

UR5e Frames + DH

Frame Assignment:

Z_0 : base yaw axis, vertical.

Z_1 : shoulder pitch axis; perpendicular to Z_0 (points “forward” in a side view).

Z_2 : elbow pitch axis; parallel to Z_1 .

Z_3 : wrist-1 pitch axis; typically parallel to Z_1 and Z_2 .

Z_4 : wrist-2 axis; orthogonal to Z_3 .

Z_5 : wrist-3 (tool roll) axis; orthogonal to Z_4 .

UR5e Geometric Constants:

$$d_1 = 0.1625 \text{ m}$$

$$a_2 = -0.425 \text{ m}$$

$$a_3 = -0.392 \text{ m}$$

$$d_4 = 0.1333 \text{ m}$$

$$d_5 = 0.0997 \text{ m}$$

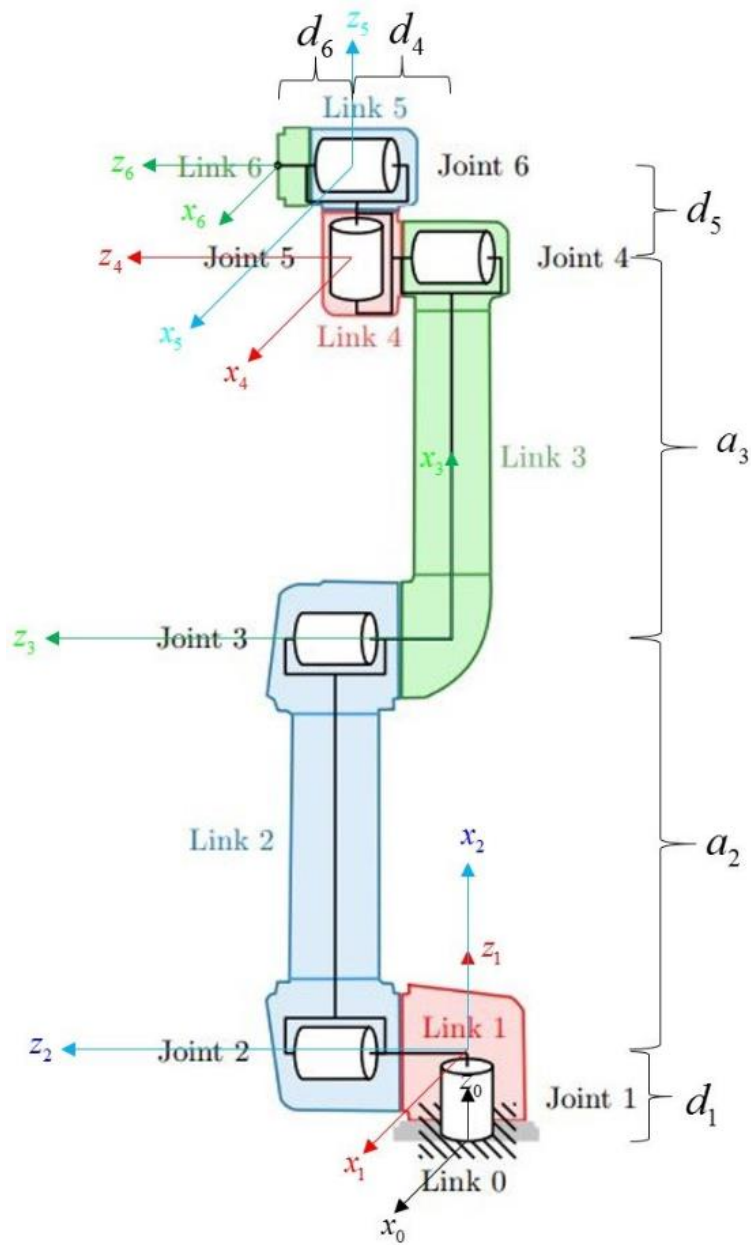
$$d_6 = 0.0996 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Base height } L_B = 0.163 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Tool-plate thickness } L_{TP} = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

For context, a_2 and a_3 are the “upper arm” and “forearm” link lengths; d_4 and d_5 are the wrist stack offsets. L_B is the base pedestal height.

Figure X: UR5e manipulator with labeled DH parameters a_i and d_i . (Source: Universal Robots / ResearchGate)



Standard DH Table(UR5e):

Joint(i)	a_{i-1}	α_{i-1}	d_i	θ_i
1	0	$\pi/2$	0.1625 m	θ_1
2	-0.425 m	0	0	θ_2
3	-0.392 m	0	0	θ_3
4	0 m	$\pi/2$	0.1333 m	θ_4
5	0 m	$-\pi/2$	0.0997 m	θ_5
6	0 m	0	0.0996 m	θ_6

Sources:

1. Universal Robots. *DH Parameters for Calculations of Kinematics and Dynamics*. Retrieved from: <https://www.universal-robots.com/articles/ur/application-installation/dh-parameters-for-calculations-of-kinematics-and-dynamics/>
2. Williams, R. L. (2024). *Universal Robot Kinematics*. Ohio University, Department of Mechanical Engineering. Retrieved from: <https://people.ohio.edu/williams/html/PDF/UniversalRobotKinematics.pdf>
3. ROS-Industrial Consortium. *UR5 Robot Description (URDF file)*. GitHub Repository: https://github.com/ros-industrial/universal_robot/blob/melodic-devel/ur_description/urdf/ur5.urdf.xacro