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91526



Level 3 Physics, 2016

91526 Demonstrate understanding of electrical systems

2.00 p.m. Tuesday 15 November 2016 Credits: Six

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Demonstrate understanding of electrical systems.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of electrical systems.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of electrical systems.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

Make sure that you have Resource Booklet L3-PHYSR.

In your answers use clear numerical working, words and/or diagrams as required.

Numerical answers should be given with an SI unit, to an appropriate number of significant figures.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–8 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

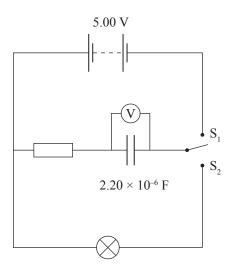
TOTAL

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QUESTION ONE: CHARGING A CAPACITOR

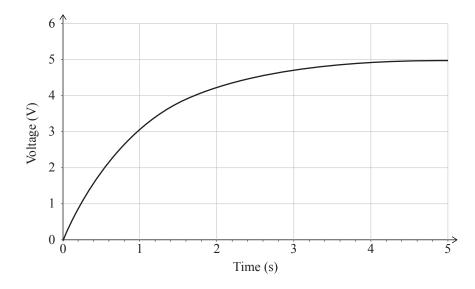
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Eleanor sets up a circuit to investigate how capacitors operate. The circuit is shown below. The circuit includes a 2.20×10^{-6} F capacitor and a double pole switch.



(a) Calculate the maximum charge stored by the capacitor in this circuit.

The capacitor is initially uncharged, and the switch is in the position shown. Eleanor moves the switch to S_1 and the capacitor charges up. A graph of the capacitor voltage against time is shown below.



(b) Use the graph to calculate the resistance of the resistor.

Draw lines on the graph to help explain your working.

repe	nor connects another 2.20×10^{-6} F capacitor in series with the original capacitor, and ats the experiment.	
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QUESTION TWO: THE TRANSFORMER

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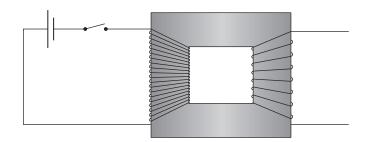
Transformers can be used to increase or decrease the size of an AC voltage. Wei has a transformer that is designed to convert 240 V into 12.0 V.

The secondary coil has 40 turns.

Ca	alculate the number of turns on the primary coil.
	xplain how an alternating voltage across the primary coil creates an alternating current in a ght bulb connected to the secondary coil.

Each coil of a transformer acts as an inductor.

A primary coil is attached to a battery and switch as shown in the diagram below. The switch is closed and then some time later the switch is opened.



(c) Sketch a graph showing how the current in the coil changes when the switch is closed and ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY then some time later is opened. Give a comprehensive explanation for the shape of your graph. If you need to redraw your response, use current the graph on page 8. time Calculate the energy stored in the primary coil's magnetic field when the switch has been (d) closed for several seconds. battery voltage = 6.0 Vresistance of primary coil $=35 \Omega$ inductance of primary coil = 0.10 H

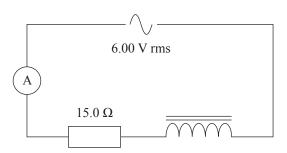
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QUESTION THREE: MEASURING IRON IN SAND

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Vivienne wants to measure the amount of iron in iron-sand mixtures collected from different beaches. The diagram below shows the circuit that she uses. The circuit includes a 500-turn coil with a resistance of 15.0 Ω , and an AC supply.

The coil behaves like a resistor and an inductor in series.



The coil has a hollow core that is initially empty. Vivienne adjusts the power supply voltage to 6.00 V rms.

(a)	Calculate the instantaneous maximum (peak) voltage across the power supply.			

During testing, Vivienne puts a mixture of iron and sand inside the core of the coil.

(b)	State what effect this has on the size of the coil's reactance.
	With reference to impedance, explain what happens to the size of the current in the circuit as
	she adds the mixture of iron and sand.

$3.18 \times 10^{-3} \text{ H}.$	he frequency of the current to 1.00×10^3 Hz, the inductance of the coil is	
Using a phasor diagra	am or otherwise, calculate the size of the rms current in the circuit.	
	'	
Vivenne adds a capac Explain why the curre	ent increases.	

SPARE DIAGRAMS

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If you need to redraw your response to Question Two (d), use the axes below. Make sure it is clear which answer you want marked.

current	
	time

Extra paper if required. Write the question number(s) if applicable. QUESTION NUMBER