

FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User's Manual

FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Version: B Status: Draft 2015-12-01



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 2 of 19

ichcy Calculator	Page:	2 of 1

Prepared By:	Organization	Date			
Josh Crabtree	NRAO	2010-02-17			
Morgan McLeod	NRAO	2015-12-01			
IPT Leader Approvals:	Organization	Date			
	-				
System Engineering Approvals:	Organization	Date			
Configuration Control Board Approval:	Organization	Date			
JAO Director Release Authorization:	Organization	Date			
JAO DI CCUI REICASC AUTHOLIZATION:	Organization	Date			



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 3 of 19

Change Record

Version	Date	Affected Section(s)	Change Request #	Reason/Initiation/Remarks
A	2010-01-12	All	N/A	Initial
A	2010-02-12	2.1, 7.1, Appendix A	N/A	Added reference documents. Updated output file format description. Added software version history table.
A	2010-02-17	6.2, 8.6, Appendix A	N/A	Added information about handling two z distance scans.
B01	2015-12-15	All. Renamed to 'FEND-40.09.00.00 -014-B-MAN'	N/A	MMcLeod: updated for Beameff version 1.3.5 including new options for ACA 7 meter optics and band 1 test dewar.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 4 of 19

Table of Contents

1	PU	JRPOSE		6
2	RE	ELATED DOCU	MENTS AND EXPLANATORY INFORMATION	6
	2.1	References		6
	2.2	Abbreviations	and Acronyms	6
3	O	VERVIEW OF T	HE SOFTWARE	7
4				
5	CA	ALLING THE PR	COGRAM	7
6	IN	PUT FILE		7
	6.1	"Settings" sect	ion	8
	6.2	Scan sections		8
7	JO	JTPUT FILE		10
	7.1	Copol Scans		11
	7.2	Cross Pol Scar	ıs	12
8	PL	OTTING		13
	8.1	Nearfield amp	litude	13
	8.2	Nearfield phas	e	13
	8.3	Farfield ampli	tude	14
	8.4			
	8.5		es	
	8.6		2 listings	
	8.7		ng and Advice	
		* *	Efficiency Calculations Memo from R. Hills	17
		Appendix B	Comparing results of automated vs. manual (Spreadsheet)	
		methods	18	



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 5 of 19

List of Figures

FIGURE 1 - SETTINGS SECTION OF AN INPUT FILE	8
FIGURE 2 - SCAN SECTIONS OF AN INPUT FILE	10
FIGURE 3- NEARFIELD AMPLITUDE PLOTS FOR A COPOL/CF	ROSSPOL
PAIR	13
FIGURE 4- NEARFIELD PHASE PLOT	14
FIGURE 5- FARFIELD AMPLITUDE PLOTS FOR A COPOL/CRO	OSSPOL PAIR
	14
FIGURE 6- FARFIELD PHASE PLOT	
FIGURE 7- PLOT OF POINTING ANGLES FOR A SPECIFIC BAN	ND 15
FIGURE 8- COMPARISON OF RESULTS FOR MANUAL (SPREA	DSHEET) VS.
AUTOMATED (BEAM EFFICIENCY CALCULATOR PROGR	RAM)19



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 6 of 19

1 Purpose

This document provides a basic user manual for the Beam Efficiency Calculator application. Topics discussed include format of input and output files, and plots generated by the program.

2 Related Documents and Explanatory Information

2.1 References

The following documents contain additional information and may be referenced in this document.

Reference	Document Title	ALMA Doc. Number
[RD1]	ALMA Front End Optics Design Report	FEND-40.02.00.00-035-B-
	Appendix 12 Design Changes since CDR	REP
[RD2]	ALMA MEMO #456- Characteristics of a	N/A
	Reflector Antenna:	
	Parameters, graphs and formulae for	
	Cassegrain systems with Mathematica	
	expressions for numerical computation	
[RD3]	Calculation of Efficiencies, etc, from Beam-	N/A
	Scanning Data	
	Richard Hills 16th June 2008 revised 22nd	
	June	

2.2 Abbreviations and Acronyms

ALMA Atacama Large Millimeter Array

CSV Comma Separated Values NSI Nearfield Systems, Inc.

