. Khayami, and P. Shamsinejadbabaki, "A novel end-to-end deep learning scheme for classifying multi-class motor imagery electroencephalography signals," *Expert Syst.*, vol. 36, no. 6, p. e12494, 2019.
- [52] G. Pfurtscheller, C. Brunner, A. Schlögl, and F. H. L. Da Silva, "Mu rhythm (de) synchronization and EEG single-trial classification of different motor imagery tasks," *Neuroimage*, vol. 31, no. 1, pp. 153–159, 2006.
- [53] Y. Wang, M. Nakanishi, and D. Zhang, "EEG-Based Brain-Computer Interfaces," in *Neural Interface: Frontiers and Applications*, Springer, 2019, pp. 41–65.
- [54] X. Zhao, H. Zhang, G. Zhu, F. You, S. Kuang, and L. Sun, "A multi-branch 3D convolutional neural network for EEG-based motor imagery classification," *IEEE Trans. Neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 27, no. 10, pp. 2164–2177, 2019.
- [55] O. Avilov, S. Rimbert, A. Popov, and L. Bougrain, "Optimizing Motor Intention Detection with Deep Learning: Towards Management of Intraoperative Awareness," *IEEE Trans. Biomed. Eng.*, 2021.
- [56] K. Zhu, S. Wang, D. Zheng, and M. Dai, "Study on the effect of different electrode channel combinations of motor imagery eeg signals on classification accuracy," *J. Eng.*, vol. 2019, no. 23, pp. 8641–8645, 2019.
- [57] X. Lun, Z. Yu, T. Chen, F. Wang, and Y. Hou, "A simplified CNN classification method for MI-EEG via the electrode pairs signals," *Front. Hum. Neurosci.*, vol. 14, 2020.
- [58] T. Liu and D. Yang, "A Densely Connected Multi-Branch 3D Convolutional Neural Network for Motor Imagery EEG Decoding," *Brain Sci.*, vol. 11, no. 2, p. 197, 2021.
- [59] Y. Li, H. Yang, J. Li, D. Chen, and M. Du, "EEG-based intention recognition with deep recurrent-convolution neural network: Performance and channel selection by Grad-CAM," *Neurocomputing*, vol. 415, pp. 225–233, 2020.
- [60] J. Yang, Z. Ma, J. Wang, and Y. Fu, "A Novel Deep Learning Scheme for Motor Imagery EEG Decoding Based on Spatial Representation Fusion," *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 202100–202110, 2020.
- [61] Y. Chu, X. Zhao, Y. Zou, W. Xu, J. Han, and Y. Zhao, "A decoding scheme for incomplete motor imagery EEG with deep belief network," *Front. Neurosci.*, vol. 12, p. 680, 2018.
- [62] J.-H. Jeong, B.-H. Lee, D.-H. Lee, Y.-D. Yun, and S.-W. Lee, "EEG classification of forearm movement imagery using a hierarchical flow convolutional neural network," *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 66941–66950, 2020.
- [63] J. Yang, S. Yao, and J. Wang, "Deep fusion feature learning network for MI-EEG classification," *IEEE Access*, vol. 6, pp. 79050–79059, 2018.
- [64] F. Fahimi, S. Dosen, K. K. Ang, N. Mrachacz-Kersting, and C. Guan, "Generative Adversarial Networks-Based Data Augmentation for Brain-Computer Interface," *IEEE Trans. neural networks Learn. Syst.*, 2020.
- [65] B. Xu *et al.*, "Wavelet transform time-frequency image and convolutional network-based motor imagery EEG classification," *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 6084–6093, 2018.
- [66] X. Ma, S. Qiu, W. Wei, S. Wang, and H. He, "Deep Channel-Correlation Network for Motor Imagery Decoding From the Same Limb," *IEEE Trans. Neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 28, no. 1, pp. 297–306, 2019.
- [67] H. Alwasiti, M. Z. Yusoff, and K. Raza, "Motor imagery classification for brain computer interface using deep metric learning," *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 109949–109963, 2020.
- [68] R. Alazrai, M. Abuhijleh, H. Alwanni, and M. I. Daoud, "A deep learning framework for decoding motor imagery tasks of the same hand using eeg signals," *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 109612–109627, 2019.
