DSC 650 Alyssa Weber 6/26/23

# **Assignment 3**

Import libraries and define common helper functions

```
In [1]: import os
        import sys
        import gzip
        import json
        from pathlib import Path
        import csv
        import pandas as pd
        import s3fs
        import pyarrow as pa
        from pyarrow.json import read_json
        import pyarrow.parquet as pq
        import fastavro
        import pygeohash
        import snappy
        import jsonschema
        from jsonschema.exceptions import ValidationError
        endpoint_url='https://storage.budsc.midwest-datascience.com'
        current_dir = Path(os.getcwd()).absolute()
        schema_dir = current_dir.joinpath('schemas')
        results_dir = current_dir.joinpath('results')
        results_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
        def read_jsonl_data():
            s3 = s3fs.S3FileSystem(
                anon=True,
                client_kwargs={
                     'endpoint_url': endpoint_url
            src_data_path = '../../data/processed/openflights/routes.jsonl.gz'
            with gzip.open(src_data_path, 'rb') as f:records = [json.loads(line) for line i
            return records
```

Load the records from https://storage.budsc.midwest-datascience.com/data/processed/openflights/routes.jsonl.gz

```
In [2]: records = read_jsonl_data()
```

Note: I copied this first record into https://www.liquid-technologies.com/online-json-to-schema-converter to create my JSON schema. There were errors with the boolean items in 'active' and 'codeshare'. I adjusted them to strings in the website, then back to bookleans in the code in 3.1a

# 3.1

#### 3.1.a JSON Schema

I first tried to write the schema using the genson package. The following code was used to write the routes-schema.json file.

```
In [5]: #%pip install genson
    from genson import SchemaBuilder

schema_path = schema_dir.joinpath('routes-schema.json')

builder = SchemaBuilder()
    builder.add_object(records )
    routes_schema = builder.to_schema()

with open(schema_path, "w") as f:
        json.dump(routes_schema, f)
```

I used a generator to write a different schema to use for validation and manually added it since the genson schema was throwing too many errors. To create the schema, I copied the first record into <a href="https://www.liquid-technologies.com/online-json-to-schema-converter">https://www.liquid-technologies.com/online-json-to-schema-converter</a>. There were errors with the boolean items in 'active' and 'codeshare'. I adjusted them to strings in the website, then back to bookleans in the code in 3.1a

```
"type": "string"
    },
    "alias": {
      "type": "string"
    "iata": {
     "type": "string"
    },
    "icao": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "callsign": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "country": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "active": {
      "type": "boolean"
  },
  "required": [
    "airline_id",
    "name",
    "alias",
    "iata",
    "icao",
    "callsign",
    "country",
    "active"
  1
},
"src_airport": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "airport_id": {
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "name": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "city": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "country": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "iata": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "icao": {
      "type": "string"
    "latitude": {
      "type": "number"
    },
```

```
"longitude": {
      "type": "number"
    },
    "altitude": {
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "timezone": {
      "type": "number"
    },
    "dst": {
      "type": "string"
    "tz_id": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "type": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "source": {
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "airport_id",
    "name",
    "city",
    "country",
    "iata",
    "icao",
    "latitude",
    "longitude",
    "altitude",
    "timezone",
    "dst",
    "tz_id",
    "type",
    "source"
  1
},
"dst_airport": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "airport_id": {
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "name": {
      "type": "string"
    "city": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "country": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "iata": {
      "type": "string"
```

```
"icao": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "latitude": {
      "type": "number"
    "longitude": {
      "type": "number"
    },
    "altitude": {
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "timezone": {
      "type": "number"
    },
    "dst": {
      "type": "string"
    "tz_id": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "type": {
     "type": "string"
    },
    "source": {
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "airport_id",
    "name",
    "city",
    "country",
    "iata",
    "icao",
    "latitude",
    "longitude",
    "altitude",
    "timezone",
    "dst",
    "tz_id",
    "type",
    "source"
},
"codeshare": {
  "type": "boolean"
},
"equipment": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": [
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
```

```
},
  "required": [
    "airline",
    "src_airport",
    "dst_airport",
    "codeshare",
    "equipment"
  1
    with open(validation_csv_path, 'w') as f:
        count = 0
        total = 0
        for i, record in enumerate(records):
            total = total + 1
            try:
                validate(record, schema)
            except ValidationError as e:
                count = count + 1
                pass
        print('There are', count, 'invalid records out of' , total, 'records.')
validate_jsonl_data(records)
```

There are 892 invalid records out of 67663 records.

