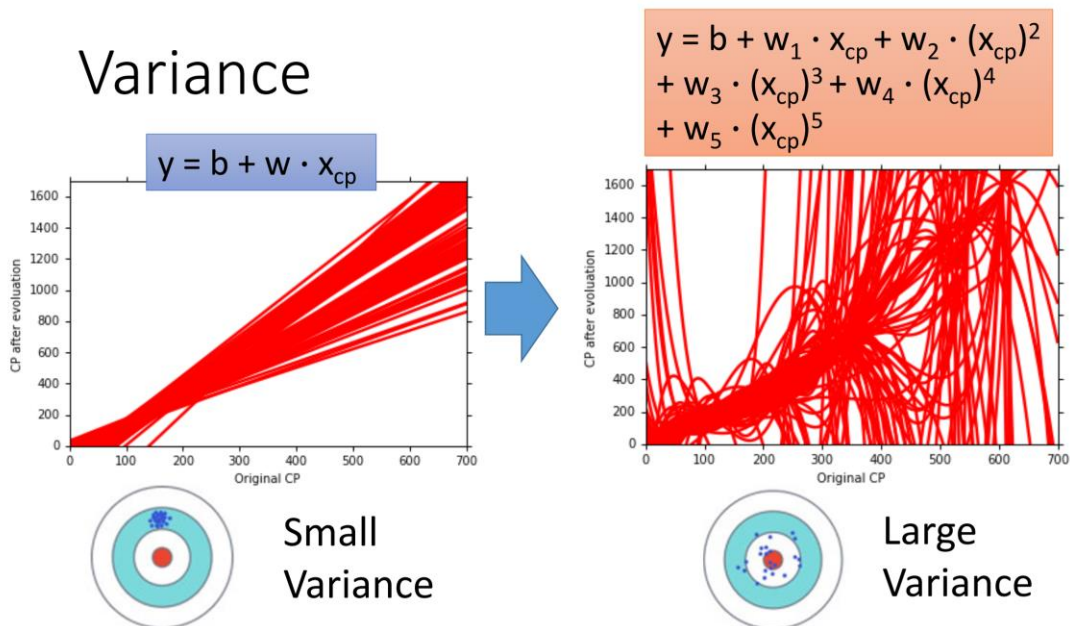


Variance



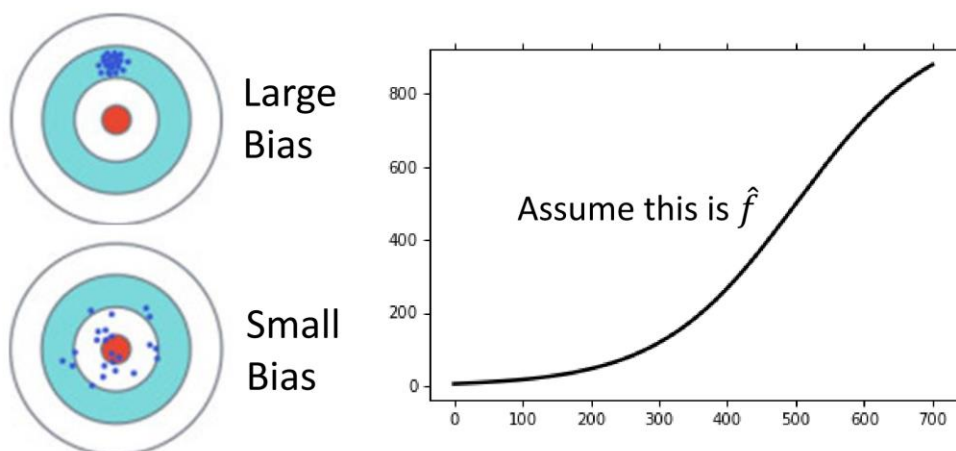
Simpler model is less influenced by the sampled data

