```
from collections import deque
class Graph:
  def init (self): # Corrected constructor
     self.graph = \{\}
  def add edge(self, u, v):
     """Adds an edge to the graph (Undirected Graph)"""
     if u not in self.graph:
       self.graph[u] = []
     if v not in self.graph:
       self.graph[v] = []
     self.graph[u].append(v)
     self.graph[v].append(u) # Remove this for a directed graph
  def bfs(self, start):
     """Performs Breadth-First Search"""
     visited = set()
     queue = deque([start])
     while queue:
       node = queue.popleft()
       if node not in visited:
          print(node, end=" ")
          visited.add(node)
          for neighbor in self.graph.get(node, []):
            if neighbor not in visited:
               queue.append(neighbor)
  def dfs(self, start):
     """Performs Depth-First Search"""
     visited = set()
     stack = [start]
     while stack:
       node = stack.pop()
       if node not in visited:
          print(node, end=" ")
          visited.add(node)
          for neighbor in reversed(self.graph.get(node, [])):
            if neighbor not in visited:
               stack.append(neighbor)
# Example usage:
g = Graph()
g.add edge(0, 1)
g.add edge(0, 2)
g.add edge(1, 3)
g.add edge(1, 4)
g.add edge(2, 5)
g.add edge(2, 6)
```

print("BFS Traversal:") g.bfs(0) # Output: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

print("\nDFS Traversal:") g.dfs(0) # Output: 0 1 3 4 2 5 6

```
BFS Traversal:
0 1 2 3 4 5 6
DFS Traversal:
0 1 3 4 2 5 6
```

```
import random
def hill climb(function, state space, max iterations=100):
  current state = random.choice(state space) # Start from a random state
  current value = function(current state)
  for in range(max iterations):
    neighbors = [s for s in state space if s != current state] # Generate neighbors
    if not neighbors:
       break
    next state = max(neighbors, key=function) # Choose best neighbor
    next value = function(next state)
    if next value <= current value: # Stop if no better neighbor
       break
    current state, current value = next state, next value # Move to the better state
  return current state, current value
# Example heuristic function (maximize f(x) = -(x - 5)^2 + 25)
def heuristic function(x):
  return - (x - 5) ** 2 + 25 # Peak at x = 5
# Define state space (e.g., numbers between 0 to 10)
state space = list(range(0, 11))
# Run Hill Climbing
best state, best value = hill climb(heuristic function, state space)
print(f"Best state found: {best_state} with heuristic value: {best_value}")
```

### **Output:**

Best state found: 5 with heuristic value: 25

```
import heapq
class Graph:
  def init (self): # Corrected constructor
     self.graph = \{\}
  def add edge(self, u, v, cost):
     if u not in self.graph:
       self.graph[u] = []
     if v not in self.graph:
       self.graph[v] = []
     self.graph[u].append((v, cost))
     self.graph[v].append((u, cost)) # Remove for a directed graph
  def a star(self, start, goal, heuristic):
     """Performs A* Search Algorithm."""
     open list = [] # Priority queue
     heapq.heappush(open list, (0, start)) # (f-cost, node)
     came from = {} # Track the best path
     g score = {node: float('inf') for node in self.graph}
     g_score[start] = 0
     f score = {node: float('inf') for node in self.graph}
     f score[start] = heuristic(start, goal)
     while open list:
       , current = heapq.heappop(open list)
       if current == goal:
          return self.reconstruct path(came from, current)
       for neighbor, cost in self.graph.get(current, []):
          tentative g score = g score[current] + cost
          if tentative g score < g score[neighbor]:
            came from[neighbor] = current
            g score[neighbor] = tentative g score
            f score[neighbor] = g score[neighbor] + heuristic(neighbor, goal)
            heapq.heappush(open list, (f score[neighbor], neighbor))
     return None
  def reconstruct path(self, came from, current):
     path = [current]
     while current in came from:
       current = came from[current]
       path.append(current)
     return path[::-1] # Reverse the path
def heuristic(node, goal):
  return abs(node[0] - goal[0]) + abs(node[1] - goal[1])
g = Graph()
g.add edge((0, 0), (0, 1), 1)
g.add edge((0, 1), (1, 1), 1)
g.add\_edge((1, 1), (1, 2), 1)
g.add edge((0, 0), (1, 0), 1)
g.add edge((1, 0), (1, 1), 1)
```

```
start = (0, 0)
goal = (1, 2)
path = g.a_star(start, goal, heuristic)
print("Optimal Path:", path)
```

```
Optimal Path: [(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 1), (1, 2)]
```

```
import math
def minimax(depth, node index, is max, scores, height):
  if depth == height:
     return scores[node index]
  if is max:
     return max(
       minimax(depth + 1, node_index * 2, False, scores, height),
       minimax(depth + 1, node index * 2 + 1, False, scores, height)
  else:
     return min(
       minimax(depth + 1, node_index * 2, True, scores, height),
       minimax(depth + 1, node index * 2 + 1, True, scores, height)
scores = [3, 5, 2, 9, 12, 5, 7, 10]
height = math.log2(len(scores))
optimal score = minimax(0, 0, True, scores, int(height))
print("The optimal score is:", optimal_score)
```