### 3.1.b Avro

```
In [7]: # version 1.7 was throwing errors in the next cell with <none> values
# pip install fastavro==1.3.0

In [8]: from fastavro import writer, reader, parse_schema

def create_avro_dataset(records):
    schema_path = schema_dir.joinpath('routes.avsc')
    data_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.avro')

with open(schema_path) as f:
    schema = json.loads(f.read())
    avro_schema = fastavro.parse_schema(schema)
    with open(data_path, 'wb') as dataset:
        fastavro.writer(dataset, avro_schema, records)

create_avro_dataset(records)
```

I was unable to open the routes.avro file due to a UTF-8 error. I used https://towardsdatascience.com/csv-files-for-storage-absolutely-not-use-apache-avro-instead-7b7296149326 to help me view the file as a pandas dataframe.

```
In [9]: import pandas as pd

# 1. List to store the records
avro_records = []

# 2. Read the Avro file
data_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.avro')
with open(data_path, 'rb') as fo:
    avro_reader = reader(fo)
    for record in avro_reader:
        avro_records.append(record)

# 3. Convert to pd.DataFrame
df_avro = pd.DataFrame(avro_records)

# Print the first couple of rows
df_avro.head()
```

Out[9]:		airline	src_airport	dst_airport	codeshare	stops	equipment
	0	{'airline_id': 410, 'name': 'Aerocondor', 'ali	{'airport_id': 2965, 'name': 'Sochi Internatio	{'airport_id': 2990, 'name': 'Kazan Internatio	False	0	[CR2]
	1		{'airport_id': 2966, 'name': 'Astrakhan Airpor	{'airport_id': 2990, 'name': 'Kazan Internatio	False	0	[CR2]
	2		{'airport_id': 2966, 'name': 'Astrakhan Airpor	{'airport_id': 2962, 'name': 'Mineralnyye Vody	False	0	[CR2]
	3	{'airline_id': 410, 'name': 'Aerocondor', 'ali	{'airport_id': 2968, 'name': 'Chelyabinsk Bala	{'airport_id': 2990, 'name': 'Kazan Internatio	False	0	[CR2]
	4	{'airline_id': 410, 'name': 'Aerocondor', 'ali	{'airport_id': 2968, 'name': 'Chelyabinsk Bala	{'airport_id': 4078, 'name': 'Tolmachevo Airpo	False	0	[CR2]

# 3.1.c Parquet

```
In [10]: def create_parquet_dataset():
    src_data_path = 'routes.jsonl.gz'
    parquet_output_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.parquet')

with gzip.open(src_data_path, 'rb') as f:
    df = pd.read_json(src_data_path, lines=True)
    table = pa.Table.from_pandas(df)

pq.write_table(table, parquet_output_path)
```

```
pass
    ## TODO: Use Apache Arrow to create Parquet table and save the dataset
create_parquet_dataset()
```

Again, the routes.parquet file will not open due to a UTF-8 encoded error. The following code checks that the file was populated correctly. (Method found in a Teams thread by Matthew Fikes on 9/15/2021)

```
In [11]: pq_output = results_dir.joinpath('routes.parquet')
    parquet_table = pq.read_table(pq_output)
    parquet_table.to_pandas()
```