- [69] G. Gómez-Herrero *et al.*, "Automatic removal of ocular artifacts in the EEG without an EOG reference channel," in *Proceedings of the 7th Nordic Signal Processing Symposium-NORSIG 2006*, 2006, pp. 130–133.
- [70] T. Luo and F. Chao, "Exploring spatial-frequency-sequential relationships for motor imagery classification with recurrent neural network," *BMC Bioinformatics*, vol. 19, no. 1, p. 344, 2018.
- [71] B. E. Olivas-Padilla and M. I. Chacon-Murguia, "Classification of multiple motor imagery using deep convolutional neural networks and spatial filters," *Appl. Soft Comput.*, vol. 75, pp. 461–472, 2019.
- [72] S. Sakhavi, C. Guan, and S. Yan, "Learning temporal information for brain-computer interface using convolutional neural networks," *IEEE Trans. neural networks Learn. Syst.*, vol. 29, no. 11, pp. 5619–5629, 2018.
- [73] O.-Y. Kwon, M.-H. Lee, C. Guan, and S.-W. Lee, "Subject-independent brain-computer interfaces based on deep convolutional neural networks," *IEEE Trans. neural networks Learn. Syst.*, vol. 31, no. 10, pp. 3839–3852, 2019.
- [74] Q. She, B. Hu, Z. Luo, T. Nguyen, and Y. Zhang, "A hierarchical semi-supervised extreme learning machine method for EEG recognition," *Med. Biol. Eng. Comput.*, vol. 57, no. 1, pp. 147–157, 2018.
- [75] S. Taheri, M. Ezoji, and S. M. Sakhaei, "Convolutional neural network based features for motor imagery EEG signals classification in brain-computer interface system," *SN Appl. Sci.*, vol. 2, no. 4, pp. 1–12, 2020.
- [76] X. Ma, D. Wang, D. Liu, and J. Yang, "DWT and CNN based multi-class motor imagery electroencephalographic signal recognition," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 17, no. 1, p. 16073, 2020.
- [77] N. Lu, T. Li, X. Ren, and H. Miao, "A deep learning scheme for motor imagery classification based on restricted Boltzmann machines," *IEEE Trans. neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 25, no. 6, pp. 566–576, 2016.
- [78] J. Xu, H. Zheng, J. Wang, D. Li, and X. Fang, "Recognition of EEG signal motor imagery intention based on deep multi-view feature learning," *Sensors*, vol. 20, no. 12, p. 3496, 2020.
- [79] W. Huang, Y. Xue, L. Hu, and H. Liuli, "S-EEGNet: Electroencephalogram Signal Classification Based on a Separable Convolution Neural Network With Bilinear Interpolation," *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 131636–131646, 2020.
- [80] P. Wang, A. Jiang, X. Liu, J. Shang, and L. Zhang, "LSTM-based EEG classification in motor imagery tasks," *IEEE Trans. neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 26, no. 11, pp. 2086–2095, 2018.
- [81] J.-S. Bang, M.-H. Lee, S. Fazli, C. Guan, and S.-W. Lee, "Spatio-spectral feature representation for motor imagery classification using convolutional neural networks," *IEEE Trans. Neural Networks Learn. Syst.*, 2021.
- [82] J. Xue *et al.*, "A Multifrequency Brain Network-Based Deep Learning Framework for Motor Imagery Decoding," *Neural Plast.*, vol. 2020, 2020.
- [83] X. Zhao, J. Zhao, C. Liu, and W. Cai, "Deep neural network with joint distribution matching for cross-subject motor imagery brain-computer interfaces," *Biomed Res. Int.*, vol. 2020, 2020.
- [84] S. Kumar, A. Sharma, and T. Tsunoda, "Brain wave classification using long short-term memory network based OPTICAL predictor," *Sci. Rep.*, vol. 9, no. 1, pp. 1–13, 2019.
- [85] S. Kumar, R. Sharma, and A. Sharma, "OPTICAL+: a frequency-based deep learning scheme for recognizing brain wave signals," *PeerJ Comput. Sci.*, vol. 7, p. e375, 2021.