FETMS Front End Test and Measurement System



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 7 of 19

3 Overview of the software

This is a program written in the C language, which analyzes a series of beam scans and produces efficiency data and plots (via gnuplot) for the scans. The purpose is to reduce the amount of time it takes to get efficiency data and allow for automation of the processing of large numbers of beam scans. The only argument it requires is the file path of an input text file. The input file contains information about the scans to be analyzed, grouped into "scansets". Each scanset consists of four scans (copol and crosspol for pol 0 and pol 1) for a specific frequency, band number and tilt elevation angle. For each scan, a nearfield and farfield listing must be included. These files may be NSI formatted text files, comma, or tab delimited text files.

Efficiency data is calculated and plot images are created for each scan. The algorithms used to obtain efficiency values are discussed in [RD3]. While running, the console window will display progress messages. An output text file is created containing efficiency numbers and file paths for each plot image. This output file can then be used for automated report generation.

4 Requirements

To use this program, the following are required:

- Gnuplot (version 4.2.6 or higher in the 4.x series. Untested with 5.x.)
- Windows machine or Linux machine.
- Source code or executable copy of the software. The software is open-source and is available at https://github.com/morganmcleod/ALMA-FETMS-beameff

5 Calling the Program

The program may be called via command line. The only argument taken by the program is the file path of the input text file. The format of the input file is described below.

6 Input File

The input file is structured as a configuration ini file with sections and keys.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 8 of 19

6.1 "Settings" section

This section must be called "[settings]". The keys are as follows:

- **gnuplot** This is the file path where the console mode gnuplot is located. The gnuplot executable is "pgnuplot.exe" on Windows. On Linux it is typically "/usr/bin/gnuplot" The file path must be enclosed in double quotes. Double backslashes must be used on Windows. On Linux, single forward slashes are sufficient.
- **outputdirectory** This is the location where all files created by the program will be stored. The file path must be enclosed in double quotes. Double slashes must be used on Windows. On Linux, single forward slashes are sufficient.
- **delimiter** If this key has a value of ",", then the delimiter is comma. Otherwise the delimiter is assumed to be tab (\tau). No other delimiters are supported.
- **centers** The following four choices are supported in version 1.3.5 of the software. In earlier versions, only "nominal" and "actual are supported:
 - actual If "actual" is specified, then the efficiency values will be calculated with respect to the calculated pointing angle (center of mass) of the beam.
 - o **nominal** If "nominal" is specified, then efficiencies will be calculated with respect to the nominal pointing angle, which is based on the band number of the scan.
 - o **aca7meter -** specifies that the nominal pointing angles and other constants for the ACA 7 meter antenna will be used.
 - o **band1test** specifies that the pointing angles for the band 1 test dewar shall be used. Only supported in version 1.3.5 or newer and only for band 1.

```
[settings]
gnuplot="C:\\beameff\\gnuplot_4_2_6\\bin\\pgnuplot.exe"
outputdirectory="C:\\beameff\\output\\"
delimiter=,
centers=nominal
```

Figure 1 - Settings section of an input file

6.2 Scan sections

A section must be included for each scan to be analyzed. There is no naming convention for these sections, the only requirement is that each section name be unique. The keys are as follows:

• **f** – Frequency (GHz)