Out[11]:

	airline	src_airport	dst_airport	codeshare	equipment
0	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 410, 'alias': '	{'airport_id': 2965.0, 'altitude': 89.0, 'city	{'airport_id': 2990.0, 'altitude': 411.0, 'cit	False	[CR2]
1	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 410, 'alias': '	{'airport_id': 2966.0, 'altitude': -65.0, 'cit	{'airport_id': 2990.0, 'altitude': 411.0, 'cit	False	[CR2]
2	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 410, 'alias': '	{'airport_id': 2966.0, 'altitude': -65.0, 'cit	{'airport_id': 2962.0, 'altitude': 1054.0, 'ci	False	[CR2]
3	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 410, 'alias': '	{'airport_id': 2968.0, 'altitude': 769.0, 'cit	{'airport_id': 2990.0, 'altitude': 411.0, 'cit	False	[CR2]
4	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 410, 'alias': '	{'airport_id': 2968.0, 'altitude': 769.0, 'cit	{'airport_id': 4078.0, 'altitude': 365.0, 'cit	False	[CR2]
•••					
67658	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 4178, 'alias':	{'airport_id': 6334.0, 'altitude': 41.0, 'city	{'airport_id': 3341.0, 'altitude': 20.0, 'city	False	[SF3]
67659	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 19016, 'alias':	{'airport_id': 4029.0, 'altitude': 588.0, 'cit	{'airport_id': 2912.0, 'altitude': 2058.0, 'ci	False	[734]
67660	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 19016, 'alias':	{'airport_id': 2912.0, 'altitude': 2058.0, 'ci	{'airport_id': 4029.0, 'altitude': 588.0, 'cit	False	[734]
67661	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 19016, 'alias':	{'airport_id': 2912.0, 'altitude': 2058.0, 'ci	{'airport_id': 2913.0, 'altitude': 2927.0, 'ci	False	[734]
67662	{'active': True, 'airline_id': 19016, 'alias':	{'airport_id': 2913.0, 'altitude': 2927.0, 'ci	{'airport_id': 2912.0, 'altitude': 2058.0, 'ci	False	[734]

67663 rows × 5 columns

### 3.1.d Protocol Buffers

```
In [12]: sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('routes_pb2'))
    import routes_pb2

def _airport_to_proto_obj(airport):
    obj = routes_pb2.Airport()
    if airport is None:
        return None
```

```
if airport.get('airport_id') is None:
        return None
   obj.airport_id = airport.get('airport_id')
   if airport.get('name'):
        obj.name = airport.get('name')
   if airport.get('city'):
        obj.city = airport.get('city')
   if airport.get('iata'):
        obj.iata = airport.get('iata')
   if airport.get('icao'):
        obj.icao = airport.get('icao')
   if airport.get('altitude'):
        obj.altitude = airport.get('altitude')
   if airport.get('timezone'):
        obj.timezone = airport.get('timezone')
   if airport.get('dst'):
        obj.dst = airport.get('dst')
   if airport.get('tz_id'):
        obj.tz_id = airport.get('tz_id')
   if airport.get('type'):
        obj.type = airport.get('type')
   if airport.get('source'):
        obj.source = airport.get('source')
   obj.latitude = airport.get('latitude')
   obj.longitude = airport.get('longitude')
   return obj
def _airline_to_proto_obj(airline):
   obj = routes_pb2.Airline()
   if airline is None:
        return None
   if not airline.get('name'):
        return None
   if not airline.get('airline_id'):
        return None
   if not airline.get('active'):
        return None
   obj.airline_id = airline.get('airline_id')
   obj.name = airline.get('name')
   if airline.get('alias'):
        obj.alias = airline.get('alias')
   if airline.get('iata'):
        obj.iata = airline.get('iata')
   if airline.get('icao'):
        obj.icao = airline.get('icao')
   if airline.get('callsign'):
        obj.callsign = airline.get('callsign')
   if airline.get('country'):
        obj.country = airline.get('country')
   if airline.get('active'):
        obj.active = airline.get('active')
```

```
return obj
def create_protobuf_dataset(records):
   routes = routes_pb2.Routes()
   for record in records:
        route = routes pb2.Route()
        airline = _airline_to_proto_obj(record.get('airline', {}))
        if airline:
            route.airline.CopyFrom(airline)
        src_airport = _airport_to_proto_obj(record.get('src_airport', {}))
        if src_airport:
            route.src_airport.CopyFrom(src_airport)
        dst_airport = _airline_to_proto_obj(record.get('dst_airport', {}))
        if dst airport:
            route.dst_airport.CopyFrom(dst_airport)
        route.codeshare = record.get('codeshare', False)
        routes.route.append(route)
   data_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.pb')
   with open(data_path, 'wb') as f:
        f.write(routes.SerializeToString())
   compressed_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.pb.snappy')
   with open(compressed_path, 'wb') as f:
        f.write(snappy.compress(routes.SerializeToString()))
create_protobuf_dataset(records)
```