Consider the extreme case $f(x) = c$

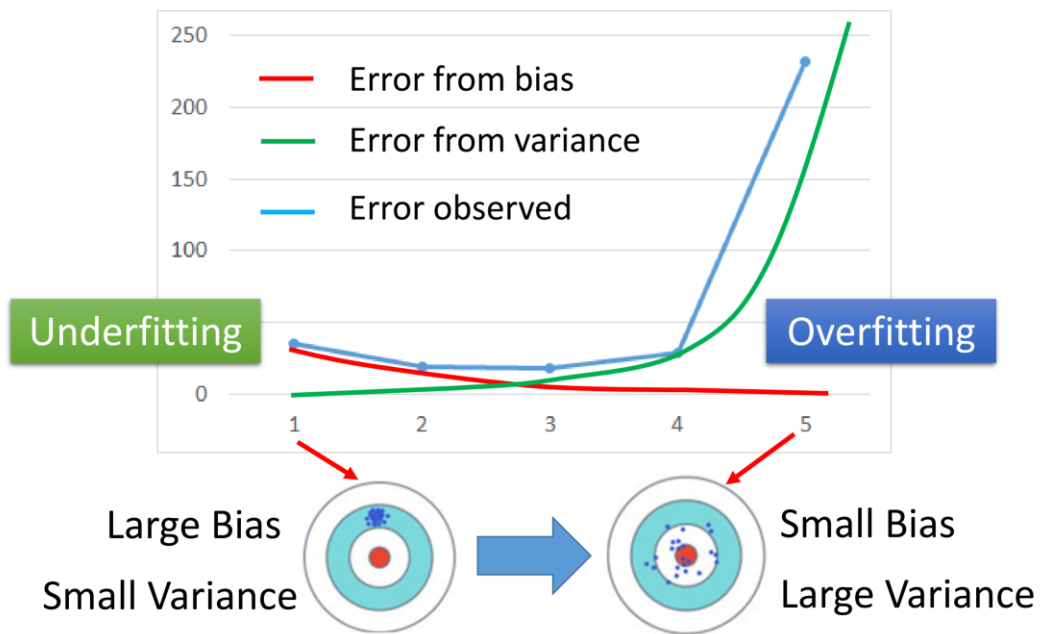
Bias

$$E[f^*] = \bar{f}$$

- Bias: If we average all the f^* , is it close to \hat{f}



Bias v.s. Variance



What to do with large bias?

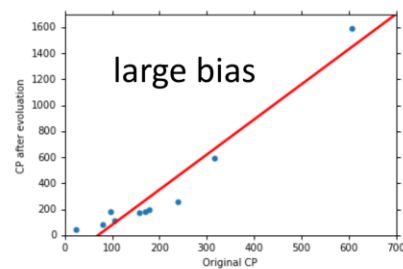
- Diagnosis:

- If your model cannot even fit the training examples, then you have large bias **Underfitting**

- If you can fit the training data, but large error on testing data, then you probably have large variance **Overfitting**

- For bias, redesign your model:

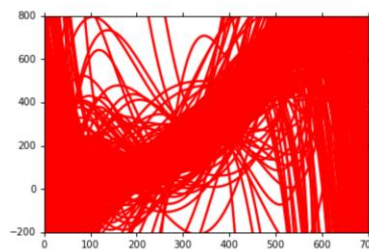
- Add more features as input
- A more complex model



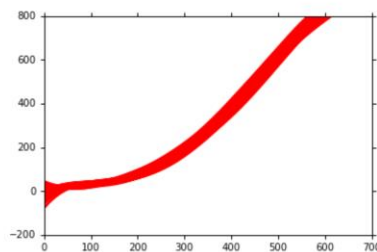
What to do with large variance?

- More data

Very effective,
but not always
practical

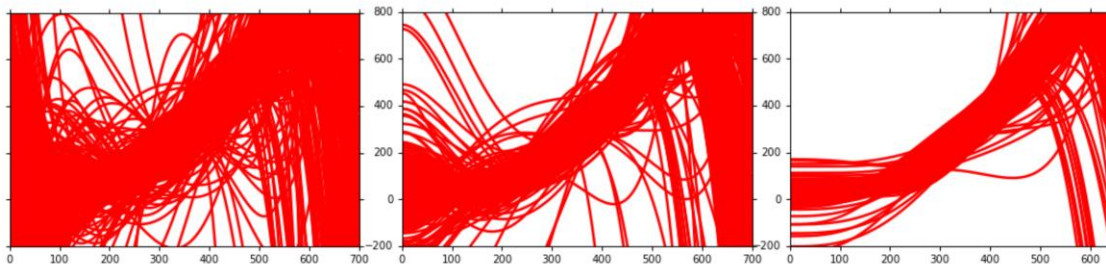


10 examples

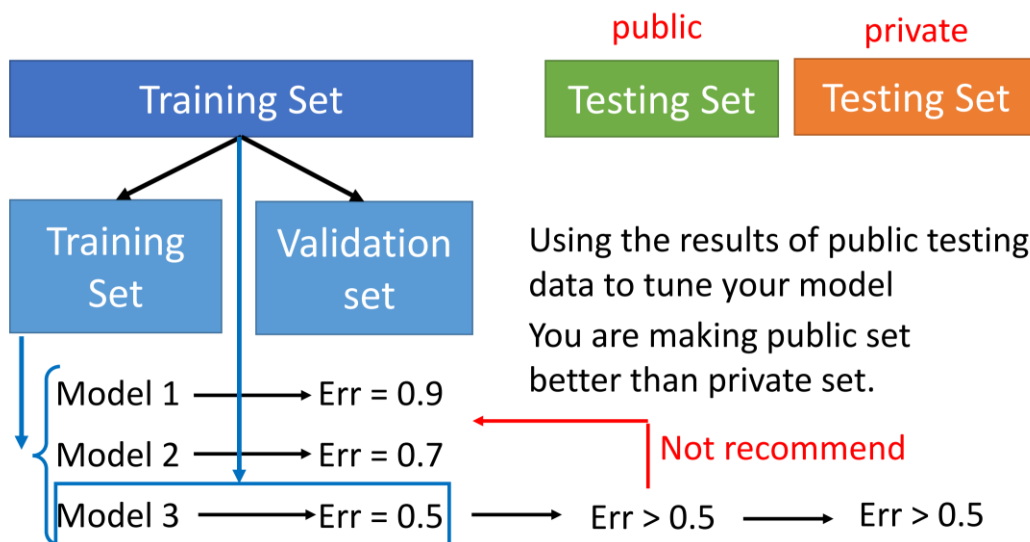


100 examples

- Regularization



Cross Validation



N-fold Cross Validation

