No part of the candidate evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining credits towards an NCEA qualification.

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90948



Level 1 Science, 2016

90948 Demonstrate understanding of biological ideas relating to genetic variation

9.30 a.m. Monday 14 November 2016 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence	
Demonstrate understanding of biological ideas relating to genetic variation.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of biological ideas relating to genetic variation.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of biological ideas relating to genetic variation.	

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet and clearly number the question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–8 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

TOTAL 09

Annotated Exemplar

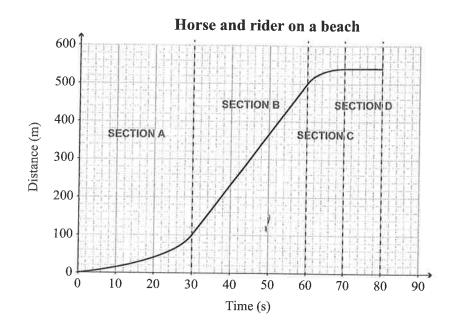
Achieved Exemplar 2016

Sub	ject: Science		Standard:	90940	Total score:	09	
Q		rade core	Annotation				
		(a) Students described 3 of the 4 points correctly.					
		А3	(b) The right equation was used but this student read the wrong values off the graph.				
1	A3		(c) Although the right equation was used the value for Pressure was substituted for the Force and the area (in centimetres squared instead of metres squared) was squared. It is not the value that is squared just the unit.				
			(d) This student has realised that more force causes more pressure to be exerted.				
	N2		(a) Here the incorrect method was used. It should be the area under the graph.				
2		N 2	(b) The speeds in the two sections were identified correctly, however, for a constant speed the drag must equal the thrust force.				
۷			(c) The weight force was calculated correctly as was the work done. The next step would be to calculate the power exerted.				
			(d) This student did not understand that the force is lower as the distance is greater and the power greater as the time is less.				ice is
	A4		(a) The correct definit	ion for mass	was given but not t	he definition for v	veight
			(b) The value for acceleration was calculated correctly however the unit was wrong				
3		A4	(c) The correct formula was used. However the velocity was the quantity that was asked to be calculated using conservation of energy				
			(d) In this question the change of speed was correctly stated for point 1. The rocket is falling so it is the weight force acting against air resistance				

ASSESSOR'S

QUESTION ONE

The graph below shows the motion of a horse and rider as they travel along a beach.



Describe the motion of the horse and rider in each section of the graph. (a)

(No calculations are required.)

Section A: Alelecating
Section B: Constant Speed

Section C: De Celsalian

Section D: Constant speed

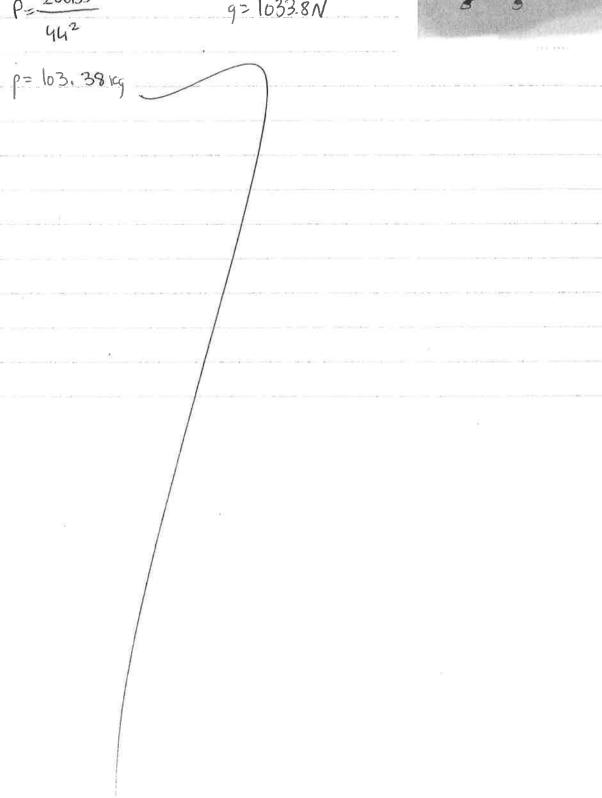
Calculate the speed of the horse and rider in Section B of the graph. (b)

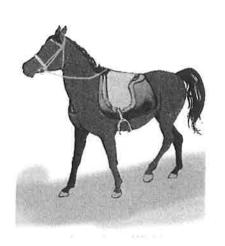
(c) **Each** of the horse's hooves has a surface area of 44 cm² (0.0044 m²) and sinks into the sand when the horse stops. The hooves exert a pressure of 200155 Pa.

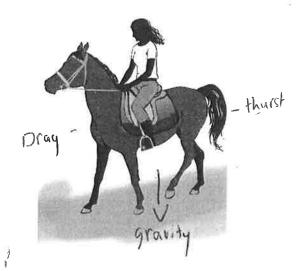
Calculate the weight of the horse.

$$P = \frac{F}{A}$$
 $g = 10N kg^{-1}$
 $Q = 103.38 \times 10$
 $Q = 1033.8 \times 10$
 $Q = 1033.8 \times 10$









Explain why the horse's hooves sink further into the sand when the rider gets onto the horse. In your answer you should consider the **pressure applied** and the **forces acting**. (No calculations are necessary.)

