

```
In [4]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [5]: col_names = ['Sepal_Length', 'Sepal_Width', 'Petal_Length', 'Petal_Width', 'Species']
```

```
In [6]: iris = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/Lenovo/Downloads/iris.csv', names=col_names)
```

```
In [7]: iris
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	Sepal_Length	Sepal_Width	Petal_Length	Petal_Width	Species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
...
145	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

150 rows × 5 columns

```
In [8]: len(list(iris))
```

```
Out[8]: 5
```

```
In [9]: iris.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Sepal_Length    150 non-null   float64
1   Sepal_Width     150 non-null   float64
2   Petal_Length    150 non-null   float64
3   Petal_Width     150 non-null   float64
4   Species         150 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 6.0+ KB
```

```
In [10]: np.unique(iris["Species"])
```

```
array(['Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica'], dtype=object)
```

```
Out[10]:
```

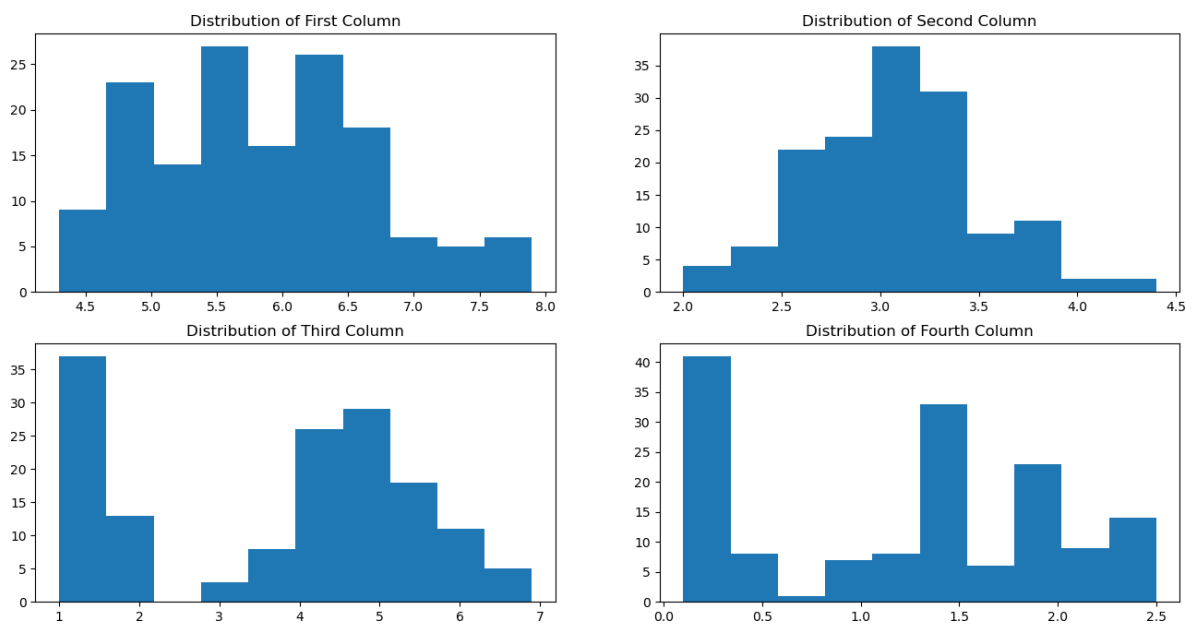
```
In [11]: iris.describe()
```

Out[11]:

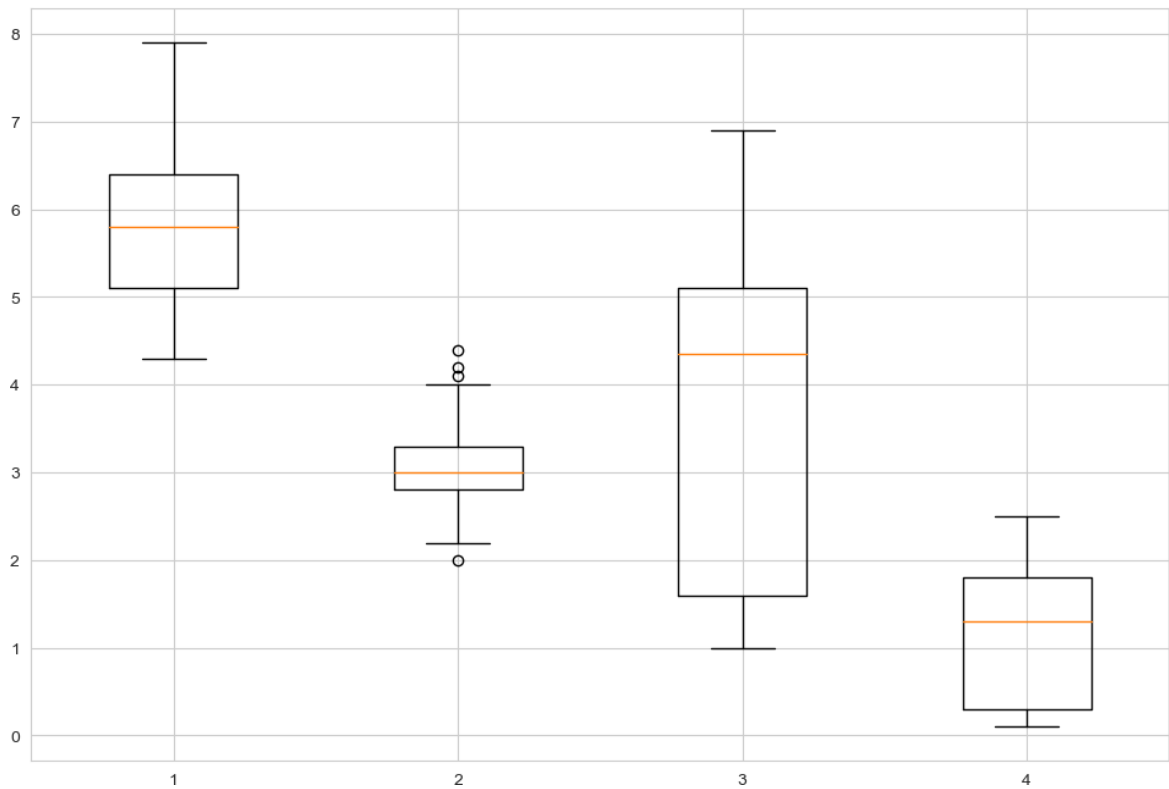
	Sepal_Length	Sepal_Width	Petal_Length	Petal_Width
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	5.843333	3.054000	3.758667	1.198667
std	0.828066	0.433594	1.764420	0.763161
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000
75%	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

In [12]: `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`
`%matplotlib inline`

In [13]: `fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(16, 8))`
`axes[0,0].set_title("Distribution of First Column")`
`axes[0,0].hist(iris["Sepal_Length"]);`
`axes[0,1].set_title("Distribution of Second Column")`
`axes[0,1].hist(iris["Sepal_Width"]);`
`axes[1,0].set_title("Distribution of Third Column")`
`axes[1,0].hist(iris["Petal_Length"]);`
`axes[1,1].set_title("Distribution of Fourth Column")`
`axes[1,1].hist(iris["Petal_Width"]);`



In [14]: `data_to_plot = [iris["Sepal_Length"],iris["Sepal_Width"],iris["Petal_Length"],iris`
`sns.set_style("whitegrid")`
`fig = plt.figure(1,`
`figsize=(12,8)) ax =`
`fig.add_subplot(111)`



