

COMP
110

for loops + range()

Looping Through Sequences

- You can use a loop to iterate over every element in a sequence!

for ... in ... loops

```
xs: list[str] = ["w", "x", "y", "z"]
```

Print every element of xs

while

for ... in ...

```
xs: list[str] = ["w", "x", "y", "z"]
```

```
while idx < len(xs):
```

iterates over

```
idx: int = 0
while idx < len(xs):
    print(idx)
    idx += 1
```

Output:

0
1
2
3

list[str]	
0	"w"
1	"x"
2	"y"
3	"z"

```
for elem in xs:
```

iterates over

```
for elem in my_list:
    print(elem)
```

Output:

w
x
y
z

for ... in ... loops in Memory

```
1  """Practice of for Loops"""
2
3  my_list: list[str] = ["hello", "world"]
4  new_list: list[str] = []
5  for elem in my_list:
6      |   new_list.append(elem)
7  print(new_list)
```

Writing for loops

```
pets: list[str] = ["Louie", "Bo", "Bear"]
```

Using a **for ... in ...** loop, write code to tell each pet they're a good boy!

Challenge: call each elem something other than "elem"

Output should be:

Good boy, Louie!

Good boy, Bo!

Good boy, Bear!

Range



- A type of sequence you can loop over.
- Includes start point, does not include end point, and *steps* through every point in between
- Constructor: `range(start, end, [step = 1])`
- Examples:
 - `range(1, 5)` stops at numbers 1, 2, 3, 4
 - `range(1, 6, 2)` stops at numbers 1, 3, 5

range() in Memory

On the heap, but don't worry about it. :-)


```
my_list = ["w", "x", "y", "z"]
```

```
for idx in range(0, len(my_list)):
```

iterates over

list[str]	
0	"w"
1	"x"
2	"y"
3	"z"

```
for elem in my_list:
```

iterates over

```
my_list = ["w", "x", "y", "z"]
```

```
for idx in range(0, len(my_list)):
```

iterates over

list[str]	
indexes	elements
0	"w"
1	"x"
2	"y"
3	"z"

```
for elem in my_list:
```

iterates over

```
for idx in range(0, len(my_list)):
    print(idx)
```

Output:

0
1
2
3

```
for idx in range(0, len(my_list)):
    print(my_list[idx])
```

Output:

w
x
y
z

```
for elem in my_list:
    print(elem)
```

Output:

w
x
y
z

Using `range()` in a `for ... in ...` loop.

```
names: list[str] = ["Alyssa", "Janet", "Vrinda"]
```

Print every element's index and value:

0: Alyssa

1: Janet

2: Vrinda

Friday's Challenge Question:

In your workspace, in the **lessons** folder, create the file **sum.py**

We are going to write the same function *three different ways!*

This function sums all the elements of the input **vals: list[float]** and **returns** the sum.

For example, **w_sum([1.1, 0.9, 1.0])** should compute $1.1 + 0.9 + 1.0$ and **return** the simplified value 3.0.

- Version A: Write a function called **w_sum** that uses a **while** loop to iterate through vals
- Version B: Write a function called **f_sum** that uses a **for ... in ...** loop.
- Version C: Write a function called **f_range_sum** that uses a **for ... in range(0, len(xs))** loop.

More info + submission instructions on the website!