No part of the candidate evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining credits towards an NCEA qualification.

3

SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

91472



KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

Level 3 English, 2016

91472 Respond critically to specified aspect(s) of studied written text(s), supported by evidence

2.00 p.m. Tuesday 22 November 2016 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence	
Respond critically to specified aspect(s) of studied written text(s), supported by	Respond critically and convincingly to specified aspect(s) of studied written	Respond critically and perceptively to specified aspect(s) of studied written	
evidence.	text(s), supported by evidence.	text(s), supported by evidence.	

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

Write ONE essay in this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

Achievement

TOTAL



ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

You should aim to write a concise essay of now writing is more important than the length of you

In your essay, discuss the extent to which you critically to the statement by making a close a

Begin your written text(s) essay here:

most important tests are those Criticise the present. In the Handmaidé la le Margaret Htwood further, criticising pos both V15101 future. Through this hope and despair contains and elements ve experience the parts which we eyes to Uppression and phsychological effects accept as noona 505,8-

Margaret Atwal

uses evert and ideas from our past to create what she believes is a possible, or ever probable, fiture, based on present society. Atwood has after said that "There is nothing in [The Hardmaid's take] that has not happened before." This reales a familiarity for the reader, allowing us, to apply the events in the text to our own present, meaning the con identify how ideas and -critisisms in the text relate to our experience of society this is important, as being able to relate Atwood's vision of our future to our own present mans we may be able to acknowledge and rectify the things in our society which could lead to a similar evertuality.

Atwood criticises the things in our society that accept and dismiss as ordinary and round by things there presenting them in an extreme form. An example of this is the treatment of women in the society of Gilead In Giland, worm are given so rights or friedon, and are merely considered

as 'breeding madrines'. If a worran disobeys any of the multitude of roles impossed on her she faces either execution or being sent to the 'colonies' - barren toxic wastelands Aunt Ligdia, a worran employed by the state to indochrinate young women, are used to. This does not seem ordnery but In time it will. It will become ordinary." In our present society women are not oppressed in such a Severe and owit maner, but they are generally not treated equally to Mr. Women to do face above and are at a disadvantage to me. The Hardward's tal Tale takes this to an extreme where the women cannot ever legally own property. This forces the rader to - acknowledge this a rot muel, a plot devite it the rovel, but also an o issue in ow present.

For the society of Gilead in the text operates for through the oppression on control of its stickers. The extreme related of the oppression faced by those in Gilead, coupled with the familiarity of the

kxf3 setting, forces us as readers to examine and acknowledge the roke of state power and control in our A own present to Like the characters in the text we are often given the illusion of freedom and free choice, while really being confined to a narrow set of choices and being expected to conform to prevaility ideas of romaley. In the The Handridge Tak Atwood fakes this further with extrere oppression an an almost anipotent or god-like state. Citizens have very little freedom or power over their own likes, while still being told they are free free: "There is new than one lend of freedom; freedom to, and freedom from. In the days of anarchy it was freedom to. Now you are being given freedom from. Don't underrate it " Through The course of the text we see the mach character interalise this dogma and slowly become less resistant and more acaptus of the oppressive society In which she lives. This causes the reader to question to what extent they accept appression and lack of freedom as merely 'facedon from' rater than 'fredor to's

Afwood presents us with a startling,

yet familiar vision of what out preyet familiar vision of what out prepresent could become the Her criticism

of our present and past, and what we
acknowledge and confront issues and
acknowledge and confront issues and
injustices in our own society the fo

which we might ofherwise turn a

which we might ofherwise turn a

which we rest important as it apas

where this text important as it apas

the eyes of the reader to a

disturbing yet plausible with a consequence

of our achors.

Achievement exemplar 2016

Sub	Subject: English		Standard:	91472	Total score:	A4		
Q		rade core	Annotation					
"The Handmaid's Tale"								
				erstanding of statement and of the text itself, and ement with some specific evidence.				
5	,	A4	argument is clear and discussion itself is for to demonstrate a de	he statement and keeps to it all the way through. The clear and concise. The approach to the text and the self is fairly generalised and mostly superficial – it needed te a depth of knowledge of the writer's crafting and a all awareness to reach Merit.				