Assessment Schedule - 2015

Music: Demonstrate knowledge of conventions in a range of music scores (91276)

Evidence Statement

| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|----------|--|--|--|--|
| ONE | | | | |
| (a) | Clef: Altousing it avoids (too many) leger lines. | Names the clef. | Explains why the use of this clef is appropriate. | |
| (b) | Textures: homophonic bar 9 – the violin 1 melody is accompanied by broken chords bars 13–14, 15–16 – the melody and harmony / accompaniment are in rhythmic unison polyphonic bars 9–11 – the violin 1 melody is imitated a bar later by the viola bars 13–14 – the violin 1 and / or viola are imitated half a bar later by the violin 2. | Identifies BOTH textures used in the passage, and the location or the instruments involved for each. | Identifies BOTH textures used in the passage, and gives a general definition for each. | Identifies BOTH textures used in the passage, and explains, with reference to the bar numbers, how each is exemplified in the music. |
| (c) (i) | Articulation markings: • slur • staccato. | Identifies BOTH articulation markings. | | |
| (ii) | How the slur is played: clarinet – the notes are played in a single breath, and not tongued separately violin – the notes are played in a single bow / without changing the direction of the bow. | | Explains how BOTH instruments would play the articulation marking. | |
| (d) | Equivalent time signature: • 12/8 | | | Identifies the time signature. |

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| One (e) | (i) Keys: Theme: A major Variation III: A minor (ii) Relationship tonic minor / parallel minor. | Identifies the key of BOTH sections. | Explains the relationship between the keys | |
| (f) | Clarinet in A p | Transposes two bars of the passage into any key, including: • all pitches correct relative to the original passage, with allowance for ONE error. | identified. Transposes the passage into a key other than C major, including: • all pitches correct relative to the original passage, with allowance for ONE error. | Transcribes the passage accurately up a minor 3rd into C major, including: • all pitches correct, with allowance for ONE error. |
| (g) | (i) Grace note: acciaccatura (accept "crush(ed) note"). (ii) How it is played: it is played as quickly as possible on the beat / before the following note. (iii) How it might be notated: | Names the grace note. | Explains how the grace note is played. | Notates the grace note as it might be played. |

| N1 | N2 | А3 | A4 | M5 | M6 | E7 | E8 |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| ONE piece of evidence. | TWO pieces of evidence. | THREE (of six) pieces of evidence at Achievement level. | FOUR (of six) pieces of evidence at Achievement level. | THREE (of six) pieces of evidence at Merit level. | FOUR (of six) pieces of evidence at Merit level. | TWO (of four) pieces of evidence at Excellence level. | THREE (of four) pieces of evidence at Excellence level. |

N0 = No response; no relevant evidence.

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|--------------|--|---|---|--|
| TWO | | | | |
| (a) (i) (ii) | Vocal and instrumental parts: [A] Soprano [B] (Mezzo) soprano / alto [C] (Mezzo) soprano / alto • treble clef • range (D4–G5, D4–D5, A3–B♭4 respectively) [D] Piano • treble and bass clefs • two staves, joined by a brace • instrument can play chords [E] (double / string / acoustic) bass • bass clef • "pizz." • walking bass | Identifies THREE (of five) parts. | Gives different evidence to justify the identification of THREE parts. | |
| (b) | (i) Meaning of the performance direction "Swung": • pairs of quavers are performed unevenly as triplet crotchet + triplet quaver. (ii) | Gives a general definition of the convention. | Explains the meaning of the convention, including underlined-type detail. | Applies the convention through notation. |
| (c) | Modulations: Key Relationship to G minor A B major Relative major B C minor Subdominant (minor) | | Identifies the key of BOTH passages. | Explains the relationship between BOTH keys and the tonic. |

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| Two (d) | Chords (jazz / rock notation): (1) Gm (2) D (3) Cm | Identifies TWO chords, but spells out "major" / "minor". | Identifies all THREE chords using jazz /rock notation. | |
| (e) | Features of an imperfect (iv–V) cadence in G minor: duration of added chords matches melody chords complete (four notes in each) root doubled in each chord leading note raised smooth voice leading (contrary motion between bass and upper parts, avoidance of parallel 5ths and octaves). | Identifies the correct bass notes of the imperfect cadence. | Writes a partially accurate imperfect cadence, with no more than TWO features incorrect. | Writes an accurate imperfect cadence. |
| | Other responses possible. | | | |
| (f) | Short score: | Begins to make a short score, including: • key signature • performance | Makes a partially accurate short score, including: • key signature • performance | Makes an accurate short score, including: • key signature • performance |
| | Note: pitches sounded simultaneously may share a single stem (as in the right-hand part above), or may be shown in separate voices with stems up and down. | for EITHER the upper or lower staff, no | for EITHER the upper or lower staff, no | directions all notes correctly aligned no more than ONE error in rhythm and |
| | and down. | errors in the first bar. | more than ONE error in rhythm and pitch. | pitch. |

