Ex.No.8

BUILD GENERATIVE ADVERSARIAL NEURAL NETWORK

AIM:

To build a generative adversarial neural network using Keras/TensorFlow

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Download and load the dataset.
- 2. Perform analysis and preprocessing of the dataset.
- 3. Build a generative adversarial neural network using Keras/TensorFlow.
- 4. Compile and fit the model.
- 5. Perform prediction with the test dataset.
- 6. Calculate performance metrics.

PROGRAM:

import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Reshape, Flatten, BatchNormalization, LeakyReLU

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Conv2DTranspose

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential

from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```
x train = np.expand dims(x train, axis=-1)
latent dim = 100
batch size = 128
epochs = 10
sample interval = 2
def build generator():
  model = Sequential()
  model.add(Dense(7 * 7 * 128, input dim=latent dim))
  model.add(Reshape((7, 7, 128)))
  model.add(BatchNormalization())
  model.add(Conv2DTranspose(128, kernel size=4, strides=2, padding="same",
activation='relu'))
  model.add(BatchNormalization())
  model.add(Conv2DTranspose(64, kernel size=4, strides=2, padding="same",
activation='relu'))
  model.add(BatchNormalization())
  model.add(Conv2D(1, kernel size=7, activation='tanh', padding="same"))
  return model
def build discriminator():
  model = Sequential()
   model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel size=3, strides=2, input shape=(28, 28, 1),
padding="same"))
  model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2))
  model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=3, strides=2, padding="same"))
  model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2))
```

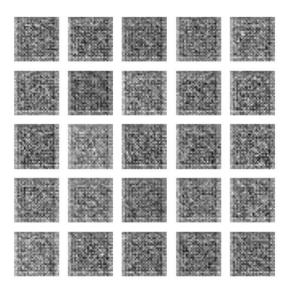
```
model.add(Flatten())
  model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
  return model
discriminator = build discriminator()
discriminator.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='binary_crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
generator = build generator()
discriminator.trainable = False
gan = Sequential([generator, discriminator])
gan.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy')
def train gan():
  real = np.ones((batch size, 1))
  fake = np.zeros((batch size, 1))
  for epoch in range(epochs):
     idx = np.random.randint(0, x train.shape[0], batch size)
     real images = x train[idx]
     noise = np.random.normal(0, 1, (batch size, latent dim))
     generated images = generator.predict(noise)
     d loss real = discriminator.train on batch(real images, real)
     d loss fake = discriminator.train on batch(generated images, fake)
```

```
d loss = 0.5 * np.add(d loss real, d loss fake)
     noise = np.random.normal(0, 1, (batch size, latent dim))
     g loss = gan.train on batch(noise, real)
     if (epoch + 1) % sample interval == 0:
        print(f"{epoch + 1}/{epochs}, D loss: {d_loss[0]}, D accuracy: {100 *
d loss[1]:.2f}%, G loss: {g_loss}")
       sample images(epoch + 1)
def sample images(epoch):
  noise = np.random.normal(0, 1, (25, latent dim))
  generated images = generator.predict(noise)
  generated_images = 0.5 * generated_images + 0.5
  plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))
  for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5, 5, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(generated images[i, :, :, 0], cmap='gray')
    plt.axis('off')
  plt.suptitle(f"Epoch {epoch}")
  plt.show()
train gan()
```

OUTPUT:

```
4/4 _______ 0s 111ms/step
4/4 _______ 0s 100ms/step
10/10, D loss: 0.6987324357032776, D accuracy: 31.07%, G loss: [array(0.69915515, dtype=float32), array(0.69915515, dtype=float32)]
1/1 ______ 0s 88ms/step
```

Epoch 10



RESULT:

Thus, a generative adversarial neural network using Keras/TensorFlow was successfully implemented.