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 9 of 19

- **band** Band number
- **tilt** Tilt angle of the cartridge/cryostat in degrees.
- **pol** Pol (may be 0 or 1)
- **sb** 1=USB, 2=LSB. This is required for properly flipping the phase (rotating) USB scans.
- **type** May be "copol" or "xpol"
- scanset A scanset consists of four scans at a specific band, frequency and tilt angle (copol pol 0, xpol pol 0, copol pol 1, xpol pol 1). Each scan in a scanset must have the same scanset number.
- **nf** File path of the nearfield listing of the scan. Must use double slashes and enclose in double quotes.
- **ff** File path of the farfield listing of the scan. Must use double slashes and enclose in double quotes.
- **nf2** (optional) File path of the Z2 nearfield listing of the scan. Must use double slashes and enclose in double quotes (see section 8.6 for more information regarding two z distance scans).
- **ff2** (optional) File path of the Z2 farfield listing of the scan. Must use double slashes and enclose in double quotes (see section 8.6 for more information regarding two z distance scans).
- **datetime** Timestamp for the scan. The suggested format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS:ssss". If NSI format text files are used, this value will be automatically extracted from the files.
- **notes** Any notes for the scan. This key is optional.
- **nf_startrow** This number represents the first row of data in the nearfield listing file. If the file being read is an NSI formatted nearfield listing, then the program will automatically determine the start row.
- **ff_startrow** This number represents the first row of data in the farfield listing file. If the file being read is an NSI formatted farfield listing, then the program will automatically determine the start row.
- **nf2_startrow** (optional) First row of data for a Z2 nearfield listing (see section 8.6 for more information regarding two z distance scans).
- **ff2_startrow** (optional) First row of data for a Z2 farfield listing (see section 8.6 for more information regarding two z distance scans).
- **ifatten** Amount of attenuation (dB). If there is no attenuation difference between a copol and xpol pair, then this value is not required. This number is a positive value.
- **zdistance** The nominal probe distance in mm from the feed center at the time the scan was captured. This is used to initialize the phase fit search. If this value is not provided or if it is exactly zero then the previous default value of 260 will be assumed.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 10 of 19

```
[scan_1]
scanset=1
f=100
po1=0
type=copol
ifatten=50
nf_startrow=0
ff_startrow=0
band=3
tilt=0
nf="C:\\beameff\\listings\\band3_scan1__NF.txt"
ff="C:\\beameff\\listings\\band3_scan1__FF.txt"
notes="notes for scan 1"
datetime="01-01-2009"
[scan_2]
scanset=1
f=100
0=fog
type=xpol
ifatten=30
nf_startrow=0
ff_startrow=0
band=3
tilt=0
nf="C:\\beameff\\listings\\band3_scan2__NF.txt"
ff="C:\\beameff\\listings\\band3_scan2__FF.txt"
notes="notes" for scan 2"
datetime="01-01-2009"
[scan_3]
scanset=1
ifatten=50
f=100
pol=1
type=copol
nf_startrow=0
ff_startrow=0
band=3
tilt=0
nf="C:\\beameff\\listings\\band3_scan3__NF.txt"
ff="C:\\beameff\\listings\\band3_scan3__FF.txt"
notes="notes scan 3"
datetime="01-01-2009"
```

Figure 2 - Scan sections of an input file

7 Output File

The main output from the program is a text file ("output.txt") stored in the output directory specified in the input file. The format is essentially a copy of the input file, with additional keys added to each section to represent efficiency values and image file locations. The names of the scan sections are the same as in the input file.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 11 of 19

7.1 Copol Scans

A section for a copol scan contains all keys and values from the corresponding section of the input file, along with the following additional keys:

- **eta_spillover** Spillover efficiency using the "alternative" definition from R. Hills paper, given in [RD3], that is the ratio of the co-polar power on the subreflector to the total copular power.
- **eta_taper** Amplitude Taper Efficiency
- **eta_illumination** Illumination Efficiency (=eta_spillover x eta_taper)
- **ff_xcenter** Calculated horizontal pointing angle of the farfield beam (center of mass).
- **ff_ycenter** Calculated vertical pointing angle of the farfield beam (center of mass).
- **nf_xcenter** Calculated horizontal center of mass for the nearfield beam.
- **nf_ycenter** Calculated vertical center of mass for the nearfield beam.
- **az_nominal** Nominal horizontal pointing angle for the farfield beam. This value is based on the band number of the scan and the **centers** option described in section 6.1.
- **el_nominal** Nominal vertical pointing angle for the farfield beam. This value is based on the band number of the scan and the **centers** option described in section 6.1.
- max nf amp db Maximum amplitude (dB) or nearfield listing.
- max_ff_amp_db Maximum amplitude (dB) or farfield listing.
- **delta_x** Phase center offset value (mm) in the X direction.
- **delta v** Phase center offset value (mm) in the Y direction.
- **delta_z** Phase center offset value (mm) in the Z direction.
- **eta_phase** Phase efficiency value found using a minimization routine to find delta_x, delta_y and delta_z, starting with the delta_z initialized to **zdistance** described above in section 6.2
- **ampfit_width_deg** Width (degrees) of the Farfield beam at the -3 dB level.
- **ampfit_u_off_deg** Amplitude offset (deg) in the horizontal direction.
- **ampfit_v_off_deg** Amplitude offset (deg) in the vertical direction.
- ampfit_d_0_90- Ratio of beam diameters at 0 degrees and 90 degrees.
- **ampfit d 45 135** Ratio of beam diameters at 45 degrees and 135 degrees.
- **plot_copol_nfamp** File path of nearfield amplitude plot image.
- **plot copol nfphase** File path of nearfield phase plot image.
- **plot_copol_ffamp** File path of farfield amplitude plot image.
- plot copol ffphase—File path of farfield phase plot image.
- **nominal_z_offset** Average delta_z value (mm) for the pol 0 and pol 1 scans in the scanset.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 12 of 19

- **eta_tot_np** Aperture efficiency if not accounting for effect of cross pol scan.
- **eta_pol** Polarization efficiency using the "alternative" definition from R. Hills paper, given in [RD3], that is the ratio of total copol power to total copol+xpol power, NOT masked for the secondary.
- eta_tot_nd- Aperture efficiency if not accounting for defocus loss.
- **defocus_efficiency** Defocus efficiency.
- **total_aperture_eff** total aperture efficiency (=eta_phase x eta_spillover x eta_pol x eta_defocus)
- **shift_from_focus_mm** Shift from focus (mm).
- **subreflector shift mm** Subreflector shift(mm).
- **defocus_efficiency-** Defocus efficiency (%).
- **edge_db-** Edge taper (dB).
- **squint-** Beam squint (% FPBW). Note- this value is only included in the section if it is a pol1 scan, since it is computed using values from both the pol0 and pol1 scans in a scanset.
- **defocus_efficiency_due_to_moving_the_subreflector-** Defocus efficiency due to moving the subreflector to the best compromise position for pol 0 and pol 1.
- **squint_arcseconds-** Beam squint (arcseconds). Note- this value is only included in the section if it is a pol1 scan.

7.2 Cross Pol Scans

A section for a crosspol scan contains all keys and values from the corresponding section of the input file, along with the following additional keys:

- max ff amp db Maximum amplitude (dB) or farfield listing.
- **plot_xpol_nfamp** File path of nearfield amplitude plot image.
- **plot xpol nfphase** File path of nearfield phase plot image.
- **plot_xpol_ffamp** File path of farfield amplitude plot image.
- **plot xpol ffphase** File path of farfield phase plot image.
- max_dbdifference- Amplitude difference (dB) between the current crosspol scan and its corresponding copol scan.
- eta_spill_co_cross- Spillover efficiency of copol and crosspol scan (sum of copol and crosspol power on subreflector, divided by square sums of amplitude on subreflector). This is the TICRA formulation of eta_spillover, also described in [RD3]
- eta_pol_on_secondary- Polarization efficiency on secondary (Ratio of copol power on secondary, to copol and crosspol power on secondary). This is the TICRA formulation of eta_polarization, also described in [RD3]



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 13 of 19

and what should be compared to the ALMA polarization efficiency specification.

• **eta_pol_spill-** Product of eta_spill_co_cross and eta_pol_on_secondary.

