# **COMP** 110

Lists in Memory

## Recap...

- A list is a data structure—something that lets you organize and store data in a format such that they can be accessed and processed efficiently.
- Syntax:
  - o grocery\_list: list[str] = ["eggs", "milk", "bread"]
- Can be an arbitrary length
- Empty List: use a constructor, list() or the literal, []
- Indexing like strings, but we can modify by index
- Methods:
  - Append, to add to the end of the list
  - Pop, to remove an item from the list (by specifying its index)

# Lists in Memory: Comparing Lists and Strings

```
a: str = "24"
  b: str = a
 a += "6"
3
   print(b)
4
   a: list[int] = [2,4]
    b: list[int] = a
    a.append(6)
3
    print(b)
4
```

## Lists + Functions

#### Functions can:

- Take lists as arguments
- Return or create lists
- Modify lists!

# Taking a List as an Argument

```
1  def display(vals: list[int]) -> None:
2     idx: int = 0
3     while idx < len(vals):
4     print(vals[idx])
5     idx += 1
6
7  display([1,2,3])</pre>
```

# Creating + Returning a List

print(global odds)

12

```
def odds_list(min: int, max: int) -> list[int]:
 2
         """returns list of odds between min and max"""
         odds: list[int] = list()
 3
 4
        x: int = min
        while x <= max:
 5
            if x % 2 == 1:
 6
                 odds.append(x)
 8
            x += 1
         return odds
 9
10
    global_odds: list[int] = odds_list(2,10)
11
```

# Modifying a List

## Coding Example (if we have time)

- Let's implement a function where we can call with 2 arguments:
  - o A "needle" int value we are searching for
  - A "haystack" list of values we are searching in

The return value of the function should be True if in the haystack at least once and False otherwise

The name of the function will be contains

```
1 v def dup(xs: list[str]):
        start_len: int = len(xs)
 3
        i: int = 0
4~
        while i < start_len:</pre>
            xs.append(xs[i])
            i += 1
 6
   groceries: list[str] = ["apples", "eggs"]
   print(dup(groceries))
10 print(groceries)
```