```
In [15]: from scipy import stats
```

```
In [16]: z = np.abs(stats.zscore(iris['Sepal_Length']))
```

```
In [17]: print(z)
```

```
0      0.900681
1      1.143017
2      1.385353
3      1.506521
4      1.021849
...
145    1.038005
146    0.553333
147    0.795669
148    0.432165
149    0.068662
Name: Sepal_Length, Length: 150, dtype:
float64
```

```
In [18]: threshold = 0.5
```

```
In [19]: sample_outliers = np.where(z < threshold)
sample_outliers
```

```
Out[19]: (array([ 14, 15, 18, 33, 36, 53, 55, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67,
        68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 85, 88,
        89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 101, 113, 114, 119,
        121, 126, 127, 134, 138, 142, 148, 149],
        dtype=int64),)
```

```
In [20]: sorted_rscore= sorted(iris['Sepal_Length'])
```

```
In [21]: sorted_rscore
```

```
Out[21]: [4.3,
          4.4,
          4.4,
          4.4,
          4.5,
          4.6,
          4.6,
          4.6,
          4.6,
          4.7,
          4.7,
          4.8,
          4.8,
          4.8,
          4.8,
          4.8,
          4.9,
          4.9,
          4.9,
          4.9,
          4.9,
          4.9,
          5.5,
          5.5,
          5.6,
          5.6,
          5.6,
          5.6,
          5.6,
```

```
In [22]: q1 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 25)
          q3 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 75)
          print(q1,q3)
```

```
5.1 6.4
```

```
In [23]: IQR = q3-q1
```

```
In [24]: IQR
```

```
Out[24]: 1.3000000000000007
```

```
In [25]: lwr_bound = q1-
          (1.5*IQR) upr_bound =
          q3+(1.5*IQR)
```

```
3.1499999999999998 8.350000000000001
```

```
In [26]: r_outliers = []
          for i in sorted_rscore:
              if (i<lwr_bound or
                  i>upr_bound):
                  r_outliers.append(i)
```

```
In [27]: print(r_outliers)
```

```
[]
```

```
In [28]: z = np.abs(stats.zscore(iris['Sepal_Width']))
```

```
In [29]: print(z)
```



```
In [34]: q1 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 25)
q3 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 75)
print(q1,q3)
```

2.8 3.3

```
In [35]: IQR = q3-q1
```

```
In [36]: IQR
```

```
Out[36]: 0.5
```

```
In [37]: lwr_bound = q1-
(1.5*IQR) upr_bound =
q3+(1.5*IQR)
```

2.05 4.05

```
In [38]: r_outliers = []
for i in sorted_rscore:
    if (i<lwr_bound or
        i>upr_bound):
        r_outliers.append(i)
print(r_outliers)
```

[2.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.4]

```
In [39]: from scipy import stats
```

```
In [40]: z = np.abs(stats.zscore(iris['Petal_Length']))
```

```
In [41]: print(z)
```

0	1.341272
1	1.341272
2	1.398138
3	1.284407
4	1.341272
	...
145	0.819624
146	0.705893
147	0.819624
148	0.933356
149	0.762759
Name: Petal_Length, Length: 150, dtype: float64	

```
In [42]: threshold = 0.5
```

```
In [43]: sample_outliers = np.where(z < threshold)
sample_outliers
```

```
Out[43]: (array([ 51,  53,  54,  55,  57,  58,  59,  60,  61,  62,  64,  65,  66,
        67,  68,  69,  71,  74,  75,  78,  79,  80,  81,  82,  84,  85,
        87,  88,  89,  90,  91,  92,  93,  94,  95,  96,  97,  98,  99,
       106], dtype=int64),)
```

```
In [44]: sorted_rscore= sorted(iris['Petal_Length'])
```

```
In [45]: q1 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 25)
q3 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 75)
print(q1,q3)
```

1.6 5.1

```
In [46]: IQR = q3-q1
```

```
In [47]: lwr_bound = q1-(1.5*IQR)
upr_bound = q3+(1.5*IQR)
print(lwr_bound, upr_bound)

-3.649999999999999  10.349999999999998
```

```
In [60]: r_outliers = []
for i in sorted_rscore:
    if (i<lwr_bound or i>upr_bound):
        r_outliers.append(i)
print(r_outliers)

[]
```

```
In [61]: print(r_outliers)

[]
```

```
In [62]: z = np.abs(stats.zscore(iris['Petal_Width']))
```

```
In [63]: print(z)
```

0	1.312977
1	1.312977
2	1.312977
3	1.312977
4	1.312977
...	...
145	1.447956
146	0.922064
147	1.053537
148	1.447956
149	0.790591

Name: Petal_Width, Length: 150, dtype: float64

```
In [64]: threshold = 0.5
```

```
In [65]: sample_outliers = np.where(z < threshold)
sample_outliers
```

```
Out[65]: (array([ 50,  51,  52,  53,  54,  55,  57,  58,  59,  60,  61,  62,  63,
        64,  65,  66,  67,  68,  69,  71,  72,  73,  74,  75,  76,  78,
        79,  80,  81,  82,  84,  86,  87,  88,  89,  90,  91,  92,  93,
        94,  95,  96,  97,  98,  99, 119, 133, 134], dtype=int64),)
```

```
In [66]: sorted_rscore= sorted(iris['Petal_Width'])
```

```
In [67]: sorted_rscore
```

```
Out[67]: [0.1,
          0.1,
          0.1,
          0.1,
          0.1,
          0.1,
          0.2,
          0.2,
          1.1,
          1.2,
          1.2,
          1.2,
          1.2,
          1.2,
          1.8,
          1.8,
          1.8,
          1.8,
          1.8,
          1.8,
          1.9,
          1.9,
          1.9,
          2.0,
          2.0,
          2.0,
          2.0,
          2.0,
          2.0,
          2.1,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.3,
          2.4,
          2.4,
          2.4,
          2.5,
          2.5,
          2.5]
```

```
In [68]: q1 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 25)
          q3 = np.percentile(sorted_rscore, 75)
          print(q1,q3)
```

```
0.3 1.8
```

```
In [69]: IQR = q3-q1
```

```
In [70]: lwr_bound = q1-
          (1.5*IQR) upr_bound =
          q3+(1.5*IQR)
          print(lwr_bound, upr_bound)
```

```
-1.95 4.05
```

```
In [71]: r_outliers = []
          for i in sorted_rscore:
              if (i<lwr_bound or
                  i>upr_bound):
                  r_outliers.append(i)
          print(r_outliers)
```

```
[]
```



```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

dataset = sns.load_dataset('titanic')

dataset.head()
```

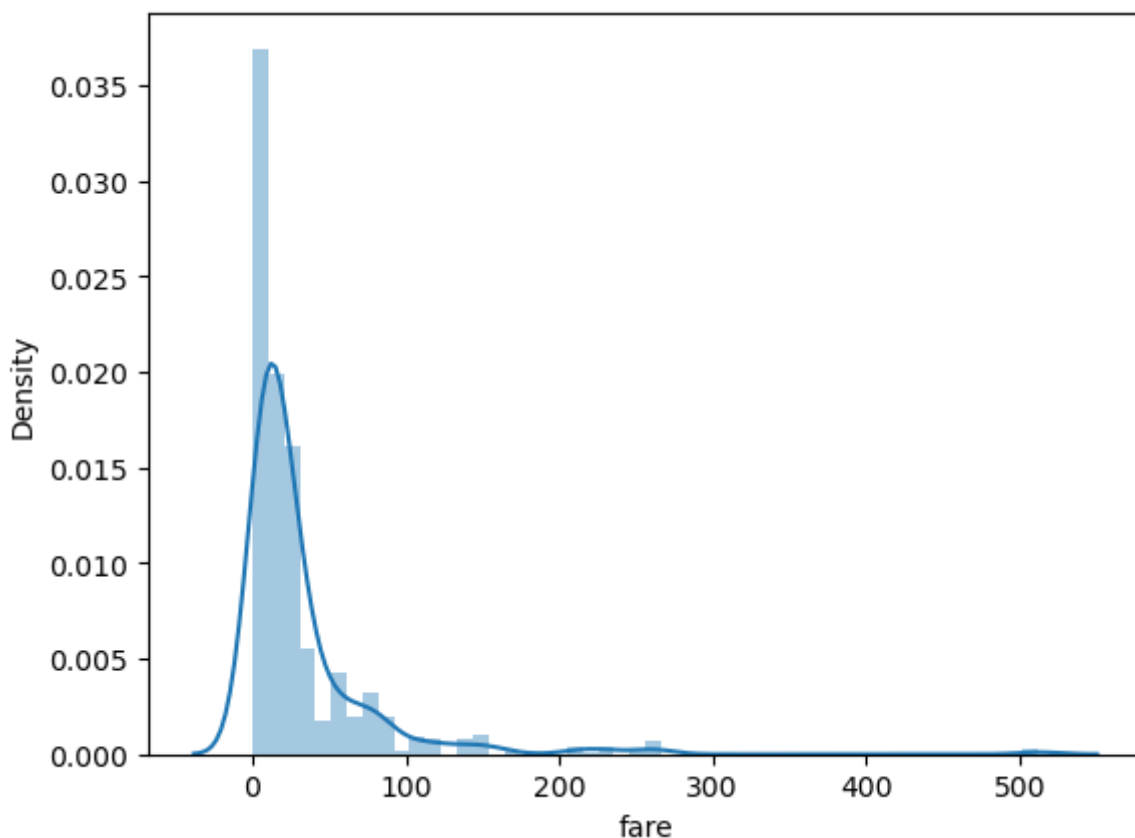
```
Out[3]:
```

	survived	pclass	sex	age	sibsp	parch	fare	embarked	class	who	adult_male	de
0	0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	S	Third	man	True	Na
1	1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	C	First	woman	False	
2	1	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S	Third	woman	False	Na
3	1	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S	First	woman	False	
4	0	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S	Third	man	True	Na

