

No part of the candidate evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining credits towards an NCEA qualification.

3

91438



914380



NEW ZEALAND QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY
MANA TOHU MĀTAURANGA O AOTEAROA

QUALIFY FOR THE FUTURE WORLD
KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

Level 3 History, 2015

91438 Analyse the causes and consequences of a significant historical event

2.00 p.m. Friday 20 November 2015
Credits: Six

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Analyse the causes and consequences of a significant historical event.	Analyse, in depth, the causes and consequences of a significant historical event.	Comprehensively analyse the causes and consequences of a significant historical event.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

Write ONE essay in this booklet.

If you need more room for your answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

Not Achieved

TOTAL

02

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

INSTRUCTIONS

Write an essay on ONE significant historical event that you have studied, using the essay task below.

A historical event is a specific event in time.

Write your chosen historical event in the box below.

Your essay should be at least 800 words long.

Plan your essay on page 3. Begin your essay on page 4.

ESSAY TASK

Analyse the underlying and immediate causes of a significant historical event, and the important short-term and long-term consequences of that event for people's lives.

Historical event: _____

Begin your essay here:

ASSESSOR
USE ONLY

There were many causes and consequences in the dropping of the Atomic bombs on Nagasaki and Hiroshima on the 6th and 9th of August 1945. Causes such as the surprise attack on Pearl Harbour and President Truman's political survival which was in jeopardy. Some consequences were the thousands of deaths and also the force of Japan's surrender from world war two.

The first cause is the attack on Pearl Harbour which happened on an early morning of December 7th 1941 causing the mass destruction of America's biggest naval yard in Hawaii and the mass deaths of many American soldiers. This was important to the attack because America wanted revenge and wanted the knowledge of knowing that all the people who died in the attack on Pearl Harbour.

A second cause is ~~President~~ President Truman's political survival. After the attack on Pearl Harbour in December 1941 Truman was being heavily panned by the American citizens to do something about the attack and to take revenge on Japan before something even worse happens. This is important because

Truman weighed up the cost of money and lives or a head on attack on Japan. In their place of home too him it made not move or a message to not just Japan but to Russia and everywhere else that America is not to be messed with and that they were the first to have Atomic bombs.

A major consequence of dropping the bomb on Japan is Amount of ~~deaths~~ ^{of} Japanese deaths and amount of destruction created. In Hiroshima historians think that close to 36,000 - 70,000 civilians were killed and 40,000 soldiers were killed and at Nagasaki 125,000 plus deaths with a 256,000 plus overall deaths the exact number to this day is still unknown. This is important because of the massive impact it had on the surrender of Japan from World War Two.

Another major consequence of dropping the bomb on Japan is Japan's surrender from World War Two on the 15th of August 1945. This happening only six days after the dropping of the bomb on Nagasaki, after this World War Two had officially ended. This is important because without the dropping of the atomic bombs on Japan the war would have gone

on for months longer resulting in many many deaths on each side and the destruction of more cities and homes.

As seen there were many causes and consequences of the dropping of the bomb on Japan although many historians and protestors say the dropping of the bomb on Nagasaki was not needed and was way overboard and as some say used to just show off and the miss use of power, it did its job it ended Japan's reign of terror and ended world war two for good.

[REDACTED]

Topic	Grade	Comment
Bombing of Hiroshima	N2	Causes and Consequences stated rather than analysed. Far too short. Not at Level 3. Causes (Pearl Harbour, Truman's political survival). Consequences (death and destruction, surrender of Japan) are supported with more detail.

3

91438



914380



NEW ZEALAND QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY
 MANA TOHU MĀTAURANGA O AOTEAROA

QUALIFY FOR THE FUTURE WORLD
 KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

Level 3 History, 2015

91438 Analyse the causes and consequences of a significant historical event

2.00 p.m. Friday 20 November 2015
 Credits: Six

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Analyse the causes and consequences of a significant historical event.	Analyse, in depth, the causes and consequences of a significant historical event.	Comprehensively analyse the causes and consequences of a significant historical event.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

Write ONE essay in this booklet.

