## Ejercicios de la regla de L'Hôpital

$$\lim_{\mathbf{1} \to \mathbf{0}} \frac{e^{x} - e^{-x}}{\operatorname{sen} x}$$

$$\lim_{x\to\infty^{+}}\frac{x}{\left(\ln x\right)^{3}+2x}$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{3}} \lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\text{sen } x} \right)$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{4} \to \frac{\pi}{4}} (tg \times -1) \sec 2x$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{5}} \mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{tg} \mathbf{x}}$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{6} \to 0} (\cot \mathbf{g} \mathbf{x})^{\operatorname{sen} \mathbf{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 2} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}}$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{x} \to 1} \frac{\ln x}{x-1}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x - \frac{3}{2} \sin 2x}$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{10}} (\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{sen} \times \operatorname{cot} g \times)$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin x}{\tan x} \left( 1 + \tan 2x \right)^{\frac{4}{x}} \right]$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{12}} \frac{\ln(1+x) - senx}{x senx}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 + \operatorname{sen} x - e^{x}}{\left(\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x\right)^{2}}$$

$$\lim_{X\to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \frac{1+tgx}{1+senx} \right)^{\frac{1}{senx}}$$

$$\lim_{\mathbf{16}} x^{\mathrm{sen}x}$$

## Solución ejercicios de la regla de L'Hôpital

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{\mathrm{e}^x-\mathrm{e}^{-x}}{\mathrm{sen}\,x}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{\operatorname{sen} x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{x} - e^{-x}}{\text{sen } x} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{x} + e^{-x}}{\text{cos } x} = 2$$

$$\lim_{X \to \infty^+} \frac{x}{\left(\ln x\right)^3 + 2x}$$

$$\lim_{X \to \infty^{+}} \frac{x}{\left(\ln x\right)^{3} + 2x} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty^{+}} \frac{x}{\left(\ln x\right)^{3} + 2x} = \lim_{x \to \infty^{+}} \frac{1}{3\left(\ln x\right)^{2} \frac{1}{x} + 2}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\text{sen}\,x} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\text{sen } x} \right) = \infty - \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\operatorname{sen} x} \right) = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\operatorname{sen} x - x}{x \operatorname{sen} x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{senx - x}{x \, senx} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{cos \, x - 1}{senx + x \, cos \, x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{\operatorname{senx} + x \cos x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\operatorname{senx}}{\cos x + \cos x - x \operatorname{senx}} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} (tg x - 1) sec 2x$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} (tg x - 1) sec 2x = 0 \cdot \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{tg \ x - 1}{\cos 2x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{tg \times -1}{\cos 2x} = \frac{1 + tg^2 x}{-2 \sin 2x} = -1$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} x^{\operatorname{tg} x}$$

$$A = x^{\mathsf{tg} \times}$$

$$ln A = tg \times ln \times A = e^{tg \times ln \times}$$

$$\Delta = e^{\operatorname{tg} \times \ln x}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} x^{\mathsf{tg}\times} = \lim_{x\to 0} e^{\mathsf{tg}\times\mathsf{ln}\times} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \left(e^{\mathsf{tg}x\mathsf{ln}x}\right)} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \left(-\frac{\mathsf{ln}x}{\mathsf{ln}x}\right)} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \left(-\frac{\mathsf{l$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \to 0} (-2 \sin x \cos x)} = e^0 = 1$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} (\cot g x)^{\operatorname{sen} x}$$

$$A = (\cot x)^{\operatorname{sen} x}$$
  $\ln A = \operatorname{sen} x \ln(\cot x)$ 

$$A = e^{\operatorname{sen} \times \ln(\operatorname{cotg} \times)}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} (\cot g x)^{\operatorname{sen} x} = \lim_{x\to 0} \mathrm{e}^{\operatorname{sen} x \ln(\cot g x)} = \mathrm{e}^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(\cot g x)}{\cot g \cos x}} =$$

$$e^{\frac{\lim\limits_{x\to 0}\frac{-\cos e^2x}{\cot gx}}{\frac{-\cos x}{\sin^2x}}}=e^{\lim\limits_{x\to 0}\frac{\cos e^2x \sin^2x}{\cos x \cot gx}}=e^{\lim\limits_{x\to 0}\frac{1}{\cos x \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}}=e^{\lim\limits_{x\to 0}\frac{\sin x}{\cos x \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}}=e^{0}=1$$

$$\lim_{x\to 2} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 2} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}} = 1^{\infty} \qquad A = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}}$$

$$\ln A = \frac{1}{x-2} \ln \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \qquad A = e^{\frac{1}{x-2} \ln \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 2} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 2} \left[\frac{1}{x-2}\ln\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right]} = e^{\lim_{x\to 2} \left[\frac{\ln\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x-2}\right]} =$$

