# **FORMAL LETTER or EMAIL**

Formal letters may be written to an individual or to an organisation. The purpose may be, for example:

- to apply for part-time or vacation work (application letter)
- to apply for study or scholarship opportunity (application letter)
- to complain about something (complaint letter)
- · to make suggestions about something
- to request information (enquiry letter)

# How do you write formal letters or emails?

### **Structure**

### 1. Greeting

- a) If you know the name of the person you are writing to: Dear Mr Simpson / Dear Ms Simpson
- **b)** If you do not know the name of the person you are writing to:
  - Dear Sir (if you know you are writing to a man)
  - Dear Madam (if you know you are writing to a woman)
  - Dear Sir or Madam / Dear Sir/Madam (if you do not know the sex of the person you are writing to)

# 2. Body

### 2.1. Opening

The first paragraph states the reason(s) for writing and, if needed, what you are responding to (an advert, a prospectus...). In addition, an opening paragraph is needed to make reference to previous correspondence.

# 2.1.1. Paragraph 1: say why you are writing

- I am interested in applying for the job...
- I am writing with reference to your advertisement for...
- I am writing in response to your advertisement...
- I would like to apply for one of the scholarships / the degree I saw advertised in your prospectus.

### 2.2. Main content

Give the details about why you are writing. Organise all the essential information in a clear and logical way. Use linking structures to make your letter flow.

# 2.2.1. Paragraph 2: introduce yourself and describe relevant skills/experience (age, where you live, education-training and/or work experience relevant to the job, languages...)

- I speak English fluently.
- I have been studying English for / since...
- I have some / a lot of experience...

# 2.2.2. Paragraph 3: say why you would be good at the job and why you want it

- I believe I would be good at... / make a good... because I am...
- I think I would be suitable / be a good choice (to be a / an...) because...
- ...would provide me with valuable experience.

## 3. Closing

The end of your letter is as important as the beginning. You usually state what you would like the addressee to do, make a reference to a future event, offer to help...

- I look forward to hearing from you soon / I look forward to receiving your reply
- I look forward to receiving a full refund (in a complaint letter)
- I would like to know what you are going to do about this situation (in a complaint letter)
- I would like to thank you in advance for this information (in a enquiry letter -requesting information)
- If you require/Should you need further information, please do not hesitate to contact me/feel free to contact me.

### 4. Closing and final salutation

- Finish your letter with an appropriate comment. Don't just stop abruptly. Depending
  on how you started your letter (See "[1]Greeting" above), you will end your letter
  with:
  - a) Yours sincerely,
  - b) Yours faithfully,
- Sign your name on another new line.