6.830 Lab 6: Rollback and Recovery

Assigned: Monday, May 3, 2021

Due: Wednesday, May 19, 2021 11:59 PM EST

O. Introduction

In this lab you will implement log-based rollback for aborts and log-based crash recovery. We supply you with the code that defines the

log format and appends records to a log file at appropriate times during transactions. You will implement rollback and recovery using the contents of the log file.

The logging code we provide generates records intended for physical whole-page undo and redo. When a page is first read in, our code remembers the original

content of the page as a before-image. When a transaction updates a page, the corresponding log record contains that remembered before-image as well as the content of the page after modification as an after-image. You'll use the before-image to roll back during aborts and to undo loser transactions during recovery, and the after-image

redo winners during recovery.

We are able to get away with doing whole-page physical UNDO (while ARIES must do logical UNDO) because we are doing page level locking and because we have no indices which may have a different structure at

UNDO time than when the log was initially written. The reason page-level locking simplifies things is that if a transaction modified a page, it must have had an exclusive lock on it, which means no other transaction was concurrently modifying it, so we can UNDO changes

it by just overwriting the whole page.

Your BufferPool already implements abort by deleting dirty pages, and

pretends to implement atomic commit by forcing dirty pages to disk only at commit time. Logging allows more flexible buffer management (STEAL and NO-FORCE), and our test code calls

`BufferPool.flushAllPages()`

at certain points in order to exercise that flexibility.

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## 1. Getting started
You should begin with the code you submitted for Lab 5 (if you did not
submit code for Lab 5, or your solution didn't work properly, contact
us to
discuss options.)
You'll need to modify some of your existing source and add a few new
files.
Here's what to do:
 First change to your project directory (probably called
simple-db-hw)
 and pull from the master GitHub repository:
 Now make the following changes to your existing code:
    1. Insert the following lines into BufferPool.flushPage() before
       your call to `writePage(p)`, where `p` is a reference
```

```
to the page being written:
       // append an update record to the log, with
       TransactionId dirtier = p.isDirty();
p);
 This causes the logging system to write an update to the log.
 We force the log to ensure
 the log record is on disk before the page is written to disk.
Your `BufferPool.transactionComplete()` calls `flushPage()`
  for each page that a committed transaction dirtied. For each such
  page, add a call to 'p.setBeforeImage()' after you have flushed
  the page:
```

```
// for the next transaction that modifies this page.
  After an update is committed, a page's before-image needs to be
updated
  so that later transactions that abort rollback to this committed
version
  of the page.
  (Note: We can't just call 'setBeforeImage()' in
  'flushPage()', since 'flushPage()'
  might be called even if a transaction isn't committing. Our test case
actually
  does that! If you implemented
  `transactionComplete()` by calling `flushPages()`
  instead, you may need to pass an additional
  argument to 'flushPages()' to tell it whether the flush is being
  done for a committing transaction or not. However, we strongly
suggest
  in this case you simply rewrite
  `transactionComplete()` to use `flushPage()`.)
 After you have made these changes, do a clean build (<tt>ant clean;
```