- [86] L. Cheng, D. Li, G. Yu, Z. Zhang, X. Li, and S. Yu, "A Motor Imagery EEG Feature Extraction Method Based on Energy Principal Component Analysis and Deep Belief Networks," *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 21453–21472, 2020.
- [87] R. Zhang, Q. Zong, L. Dou, and X. Zhao, "A novel hybrid deep learning scheme for four-class motor imagery classification," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 16, no. 6, p. 66004, 2019.
- [88] R. Zhang, Q. Zong, L. Dou, X. Zhao, Y. Tang, and Z. Li, "Hybrid deep neural network using transfer learning for EEG motor imagery decoding," *Biomed. Signal Process. Control*, vol. 63, p. 102144, 2021.
- [89] T. Uktveris and V. Jusas, "Application of convolutional neural networks to four-class motor imagery classification problem," *Inf. Technol. Control*, vol. 46, no. 2, pp. 260–273, 2017.
- [90] Z. Wang, L. Cao, Z. Zhang, X. Gong, Y. Sun, and H. Wang, "Short time Fourier transformation and deep neural networks for motor

- imagery brain computer interface recognition,” *Concurr. Comput. Pract. Exp.*, vol. 30, no. 23, p. e4413, 2018.
- [91] K. Zhang *et al.*, “Data augmentation for motor imagery signal classification based on a hybrid neural network,” *Sensors*, vol. 20, no. 16, p. 4485, 2020.
- [92] N. Shajil, S. Mohan, P. Srinivasan, J. Arivudaiyanambi, and A. A. Murrugesan, “Multiclass Classification of Spatially Filtered Motor Imagery EEG Signals Using Convolutional Neural Network for BCI Based Applications,” *J. Med. Biol. Eng.*, vol. 40, no. 5, pp. 663–672, 2020.
- [93] Y. Rong, X. Wu, and Y. Zhang, “Classification of motor imagery electroencephalography signals using continuous small convolutional neural network,” *Int. J. Imaging Syst. Technol.*, vol. 30, no. 3, pp. 653–659, 2020.
- [94] S. Roy, A. Chowdhury, K. McCreadie, and G. Prasad, “Deep learning based inter-subject continuous decoding of motor imagery for practical brain-computer interfaces,” *Front. Neurosci.*, vol. 14, 2020.
- [95] M. Miao, W. Hu, H. Yin, and K. Zhang, “Spatial-frequency feature learning and classification of motor imagery EEG based on deep convolution neural network,” *Comput. Math. Methods Med.*, vol. 2020, 2020.
- [96] F. Li, F. He, F. Wang, D. Zhang, Y. Xia, and X. Li, “A novel simplified convolutional neural network classification algorithm of motor imagery EEG signals based on deep learning,” *Appl. Sci.*, vol. 10, no. 5, p. 1605, 2020.
- [97] P. Kant, S. H. Laskar, J. Hazarika, and R. Mahamune, “CWT Based Transfer Learning for Motor Imagery Classification for Brain computer Interfaces,” *J. Neurosci. Methods*, vol. 345, p. 108886, 2020.
- [98] Y. R. Tabar and U. Halici, “A novel deep learning approach for classification of EEG motor imagery signals,” *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 14, no. 1, p. 16003, 2016.
- [99] M. Dai, D. Zheng, R. Na, S. Wang, and S. Zhang, “EEG classification of motor imagery using a novel deep learning framework,” *Sensors*, vol. 19, no. 3, p. 551, 2019.
- [100] D. Zhang, K. Chen, D. Jian, and L. Yao, “Motor imagery classification via temporal attention cues of graph embedded EEG signals,” *IEEE J. Biomed. Heal. Informatics*, vol. 24, no. 9, pp. 2570–2579, 2020.
- [101] R. Leeb, C. Brunner, G. Müller-Putz, A. Schlögl, and G. Pfurtscheller, “BCI Competition 2008–Graz data set B,” *Inst. Knowl. Discov. Graz Univ. Technol.*, pp. 1–6, 2008.
- [102] B. Blankertz *et al.*, “The BCI competition 2003: progress and perspectives in detection and discrimination of EEG single trials,” *IEEE Trans. Biomed. Eng.*, vol. 51, no. 6, pp. 1044–1051, 2004.
