See back cover for an English translation of this cover



91165M



Te Mātauranga Matū, Kaupae 2, 2013

91165M Te whakaatu māramatanga ki ngā āhuatanga o ētahi pūhui whaiwaro

9.30 i te ata Rātū 19 Whiringa-ā-rangi 2013 Whiwhinga: Whā

Paetae	Paetae Kaiaka	Paetae Kairangi
Te whakaatu māramatanga ki ngā āhuatanga o ētahi pūhui whaiwaro.	Te whakaatu māramatanga hōhonu ki ngā āhuatanga o ētahi pūhui whaiwaro.	Te whakaatu māramatanga matawhānui ki ngā āhuatanga o ētahi pūhui whaiwaro.

Tirohia mehemea e ōrite ana te Tau Ākonga ā-Motu kei tō pepa whakauru ki te tau kei runga ake nei.

Me whakautu e koe ngā pātai KATOA kei roto i te pukapuka nei.

He taka pūmotu kua whakaritea ki te Pukaiti Rauemi L2-CHEMMR.

Ki te hiahia koe ki ētahi atu wāhi hei tuhituhi whakautu, whakamahia te (ngā) whārangi kei muri i te pukapuka nei, ka āta tohu ai i ngā tau pātai.

Tirohia mēnā kei roto nei ngā whārangi 2–17 e raupapa tika ana, ā, kāore hoki he whārangi wātea.

HOATU TE PUKAPUKA NEI KI TE KAIWHAKAHAERE HEI TE MUTUNGA O TE WHAKAMĀTAUTAU.

TAPEKE

PĀTAI TUATAHI

(b)

(a) E whakaaturia ana i raro ko ngā hanganga o ētahi pūhui whaiwaro he haumāota kei roto.

A	В
CI CH ₃ CHCH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CI
С	D
CH ₃ CH ₂ CHCCl ₂	CH ₃ CH ₂ CHCHCI
E	F
CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CHCl ₂	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CI
(i) Tuhia te pū o te rāpoi ngota he waiwaro	tahi haumāota tuarua.
(ii) Whakaahuahia mai he aha koe i kōwhir	i ai i te rāpoi ngota i (i).
Tautuhia kia rua ngā rāpoi ngota mai i te tūtol	ni i (a) he poinanaha hanganga o rāua anō.
Tuhia ngā pū ki ngā pouaka i raro. me te	
Parahau i tō kōwhiringa.	

(c)

ea e te rāpoi ngota D te tīari he Tuhia ngā poinanaha (<i>cis</i> me <i>ti</i>	rans) āhuahanga mō te rāpoi ngota D ki ngā pouaka
poinanaha <i>cis</i>	poinanaha <i>trans</i>
Parahautia te take ka taea e te i	rāpoi ngota D te tīari hei poinanaha āhuahanga (<i>cis</i>
Me whakauru ki tō whakautu:	
tātahi whakamārama o n	gā whakaritenga mō ngā poinanaha <i>cis</i> me <i>trans</i>
he körero mö te hangang	

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

You are advised to spend 60 minutes answering the questions in this booklet.

QUESTION ONE

(a) The structures of some organic compounds containing chlorine are shown below.

A	В
CI CH ₃ CHCH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CI
C	D
CH ₃ CH ₂ CHCCl ₂	CH ₃ CH ₂ CHCHCI
E	F
CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CHCl ₂	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CI

(ii)	
(12)	Describe why you chose the molecule in (i).
other.	the letters in the boxes below.
Justify	y your choice.

(c)

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

stify why molecule D can exist as geometric (<i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i>) isomers.	stify why molecule D can exist as geometric (<i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i>) isomers. our answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers	raw the geometric (cis and tra	is and trans) isomers. ns) isomers for molecule D in the boxes below
our answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers	our answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers	eis isomer	trans isomer
four answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers	four answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers		
Your answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers	four answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers		
an explanation of the requirements for cis and trans isomers	four answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers		
Your answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers	four answer should include: an explanation of the requirements for <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> isomers		
an explanation of the requirements for cis and trans isomers	an explanation of the requirements for cis and trans isomers	fustify why molecule D can exist	st as geometric (cis and trans) isomers.
		Your answer should include:	
Telefence to the structure of molecule B .	Telefeliee to the structure of molecule B.		
			of molecule B .
		Total one to the structure of	

(d) Whakaotihia te tūtohi e whai ake hei whakaatu i te tātai hanganga me te ingoa (nahanaha) IUPAC mō ia pūhui.

Tātai hanganga	Ingoa (nahanaha) IUPAC
	waikawa pēwaro
	waiwaro rua-1-pūwaro-3-mewaro
CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂	
CH ₃ CHCH ₂ OH CI	
CH ₂ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	

(d) Complete the following table to show the structural formula and IUPAC (systematic) name for each compound.

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

Structural formula	IUPAC (systematic) name
	pentanoic acid
	3-methylbut-1-ene
CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂	
CH ₃ CHCH ₂ OH CI	
CH ₂ CH CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	

(a) (i) Ko te rāpoi ngota haukōwhai-whā-waiwaro-rua-ewaro (tetrafluoroethene) e whakaaturia ana i raro, te waetahi mō te waerau e mōhiotia whānuitia ana ko Teflon.

Tuhia kia RUA ngā wae tāruarua mō te waerau Teflon ki te pouaka i raro.