```
ant
 </tt> from the command line, or a "Clean" from the "Project" menu
in Eclipse.)
 At this point your code should pass the first three sub-tests
 of the LogTest systemtest, and fail the rest:
 % ant runsystest -Dtest=LogTest
   [junit] Testcase: TestCommitCrash took 0.018 sec
   [junit] Caused an ERROR
```

* If you don't see the above output from <tt>ant runsystest

-Dtest=LogTest</tt>,

something has gone wrong with pulling the new files, or the changes you made are somehow

incompatible with your existing code. You should figure out and fix the problem before proceeding; ask us for help if necessary.

2. Rollback

Read the comments in `LogFile.java` for a description of the log file format.

You should see in `LogFile.java` a set of functions, such as `logCommit()`, that generate each kind of log record and append it to the log.

Your first job is to implement the `rollback()` function in `LogFile.java`. This function is called when a transaction aborts, before the transaction releases its locks. Its job is to un-do any

changes the transaction may have made to the database.

Your `rollback()` should read the log file,

find all update records

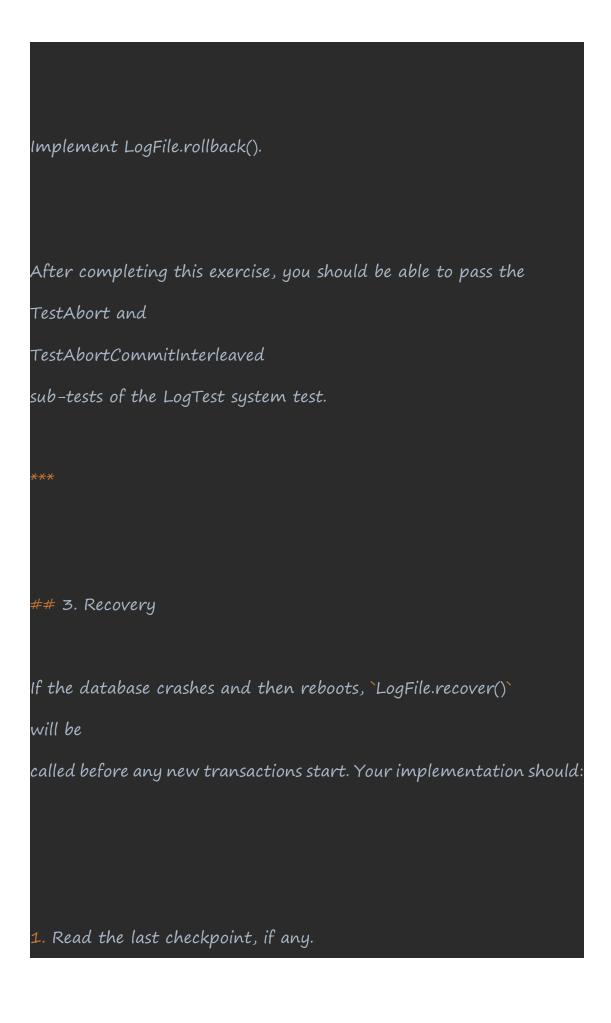
associated with the aborting transaction, extract the before-image from each, and write the before-image to the table file. Use `raf.seek()` to move around in the log file, and `raf.readInt()` etc. to

examine it. Use `readPageData()` to read each of the before- and after-images. You can use the map `tidToFirstLogRecord` (which maps

from a transaction id to an offset in the heap file) to determine where to start reading the log file for a particular transaction.
You will need to make sure that you discard any page from the buffer pool whose before-image you write back to the table file.

As you develop your code, you may find the `Logfile.print()` method useful for displaying the current contents of the log.

^{**}Exercise 1: LogFile.rollback()**



2. Scan forward from the checkpoint (or start of log file, if no
checkpoint)
to build the set of loser
transactions. Re-do updates during this pass. You can safely start
re-do at the checkpoint because `LogFile.logCheckpoint()`
flushes all dirty buffers to disk.
3. Un-do the updates of loser transactions.

Exercise 2: LogFile.recover()
Implement LogFile.recover().
After completing this exercise, you should be able to pass all
of the LogTest system test.

4. Logistics
You must submit your code (see below) as well as a short (1 page,
maximum)
writeup describing your approach. This writeup should:
 Describe any design decisions you made, including anything that
was
difficult or unexpected.
* Discuss and justify any changes you made outside of LogFile.java
4.1. Collaboration

This lab should be manageable for a single person, but if you prefer to work with a partner, this is also OK. Larger groups are not allowed.

Please indicate clearly who you worked with, if anyone, on your writeup.

4.2. Submitting your assignment

We will be using gradescope to autograde all programming assignments. You should have all been invited to the class instance; if not, please let us know and we can help you set up. You may submit your code multiple times before the deadline; we will use the latest version as determined by gradescope. Place the write-up in a file called lab3-writeup.txt with your submission. You also need to explicitly add any other files you create, such as new *.java files.

The easiest way to submit to gradescope is with `.zip` files containing your code. On Linux/MacOS, you can do so by running the following command:

```
"bash
<a name="bugs"></a>
### 4.3. Submitting a bug
SimpleDB is a relatively complex piece of code. It is very possible you
are going to find bugs, inconsistencies, and bad, outdated, or incorrect
documentation, etc.
We ask you, therefore, to do this lab with an adventurous mindset.
Don't get mad if something is not clear, or even wrong; rather, try to
figure it out
yourself or send us a friendly email.
Please submit (friendly!) bug reports to <a
href="mailto:6.830-staff@mit.edu">6.830-staff@mit.edu</a>.
When you do, please try to include:
 A description of the bug.
 A <tt>.java</tt> file we can drop in the 'src/simpledb/test'
```

directory, compile, and run.

* A <tt>.txt</tt> file with the data that reproduces the bug. We should be

able to convert it to a <tt>.dat</tt> file using 'PageEncoder'.

You can also post on the class page on Piazza if you feel you have run into a bug.

4.4 Grading

75% of your grade will be based on whether or not your code passes the system test suite we will run over it. These tests will be a superset of the tests we have provided. Before handing in your code, you should make sure it produces no errors (passes all of the tests) from both <tt>and <tt>and <tt>ant systemtest</tt>.

Important: before testing, gradescope will replace your

<tt>build.xml</tt>, <tt>HeapFileEncoder.java</tt> and the

entire contents of the <tt>test</tt> directory with our version of these

files. This means you cannot change the format

of <tt>.dat</tt> files! You should also be careful changing our APIs.

You should test that your code compiles the unmodified tests.

You should get immediate feedback and error outputs for failed tests (if any) from gradescope after submission. The score given will be your grade for the autograded portion of the assignment. An additional 25% of your grade will be based on the quality of your writeup and our subjective evaluation of your code. This part will also be published on gradescope after we finish grading your assignment.

We had a lot of fun designing this assignment, and we hope you enjoy hacking on it!