- [103] X. Deng, B. Zhang, N. Yu, K. Liu, and K. Sun, “Advanced TSGL-EEGNet for Motor Imagery EEG-Based Brain-Computer Interfaces,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 9, pp. 25118–25130, 2021.
- [104] C.-C. Fan, H. Yang, Z.-G. Hou, Z.-L. Ni, S. Chen, and Z. Fang, “Bilinear neural network with 3-D attention for brain decoding of motor imagery movements from the human EEG,” *Cogn. Neurodyn.*, vol. 15, no. 1, pp. 181–189, 2021.
- [105] K. Roots, Y. Muhammad, and N. Muhammad, “Fusion Convolutional Neural Network for Cross-Subject EEG Motor Imagery Classification,” *Computers*, vol. 9, no. 3, p. 72, 2020.
- [106] D. Li, J. Xu, J. Wang, X. Fang, and J. Ying, “A Multi-Scale Fusion Convolutional Neural Network based on Attention Mechanism for the Visualization Analysis of EEG Signals Decoding,” *IEEE Trans. Neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, 2020.
- [107] V. J. Lawhern, A. J. Solon, N. R. Waytowich, S. M. Gordon, C. P. Hung, and B. J. Lance, “EEGNet: a compact convolutional neural network for EEG-based brain–computer interfaces,” *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 15, no. 5, p. 56013, 2018.
- [108] S. U. Amin, M. Alsulaiman, G. Muhammad, M. A. Bencherif, and M. S. Hossain, “Multilevel weighted feature fusion using convolutional neural networks for EEG motor imagery classification,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 18940–18950, 2019.
- [109] H. Dose, J. S. Möller, H. K. Iversen, and S. Puthusserypady, “An end-to-end deep learning approach to MI-EEG signal classification for BCIs,” *Expert Syst. Appl.*, vol. 114, pp. 532–542, 2018.
- [110] Z. Tang, C. Li, and S. Sun, “Single-trial EEG classification of motor imagery using deep convolutional neural networks,” *Optik (Stuttg.)*, vol. 130, pp. 11–18, 2017.
- [111] G. Dai, J. Zhou, J. Huang, and N. Wang, “HS-CNN: a CNN with hybrid convolution scale for EEG motor imagery classification,” *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 17, no. 1, p. 16025, 2020.
- [112] B.-H. Lee, J.-H. Jeong, and S.-W. Lee, “SessionNet: Feature similarity-based weighted ensemble learning for motor imagery classification,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 134524–134535, 2020.
- [113] H. Wu *et al.*, “A Parallel Multiscale Filter Bank Convolutional Neural Networks for Motor Imagery EEG Classification,” *Front. Neurosci.*, vol. 13, p. 1275, 2019.
- [114] C. Zhang, Y.-K. Kim, and A. Eskandarian, “EEG-inception: an accurate and robust end-to-end neural network for EEG-based motor imagery classification,” *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 18, no. 4, p. 46014, 2021.
- [115] S. U. Amin, M. Alsulaiman, G. Muhammad, M. A. Mekhtiche, and M. S. Hossain, “Deep Learning for EEG motor imagery classification based on multi-layer CNNs feature fusion,” *Futur. Gener. Comput. Syst.*, vol. 101, pp. 542–554, 2019.
- [116] M. Xu *et al.*, “Learning EEG topographical representation for classification via convolutional neural network,” *Pattern Recognit.*, vol. 105, p. 107390, 2020.
- [117] J. J. Liao, J. J. Luo, T. Yang, R. Q. Y. So, and M. C. H. Chua, “Effects of local and global spatial patterns in EEG motor-imagery classification using convolutional neural network,” *Brain-Computer Interfaces*, vol. 7, no. 3–4, pp. 47–56, 2020.
- [118] M.-A. Li, J.-F. Han, and L.-J. Duan, “A Novel MI-EEG Imaging With the Location Information of Electrodes,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 3197–3211, 2019.
