

nasapower: A NASA POWER Global Meteorology, Surface Solar Energy and Climatology Data Client for R

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Summary and Statement of Need

nasapower is an R (R Core Team 2018) package providing functionality to interface with the NASA POWER API (Stackhouse et al. 2018) for reproducible data retrieval using R. Three functions, `get_power()`, `create_met()` and `create_icasa()` are provided. The `get_power()` function provides complete access to all functionality that the POWER API provides, which includes three user communities, AG (agrocimatology), SSE (Surface meteorology and Solar Energy) and SB (Sustainable Buildings); three temporal averages, Daily, Interannual and Climatology; three geographic options, single point, regional and global for the appropriate 141 parameters offered. *nasapower* uses *lubridate* (Grolemund and Wickham 2011) internally to format and parse dates which are passed along to the query constructed using *crul* (Chamberlain 2018) to interface with the POWER API. The query returns a json response, which is parsed by *jsonlite* (Ooms 2014) to obtain the url of the .csv file that has been requested. The .csv file is read directly into R using *readr* (Wickham, Hester, and Francois 2017). Data are returned in a tidy data frame (Wickham 2014) as a *tibble* (Müller and Wickham 2018). Two other functions provide functionality to generate weather input files for agricultural modelling. The `create_met()` function is essentially a wrapper for the `get_power()` function coupled with the `prepareMet()` and `writeMet()` functions from *APSIM* (Fainges 2017) to simplify the process of querying the data and creating .met files for use in Agricultural Production Systems sIMulator (APSIM) modelling work. While the `create_icasa()` function wraps `get_power()` in a function that generates and locally saves a text file in ICASA format for use in the DSSAT model (Jones et al. 2003; Hoogenboom et al. 2017). Extended documentation is provided with examples of converting it to spatial objects using *raster* (Hijmans 2017).

Integrating this data retrieval and formatting in R will streamline processes with models such as APSIM (Keating et al. 2003), DSSAT (Jones et al. 1998, 2003) and EPIRICE (Savary et al. 2012) that can be linked to or are implemented fully in the R programming language.

About POWER Data

NASA's POWER (Prediction Of Worldwide Energy Resource) data (Stackhouse et al. 2018) are freely available for download via a web interface at a grid resolution of one-half arc degree longitude by one-half arc degree latitude. Funded through the NASA Earth Science Directorate Applied Science Program, the data provide daily global coverage from 1983 until near present for all parameters except precipitation, which is provided for January 1997 to near present with a several month delay. The data are widely used in agricultural modelling for modelling crop yields (Bai et al. 2010; van Wart, Grassini, and Cassman 2013; van Wart et al. 2015), other crop simulation exercises (Ojeda et al. 2017), plant disease modelling (Savary et al. 2012).

While *nasapower* does not redistribute any of the NASA POWER data, users are encouraged to please refer to the acknowledgement guidelines available at, https://power.larc.nasa.gov/common/php/POWER_Acknowledgments.php and properly acknowledge the data as requested.

When POWER data products are used in a publication, we request the following acknowledgment be included: “*These data were obtained from the NASA Langley Research Center POWER Project funded through the NASA Earth Science Directorate Applied Science Program.*”

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