8 Plotting

A set of plot images (png format) is created for each scan, and a plot of pointing angles is created for each band. The plots are described below.

8.1 Nearfield amplitude

Naming convention is **band*_pol*_*pol_*ghz_nfamp_tilt*_scanset_*.png**, where the asterisks represent band number, pol, type("co" or "x"-pol), frequency, tilt angle and scanset, respectively. For a crosspol scan, the plot is normalized with respect to the amplitude difference (dB) between the copol and crosspol scans.

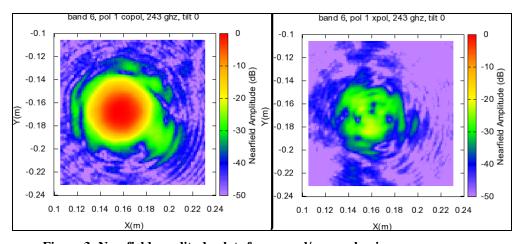
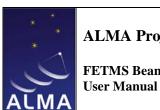


Figure 3- Nearfield amplitude plots for a copol/crosspol pair

8.2 Nearfield phase

Naming convention is **band*_pol*_*pol_*ghz_nfphase_tilt*_scanset_*.png**, where the asterisks represent band number, pol, type("co" or "x"-pol), frequency, tilt angle and scanset, respectively.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

2010-12-01 Date: Status: Draft Page: 14 of 19

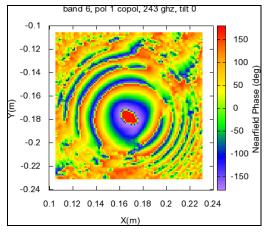


Figure 4- Nearfield phase plot

Farfield amplitude

Naming convention is **band*_pol*_*pol_*ghz_ffamp_tilt*_scanset_*.png**, where the asterisks represent band number, pol, type("co" or "x"-pol), frequency, tilt angle and scanset, respectively. For a crosspol scan, the plot is normalized with respect to the amplitude difference (dB) between the copol and crosspol scans. A circle representing the subreflector is overlaid on the plot.

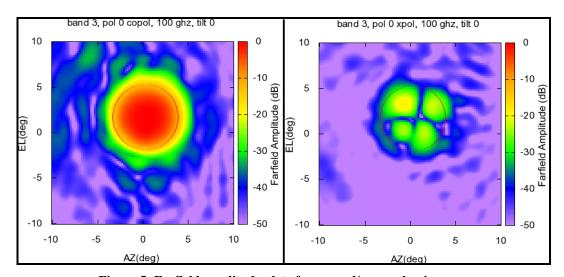


Figure 5- Farfield amplitude plots for a copol/crosspol pair



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 15 of 19

8.4 Farfield phase

Naming convention is **band*_pol*_*pol_*ghz_ffphase_tilt*_scanset_*.png**, where the asterisks represent band number, pol, type("co" or "x"-pol), frequency, tilt angle and scanset, respectively. A circle representing the subreflector is overlaid on the plot.

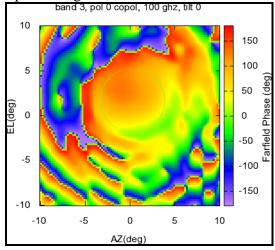


Figure 6- Farfield phase plot

8.5 Pointing Angles

Naming convention is **band*_pointingangles.png**, where the asterisk represents band number.

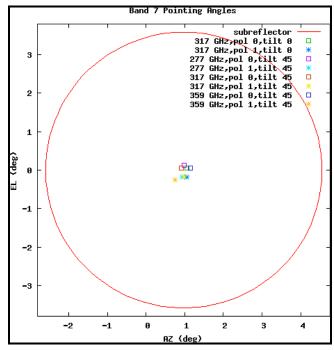


Figure 7- Plot of pointing angles for a specific band



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 16 of 19

8.6 Notes about Z2 listings

In some cases two scans will be performed which are identical, except that one of the scans is ¼ wavelength closer to the receiver than the other scan. The program will combine the two listings such that standing wave reflections are removed, using either z1+iz2 or z1-iz2 combination. The program will determine which combination is appropriate. It doesn't matter whether the Z1 scan is ¼ wavelength closer to or farther away from the receiver than the Z2 scan. This feature is performed for each individual scan, so it is not necessary that all four scans in a scan set have two Z listings. All parameters other than Z distance must be identical for a Z1 scan and a corresponding Z2 scan.

