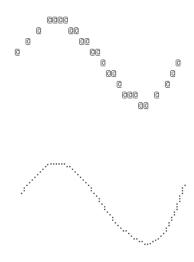
### Weiche Kurven in der Computergrafik

Alexander Heinrich

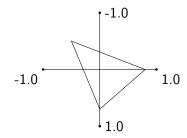
29.08.17

#### Zeichnen in Konsole

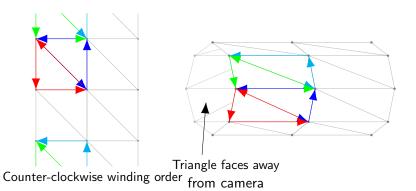


## Darstellung eines Dreiecks

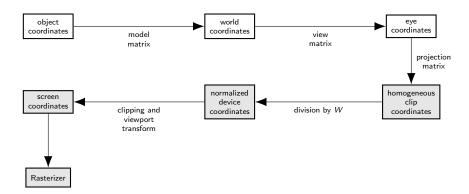
```
Float[] triangle =
[
-0.5, 0.5, 0.0,
0.8, 0.0, 0.0,
0.0, -0.7, 0.0,
]
```



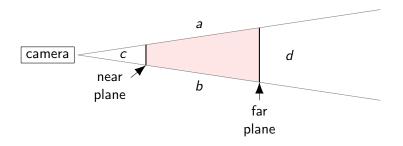
## Generierung eines Zylinders



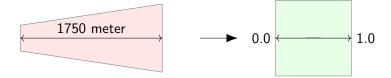
#### Moderne Rendering Pipeline



## Perspektive



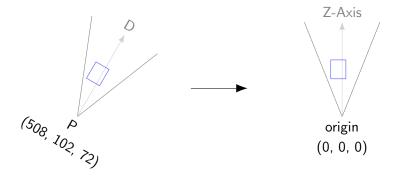
## Projektion nach homogene Clip-Koordinaten



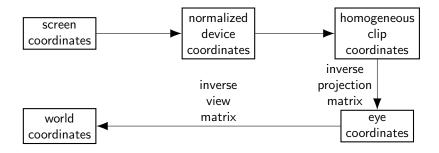
### Projektionsmatrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{Z n ear}{w i d t h / 2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{Z n ear}{h e i g h t / 2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{Z f ar + Z n ear}{Z f ar - Z n ear} & \frac{2 Z f ar Z n ear}{Z f ar - Z n ear} \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

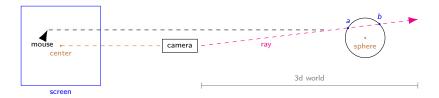
#### Effekt der View-Matrix



### Umgekehrte Rendering Pipeline



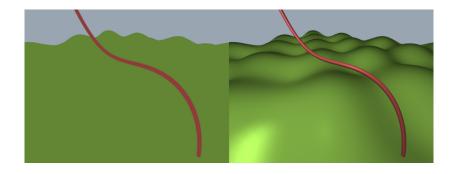
### Kollision von Lichtstrahl mit Kugel



### Verschiebung der Kugel



## Beleuchtung



#### Multiplikation von Farben

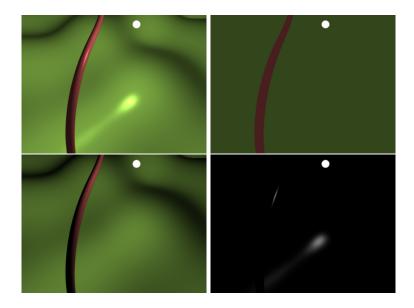
Beispiel für grünes Objekt mit weißem Licht:

$$[0.5, 0.75, 0.0]$$
  $\times$   $[1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$   $=$   $[0.5, 0.75, 0.0]$ 

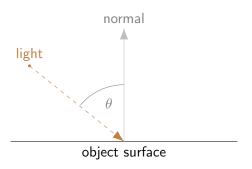
Beispiel für grünes Objekt mit rötlichem Licht:

$$[0.5, 0.75, 0.0] \times [1.0, 0.7, 0.7] = [0.5, 0.525, 0.0]$$

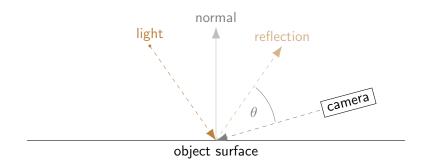
## Phong Shading



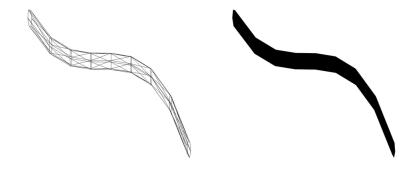
#### Diffuses Licht



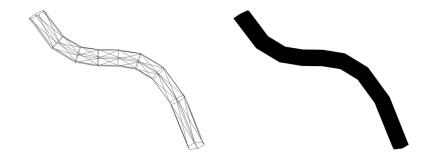
## Spekularität



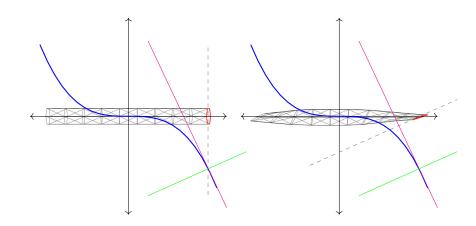
## $x^3$ visualisiert



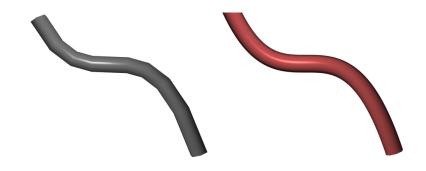
## $x^3$ visualisiert



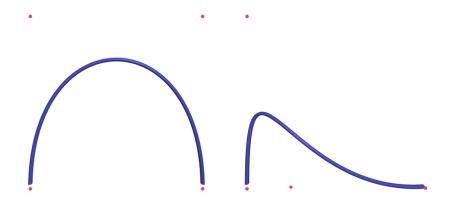
## Rotation um Mittelpunkt



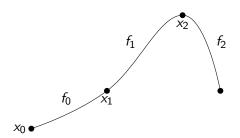
### Kurven mit Beleuchtung durch Normalen



#### Bézier-Kurve



## Kubische Spline



# Spline Kurven