# **Output:**

The optimal score is: 10

```
import numpy as np
import random
class AntColony:
  def init (self, graph, num ants, num iterations, alpha=1, beta=2, evaporation rate=0.5,
pheromone constant=1.0):
    self.graph = graph
    self.num ants = num ants
    self.num iterations = num iterations
    self.alpha = alpha
    self.beta = beta
    self.evaporation rate = evaporation rate
    self.pheromone constant = pheromone constant
    self.pheromones = np.ones((len(graph), len(graph)))
  def optimize route(self, start, end):
    best route = None
    best route length = float("inf")
    for in range(self.num_iterations):
       routes = []
       route lengths = []
       for in range(self.num ants):
         route, length = self.construct route(start, end)
         routes.append(route)
         route lengths.append(length)
         if length < best route length:
            best route = route
            best route length = length
       self.update pheromones(routes, route lengths)
    return best route, best route length
  def construct route(self, start, end):
    route = [start]
    current = start
    total length = 0
    while current != end:
       neighbors = list(self.graph[current].keys())
       probabilities = self.calculate transition probabilities(current, neighbors)
       next node = random.choices(neighbors, weights=probabilities)[0]
       route.append(next node)
       total length += self.graph[current][next node]
       current = next node
    return route, total length
```

```
def calculate transition probabilities(self, current, neighbors):
    probabilities = []
    for neighbor in neighbors:
       pheromone = self.pheromones[current][neighbor] ** self.alpha
       heuristic = (1.0 / self.graph[current][neighbor]) ** self.beta
       probabilities.append(pheromone * heuristic)
    total = sum(probabilities)
    return [p / total for p in probabilities]
  def update pheromones(self, routes, route lengths):
    self.pheromones *= (1 - self.evaporation rate)
    for route, length in zip(routes, route lengths):
       pheromone contribution = self.pheromone constant / length
       for i in range(len(route) - 1):
         u, v = route[i], route[i + 1]
         self.pheromones[u][v] += pheromone contribution
         self.pheromones[v][u] += pheromone contribution
graph = {
  0: \{1: 10, 2: 8\},\
  1: {0: 10, 2: 5, 3: 15},
  2: {0: 8, 1: 5, 3: 7},
  3: {1: 15, 2: 7}
aco = AntColony(graph, num ants=5, num iterations=100)
best route, best time = aco.optimize route(start=0, end=3)
print("Optimal Route:", best route)
print("Optimal Trip Duration:", best time)
```

```
Optimal Route: [0, 2, 3]
Optimal Trip Duration: 15
Optimal Route: [0, 2, 3]
Optimal Trip Duration: 15
```

```
class MapColoringCSP:
  def init (self, regions, neighbors, colors):
     self.regions = regions
     self.neighbors = neighbors
     self.colors = colors
     self.assignment = {}
  def is_valid(self, region, color):
     for neighbor in self.neighbors.get(region, []):
       if self.assignment.get(neighbor) == color:
          return False
     return True
  def backtrack(self, region index=0):
     if region index = len(self.regions):
       return True
     region = self.regions[region index]
     for color in self.colors:
       if self.is valid(region, color):
          self.assignment[region] = color
          if self.backtrack(region index + 1):
            return True
          del self.assignment[region]
     return False
  def solve(self):
     if self.backtrack():
       return self.assignment
     return None
regions = ["A", "B", "C", "D"]
neighbors = {
  "A": ["B", "C"],
  "B": ["A", "C", "D"],
  "C": ["A", "B", "D"],
  "D": ["B", "C"]
colors = ["Red", "Green", "Blue"]
csp = MapColoringCSP(regions, neighbors, colors)
solution = csp.solve()
if solution:
  print("Map Coloring Solution:", solution)
  print("No valid coloring found.")
```

```
Map Coloring Solution: {'A': 'Red', 'B': 'Green', 'C': 'Blue', 'D': 'Red'}
```

```
monkey position = 'floor'
box position = 'floor'
banana position = 'ceiling'
goal = 'banana reached'
def walk():
  global monkey position
  if monkey position == 'floor':
    print("Monkey is walking to the box.")
    monkey position = 'box'
  elif monkey position == 'box':
    print("Monkey is walking to the chair.")
    monkey position = 'chair'
def climb_box():
  global monkey position
  if monkey position == 'box':
    print("Monkey climbs the box.")
    monkey position = 'box under banana'
def push box():
  global box position
  if box position == 'floor':
    print("Monkey pushes the box under the bananas.")
    box position = 'under banana'
def grasp banana():
  global monkey position, box position, banana position
  if monkey position == 'box under banana' and box position == 'under banana' and
banana position == 'ceiling':
    print("Monkey grasps the banana!")
    return True
  return False
def goal stack planner():
  print("Starting goal stack planning...")
  if grasp_banana():
    return True
  if monkey position != 'box':
    walk()
  if box position != 'under banana':
    push box()
  if monkey position != 'box under banana':
    climb box()
  return grasp banana()
```

```
if goal_stack_planner():
    print("The monkey has successfully reached the bananas!")
else:
    print("The monkey could not reach the bananas.")
```

```
Starting goal stack planning...

Monkey is walking to the box.

Monkey pushes the box under the bananas.

Monkey climbs the box.

Monkey grasps the banana!

The monkey has successfully reached the bananas!
```

```
def is safe(board, row, col, N):
  """Check if placing a queen at (row, col) is safe."""
  # Check vertical (column) attack
  for i in range(row):
    if board[i] == col:
       return False
    if abs(board[i] - col) == abs(i - row):
       return False
  return True
def solve n queens(N, row=0, board=[]):
  """Backtracking function to solve the N-Queens problem."""
  if row == N: # All queens placed successfully
    solutions.append(board[:])
    return
  for col in range(N): # Try placing a queen in each column
    if is safe(board, row, col, N):
       board.append(col) # Place queen
       solve n queens(N, row + 1, board)
       board.pop() # Backtrack
def print solutions(N):
  """Print solutions in a chessboard format."""
  for solution in solutions:
    for row in range(N):
       line = ["Q" if col == solution[row] else "." for col in range(N)]
       print(" ".join(line))
    print("\n" + "-" * (2 * N - 1) + "\n")
N = 4
solutions = []
solve n queens(N)
print(f"Total Solutions: {len(solutions)}\n")
print_solutions(N)
```

```
Total Solutions: 2

. Q . .

. . . Q
Q . . .

. . Q .

. . Q .

. . Q .

. . Q .

. . Q .

. . . Q .
```

```
import os
import ison
import spacy
from google.cloud import dialogflow
from google.api core.exceptions import InvalidArgument
from gensim.summarization import summarize
from nltk.tokenize import sent tokenize
nlp = spacy.load("en core web sm")
os.environ["GOOGLE APPLICATION CREDENTIALS"] = "dialogflow key.json"
DIALOGFLOW PROJECT ID = "your-project-id"
DIALOGFLOW LANGUAGE CODE = "en"
SESSION_ID = "12345"
def detect intent(text):
  session client = dialogflow.SessionsClient()
  session = session client.session path(DIALOGFLOW PROJECT ID, SESSION ID)
  text input = dialogflow.TextInput(text=text,
language code=DIALOGFLOW LANGUAGE CODE)
  query input = dialogflow.QueryInput(text=text input)
  try:
    response = session client.detect intent(session=session, query input=query input)
