

TUGAS GUI OPERATOR LOGIKA ALGORITMA PEMROGRAMAN

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Program Operator Logika GUI dibuat dengan Java Swing (dibuat pakai WindowBuilder/Eclipse).

Fungsinya: menerima dua input boolean (true / false), menerima pilihan operator logika (AND, OR, NOR, XOR, NOT), lalu menampilkan hasil operasi logika dalam bentuk true/false.

Fitur penting: validasi input (case-insensitive), penonaktifan input kedua saat operator NOT, pesan peringatan/error via JOptionPane, dan penanganan event pada tombol *Hitung*.

Kode Program:

```

1 package pekan8_2511533018;
2
3 import java.awt.EventQueue;
4
5 public class OperatorLogika_2511533018 extends JFrame {
6
7     private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
8     private JPanel contentPane;
9     private JTextField text1;
10    private JTextField text2;
11    private JTextField textHasil;
12
13    private void pesanPeringatan(String pesan) {
14        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this, pesan, "Peringatan", JOptionPane.WARNING_MESSAGE);
15    }
16
17    private void pesanError(String pesan) {
18        JOptionPane.showConfirmDialog(this, pesan, "Kesalahan", JOptionPane.ERROR_MESSAGE);
19    }
20
21    /**
22     * Launch the application.
23     */
24    public static void main(String[] args) {
25        EventQueue.invokeLater(new Runnable() {
26            public void run() {
27                try {
28                    OperatorLogika_2511533018 frame = new OperatorLogika_2511533018();
29                    frame.setVisible(true);
30                } catch (Exception e) {
31                    e.printStackTrace();
32                }
33            }
34        });
35    }
36
37    /**
38     * Create the frame.
39     */
40    public OperatorLogika_2511533018() {
41        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
42        setBounds(100, 100, 450, 300);
43        contentPane = new JPanel();
44        contentPane.setBorder(new EmptyBorder(5, 5, 5, 5));
45        setContentPane(contentPane);
46        contentPane.setLayout(null);
47
48        JLabel lblNewLabel = new JLabel("Operator Logika");
49        lblNewLabel.setHorizontalAlignment(SwingConstants.CENTER);
50        lblNewLabel.setBounds(153, 6, 143, 16);
51        contentPane.add(lblNewLabel);
52
53        JLabel lblNewLabel_1 = new JLabel("Nilai A");
54        lblNewLabel_1.setBounds(6, 29, 61, 16);
55        contentPane.add(lblNewLabel_1);
56
57        JLabel lblNewLabel_2 = new JLabel("Nilai B");
58        lblNewLabel_2.setBounds(6, 94, 61, 16);
59        contentPane.add(lblNewLabel_2);
60
61        JLabel lblNewLabel_3 = new JLabel("Operator");
62        lblNewLabel_3.setBounds(6, 159, 61, 16);
63        contentPane.add(lblNewLabel_3);
64
65        JLabel lblNewLabel_4 = new JLabel("Hasil");
66        lblNewLabel_4.setBounds(6, 222, 61, 16);
67        contentPane.add(lblNewLabel_4);
68
69        JComboBox comboBox = new JComboBox();
70        comboBox.setModel(new DefaultComboBoxModel(new String[] {
```

```

        comboBox.setModel(new DefaultComboBoxModel(new String[]{.
            "AND".
            "OR".
            "NOR".
            "XOR".
            "NOT".
        }));
        comboBox.setBounds(79, 155, 52, 27);
        contentPane.add(comboBox);

        text1 = new JTextField();
        text1.setBounds(6, 56, 130, 26);
        contentPane.add(text1);
        text1.setColumns(10);

        text2 = new JTextField();
        text2.setBounds(6, 121, 130, 26);
        contentPane.add(text2);
        text2.setColumns(10);

        textHasil = new JTextField();
        textHasil.setEditable(false);
        textHasil.setEnabled(false);
        textHasil.setBounds(55, 217, 130, 26);
        contentPane.add(textHasil);
        textHasil.setColumns(10);

        JButton btnCalc = new JButton("Kalkulasi");
        btnCalc.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                String s1 = text1.getText().trim().toLowerCase();
                String s2 = text2.getText().trim().toLowerCase();
                String op = comboBox.getSelectedItem().toString();

                public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                    String s1 = text1.getText().trim().toLowerCase();
                    String s2 = text2.getText().trim().toLowerCase();
                    String op = comboBox.getSelectedItem().toString();

                    if (op.equals("NOT")) {
                        if (!s1.equals("true") && !s1.equals("false")) {
                            pesanError("Input harus true atau false.");
                            return;
                        }
                    } else {
                        if (!s1.equals("true") && !s1.equals("false")) {
                            pesanError("Input 1 harus true atau false.");
                            return;
                        }
                        if (!s2.equals("true") && !s2.equals("false")) {
                            pesanError("Input 2 harus true atau false.");
                            return;
                        }
                    }

                    boolean a = Boolean.parseBoolean(s1);
                    boolean b = Boolean.parseBoolean(s2);
                    boolean hasil = false;

                    switch (op) {
                        case "AND": hasil = a && b; break;
                        case "OR": hasil = a || b; break;
                        case "NOR": hasil = !(a || b); break;
                        case "XOR": hasil = a ^ b; break;
                        case "NOT": hasil = !a; break;
                    }

                    textHasil.setText(String.valueOf(hasil));
                }
            }
        });
    
```

Output Program:

Operator Logika

Nilai A

true

Nilai B

false

Operator AND ▼

Kalkulasi

Hasil false

Operator Logika

Nilai A

true

Nilai B

false

Operator OR ▼

Kalkulasi

Hasil true

The screenshot shows a Java Swing application window titled "Operator Logika". It has three text input fields: "Nilai A" containing "true", "Nilai B" containing "false", and "Hasil" containing "false". Below these is a dropdown menu labeled "Operator" with "NOT" selected. To the right of the dropdown is a button labeled "Kalkulasi".

Pseudocode:

START

Read s1 = trim(lowercase(textField1))

Read s2 = trim(lowercase(textField2))

op = comboBox.getSelectedItem

IF op == "NOT" THEN

 IF s1 not in {"true","false"} THEN

 showError("Input harus true atau false")

 STOP

END IF

ELSE

 IF s1 not in {"true","false"} OR s2 not in {"true","false"} THEN

 showError("Input 1/2 harus true atau false")

STOP

END IF

END IF

a = parseBoolean(s1)

b = parseBoolean(s2)

SWITCH op

CASE "AND": result = a && b

CASE "OR": result = a || b

CASE "NOR": result = !(a || b)

CASE "XOR": result = a ^ b

CASE "NOT": result = !a

END SWITCH

textResult.setText(stringify(result))

END

Flowchart:

