

Exercise 2

Exercise

Suppose the data is modeled as i.i.d. $\text{Exp}(\theta)$, and the prior is

$$p(\theta) = \text{Gamma}(\theta|a, b) = \frac{b^a}{\Gamma(a)} \theta^{a-1} e^{-b\theta} \mathbf{1}(\theta > 0).$$

We know that the posterior is

$$p(\theta|x_{1:n}) = \text{Gamma}(\theta|\alpha, \beta)$$

where $\alpha = a + n$ and $\beta = b + \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$.

What is the posterior predictive density $p(x_{n+1}|x_{1:n})$? Give your answer as a closed-form expression (not an integral). Next, find the marginal likelihood $p(x_{1:n})$.

Solution

Denoting $x' = x_{n+1}$ for short, the posterior predictive is

$$\begin{aligned} d(x'|x_{1:n}) &= \int d(x'|\theta)p(\theta|x_{1:n})d\theta \\ &= \int_0^1 \theta e^{-\theta x'} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha} \theta^{(\alpha+1)-1} e^{-(\beta+x')\theta} d\theta \\ &= \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha} \int_0^1 \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} \frac{\Gamma(\beta+x')}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} d\theta \\ &= \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha} \frac{\Gamma(\beta+x')}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} \end{aligned}$$

The marginal likelihood is

$$\begin{aligned} d(x_{1:n}) &= \int d(\theta)p(\theta)d(x_{1:n}|\theta)d\theta \\ &= \int_0^1 \theta^n e^{-\theta} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha} \theta^{(\alpha+1)-1} e^{-(\beta+x)\theta} d\theta \\ &= \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha} \int_0^1 \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} \frac{\Gamma(\beta+x)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} d\theta \\ &= \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha} \frac{\Gamma(\beta+x)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} \end{aligned}$$

The marginal likelihood can also be found by using Bayes' theorem: for any θ ,

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha}}{\frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\beta^\alpha}} = \frac{\text{Gamma}(\theta|\alpha, \beta)}{\theta^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta\theta}} = \frac{d(x_{1:n}|\theta)d(\theta)}{d(x_{1:n})d(\theta)}$$