```
In [4]: sns.distplot(dataset['fare'])
```

C:\Users\Lenovo\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

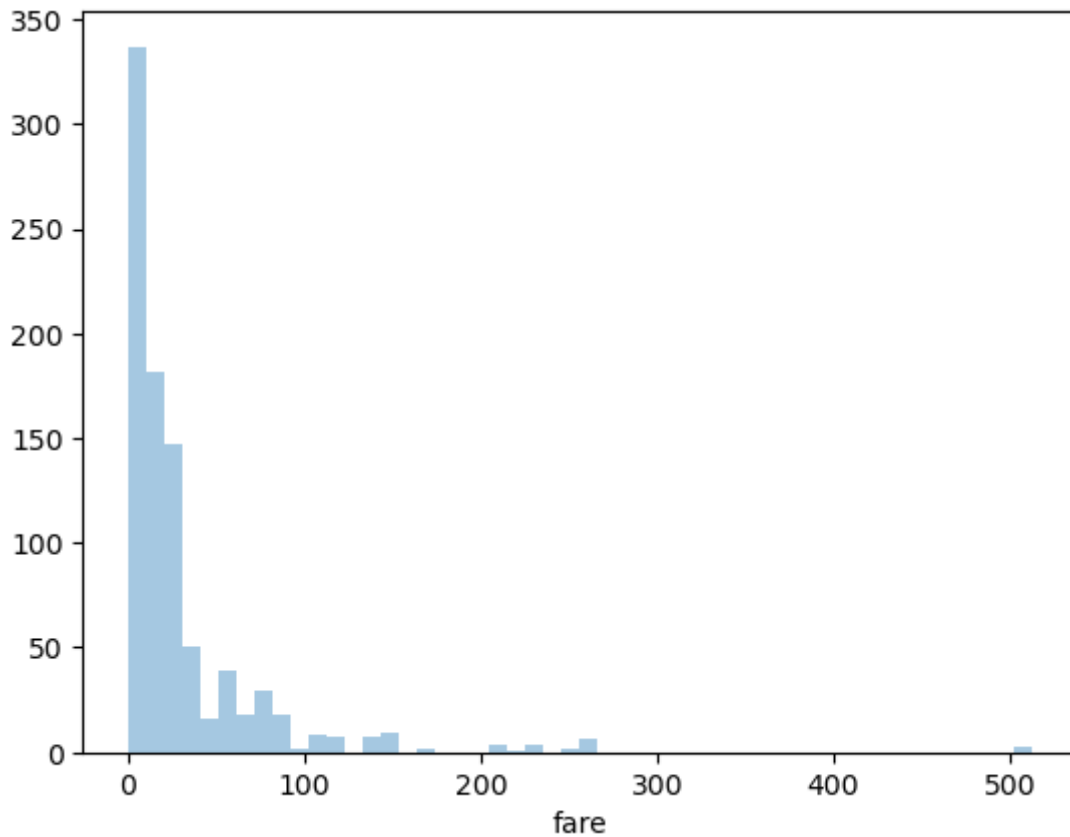
```
Out[4]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='fare', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
In [5]: sns.distplot(dataset['fare'], kde=False)
```

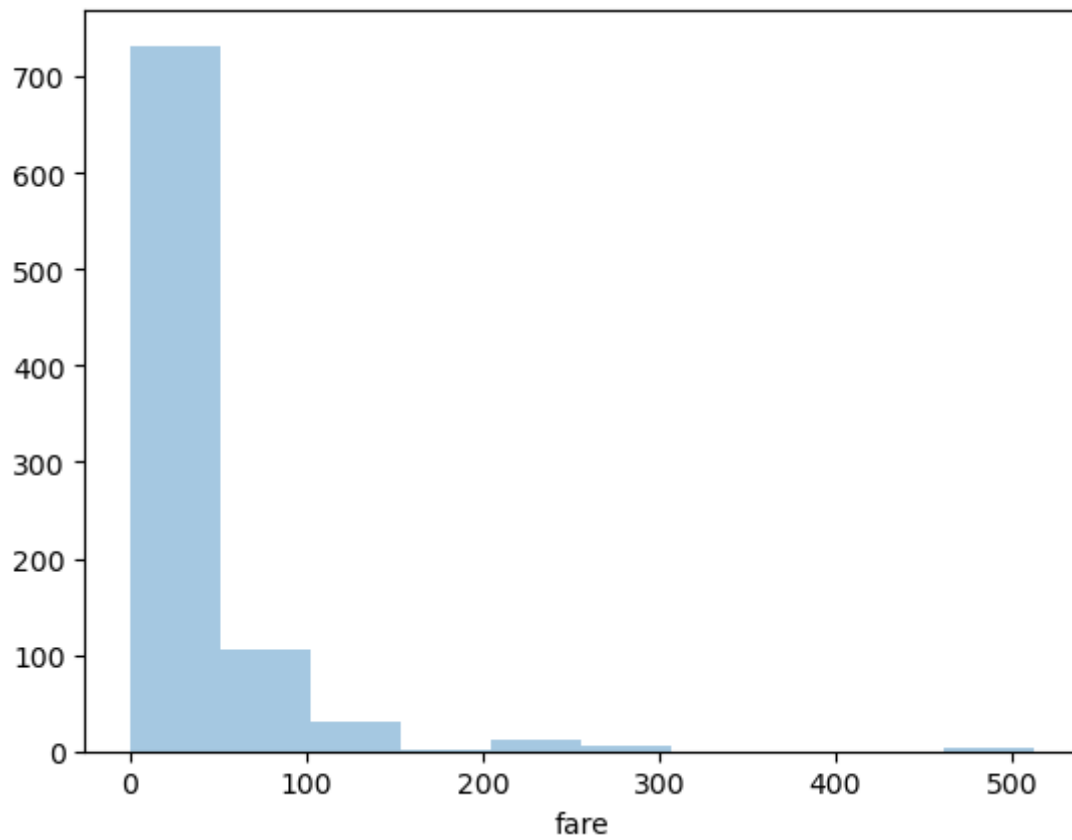
```
C:\Users\Lenovo\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

```
Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='fare'>
```



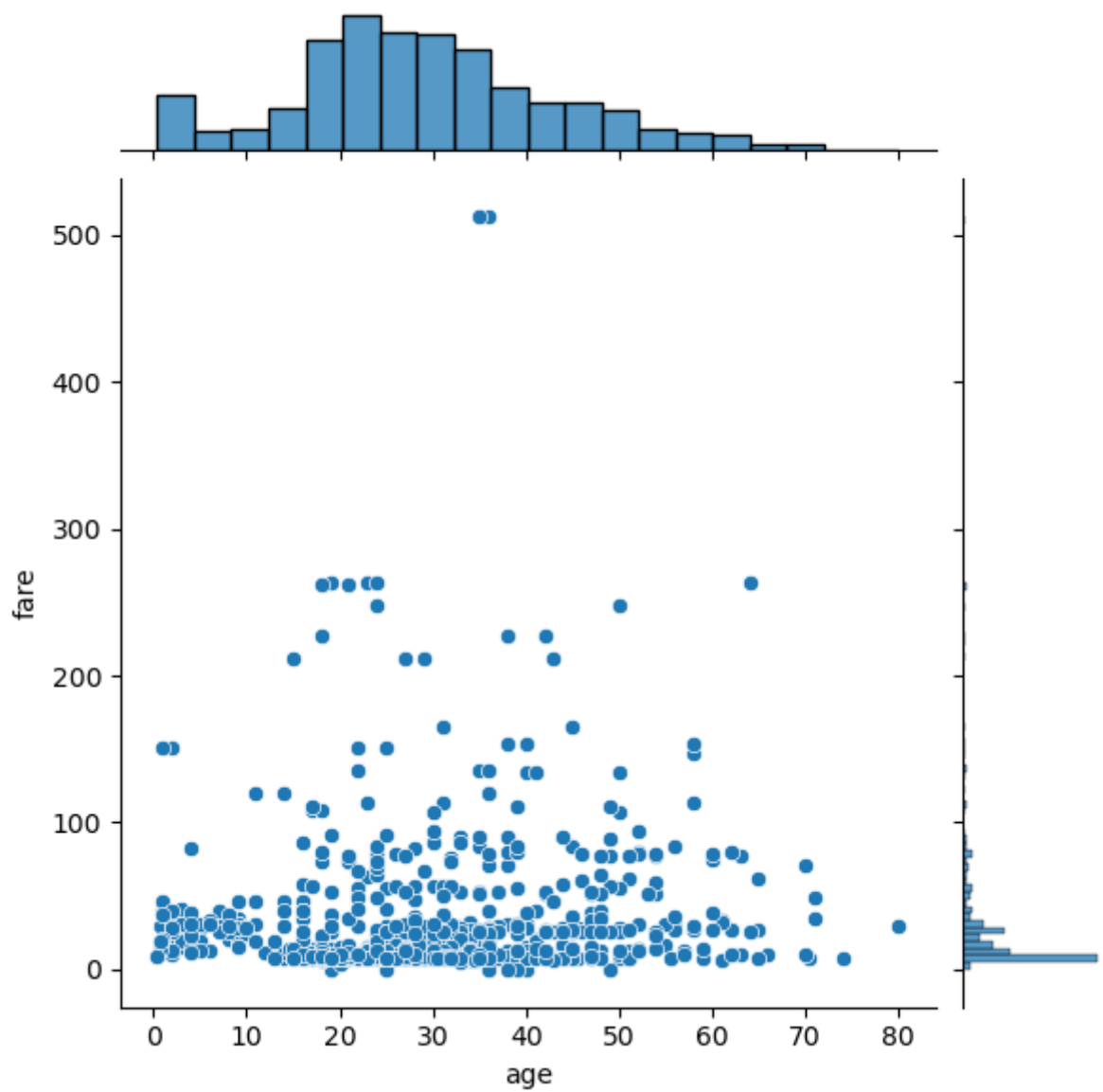
```
In [6]: sns.distplot(dataset['fare'], kde=False, bins=10)
```

```
Out[6]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='fare'>
```



