

### 26TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION

LCT: Learning and Collaboration Technologies | Interactive Learning Ecosystems - I

## Anticipating Tutoring Demands Based on Students' Difficulties in Online Learning

Authors





Alex Sandro Gomes (UFPE, Brazil)



iago Thompsen Primo (UFPel, Brazil)



**Leandro** Marques Queiros (UFPE, Brazil)



Fernando Moreira (UPT, Portugal)









### Index

#### Introduction

- Student engagement difficulties
- Artificial Intelligence in Education

#### Related works

- Intelligent Tutoring Systems (ITS)
- Natural Language Processing (NLP)

#### Method

- Study context
- Data collection and analysis
- Definition of the NLP model

#### Results

- "Active search" by students
- Classification of difficulties

#### Final considerations

### Introduction

#### **Student Engagement Challenges**

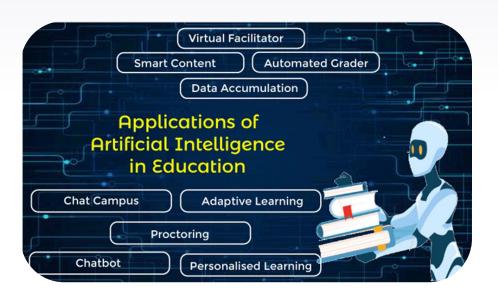
- Various difficulties affect student engagement in online learning.
- Importance of early identification to better direct tutoring activities.

#### **Role of Human Tutors**

- Establish contact to understand student difficulties.
- Absence of instructors and feeling of loneliness impact students.
- The challenge for human tutors to direct their tutoring efforts, especially in educational contexts with many students.

### Al in Education

More than 2 decades of Artificial Intelligence in Education (AIEd)



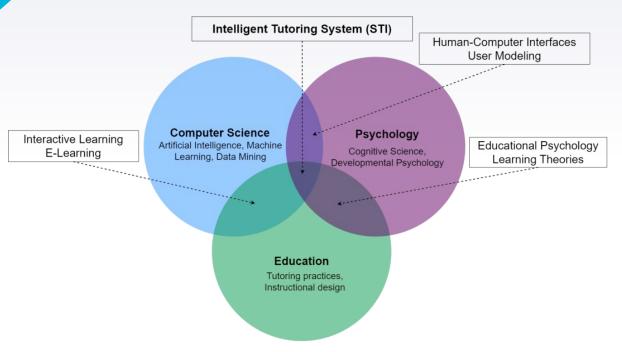
#### **Need for Individualized Attention**

- Approaches needed for efficient and broad handling of student demands.
- Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques in Al for Education (AIEd).

### **Research Question**

How can student difficulties in online learning, mediated by Educational Social Networks (ESN), be supervised and classified?

### **Related works**



### NLP and Intelligent Tutoring Systems (ITS)

- NLP used to classify reported student difficulties.
- ITS features assist tutors in managing student engagement data.

#### **Challenges and Necessities:**

- NLP deciphers textual information, highlighting student difficulties.
- Need for approaches supporting human tutoring.
- Social dimension of learning difficulties revealed through interaction and communication.

### Method

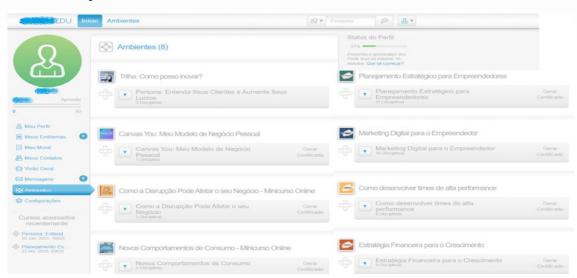
#### **Objectives of the study**

- To help human tutors identify student difficulties to provide personalized and relevant tutoring.
- Assist in the learning process and individual monitoring of students.

### Study context

#### Online Learning | E-learning (Recife, Pernambuco, Brazil)

- 8 courses for micro and small businesses
- 25 tutors, and more than 4 thousand students
- Study duration: 6 months



Educational Social Networks (ESN)





#### Characteristics of AVA and Social Network

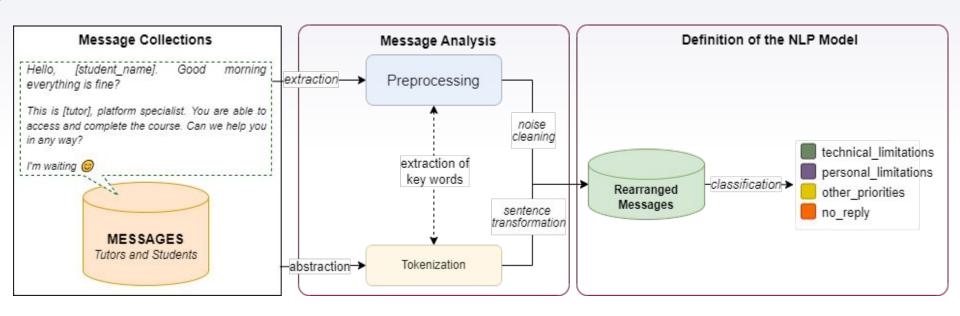
- Manage users
- Profiles, posts
- Communication
- EngagementCollaboration



#### Tools

- Connect people
- Establish interaction
- Chat, messages
- Video conferences
- Share posts
- Community (Openredu)

### Data collection and analysis



Flowchart of data collection, analysis, and model definition for the analysis of tutoring messages and classification based on different types of difficulties.

