# BUILD AUTOENCODERS WITH KERAS/TENSORFLOW

### AIM:

To build autoencoders with Keras/TensorFlow

#### **PROCEDURE:**

- 1. Download and load the dataset.
- 2. Perform analysis and preprocessing of the dataset.
- 3. Build autoencoders using Keras/TensorFlow.
- 4. Compile and fit the model.
- 5. Perform prediction with the test dataset.
- 6. Calculate performance metrics.

#### **PROGRAM:**

```
import numpy as np
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
from keras.models import Model
```

```
input_dim = 784
encoding_dim = 32
input_img = Input(shape=(input_dim,))
encoded = Dense(128, activation='relu')(input_img)
```

```
encoded = Dense(64, activation='relu')(encoded)
encoded = Dense(encoding dim, activation='relu')(encoded)
decoded = Dense(64, activation='relu')(encoded)
decoded = Dense(128, activation='relu')(decoded)
decoded = Dense(input dim, activation='sigmoid')(decoded)
autoencoder = Model(input img, decoded)
encoder = Model(input img, encoded)
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy')
x train = np.random.random((1000, input dim))
x test = np.random.random((200, input dim))
autoencoder.fit(x train, x train,
         epochs=50,
         batch size=256,
         shuffle=True,
         validation data=(x test, x test))
encoded imgs = encoder.predict(x test)
decoded imgs = autoencoder.predict(x test)
print("Shape of encoded images:", encoded images.shape)
print("Shape of decoded images:", decoded images.shape)
```

## **OUTPUT:**

Shape of decoded images: (200, 784)

## **RESULT:**

Thus, an autoencoder using Keras/TensorFlow was successfully implemented.