8.7 Troubleshooting and Advice

- The software does not perform farfield transformations of nearfield listings. Therefore, the farfield listings must be created before using the program, and the user must determine FFT size, angular span and dimensions. Recommended values are FFT size 512, angular span of +/- 15 degrees, and dimension of at least 101x101 points.
- The nearfield and farfield listings must not be normalized.
- Make sure that the specified output directory exists. The program will crash otherwise (a future version of the software will create the directory if it doesn't exist).
- It might be helpful to allow full control permissions to all users in the directory where the program is stored, though this shouldn't be necessary.
- The nearfield and farfield listings may be in vertical or horizontal strips.
- A crosspol scan listing must contain the same number of data points as its corresponding copol listing. A future version of the software may not impose this requirement, if it is deemed necessary. What this means is that if a copol farfield listing contains 101x101 points, then its corresponding crosspol listing must also be 101x101 points.
- Any output to the console window will be simultaneously written to a text file called "stdoutput.txt" in the same directory location as the program itself. This may be useful if the program is being used by a third party graphical interface application.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 17 of 19

Appendix A Efficiency Calculations Memo from R. Hills

The memo referenced as [RD3] was distributed by Richard Hills on 2008-06-16 and revised on 2008-06-22. The algorithms were implemented in a spreadsheet (also created by R. Hills). The phase-fitting and amplitude-fitting algorithms implemented in the Beam Efficiency calculator are based on "Conjugate Gradient Methods in Multidimensions" described in the book "Numerical Recipes in C" (Press et al., 2007).

[Text of memo removed. Please see Calculation_of_Efficiencies.pdf for the details.]



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft Page: 18 of 19

Appendix B Comparing results of automated vs. manual (Spreadsheet) methods Below is a table showing a side by side comparison of efficiency data obtained via the program described in this document, vs. using the R. Hills spreadsheet. For bands 3, 6 and 9, sets of scans were analyzed first using the spreadsheet. The same scans were then analyzed using the Beam Efficiency Calculator program, and the data is compared in the table below.