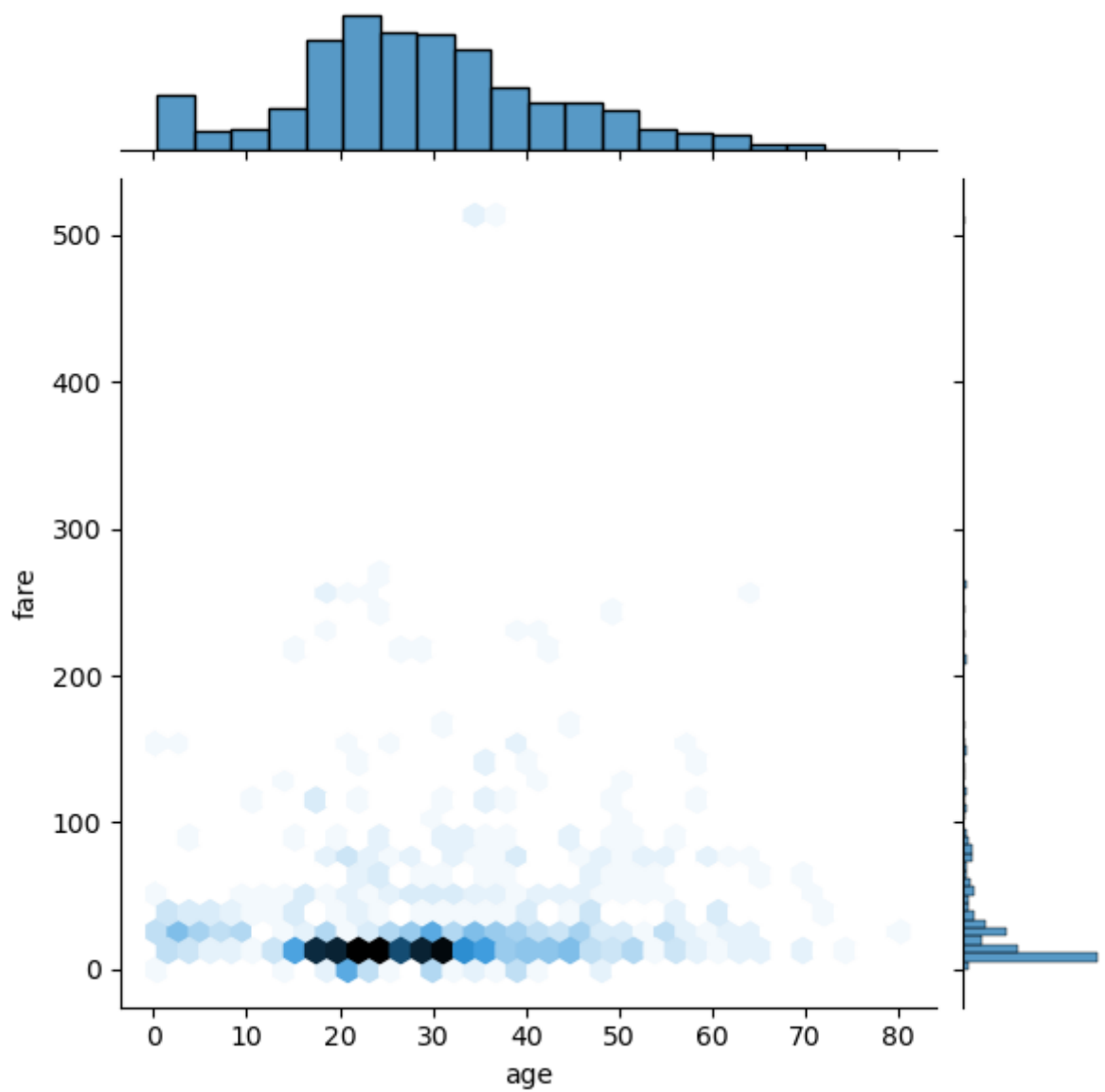
```
In [7]: sns.jointplot(x='age', y='fare', data=dataset)
```

```
Out[7]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x27a9bc08ac0>
```



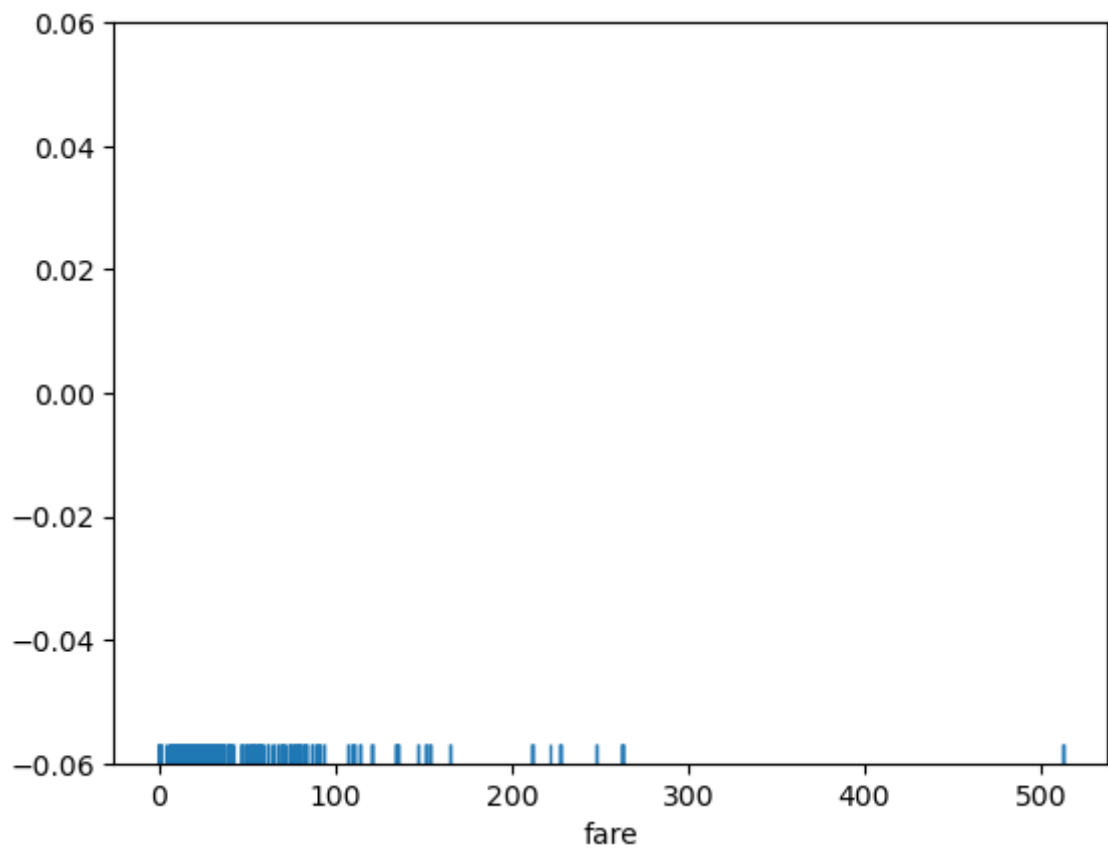
```
In [8]: sns.jointplot(x='age', y='fare', data=dataset, kind='hex')
```

```
Out[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x27a9c0adeb0>
```



