SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

90934



Level 1 Chemistry, 2018

90934 Demonstrate understanding of aspects of chemical reactions

2.00 p.m. Thursday 15 November 2018 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Demonstrate understanding of aspects of chemical reactions.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of aspects of chemical reactions.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of aspects of chemical reactions.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

A periodic table and other reference material are provided in the Resource Booklet L1–CHEMR.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet and clearly number the question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–11 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

TOTAL

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QUESTION ONE

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You may use the solubility rules provided in the resource booklet.

Magnesium chloride solution and sodium hydroxide solution react to form a precipitate.

(a) (i) Complete and balance the following ionic equation showing the formation of the precipitate.

Mg ²⁺ +	OH-	\rightarrow
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(ii) What would be observed during this reaction? Link the observations to the species involved.

(b)	Three unlabelled solutions, A, B, and C, are known to be lead nitrate, magnesium nitrate, a	and
	parium nitrate.	

(i) Complete the following table by giving the expected observations and the formulae of any precipitates formed when solutions of sodium iodide, sodium sulfate, and sodium carbonate are added to A, B, and C.

You may use the colours of selected ions and solids provided in the resource booklet.

Unknown solution		Sodium iodide	Sodium sulfate	Sodium carbonate
Lead nitrate	Expected observations:			
	Formula of precipitate:			
Magnesium nitrate	Expected observations:			
	Formula of precipitate:			

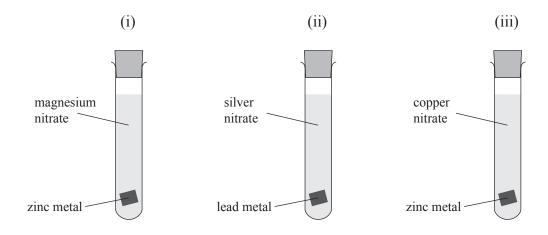
arium itrate	Expected observations:				
	Formula of precipitate:				
	ons of sodium iodinine the identity of		ium carbonat	te available for u	se to
_	n how A, B, and C r answer, you shou	entified using the	ne available s	solutions.	
	describe a method give the balanced is				sulfate.
Descri	ption of method:				

QUESTION TWO

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You may use the activity series provided in the resource booklet.

Small pieces of cleaned metal were added to solutions containing metal ions, as shown below. The test tubes were left for three days.



(a) After three days, changes had occurred in two of the test tubes, but in one test tube, there was no indication that a reaction had occurred.

Identify the test tube where no reaction had occurred, by circling your choice below.

(ii)

(i)

Explain why no reaction had occurred.

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	5		
The colour of the solut	ion in one of the test tub	es had changed at the end of the three	e days.
dentify the test tube w	here the solution change	d colour, by circling your choice belo	OW.
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
Explain why the colournyolved.	of the solution changed	, by linking the colour changes to the	e species
No equations are requi	red.		

(c)	The colour of the solution reaction had occurred, a		ained the same, but there was evidence that a ned.	ASSESSOR USE ONLY
	Identify the test tube wh	nere this reaction had o	ccurred by circling your choice below.	
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
	Explain why a reaction	has occurred in this tes	et tube.	
	Your answer should incl	lude:		
	• the type of reaction	n with a description		
	• the name of the ne	ew solid formed		
	• a balanced ionic e	quation for the reaction	n occurring	
	• an explanation of	electron transfer occur	ring in this reaction.	
	Balanced ionic equation	on:		

QUESTION THREE

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(a) Some chemical reactions are listed in the table below:

Reaction 1	Some manganese dioxide is added to hydrogen peroxide in a test-tube.
Reaction 2 A sample of barium hydroxide is heated in a boiling tube.	
Reaction 3	A sample of sodium hydrogen carbonate is heated in a boiling tube.

plain your answer, with reference to Reaction 2 .
plain your answer, with reference to Reaction 2 .
nat would be observed during Reaction 1 ?
nk the observations to the species involved.
ite a word and a balanced symbol equation for Reaction 3 .
Vord equation:
alanced symbol equation:
7

•	A:	
Reaction One: Heating lead metal in iodine vapour.		
Reaction Two : Adding lead nitrate solution to sodium iodide solution.		
Elaborate on these reactions.		
In your answer, you should:		
• identify each type of chemical reaction and justify your answer		
• refer to electron transfer, where appropriate		
• write a balanced symbol equation for each reaction.		
Balanced symbol equations:		

		Extra paper if required.	
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