$$e^{\lim_{x\to z}\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{x}} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{e}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{\ln x}{x-1}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{\ln x}{x-1} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{\ln x}{x-1} = \lim_{x\to 1} \frac{1}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\text{sen}3x}{x - \frac{3}{2}\text{sen}2x}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x - \frac{3}{2} \sin 2x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x - \frac{3}{2} \sin 2x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{3\cos 3x}{1 - 3\cos 2x} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} (\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{sen} x \operatorname{cot} g x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} (arc \ sen x \ cot g \ x) = 0 \cdot \infty$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} (arc \ sen \ x \ cot \ g \ x) = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{cos \ x \ arc \ sen \ x}{sen \ x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-sen x arc sen x + \frac{cos x}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}}{cos x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \frac{\operatorname{sen} x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \left( 1 + \operatorname{tg} 2x \right)^{\frac{4}{x}} \right]$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \frac{\operatorname{sen} x}{\frac{\operatorname{sen} x}{\cos x}} (1 + \operatorname{tg} 2x)^{\frac{4}{x}} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \to 0} (\cos x) \lim_{x \to 0} (1 + \operatorname{tg} 2x)^{\frac{4}{x}} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \to 0} (1 + \lg 2x)^{\frac{4}{x}} = 1^{\infty}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \left(1 + tg \, 2x\right)^{\frac{4}{x}} \qquad \qquad \ln \mathbf{A} = \frac{4}{x} \ln \left(1 + tg \, 2x\right) \qquad \mathbf{A} = e^{\frac{4}{x} \ln \left(1 + tg \, 2x\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \to 0} \left( 1 + tg2x \right)^{\frac{4}{x}} = \frac{1}{2} e^{\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{4 \ln(1 + tg2x)}{x}} = \frac{1}{2} e^{\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{4 \cdot 2\left(1 + tg^22x\right)}{\ln(1 + tg2x)}} = \frac{1}{2} e^8$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x) - senx}{x senx}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x) - senx}{x senx} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x) - senx}{x \, senx} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{1+x} - \cos x}{senx + x \cos x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{-\frac{1}{(1+x)^2} + senx}{\cos x + \cos x - xsenx} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1+\operatorname{sen} x - e^x}{\left(\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x\right)^2}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1 + \operatorname{sen} x - e^x}{\left(\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x\right)^2} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 + \operatorname{sen} x - e^{x}}{\left(\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x\right)^{2}} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos x - e^{x}}{\frac{2\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x}{1 + x^{2}}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\operatorname{sen} x - e^{x}}{\frac{2 - 4x \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x}{1 + x^{2}}} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right] = \infty - \infty$$

 $(1 + x^2)^2$ 

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{\ln\left(1+x\right)} - \frac{1}{x} \right] = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x - \ln\left(1+x\right)}{x \ln\left(1+x\right)} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x - \ln(1+x)}{x \ln(1+x)} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1 - \frac{1}{1+x}}{\ln(1+x) + \frac{x}{1+x}} =$$

$$\lim_{X \to 0} \frac{\frac{1+x-1}{1+x}}{\frac{(1+x)\ln(1+x)+x}{1+x}} = \lim_{X \to 0} \frac{x}{\ln(1+x)+x\ln(1+x)+x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{1+x} + \ln(1+x) + \frac{x}{1+x} + 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{1 + tgx}{1 + senx} \right)^{\frac{1}{\text{sen}x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{1 + tgx}{1 + senx} \right)^{\frac{1}{senx}} = 1^{\infty}$$

$$A = \left(\frac{1 + tgx}{1 + senx}\right)^{\frac{1}{senx}} \qquad \ln A = \frac{1}{senx} \ln \left(\frac{1 + tgx}{1 + senx}\right)$$

Aplicando las **propiedades de los logaritmos** en el segundo miembro tenemos:

$$\ln A = \frac{1}{senx} \left[ \ln \left( 1 + tgx \right) - \ln \left( 1 + senx \right) \right]$$

$$\ln A = \frac{\ln (1 + tgx) - \ln (1 + senx)}{senx}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = e^{\frac{\ln(1+tgx) - \ln(1+senx)}{senx}}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1+tgx}{1+senx}\right)^{\frac{1}{senx}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(1+tgx)-\ln(1+senx)}{senx}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(1+tgx)-\ln(1+tgx)}{senx}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(1+tgx)-\ln(1+tgx)}{senx}}$$

$$= e^{\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\frac{1+tg^2x}{1+tgx} - \frac{\cos x}{1+senx}}{\cos x}} = e^0 = 1$$

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$$\lim_{x\to 0} x^{\text{sen}x} = 0^0$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{x}^{\text{senx}}$$

 $A = x^{\text{sen}x}$   $\ln A = \text{sen}x \ln x$   $A = e^{\text{sen}x \ln x}$ 

$$A = e^{\operatorname{sen} x \ln x}$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \mathbf{x}^{\text{sen}x} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \text{sen}x \ln x \right)} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln x}{1}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\text{sen}^2 x}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \text{sen}^2 x \ln x \right)} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln x}{1}} = e^{\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{e^{x\to 0}} \frac{\lim_{x\to \infty} \frac{-2\operatorname{sen}x \cos x}{\cos x - x \operatorname{sen}x}}{e^{x\to \infty} = e^{0} = 1}$$