# 3.1.e Output Sizes

```
In [13]: import os
         # routes.avro
         file_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.avro')
         file size = os.path.getsize(file path)
         print("File Size is :", file_size, "bytes")
       File Size is: 19646227 bytes
In [14]: # routes.parquet
         file path = results dir.joinpath('routes.parquet')
         file_size = os.path.getsize(file_path)
         print("File Size is :", file_size, "bytes")
       File Size is: 1977853 bytes
In [15]: # routes.pb
         file_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.pb')
         file_size = os.path.getsize(file_path)
         print("File Size is :", file_size, "bytes")
       File Size is: 13401314 bytes
```

```
In [16]: # routes.pb.snappy
file_path = results_dir.joinpath('routes.pb.snappy')
file_size = os.path.getsize(file_path)
print("File Size is :", file_size, "bytes")
File Size is : 1900412 bytes
```

3.2

# 3.2.a Simple Geohash Index

```
In [17]: def create_hash_dirs(records):
             geoindex_dir = results_dir.joinpath('geoindex')
             geoindex_dir.mkdir(exist_ok=True, parents=True)
             hashes = []
             for record in records:
                 src_airport = record.get('src_airport', {})
                 if src airport:
                     latitude = src_airport.get('latitude')
                     longitude = src_airport.get('longitude')
                     if latitude and longitude:
                          geohash = pygeohash.encode(latitude, longitude)
                          record['geohash'] = geohash
                          hashes.append(geohash)
             hashes.sort()
             three_letter = sorted(list(set([entry[:3] for entry in hashes])))
             hash_index = {value: [] for value in three_letter}
             for record in records:
                 geohash = record.get('geohash')
                 if geohash:
                     hash_index[geohash[:3]].append(record)
             for key, values in hash_index.items():
                 output_dir = geoindex_dir.joinpath(str(key[:1])).joinpath(str(key[:2]))
                 output_dir.mkdir(exist_ok=True, parents=True)
                 output_path = output_dir.joinpath('{}.jsonl.gz'.format(key))
                 with gzip.open(output_path, 'w') as f:
                     json output = '\n'.join([json.dumps(value) for value in values])
                     f.write(json_output.encode('utf-8'))
         create_hash_dirs(records)
```

## 3.2.b Simple Search Feature

```
In [18]: import pygeohash

def airport_search(latitude, longitude):
    # create geohash based on input of lat and long
    geohash = pygeohash.encode(latitude, longitude)

# reference geoindex
geoindex_dir = results_dir.joinpath('geoindex')
```

```
# set the closest distance to a large value
   closest_distance = float('inf')
   # iterate through the records
   for record in records:
        src_airport = record.get('src_airport', {})
        if src_airport:
            latitude = src_airport.get('latitude')
            longitude = src_airport.get('longitude')
            if latitude and longitude:
                # for each record create the geohash based on the lat and long
                src_geohash = pygeohash.encode(latitude, longitude)
                # calculate the distance between the record and the original input
                distance = pygeohash.geohash_approximate_distance(geohash, src_geoh
                # if the distance is the new smallest...
                if distance < closest_distance:</pre>
                    # save it as the closest distance and save the airport informat
                    closest_distance = distance
                    airport = src_airport
   #print the results
   print(airport['name'], 'is the closest airport to your search.' )
airport_search(41.1499988, -95.91779)
```

Eppley Airfield is the closest airport to your search.

```
In [ ]:
```