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Scalacheck is a library for property based testing. Property based testing libraries are very useful to detect corner cases in our domain logic.

we use it with the import:

import org.scalacheck._

Properties

Properties are the name we give to assertions in this kind of testing. The difference with assertions is that instead of testing them with just one value, we will pass a bunch of randomly generated values.

In order to generate values for a type, we need a generator (called Gen in Scalacheck).

Basic generators (see the following in the console):

- ▶ Gen.alphaUpperStr
- ► Gen.posNum[Int]
- ► Gen.posNum[Double]
- ► Gen.negNum[Int]
- ▶ Gen.oneOf
- ▶ Gen.listOf
- Gen.const

We can construct more interesting generators using Gen's functional combinators.

We will create a generator for the following datatype:

case class Car(age: Int, model: String, brand: String)

val carGenUsingFlatmap: Gen[Car] =

```
Gen.posNum[Int].flatMap { age =>
   Gen.alphaLowerStr.flatMap { model =>
   Gen.alphaLowerStr.map { brand =>
        Car(age, model, brand)
    }
   }
}
// carGenUsingFlatmap: Gen[Car] = org.scalacheck.Gen$$anons
```

Something neat we can do is refactor this example and use a for comprehension instead.

```
val carGen: Gen[Car] = for {
  age <- Gen.posNum[Int]
 model <- Gen.alphaLowerStr
  brand <- Gen.alphaLowerStr
} yield Car(age, model, brand)
// carGen: Gen[Car] = org.scalacheck.Gen$$anon$3@76ce35ba
carGen.sample
// res0: Option[Car] = Some(
// Car(
// 47,
// "ymknqdvyvqfsztjmognnrthwvnxyxhqodlqenhreerelxwmeep
// "wpbocrympxnfdurjqpqnebikzbygwvhi"
```

Properties

Imagine that we want to ensure a simple thing about our model, we don't want to generate instances of Car with age < 0, and with brand or model == "".

```
import org.scalacheck.Prop.forAll
val prop = forAll(carGen) { car =>
  car.age > 0 && car.model != "" && car.brand != ""
// prop: Prop = Prop
prop.check()
// ! Falsified after 0 passed tests.
// > ARG \ O: \ Car(1,,)
```