FETMS Beam Efficiency Calculator User Manual

Doc #: FEND-40.09.00.00-014-B-MAN

Date: 2010-12-01 Status: Draft

Page: 19 of 19

Band 3		Pointin	g	Phase cer	nter off:	sets	Aperture	Taper	Spillover	eta Pol	Eta pol	shift from	defocus	Subrefl.	Beam	edge	Amp fit	parame	ters			
	100 GHz	AZ	EL	Δх	Δy	Δz	Eff	Eff	Eff	+ Spill	on sec.	focus (mm)	eff.	shift (mm)	squint	taper (dB)	amp	width	u_off	v_off	d0-90	d45-135
0	C program	0.413	1.689	-3.376	6.522	207.173	81.88	85.07	97.31	96.72	99.46	7.173	99.997	0.018		-13.312	0.995	2.465	0.119	-0.033	0.004	-0.008
Pol	Spreadsheet	0.413	1.689	-3.370	6.522	207.159	81.88	85.07	97.31	96.72	99.46	7.16	99.997	0.018		-13.312	0.993	2.471	0.102	-0.036	0.001	-0.003
	difference	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.000	0.014	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.014	0.000	0.000		0.000	0.002	0.006	0.017	0.003	0.003	0.005
₩	C program	0.474	1.838	-3.176	5.697	206.025	81.18	84.59	96.92	96.35	99.44	6.025	99.998	0.015	3.075	-13.489	0.977	2.45	0.178	0.123	-0.06	0.018
Po	Spreadsheet	0.474	1.838	-3.182	5.694	206.881	81.18	84.59	96.92	96.35	99.44	7.16	99.997	0.018	3.104	-13.489	0.976	2.461	0.160	0.107	-0.054	0.015
ш	difference	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.003	0.855	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.134	0.001	0.003	0.029	0.000	0.001	0.011	0.018	0.016	0.004	0.003
Г	Band 6	Pointin	g	Phase cer	nter off:	sets	Aperture	Taper	Spillover	eta Pol	Eta pol	shift from	defocus	Subrefl.	Beam	edge	Amp fit	parame	ters			
	243 GHz	AZ	EL	Δx	Δу	Δz	Eff	Eff	Eff	+ Spill	on sec.	focus (mm)	eff.	shift (mm)	squint	taper (dB)	amp	width	u_off	v_off	d0-90	d45-135
0	C program	1.880	-1.837	-10.508	0.513	289.498	82.47	94.65	88.23	87.48	99.23	89.498	97.664	0.224		-7.282	0.944	3.083	0.221	-0.182	0.022	0.046
Pol	Spreadsheet	1.880	-1.837	-10.509	0.510	289.437	82.47	94.65	88.23	87.48	99.23	89.44	97.667	0.224		-7.282	0.940	3.106	0.229	-0.184	0.007	0.034
	difference	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.003	0.061	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.061	0.003	0.000		0.000	0.004	0.023	0.008	0.002	0.015	0.012
1	C program	1.852	-1.883	-10.224	-0.049	289.562	82.49	93.54	89.17	88.59	99.45	89.562	97.661	0.224	5.546	-7.859	0.935	2.972	0.183	-0.200	-0.002	0.060
Pol	Spreadsheet	1.852	-1.883	-10.225	-0.053	289.236	82.49	93.54	89.17	88.59	99.45	89.24	97.677	0.223	5.482	-7.859	0.934	2.977	0.183	-0.191	-0.002	0.061
	difference	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.326	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.326	0.016	0.001	0.064	0.000	0.001	0.005	0.000	0.009	0.000	0.001
Г	Band 9	Pointin	g	Phase cer	nter off:	sets	Aperture	Taper	Spillover	eta Pol	Eta pol	shift from	defocus	Subrefl.	Beam	edge	Amp fit	parame	ters			
	676 GHz	AZ	EL	Δx	Δy	Δz	Eff	Eff	Eff	+ Spill	on sec.	focus (mm)	eff.	shift (mm)	squint	taper (dB)	amp	width	u_off	v_off	d0-90	d45-135
0	C program	-0.026	-1.450	-3.041	3.458	271.574	82.76	90.00	92.39	92.11	99.76	71.574	88.91	0.179		-9.535	0.959	2.783	-0.029	-0.473	0.061	-0.012
Pol	Spreadsheet	-0.026	-1.450	-3.043	3.464	273.070	82.80	90.00	92.39	92.11	99.76	73.07	88.467	0.183		-9.535	0.960	2.777	-0.030	-0.467	0.064	-0.012
	difference	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.006	1.496	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.496	0.443	0.004		0.000	0.001	0.006	0.001	0.006	0.003	0.000
₽	C program	0.268	-1.193	-4.423	4.860	266.258	79.84	88.31	94.00	90.93	97.09	66.258	90.425	0.166	48.21	-10.689	0.962	2.664	0.268	-0.235	-0.057	-0.008
Pol	Spreadsheet	0.268	-1.193	-4.432	4.852	267.380	79.87	88.31	94.00	90.93	97.09	67.38	90.113	0.168	48.087	-10.689	0.963	2.659	0.260	-0.223	-0.058	-0.006
	difference	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.008	1.122	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.122	0.312	0.002	0.122	0.000	0.001	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.001	0.002

Figure 8- Comparison of results for manual (spreadsheet) vs. automated (Beam Efficiency Calculator program)