Because pressure is measured in PIF sig the more force there is and area the pressure there is

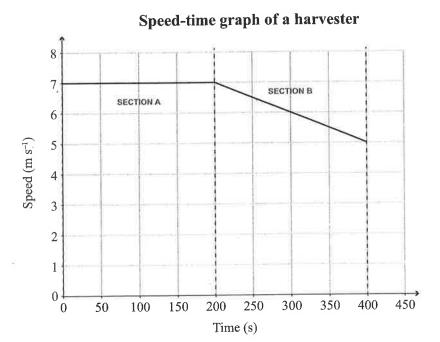
Because pressure is measured in P= # So if there is more plan force being applyied over an area Whom warm the horses hooves will sink further so when the girl sat on the horse there was more force acting over over an area so the horses sank further into the ground because there was more pressure

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The speed-time graph shows the journey of the harvester.



(a) Calculate the distance the harvester travelled in the first 200 seconds.

a= 0.835 min

(b) Explain how the **forces** acting on the harvester result in the motion shown in the graph (no calculations are needed).

Include reference to the **net force**.

Section A: The harvester was at constant speed

So there where equal amounts of \$1. Thurst

and draw acting upon the harvester but there

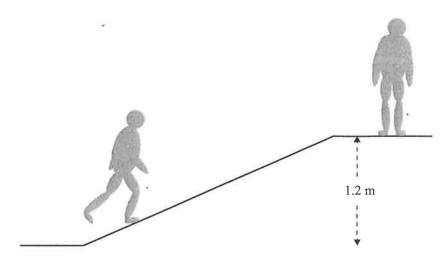
was a little bit more thirst as it was not

Standing Stilla as it was Still moring forwards

Section B: The harvester was decelerating in speed
So there was more drag then thurst acting on
the harvester.

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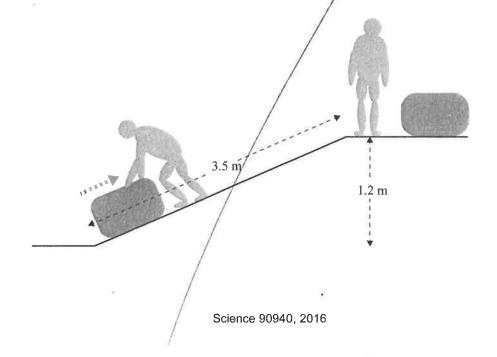
(c) An 85 kg worker climbed to the top of the ramp, a height of 1.2 m. This took 8 seconds.



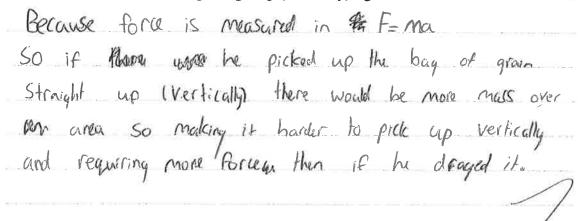
Calculate the **work** done by the worker to get to the top of the ramp and therefore the **power** exerted.

Include units.

(d) The worker dragged a 25 kg bag of grain up the 3.5 m ramp to reach the height of 1.2 m. It took longer to drag the bag up the ramp than to lift the bag straight up to the top of the ramp.



(i) Explain why the **force** needed to drag the bag of grain up the ramp to the top is less than the force needed to lift the bag straight up (vertically). Ignore friction.



(ii) Explain whether the **power** needed to drag the bag of grain to the top of the ramp is more or less than the power needed when the bag is lifted straight up (vertically) to the top of the ramp.

(No calculation is required.)

Interpretation measures less power is required whom lifting the box vertically because he has a Shorter distance he has to pear lift it to meaning he has to use less more power becase when he has to dray the box he has to dray it for longer and meaning he is using more energy. (lifting it requires him to lift it to 1.2m) (pashing it requires him to Push it for 3.5m)

NZ

QUESTION THREE

A small rocket has a mass of 2.60 kg and a weight of 26.0 N.

Explain the difference between mass and weight.

mass = is the amount of matter in an object or puson.

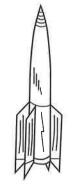
Weight = the amount of immossing in an object or persons

The rocket was fired vertically. It left the launch pad and after 1.2 s was travelling at 20 m s⁻¹. (b)

Calculate the rocket's acceleration.

$$0 = \frac{V}{\Gamma}$$

$$0 = \frac{20}{12}$$



(c) The rocket had gained 1950 J of potential energy at its maximum height. It then fell back to the ground.

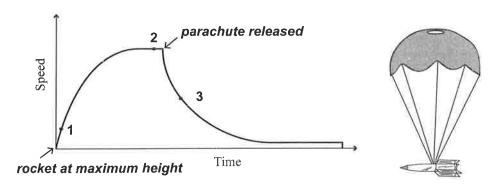
What was the maximum speed it could reach just before hitting the ground (assuming energy is conserved)?

MA Ex= 1mv2

EK= 6200 MARMS M/S

(d) The rocket was fired again. After it reached its maximum height, it began to fall back to the ground. As it fell, a parachute was released.

The graph below shows the speed-time graph of the rocket falling from its maximum height back to ground. Just after point 2, a parachute is released.



Discuss the change in speed at points 1, 2, and 3 as the rocket falls to the ground. In your answer you should:

- describe the forces involved, and whether they are unbalanced or balanced
- explain what is causing the change in speed
- describe the frictional forces acting as the rocket falls.

At point I the rocket was accelerating and the forces Where unbolanced as there was a lot more thirst then dray. At point 2 the forces where balanced as there was equal amounts of thirst and dray. At point 3 the forces where unbalanced as there was more dray then thirst making the rocket slowly decend down to make the forces the forces was acting as friction as the rocket was grown faster.

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