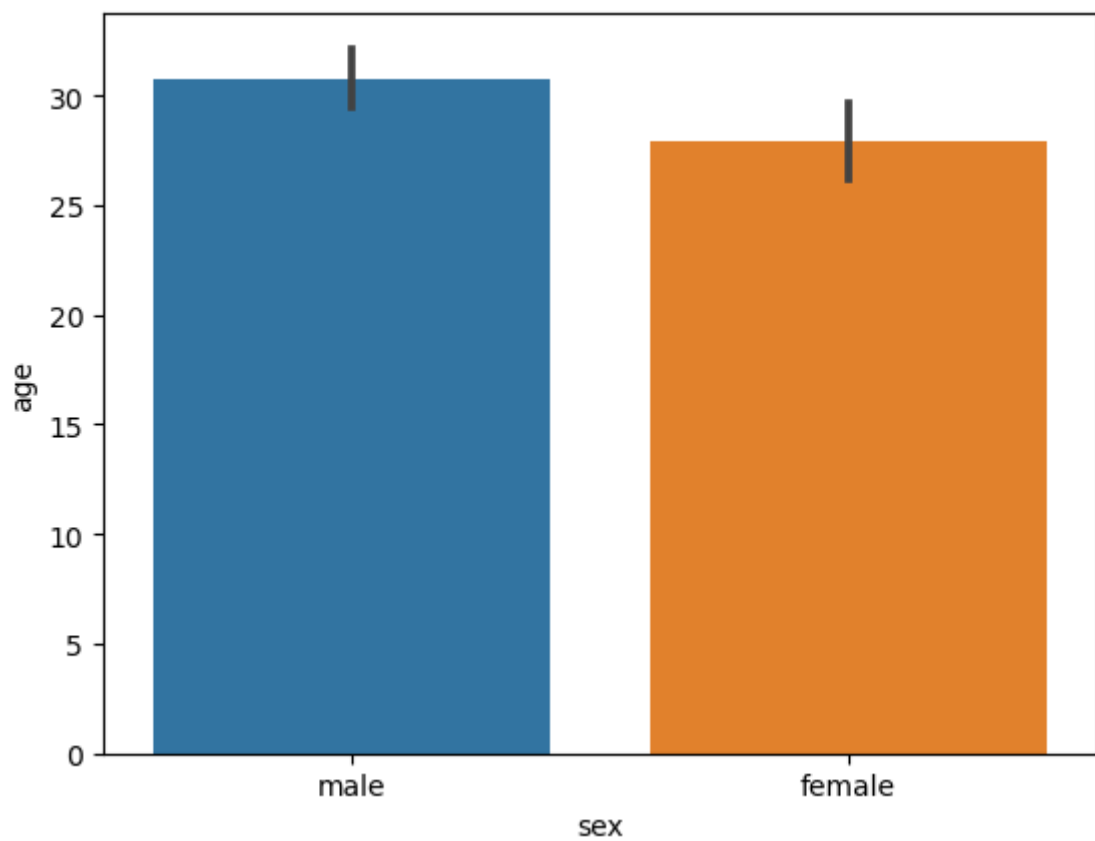
```
In [9]: sns.rugplot(dataset['fare'])
```

```
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='fare'>
```



```
In [10]: sns.barplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)
```

```
Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



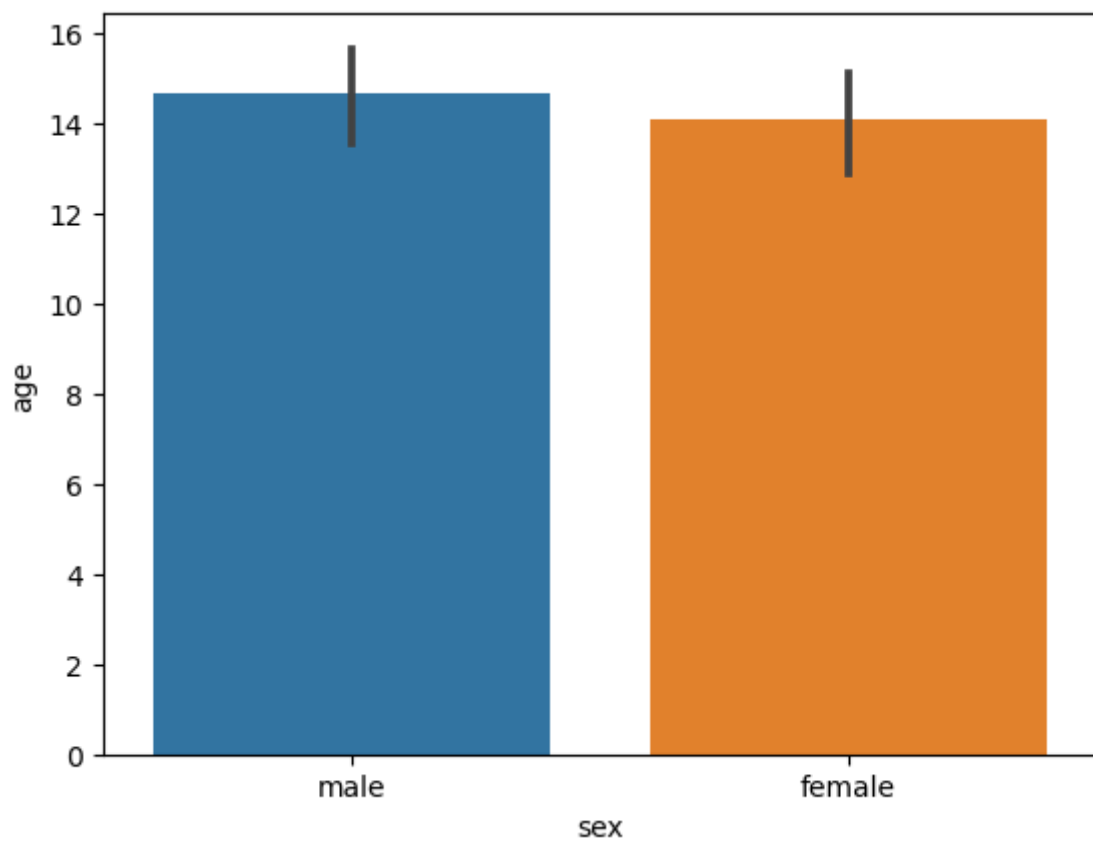
```
In [11]: import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/CommonHTML/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js