- [119] D. F. Collazos-Huertas, A. M. Álvarez-Meza, C. D. Acosta-Medina, G. A. Castaño-Duque, and G. Castellanos-Dominguez, “CNN-based framework using spatial dropping for enhanced interpretation of neural activity in motor imagery classification,” *Brain Informatics*, vol. 7, no. 1, pp. 1–13, 2020.
- [120] Y. Hou, L. Zhou, S. Jia, and X. Lun, “A novel approach of decoding EEG four-class motor imagery tasks via scout ESI and CNN,” *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 17, no. 1, p. 16048, 2020.
- [121] X. Liu, Y. Shen, J. Liu, J. Yang, P. Xiong, and F. Lin, “Parallel Spatial–Temporal Self-Attention CNN-Based Motor Imagery Classification for BCI,” *Front. Neurosci.*, vol. 14, 2020.
- [122] S. U. Amin, H. Altaheri, G. Muhammad, M. Alsulaiman, and W. Abdul, “Attention based Inception model for robust EEG motor imagery classification,” in *2021 IEEE International Instrumentation and Measurement Technology Conference (I2MTC)*, 2021, pp. 1–6.
- [123] X. Zhu, P. Li, C. Li, D. Yao, R. Zhang, and P. Xu, “Separated channel convolutional neural network to realize the training free motor imagery BCI systems,” *Biomed. Signal Process. Control*, vol. 49, pp. 396–403, 2019.
- [124] Y. K. Musallam *et al.*, “Electroencephalography-based motor imagery classification using temporal convolutional network fusion,” *Biomed. Signal Process. Control*, vol. 69, p. 102826, 2021.
- [125] M. Riyad, M. Khalil, and A. Adib, “MI-EEGNET: A novel convolutional neural network for motor imagery classification,” *J. Neurosci. Methods*, vol. 353, p. 109037, 2021.
- [126] D. Li, J. Wang, J. Xu, and X. Fang, “Densely feature fusion based on convolutional neural networks for motor imagery EEG classification,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 132720–132730, 2019.
- [127] K.-W. Ha and J.-W. Jeong, “Temporal Pyramid Pooling for Decoding Motor-Imagery EEG Signals,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 9, pp. 3112–3125, 2021.
- [128] K. Zhang, N. Robinson, S.-W. Lee, and C. Guan, “Adaptive transfer learning for EEG motor imagery classification with deep Convolutional Neural Network,” *Neural Networks*, vol. 136, pp. 1–10, 2021.
- [129] H. Zhao, Q. Zheng, K. Ma, H. Li, and Y. Zheng, “Deep Representation-Based Domain Adaptation for Nonstationary EEG Classification,” *IEEE Trans. Neural Networks Learn. Syst.*, 2020.
- [130] G. Xu *et al.*, “A deep transfer convolutional neural network framework for EEG signal classification,” *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 112767–112776, 2019.
- [131] C. Brunner, R. Leeb, G. Müller-Putz, A. Schlögl, and G. Pfurtscheller, “BCI Competition 2008–Graz data set A,” *Inst. Knowl. Discov. Graz Univ. Technol.*, vol. 16, pp. 1–6, 2008.
- [132] H. Cho, M. Ahn, S. Ahn, M. Kwon, and S. C. Jun, “EEG datasets for motor imagery brain–computer interface,” *Gigascience*, vol. 6, no. 7, p. gix034, 2017.
- [133] B. Blankertz, G. Dornhege, M. Krauledat, K.-R. Müller, and G. Curio, “The non-invasive Berlin brain–computer interface: fast acquisition of effective performance in untrained subjects,” *Neuroimage*, vol. 37, no. 2, pp. 539–550, 2007.
- [134] D. P. Kingma and M. Welling, “Auto-encoding variational bayes,” *arXiv Prepr. arXiv1312.6114*, 2013.
- [135] Y. Li, X.-R. Zhang, B. Zhang, M.-Y. Lei, W.-G. Cui, and Y.-Z.

- Guo, "A channel-projection mixed-scale convolutional neural network for motor imagery EEG decoding," *IEEE Trans. Neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 27, no. 6, pp. 1170–1180, 2019.
- [136] B. Blankertz *et al.*, "The BCI competition III: Validating alternative approaches to actual BCI problems," *IEEE Trans. neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 14, no. 2, pp. 153–159, 2006.
