R Notebook

This is an R Markdown Notebook. When you execute code within the notebook, the results appear beneath the code.

Try executing this chunk by clicking the Run button within the chunk or by placing your cursor inside it and pressing Ctrl+Shift+Enter.

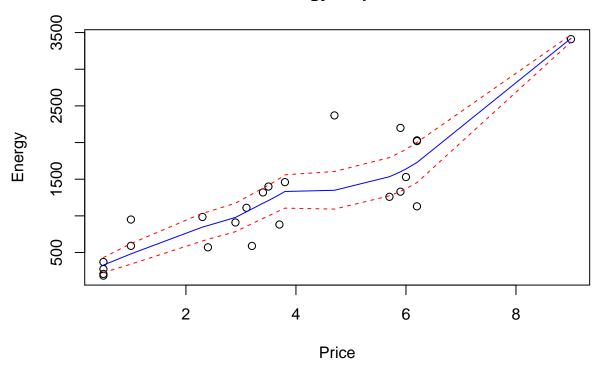
Add a new chunk by clicking the *Insert Chunk* button on the toolbar or by pressing Ctrl+Alt+I.

When you save the notebook, an HTML file containing the code and output will be saved alongside it (click the Preview button or press Ctrl+Shift+K to preview the HTML file).

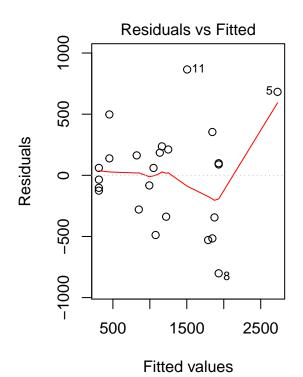
The preview shows you a rendered HTML copy of the contents of the editor. Consequently, unlike *Knit*, *Preview* does not run any R code chunks. Instead, the output of the chunk when it was last run in the editor is displayed.

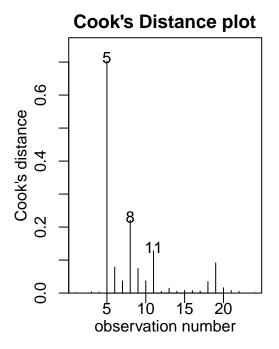
```
library(s20x)
#laptop:/
#setwd("C:/Users/Alex/Documents/GitHub/Engsci211Assignment2")
#home computer:
setwd("I:/GitHub/Engsci 211/Engsci211Assignment2")
energy.df = read.table("McDonalds.txt", header = TRUE)
head(energy.df)
##
     Energy Price
## 1
        910
              2.9
## 2
       1110
              3.1
## 3
       2030
              6.2
## 4
       2020
              6.2
## 5
       3410
              9.0
       1330
              5.9
## 6
trendscatter(Energy~Price, main = "Energy vs price", data = energy.df)
```

Energy vs price



```
energy.fit = lm(Energy~Price, data = energy.df)
layout20x(1,2)
plot(energy.fit,which=1)
cooks20x(energy.fit)
```



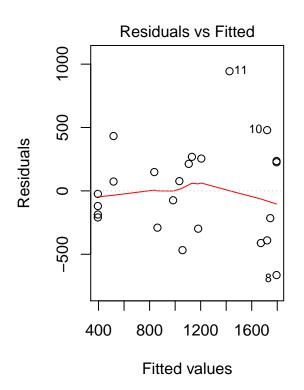


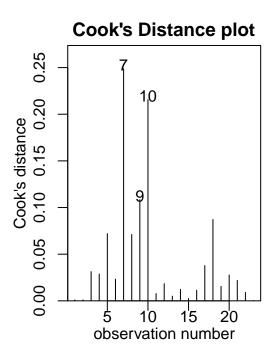
summary(energy.fit)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Energy ~ Price, data = energy.df)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -801.23 -294.28
                     60.52
                           191.58
                                    865.33
##
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 168.11
                            154.58
                                     1.088
                                              0.289
                 284.37
                             35.67
                                     7.973 6.24e-08 ***
## Price
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 402.5 on 22 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7429, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7312
## F-statistic: 63.57 on 1 and 22 DF, p-value: 6.245e-08
```

As we can see the data is quite heavily skewed, and, the observation at position 5 is heavily influential with a cooks distance of 0.7, which is greater than 0.4.

```
energy.fit2 <- lm(Energy~Price, data = energy.df[-5,])
layout20x(1,2)
plot(energy.fit2,which=1)</pre>
```



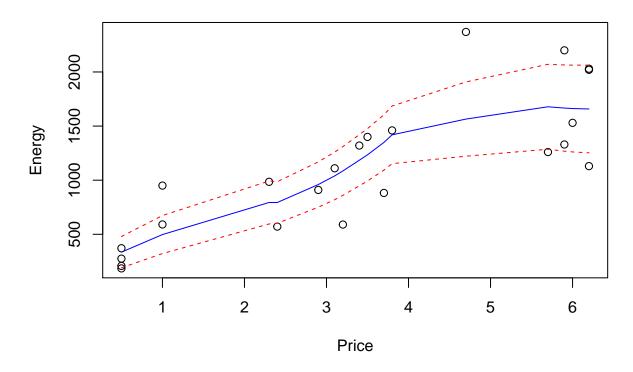


summary(energy.fit2)

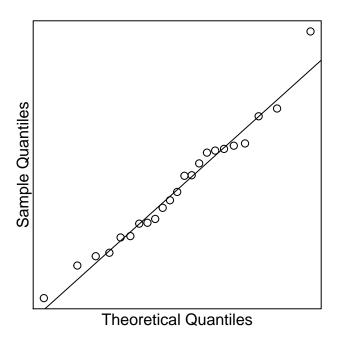
```
##
## Call:
##
  lm(formula = Energy ~ Price, data = energy.df[-5, ])
##
  Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
                    -23.76
                            230.66
                                    943.97
   -664.34 -252.76
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                      1.795
                                              0.0871 .
##
  (Intercept)
                 271.99
                             151.53
## Price
                 245.54
                             37.79
                                      6.497 1.95e-06 ***
##
                     '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 373.6 on 21 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6678, Adjusted R-squared: 0.652
## F-statistic: 42.21 on 1 and 21 DF, p-value: 1.946e-06
```

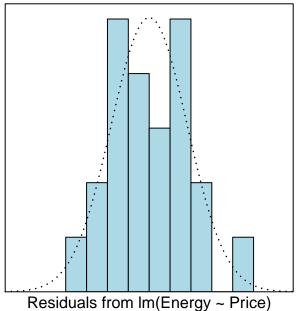
As we can see, the cooks distance plot no longer shows any influential observations above 0.4. Similarly, we can see that by removing the observation the estimate for price shifts from 284.37 to 245.54, which is a change of 38.83, which is a change of more than 35.57, which is the standard error, which implies the observation at 5 should be removed.

Plot of Energy vs. Price (lowess+/-sd)



normcheck(energy.fit2)





As we can see the sample with the influential observation removed, the distribution is normal so our assumption of normality is correct.

```
summary(energy.fit2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Energy ~ Price, data = energy.df[-5, ])
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
   -664.34 -252.76 -23.76
                           230.66
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 271.99
                            151.53
                                     1.795
                                             0.0871 .
## Price
                 245.54
                             37.79
                                     6.497 1.95e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 373.6 on 21 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6678, Adjusted R-squared: 0.652
## F-statistic: 42.21 on 1 and 21 DF, p-value: 1.946e-06
pred.df = data.frame
```