# Wonbeom Lee

**J** (+82) 02-880-1779 ♥ Seoul, South Korea ■ wonbeom@snu.ac.kr �� leewonbeom.github.io

# **RESEARCH INTERESTS**

Systems for AI, Computer Architecture, Hardware-Software Co-design

#### **EDUCATION**

#### M.S./Ph.D. in Electrical and Computer Engineering

03/2023-Present

Seoul National University

Computer Architecture and Systems Lab (SNU-CompArch)

#### B.S. in Electrical and Computer Engineering

03/2019-08/2022

Seoul National University

Early Graduation, GPA: 3.84/4.30, major GPA: 3.94/4.30

### **SELECTED PUBLICATIONS**

[OSDI '24] InfiniGen: Efficient Generative Inference of Large Language Models with Dynamic KV Cache Management

Wonbeom Lee\*, Jungi Lee\*, Junghwan Seo, Jaewoong Sim

*Acceptance Rate:*  $49/282 \approx 17\%$ 

[ISCA '24] Tender: Accelerating Large Language Models via Tensor Decomposition and Runtime Requantization

Jungi Lee\*, Wonbeom Lee\*, Jaewoong Sim

Acceptance Rate:  $83/423 \approx 19\%$ 

#### **PATENTS**

Accelerator and operating method using the same (1020240036408)

with Jaewoong Sim, Jungi Lee

## RESEARCH EXPERIENCES

Research Assistant 03/2023-Present

Seoul National University (Advisor: Prof. Jaewoong Sim)

- Tender: Accelerating Large Language Models via Tensor Decomposition and Runtime Requantization
  - Algorithm-hardware co-design solution that offers high performance and accuracy without the need of mixed-precision compute units or custom data types even for low-bit quantization.
  - Decomposed quantization technique in which the scale factors of the decomposed matrices have multiples of integer two relationships for implicit requantization with negligible rescaling overhead and minimal hardware extension.
  - Up to 2.63× speedup on average over other outlier-aware accelerators. Less than a 0.1 increase in perplexity for INT8 quantization and a lower perplexity than any other outlier-aware quantization techniques for INT4 quantization.
- InfiniGen: Efficient Generative Inference of Large Language Models with Dynamic KV Cache Management
  - Novel KV cache management framework tailored for long-text generation, which synergistically works with modern offloading-based inference systems.
  - Minimal rehearsal with the input of the current layer can speculate a few important tokens that are essential for computing the subsequent attention layer which minimizes the data transfer overhead in offloading-based LLM serving systems.
  - Up to 2.98× speedup over the existing KV cache management methods while providing better model accuracy.

#### **SKILLS**

- Languages: C/C++, Python
- Applications/Frameworks: PyTorch, Intel Pin, LaTeX