

How to Write A Recipe?

Automating Feature Engineering Using DriverlessAI

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Question

1. How many of us have built variables, features, transformers, or feature transformers?
2. What are they?

Answer

1. Variables, features, transformers, feature transformers are refer to the same.
2. Each column in your data is considered a variable or a feature.
3. Each *new* column created is also referred to as a variable or a feature.
4. The process of creating a new variable, or a feature is called a transformation.
5. The code processing an *existing* column to a *new* column is called a *transformer*.

Example Transformation

1. *height*- Variable
2. New variable after transformation $\log_2(\text{height})$

Question

1. How many of us are familiar with Custom Transformers in Driverless AI?
2. What are they?

Answer

1. DriverlessAI already has a large, comprehensive set of transformers.
2. But there are always domains that require nuanced features.
3. And for this, DriverlessAI provides us to create custom transformers.
4. This is provided by provisioning an extension class *CustomTransformer*

How Did We Build A Custom Transformer?

Driverless AI provides an extension.

This is a class 'CustomTransformer'

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):
```

How Did We Build This?

The class has:

1. Parameters that need to be provided.
2. These parameters are specific to the type of feature recipe that you are building.
3. It also has four methods which primarily handle your feature engineering transformation.



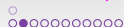
Parameters - Basic

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):  
    _regression = True  
    _binary = True  
    _multiclass = True
```



Parameters - Advanced

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):  
    _regression = True  
    _binary = True  
    _multiclass = True  
    _numeric_output = True  
    _is_reproducible = True  
    _excluded_model_classes = ['tensorflow']  
    _modules_needed_by_name = ["custom_package==1.0.0"]
```

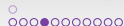


Acceptance Method

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):  
    _regression = True  
    _binary = True  
    _multiclass = True  
    _numeric_output = True  
    _is_reproducible = True  
    _excluded_model_classes = ['tensorflow']  
    _modules_needed_by_name = ["custom_package==1.0.0"]  
  
    @staticmethod  
    def do_acceptance_test():  
        return True
```

Input Data

```
...  
@staticmethod  
def do_acceptance_test():  
    return True  
  
@staticmethod  
def get_default_properties():  
    return dict(col_type = "numeric", min_cols = 1, max_cols = 1,  
                relative_importance = 1)
```



Input Data Types

- a. "all" - all column types
- b. "any" - any column types
- c. "numeric" - numeric int/float column
- d. "categorical" - string/int/float column considered a categorical for feature engineering
- e. "numcat" - allow both numeric or categorical
- f. "datetime" - string or int column with raw datetime such as '%Y/%m/%d %H:%M:%S' or '%Y%m%d%H%M'



Input Data Types

- g. "date" - string or int column with raw date such as
'%Y/%m/%d' or '%Y%m%d'
- h. "text" - string column containing text
(and hence not treated as categorical)
- i. "time_column" - the time column specified at the start of
the experiment (unmodified)

Fit Function

```
@staticmethod
def get_default_properties():
    return dict(col_type = "numeric", min_cols = 1, max_cols = 1,
                relative_importance = 1)

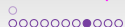
def fit_transform(self, X: dt.Frame, y: np.array = None):
    X_pandas = X.to_pandas()
    X_p_log = np.log10(X_pandas)
    return X_p_log
```



Transform Function

```
def fit_transform(self, X: dt.Frame, y: np.array = None):  
    X_pandas = X.to_pandas()  
    X_p_log = np.log10(X_pandas)  
    return X_p_log
```

```
def transform(self, X: dt.Frame):  
    X_pandas = X.to_pandas()  
    X_p_log = np.log10(X_pandas)  
    return X_p_log
```

Library

```
from h2oaicore.systemutils import segfault, loggerinfo, main_logger
from h2oaicore.transformer_utils import CustomTransformer
import datatable as dt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import logging
```

DEMO

Advantages

1. Feature engineering process standardised by:
 - 1.1 preset parameters
 - 1.2 preset methods
2. Effort minimisation leads to minimisation in time spent.
3. Build only once - Feature engineering is carried over from training/testing to production.
4. DAI automatically, runs multiple models on various sets of features to get the best model.
5. All the requirements are handled internally by DAI.



References

How to build a recipe

https://github.com/ashrith/how_to_write_a_recipe

Thanks & Questions