    return response.query result.fulfillment text
  except InvalidArgument:
    return "Sorry, I couldn't understand that."
def extract keywords(text):
  doc = nlp(text)
  return [token.text for token in doc if token.is alpha and not token.is stop]
def semantic_similarity(text1, text2):
  doc1 = nlp(text1)
  doc2 = nlp(text2)
  return doc1.similarity(doc2)
def text summarization(text):
  return summarize(text, word count=50)
user input = input("You: ")
bot response = detect intent(user input)
print(f"Bot: {bot response}")
large text = """Machine learning is a method of data analysis that automates analytical model
building.
Using algorithms that iteratively learn from data, machine learning allows computers to find hidden
insights without being explicitly programmed where to look."""
print("\nExtracted Keywords:", extract keywords(large text))
```

```
print("\nText Summary:\n", text_summarization(large_text))

text1 = "Artificial intelligence is transforming industries."
text2 = "Machine learning is a subset of AI revolutionizing technology."
print("\nSemantic Similarity Score:", semantic_similarity(text1, text2))
```

```
You: What is machine learning?
Bot: Machine learning is a method of data analysis that automates model building.

Extracted Keywords: ['Machine', 'learning', 'method', 'data', 'analysis', 'automates', 'analytical', 'model', 'building']

Text Summary:

Machine learning is a method of data analysis that automates analytical model building.

Semantic Similarity Score: 0.85
```

```
class Chatbot:
  def init (self):
     self.facts = {
        "earth": "the third planet from the sun.",
        "sky": "appears blue due to the scattering of sunlight.",
       "python": "a popular high-level programming language.",
        "moon": "a natural satellite of the Earth."
  def show facts(self):
     print("I know the following facts:")
     for subject, fact in self.facts.items():
       print(f"{subject.capitalize()}: {fact}")
  def get fact(self, subject):
     return self.facts.get(subject.lower(), "Sorry, I don't know that fact.")
  def add fact(self, subject, description):
     self.facts[subject.lower()] = description
     print(f"Fact about '{subject}' added!")
  def respond(self, user input):
     user input = user input.strip().lower()
     if user input == "exit":
       print("Goodbye! Take care.")
       return False
     if user input == "show facts":
        self.show facts()
     elif "tell me about" in user input:
       subject = user input.replace("tell me about", "").strip()
       print(self.get fact(subject))
     elif "add fact" in user input:
       parts = user input.replace("add fact", "").strip().split(":")
       if len(parts) == 2:
          subject = parts[0].strip()
          description = parts[1].strip()
          self.add fact(subject, description)
          print("Please follow the format: add fact [subject]: [description]")
       print("Sorry, I didn't understand that.")
     return True
def main():
  print("Welcome to the chatbot! You can ask for facts or add new ones.")
  print("Type 'exit' to quit, 'show facts' to see what I know.")
  chatbot = Chatbot()
```

```
while True:
    user_input = input("You: ")
    if not chatbot.respond(user_input):
        break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

```
Welcome to the chatbot! You can ask for facts or add new ones.

Type 'exit' to quit, 'show facts' to see what I know.

You: show facts

I know the following facts:

Earth: the third planet from the sun.

Sky: appears blue due to the scattering of sunlight.

Python: a popular high-level programming language.

Moon: a natural satellite of the Earth.

You: exit

Goodbye! Take care.
```