- [137] L. Wang, W. Huang, Z. Yang, and C. Zhang, "Temporal-spatial-frequency depth extraction of brain-computer interface based on mental tasks," *Biomed. Signal Process. Control*, vol. 58, p. 101845, 2020.
- [138] D. Freer and G.-Z. Yang, "Data augmentation for self-paced motor imagery classification with C-LSTM," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 17, no. 1, p. 16041, 2020.
- [139] A. L. Goldberger *et al.*, "PhysioBank, PhysioToolkit, and PhysioNet: components of a new research resource for complex physiologic signals," *Circulation*, vol. 101, no. 23, pp. e215–e220, 2000.
- [140] L. Xiaoling, "Motor imagery-based EEG signals classification by combining temporal and spatial deep characteristics," *Int. J. Intell. Comput. Cybern.*, 2020.
- [141] K. Zhang *et al.*, "Instance transfer subject-dependent strategy for motor imagery signal classification using deep convolutional neural networks," *Comput. Math. Methods Med.*, vol. 2020, 2020.
- [142] P. Ofner, A. Schwarz, J. Pereira, and G. R. Müller-Putz, "Upper limb movements can be decoded from the time-domain of low-frequency EEG," *PLoS One*, vol. 12, no. 8, p. e0182578, 2017.
- [143] J. Chen, Z. Yu, Z. Gu, and Y. Li, "Deep Temporal-Spatial Feature Learning for Motor Imagery-Based Brain-Computer Interfaces," *IEEE Trans. Neural Syst. Rehabil. Eng.*, vol. 28, no. 11, pp. 2356–2366, 2020.
- [144] D. Steyrl, R. Scherer, O. Förstner, and G. R. Müller-Putz, "Motor imagery brain-computer interfaces: random forests vs regularized LDA-non-linear beats linear," in *Proceedings of the 6th International Brain-Computer Interface Conference*, 2014, pp. 241–244.
- [145] X. Ma, S. Qiu, and H. He, "Multi-channel EEG recording during motor imagery of different joints from the same limb," *Sci. data*, vol. 7, no. 1, pp. 1–9, 2020.
- [146] H. K. Lee and Y.-S. Choi, "Application of continuous wavelet transform and convolutional neural network in decoding motor imagery brain-computer interface," *Entropy*, vol. 21, no. 12, p. 1199, 2019.
- [147] C. J. Ortiz-Echeverri, S. Salazar-Colores, J. Rodríguez-Reséndiz, and R. A. Gómez-Loenzo, "A new approach for motor imagery classification based on sorted blind source separation, continuous wavelet transform, and convolutional neural network," *Sensors*, vol. 19, no. 20, p. 4541, 2019.
- [148] S. Chaudhary, S. Taran, V. Bajaj, and A. Sengur, "Convolutional neural network based approach towards motor imagery tasks EEG signals classification," *IEEE Sens. J.*, vol. 19, no. 12, pp. 4494–4500, 2019.
- [149] X.-L. Tang, W.-C. Ma, D.-S. Kong, and W. Li, "Semisupervised deep stacking network with adaptive learning rate strategy for motor imagery EEG recognition," *Neural Comput.*, vol. 31, no. 5, pp. 919–942, 2019.
- [150] Z. Zhang *et al.*, "A novel deep learning approach with data augmentation to classify motor imagery signals," *IEEE Access*, vol. 7, pp. 15945–15954, 2019.
- [151] X. Tang, N. Zhang, J. Zhou, and Q. Liu, "Hidden-layer visible deep stacking network optimized by PSO for motor imagery EEG recognition," *Neurocomputing*, vol. 234, pp. 1–10, 2017.
- [152] L. Deng, Jia and Dong, Wei and Socher, Richard and Li, Li-Jia and Li, Kai and Fei-Fei, "Imagenet: A large-scale hierarchical image database," in *IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, 2009, pp. 248–255.
- [153] H. Altaheri, M. Alsulaiman, G. Muhammad, S. U. Amin, M. Bencherif, and M. Mekhtiche, "Date fruit dataset for intelligent harvesting," *Data Br.*, vol. 26, p. 104514, Oct. 2019.