| N1 | N2 | А3 | A4 | M5 | M6 | E7 | E8 |
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| ONE piece of evidence. | TWO pieces of evidence. | THREE (of five) pieces of evidence at Achievement level. | FOUR (of five) pieces of evidence at Achievement level. | THREE (of six) pieces of evidence at Merit level. | FOUR (of six) pieces of evidence at Merit level. | TWO (of four) pieces of evidence at Excellence level. | THREE (of four) pieces of evidence at Excellence level. |

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|----------|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------|
| THREE | | | | <u>, </u> | | |
| (a) | Performance direction J = 132 - 132 crotcl G.P general / gra più f - more loudly | net beats per minute ind pause | | Gives the meaning in English of TWO performance directions. | | |
| (b) (i) | Another name for 4: • c / common time / simple quadruple (time). | | | Gives another name for the time signature. | | |
| (ii) | Metre | Time signature | Bar nos. | | Identifies FOUR time | |
| | Simple duple | 24 | 28, 42, 44, 46, 78, 80, 82 | | signatures, making reference to the score. | |
| | Compound duple | 6 8 | 26, 29, 32, 35, 38, 68, 71, 74 | | | |
| | Simple triple | 3 8 | 27, 30, 33, 36, 39, 41, 43, 45, 69, 72, 75, 77, 79, 81 | | | |
| | Irregular | 7 or 5 | 13–15, 31, 34, 37, 40, 61–63, 70, 73, 76 | | | |
| (c) (i) | Intervals: | | | Identifies the quantity of | Fully describes FOUR | |
| . , . , | (1) minor 3rd | | | FOUR intervals. | intervals. | |
| | (2) perfect 5th | (2) perfect 5th | | | | |
| | (3) minor 2nd | | | | | |
| | (4) perfect 4th | | | | | |
| | (5) major 3rd. | | | | | |
| (ii) | Ranges: | | | | | Describes the range of |
| | • Trumpet 1 – minor | • | | | | BOTH instruments. |
| | Trombone – perfect | t 11th / compound po | erfect 4th. | | | |

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| Three (d) | (i) Repetition in bars 1–3:• the music in bar 1 is repeated exactly in bar 3. | Describes the repetition. | | |
| | (ii) Comparison of bars 9–11 with bars 1–3: the first and third bars in the upper three parts are repeated exactly in each passage, but the trombone part is different in the second passage the music in both passages is the same, apart from the trombone part, which adds a (tonic) pedal the lower three parts in bars 1–3 have been moved up a part in bars 9–11. | | Explains the relationship between the two passages | Comprehensively explains, with underlined-type detail, the relationship between the two passages. |
| (e) | Compositional device: ascending (tonal) sequence • the same (7-note) melody is repeated three times in the trumpet 1 part, one step / a major or minor second higher each time. | Identifies the compositional device. | Explains how the compositional device is exemplified in the music. | Comprehensively explains, with underlined-type detail, how the compositional device is exemplified in the music. |
| (f) | Compositional device: imitation each part plays the same melodic motif, one after the other, at a lower pitch. | Identifies the compositional device. | Explains how the compositional device is exemplified in the music. | Comprehensively explains, with underlined-type detail, how the compositional device is exemplified in the music. |

| N1 | N2 | А3 | A4 | M5 | М6 | E7 | E8 |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| ONE piece of evidence. | TWO pieces of evidence. | THREE (of six) pieces of evidence at Achievement level. | FOUR (of six) pieces of evidence at Achievement level. | THREE (of five) pieces of evidence at Merit level. | FOUR (of five) pieces of evidence at Merit level. | TWO (of four) pieces of evidence at Excellence level. | THREE (of four) pieces of evidence at Excellence level. |

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Cut Scores

| Not Achieved | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0 – 7 | 8 – 13 | 14 – 18 | 19 – 24 | |