### Definition of the NLP model

#### **NLP Approaches Considered**

CNN, RNN, MLP

#### **Experimental Model**

- Keras Sequential: Word sequences for classification
- Parameter Variations Tested:
  - Embedding Sizes: [64, 128, 256]
  - o LSTM Units: [64, 128, 256]
  - Dropout Rates: [0.2, 0.3, 0.4]
  - Optimizers: ['adam', 'rmsprop', 'sgd']

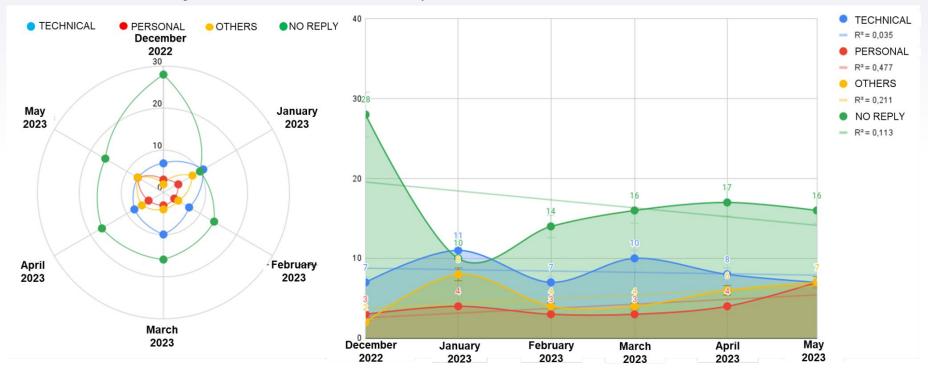
#### **Final Model Configuration**

- Dense Layer: 3 neurons with sigmoid activation (technical, personal, others)
- Training/Evaluation:
  - Data Split: 80% training, 20% testing
  - Best Parameters: Based on highest accuracy during iterations

#### The main results involved:

- Development of the NLP Component.
- Supervise and classify student difficulties in ESN environments.
- Collects the trained model's ability to identify "personal", "technical" and "other" difficulties.

"Active search" by students: "technical", "personal", and "others"

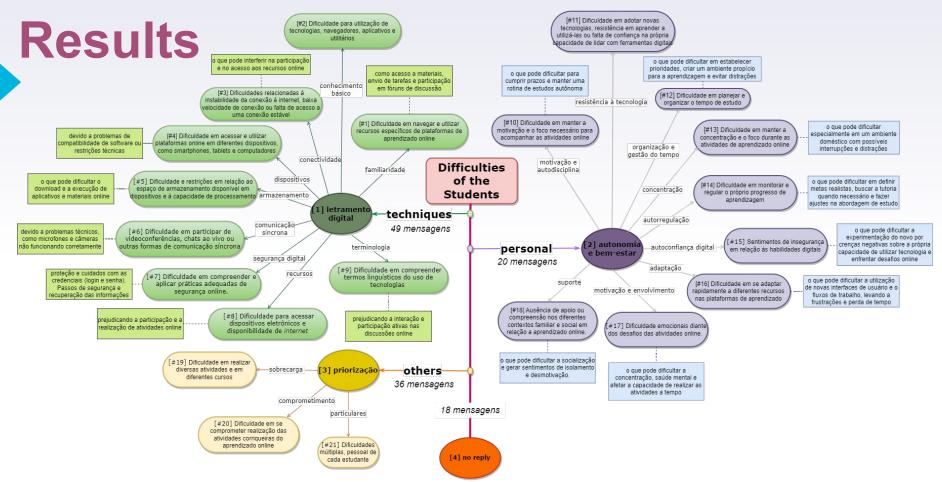


Frequencies by types of difficulties classified over the course of the six-month monitoring period of human tutor activities.

"Active search" by students: "technical", "personal", and "others"



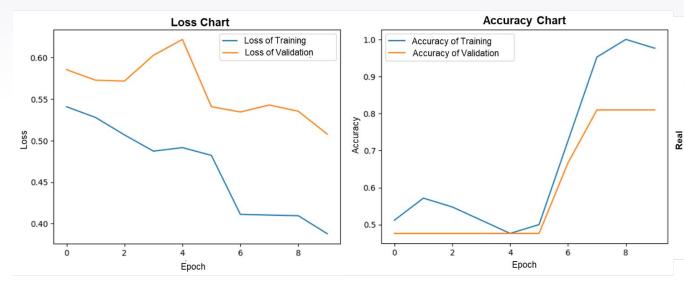
Most frequent words in each type of difficulty.



Conceptualization of the types of student difficulties identified from interactions with human tutors in online learning.

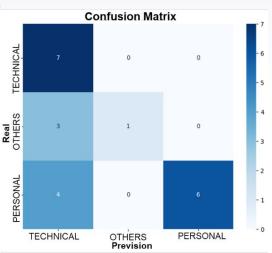
#### **Classification of difficulties**

Model Performance and Classification Challenges



#### **Accuracy Levels:**

Testing phase:  $Acc \approx 0.97$ Validation phase:  $Acc \approx 0.81$ 



Loss, accuracy, and confusion matrix of the model.

### Considerations

The approach was able to classify students' difficulties: "technical", "personal", "other", enhances opportunities for: digital literacy, student satisfaction, and engagement.

NLP approach collaborates with human tutors for identifies and classifies difficulties from: help requests, comments, discussions

For direct students to specialized tutors, recommend specific materials, and suggest peer collaboration

#### **Future Work:**

- Expand dataset for training/testing
- Incorporate data from various online learning contexts



# Thank you For attention

@aluisioprr [ajp3@cin.ufpe.br]

https://linktr.ee/aluisiopereira



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