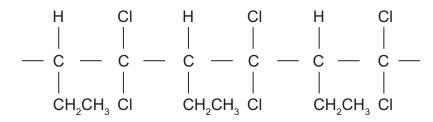
(ii) E whakaaturia ana i te hoahoa e whai ake nei ngā wāhanga tāruarua e toru o tētahi atu waerau.

Tuhia te tātai hanganga o te rāpoi ngota waetahi ka whakamahia hei hanga i tēnei waerau.

(a) (i) The molecule tetrafluoroethene, shown below, is the monomer for the polymer commonly known as Teflon.

Draw TWO repeating units for the Teflon polymer in the box below.

(ii) The following diagram shows three repeating sections of another polymer.



Draw the structural formula of the monomer molecule used to make this polymer.

- (b) E rima ngā wē whaiwaro taekore e mōhiotia ana ko te:
 - waihā-1-pēwaro
 - waihā ewaro
 - waiwaro-rua-1-pēwaro
 - pēwaro
 - amino ewaro (ethanamine).

Tuhia he tikanga pono hei whakaatu he pēhea te tautuhi i ēnei wē katoa mā te whakamahi **anake** i te wai, te pepa tohu waikawa, me te wai pūkane $Br_2(aq)$.

Me āhei tētahi atu ākonga te tautuhi i ēnei wē mā tō tikanga, me te whakauru anō:

• i te matū whakahohe i whakamahia

ngā kitenga.						
Kāore e hiahiatia kia whakauru whārite ki roto i tō whakautu.						

AS
(

PĀTAI TUATORU



(a) E whakaatu ana te hoahoa ripo i raro i tētahi mahere tauhohe mō te whakawhitinga o te waiwaro rua-1-pūwaro hei waiwaro rua-2-pūwaro.

- (i) Whakamahia te mahere tauhohe i runga ake hei whakaoti i te tūtohi e whai ake kia whakaaturia ko:
 - te tātai o ia matū whakahohe, me ngā āhuatanga e hiahiatia ana
 - te tūmomo tauhohenga e mahi ana.

Matū whakahohe	Tātai o te matū whakahohe/ ngā āhuatanga	Tūmomo tauhohenga
A		
В		
С		

(ii) Mō te tauhohenga e whai ake ana:

$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{ \begin{tabular}{c} Mat\~u whakahohe C \\ CH_3 CH_2 CH CH_3 \end{tabular} \rightarrow \begin{tabular}{c} CH_3 CH = CH CH_3 \\ CI \end{tabular} \end{array} }$$

Porohitatia ngā kupu i raro e whakaahua ana i te hua i hangaia.

hua mātāmua

Whakamāramahia tō wha	akautu.	

hua mātāmuri

QUESTION THREE

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

(a) The flow diagram below shows a reaction scheme for the conversion of but-1-ene into but-2-ene

- (i) Use the reaction scheme above to complete the following table to show:
 - the formula of each reagent, including any necessary conditions
 - the type of reaction occurring.

Reagent	Formula of reagent/conditions	Type of reaction
A		
В		
С		

(ii) For the following reaction:

$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{ \begin{tabular}{c} \hline Reagent \, C \\ \hline CH_3 \, CH_2 \, CH \, CH_3 \\ \hline CI \\ \hline \end{tabular} \rightarrow \begin{tabular}{c} CH_3 \, CH = CH \, CH_3 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$$

Circle the words below that describe the product formed.

major product

Explain your answer.		

minor product

(b)	Ka taea e te waihā-1-pūwaro te tauhohe me ia o te PCl_5 , te $Cr_2O_7^{2-}/H^+$, me te H_2SO_4 kukū.	MĀ TE KAIMĀKA ANAKE						
	Āta whakamāramahia ngā tauhohenga o te waihā-1-pūwaro ki ia o ngā matū whakahohe e toru.							
	Mō ia tauhohenga, me whakauru ki tō whakautu:							
	• te tūmomo tauhohenga e mahi ana me te pūtake e kīia ana ko taua tūmomo							
	te ingoa o te rōpū mahinga ka hangaia i ia hua							
	• te tātai hanganga o te hua whaiwaro .							
	te tatai hanganga o te haa wharvaro.							

But	an-1-ol can react separately with each of PCl ₅ , Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ /H ⁺ , and concentrated H ₂ SO ₄ .	
Elal	porate on the reactions of butan-1-ol with each of the three reagents.	
or	each reaction, your answer should include:	
,	the type of reaction occurring and the reason why it is classified as that type	
•	the name of the functional group formed in each product	
•	the structural formula of the organic product.	
		_
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		He puka anō mēnā ka hiahiatia.	
TAU PĀTAI		Tuhia te (ngā) tau pātai mēnā e hāngai ana.	

	Extra paper if required.	
QUESTION NUMBER	Write the question number(s) if applicable.	
NUMBER		

English translation of the wording on the front cover

Level 2 Chemistry, 2013

91165 Demonstrate understanding of the properties of selected organic compounds

9.30 am Tuesday 19 November 2013 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Demonstrate understanding of the properties of selected organic compounds.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of the properties of selected organic compounds.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of the properties of selected organic compounds.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

A periodic table is provided on the Resource Sheet L2–CHEMR.

If you need more space for any answer, use the page(s) provided at the back of this booklet and clearly number the question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–17 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.