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91005



Level 1 History, 2017

91005 Describe the causes and consequences of an historical event

9.30 a.m. Friday 24 November 2017 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Describe the causes and consequences of an historical event.	Describe in depth the causes and consequences of an historical event.	Comprehensively describe the causes and consequences of an historical event.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should write ONE essay in this booklet.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

TOTAL 05

INSTRUCTIONS

Write an essay on ONE historical event that you have studied this year, using the essay question below.

Your chosen historical event should be:

- · a specific historical event in time, or
- a historical movement or development.

Your essay must include an introduction and a conclusion, and use supporting evidence.

You should provide context for your discussion in a detailed paragraph(s) describing the historical event.

Write your chosen historical event in the box below.

Plan your essay on page 3. Begin your essay on page 4.

ESSAY QUESTION

Identify and describe TWO main causes of your chosen historical event.

What were TWO main consequences of the event for people and/or groups?

Historical event: The Japonese invosion of Manchusia.

TWO main causes of the historical event

Weakness of the LON.

- American isolationism.
- France + GB weak ofter WWI.
- great depression.
- Japan- strongest power in east.

Struggles of Japan.

- overpopulation.
- limited resources.
- Failing industry.
- Great depression
- Trade drop: 1000 m yen.
- Manchuria 200,000 km²
- Natural resourses
 - Agriculture.

Description of the historical event

Jopan blows up sailway, blames thina. initial attack 500 threse casualties + 2 Japanese. LON Lord lytton commission of any enquiry find Jopan agressors. Japan leaves LON. etc...

TWO main consequences for people/groups

Colonisation.

- 1.5 M Japanese settlers.
- No thought for chinese.
- used manchusia as beinge
- used to help industry, trade, economy.
- provide Good.

LON failure.

- leave beepers.
- powerless in the face of large scale problem.
- + failed their duty.
- etc.

Begin your essay here:

In 1931, Japan invaded the chinese state of mancharia. There are several causes and consequences of this event, including failing industry, trade drops, and the great depression, and the failure of the league of nations. When looking at this event, it is clear that there is not one single cause, but a combination of different problems, all leading to this invasion, and the consequences that followed.

The first couse is the weakness of the League of Nations. With America absent and France and Great Britain weak after the first world war, it was very easy for Japan to disobey the rules and requirements made by the League. A very prominent reason for the leagues weakness was American isotationism. Following the first world war, the United States did not want to be a part of conflicts or events not directly threatening or concerning their country. This meant that, although created by the omerican president, the League of Nations lacked one of if not the the largest powers it could have, as the omerican people did not want to be a part of it. Another, smaller reason for this weathross was the fact that France and Coreat Britain were economically damaged and faced a high loss of life in World War one. This meant they were not as powerfull as they could be and they further weakened the league.

The Second course is the problems and struggles that Japan as a country was foring at the the time. Japan was facing to large growth in population and as a result, there was not enough living space on the island itself. Manchuria offered marly 200,000 square kilometers of land for possible Japanese settlers. Japans silk industry was also Failing, as there was less interest. Locking many natural resources itself, Jagan turned to manelinia, with its abundance of minerals and agricultural land to the assist. Japan was greatly affected by the great depression, with trade dropping by 1000 million yen between 1927 and 1931. Marchuria offered the resources Japan needed to increuse its trade and get buck on its feet. Manchuria ultimately, in the eyes of the Japanese offered a solution to all of Japans struggles. In 1931, the Japanese military detorated a small explosion near a section the of railway owned by Sugar in manchivia. Although it caused a very small amount of danage, it was enough to create a reason for Japan to invade, as they folidy occurred the chrise of an unprovoked attack. In the initial invasion, suthis there were around 500 chinese cosmallies to only 2 doponese douths. China requested ossistance from the league of Nations, who in response

sent a commission of enquiry lead by look Lython of Great Britain to investigate the problem. It took one year for Lord Lython, in 1932, to announce that they had found Japan to be the Attra aggressors, and wryed them to withdraw. Japan did not agree to this and stayed occupying manchuria, which they had set up as the paper state manchukuo, and instead left the league of nations. Japan stayed occupying manchuria until the end of World War two

The first consequence of this invosion is the colonisation of manchuria. Around 1.5 million departed settlers occupied manchuria as farmers and miners. The departed had a very low opinion of the chinese, and therefore paid no thought to the people of manchuria. The puppet state, Manchubuo, became a base for departs further exposion into asia, as they believed in a religion based expansionism, "Hakko itchu" - all the world under one roof. The colonisation of manchuria provided the food, and resources needed for depart to right itself.

The final consequence is the failure of the League of Natrans. When it was first created, the League was designed as an international peace beeping organisation; and while they did solve more

disputes in the 1920s, they ultimately failed when found
with a large problem. When it was first discovered
that Japan was the aggressor, and when they
refused to withdraw, the League had to
oftion to send military backup to china to
make Japan retreat, however, France and
Careat Britain wanted to the avoid another war, and
refused. There was also the option to cut off
trade with Japan, however, that would have
little effect or Japans main trade partner,
the USA was not a part of the league.
This showed that while the league was a good
idea in theory, it was powerless in the face
of a major dispute.
The Japanese invasion of manchura bod many different
courses, which lead to many consequences.
The reeds of the Japanese lead to the colonisation
of manchusia and showed the weakness and
failure of the league. There was not one
Single course of this event, but rather, many
different courses all adding together. // M5

Level One History AS 91005

Japanese invasion of Manchuria

Merit Exemplar – (M5)

Detail is required for a Merit grade and this essay has sufficient detail to lift it into the Merit category. The first cause has little accompanying detail, and is at an Achieved level. The second cause is better, with some statistical figures being given and a good link is made to the advantages of Manchuria as a solution to Japan's problems. The consequences also contain some detail with the candidate using names of people and places as well as some dates. This script is an example of a low level Merit. There is a lot more detail that could have been included, but there is sufficient here to lift it above the Achieved level. In general, for an M6 both the causes and the consequences need to be detailed. Detail could include the use of names of people and places, dates and statistics. It could also include the detailed linking of a cause to the event.