If you need more room for your answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

Not Achieved

TOTAL

02

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

INSTRUCTIONS

Write an essay on ONE significant historical event that you have studied, using the essay task below.

A historical event is a specific event in time.

Write your chosen historical event in the box below.

Your essay should be at least 800 words long.

Plan your essay on page 3. Begin your essay on page 4.

ESSAY TASK

Analyse the underlying and immediate causes of a significant historical event, and the important short-term and long-term consequences of that event for people's lives.

Historical event: _____

Begin your essay here:

ASSESSOR'S
USE ONLY

The Cuban Missile Crisis of 1962 had many causes and potentially devastating consequences on the world. The Cold War and the arms race between the USA and USSR were two of the main causes for the crisis. The immediate sense of relief and the rising popularity of Cuban leader Fidel Castro were two of the consequences that occurred after the crisis.

An underlying cause of the Cuban Missile Crisis was the Cold War. Tensions were running high between the USA and the USSR. Both countries wanted to be the best country in the world. They prompted each other to raise the bar so they would push each other. They wanted the right to call themselves the world's superpower which they were fighting for. Neither wanted to give in because they wanted ^{*} to be the supreme power of the world. I believe that if neither side gave in the Cold War could've ended up in total destruction for the world. This is because both sides could use nuclear weapons to blow up everything ^{*} to be the supreme power of the world.

An immediate cause of the Cuban Missile Crisis was the arms race. After World War 2 had ended both the USA and USSR built up their base of nuclear weapons for any future attacks. The USA had significantly more nuclear weapons

than the USSR. However the USSR planted their Inter-Continental Ballistic Missiles (ICBM) on Cuba to instigate a response from the USA, for mutually assured destruction. Meaning if they hit mainland America which was only 90 miles away they would wipe out millions of people. Both countries I believe built up their nuclear weapons because of the idea that if one pushed the other over the edge they would blame them for blowing up their country, if not the world.

An important, immediate consequence of the Cuban Missile Crisis was the sense of relief that the world felt. At the world was on high alert for 12 days as to whether or not the use of nuclear weapons was going to happen. Nobody knew whether or not this was going to be ~~the~~ ^{the} end of the world. Everybody was relieved that there were no nuclear weapons used. As US president John F. Kennedy ~~to~~ sent all the members of the Executive Committee home to their families. ~~He the executive committee camp~~ Since ^{he} they didn't know when it was going to end they spent a night at home as if it was their last. The relief of the world came down to what I believe ~~it was~~ the calm head of president John F. Kennedy. He kept cool under pressure, it was ~~as if~~ as if nothing fazed him. He took everything in his stride and didn't want to look like he was losing the battle. Ultimately Kennedy got the job done and was able to keep the peace between the US and USSR.

An important, long term ^{consequence} ~~cause~~ of the Cuban Missile Crisis was the rising popularity of Fidel Castro, the Cuban leader. Castro had gained the support of the majority of Cubans. He was also getting fed up with the Americans and the USSR about the crisis so he remained neutral towards the situation. He even ~~became~~ became the head of ~~the~~ neutral countries. Castro's reforms to be a communist country was a very good idea at the time. He made sure everyone was getting an equal amount of money, had enough food, housing and general everyday items ~~for~~ Cubans needed. I believe Castro's decision to centralise everything and give the Cuban people an equal amount of everything was a smart move. It made Cubans better off than they once were. However in the present day many Cubans are living under the poverty line. Making changes to ensure Cubans don't suffer in poverty are needed.

Through the tensions of the Cold War and the building up of nuclear weapons to the sense of relief and increasing popularity of Castro, the Cuban Missile Crisis provided tension throughout the world. Nobody knew how it would pan out but, thankfully no nuclear fallout.

Topic	Grade	Comment
Cuban Missile Crisis	N2	Minimalist approach. Not at Level 3. Lack of supporting reasons for analysis. Understanding weak. Causes (Cold War, Arms Race). No immediate causes. Consequences (sense of relief, popularity of Castro).