- [154] M. Alsulaiman, G. Muhammad, M. A. Bencherif, A. Mahmood, and Z. Ali, "KSU rich Arabic speech database," *Inf.*, vol. 16, no. 6 B, pp. 4231–4253, 2013.
- [155] Graz University of Technology, "Data sets - BNCI Horizon 2020." [Online]. Available: <http://bnci-horizon-2020.eu/database/data-sets>. [Accessed: 05-Feb-2021].
- [156] F. Lotte, "Fabien Lotte's professional homepage - Links." [Online]. Available: https://sites.google.com/site/fabienlotte/bci-community/links?authuser=0#h_p_ID_172. [Accessed: 05-Feb-2021].
- [157] R. Scherer *et al.*, "Individually adapted imagery improves brain-computer interface performance in end-users with disability," *PLoS One*, vol. 10, no. 5, p. e0123727, 2015.
- [158] M. Kaya, M. K. Binli, E. Ozbay, H. Yanar, and Y. Mishchenko, "A large electroencephalographic motor imagery dataset for electroencephalographic brain computer interfaces," *Sci. data*, vol. 5, p. 180211, 2018.
- [159] N. Brodus, F. Lotte, and A. Lécuyer, "Exploring two novel features for EEG-based brain-computer interfaces: Multifractal cumulants and predictive complexity," *Neurocomputing*, vol. 79, pp. 87–94, 2012.
- [160] A. Ramos-Murguialday *et al.*, "Brain-machine interface in chronic stroke rehabilitation: a controlled study," *Ann. Neurol.*, vol. 74, no. 1, pp. 100–108, 2013.
- [161] X. Zhang, L. Yao, Q. Z. Sheng, S. S. Kanhere, T. Gu, and D. Zhang, "Converting your thoughts to texts: Enabling brain typing via deep feature learning of eeg signals," in *2018 IEEE international conference on pervasive computing and communications (PerCom)*, 2018, pp. 1–10.
- [162] J. Van Erp, F. Lotte, and M. Tangermann, "Brain-computer interfaces: beyond medical applications," *Computer (Long. Beach. Calif.)*, vol. 45, no. 4, pp. 26–34, 2012.
- [163] R. Yuste *et al.*, "Four ethical priorities for neurotechnologies and AI," *Nat. News*, vol. 551, no. 7679, p. 159, 2017.
- [164] K. LaFleur, K. Cassady, A. Doud, K. Shades, E. Rogin, and B. He, "Quadcopter control in three-dimensional space using a noninvasive motor imagery-based brain-computer interface," *J. Neural Eng.*, vol. 10, no. 4, p. 46003, 2013.
- [165] Y. Yu *et al.*, "Toward brain-actuated car applications: Self-paced control with a motor imagery-based brain-computer interface," *Comput. Biol. Med.*, vol. 77, pp. 148–155, 2016.
- [166] X. Zhang, L. Yao, C. Huang, Q. Z. Sheng, and X. Wang, "Intent recognition in smart living through deep recurrent neural networks," in *International Conference on Neural Information Processing*, 2017, pp. 748–758.
- [167] T. Li, J. Zhang, T. Xue, and B. Wang, "Development of a novel motor imagery control technique and application in a gaming environment," *Comput. Intell. Neurosci.*, vol. 2017, 2017.
- [168] A. Kreiling, H. Hiebel, and G. R. Müller-Putz, "Single versus multiple events error potential detection in a BCI-controlled car game with continuous and discrete feedback," *IEEE Trans. Biomed. Eng.*, vol. 63, no. 3, pp. 519–529, 2015.
- [169] X. Zhang, L. Yao, S. S. Kanhere, Y. Liu, T. Gu, and K. Chen, "Mindid: Person identification from brain waves through attention-based recurrent neural network," *Proc. ACM Interactive, Mobile, Wearable Ubiquitous Technol.*, vol. 2, no. 3, pp. 1–23, 2018.
- [170] X. Zhang, L. Yao, C. Huang, T. Gu, Z. Yang, and Y. Liu, "DeepKey: An EEG and gait based dual-authentication system," *arXiv Prepr. arXiv1706.01606*, 2017.