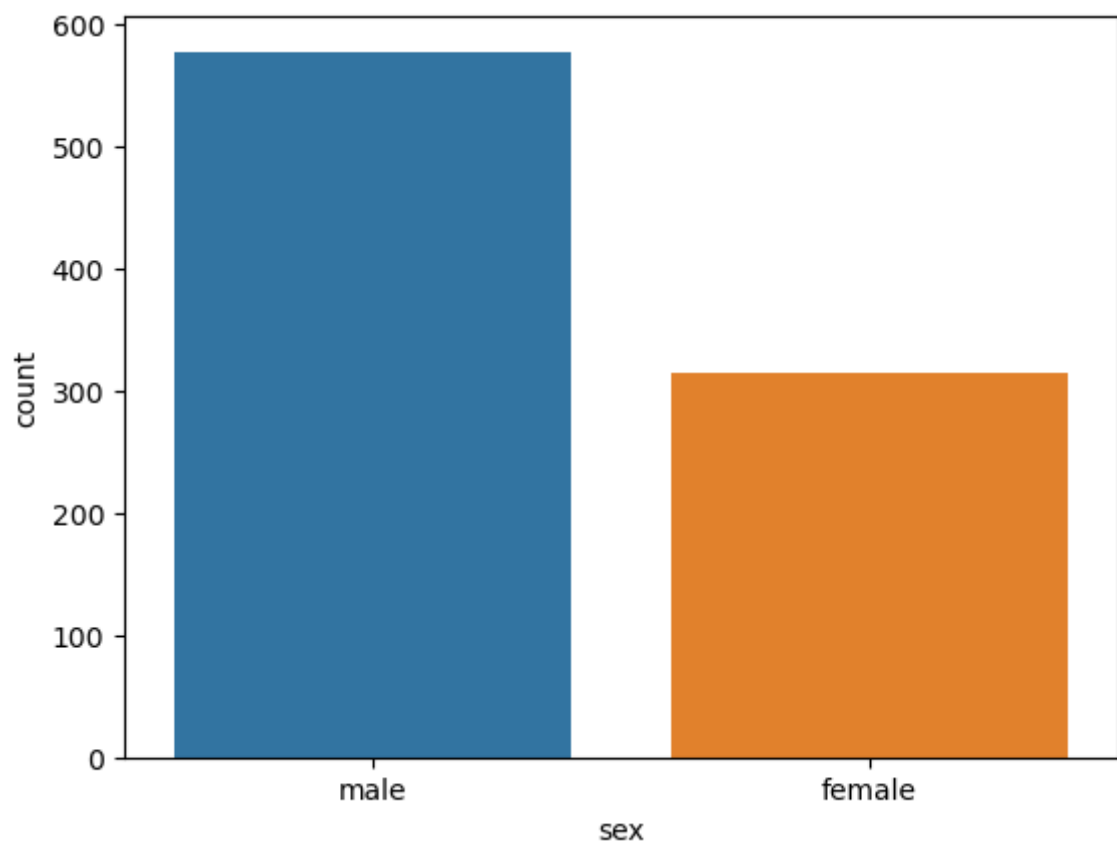
```
sns.barplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, estimator=np.std)
```

Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>



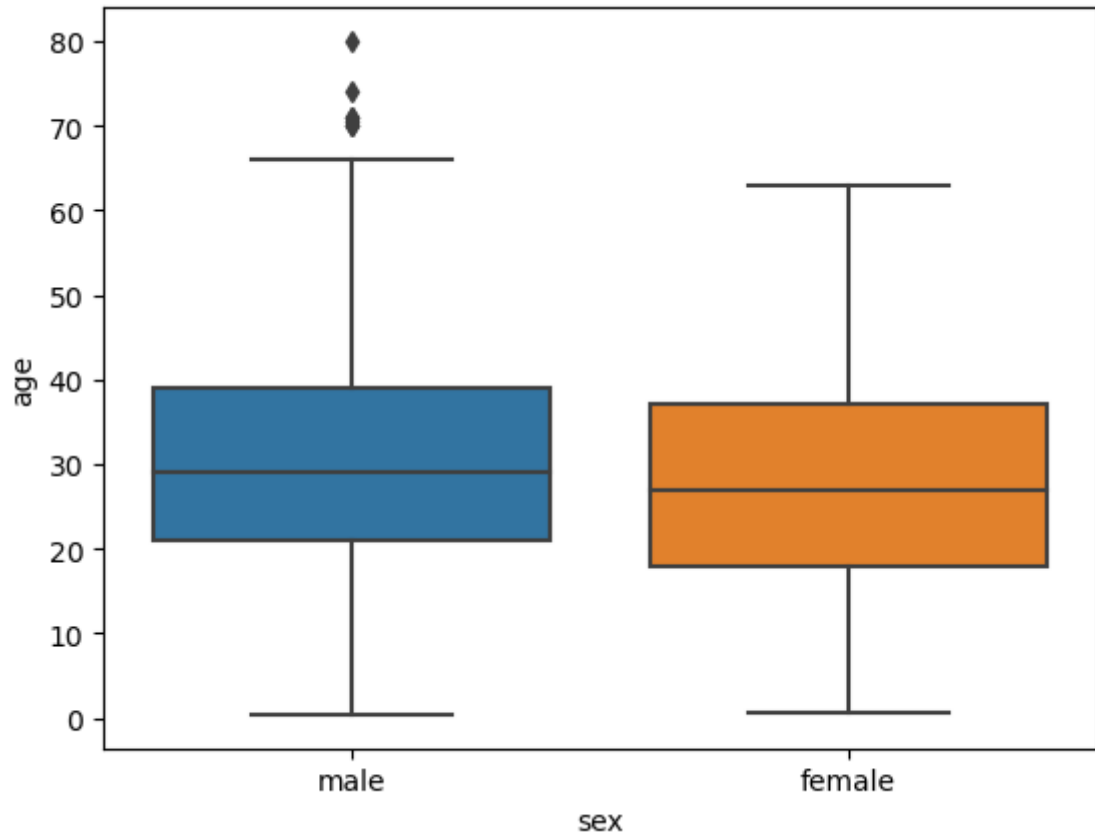
In [12]: `sns.countplot(x='sex', data=dataset)`

Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='count'>



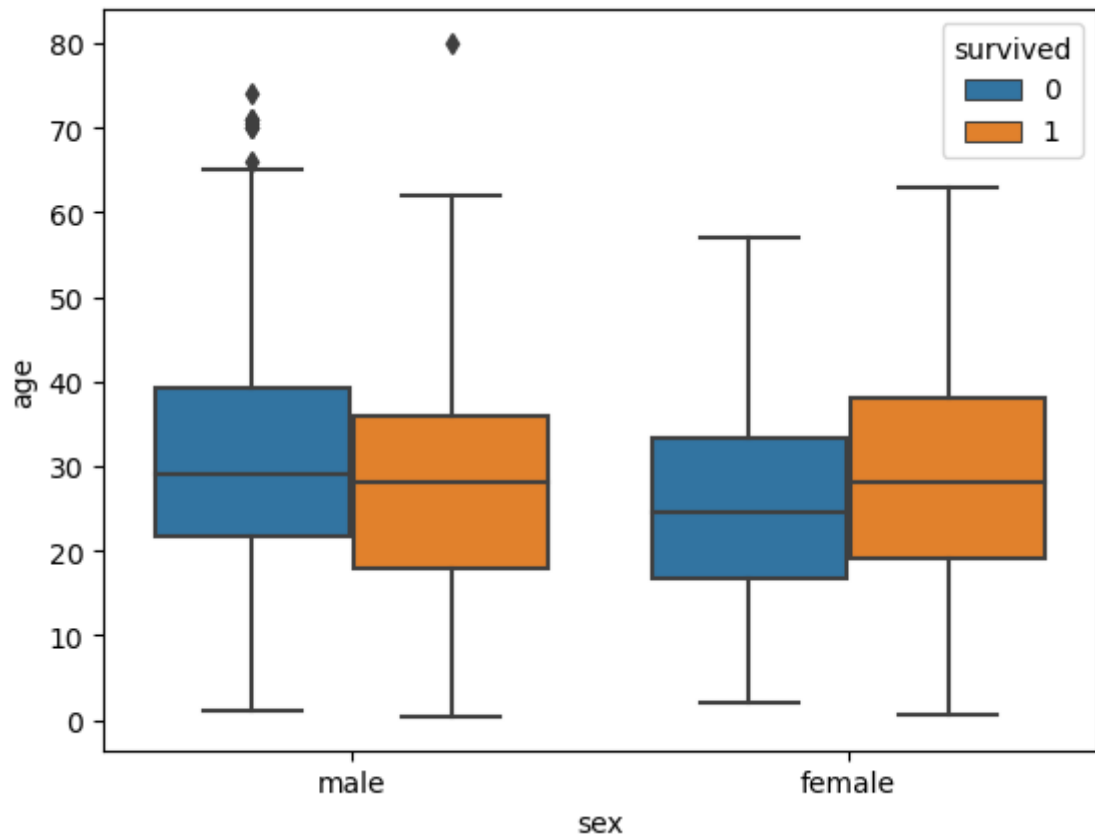
```
In [13]: sns.boxplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)
```

```
Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



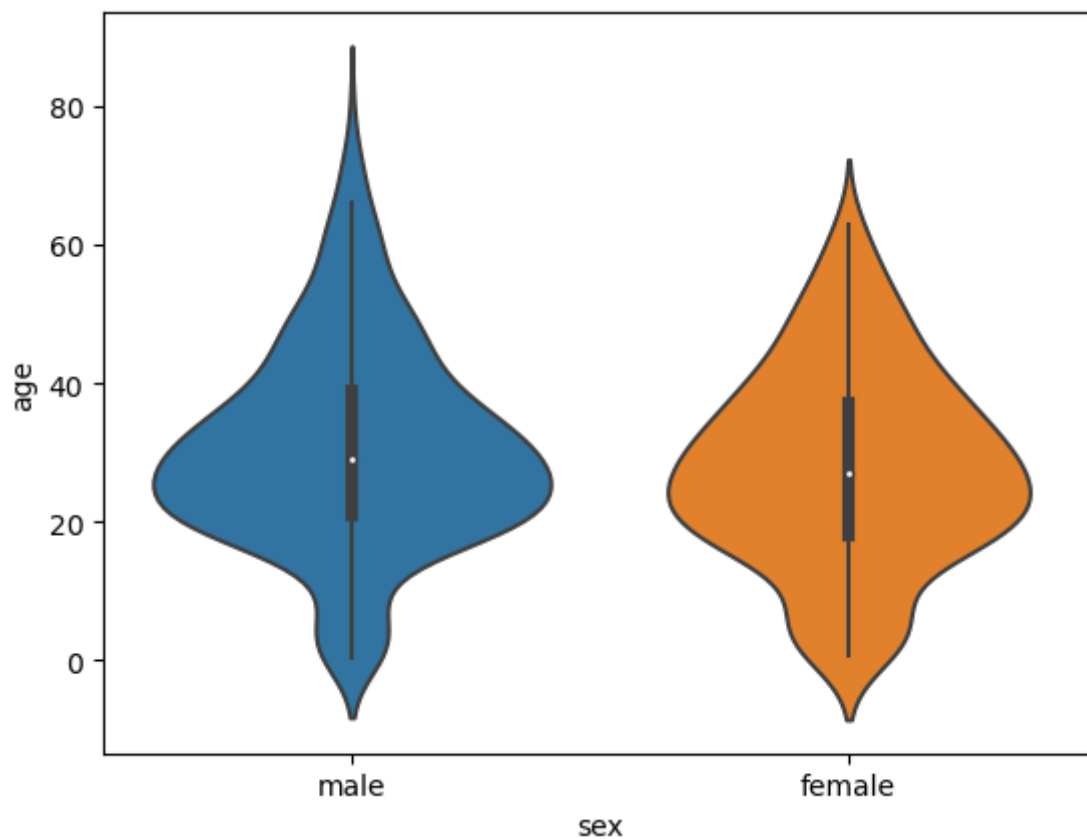
```
In [14]: sns.boxplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, hue="survived")
```

```
Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



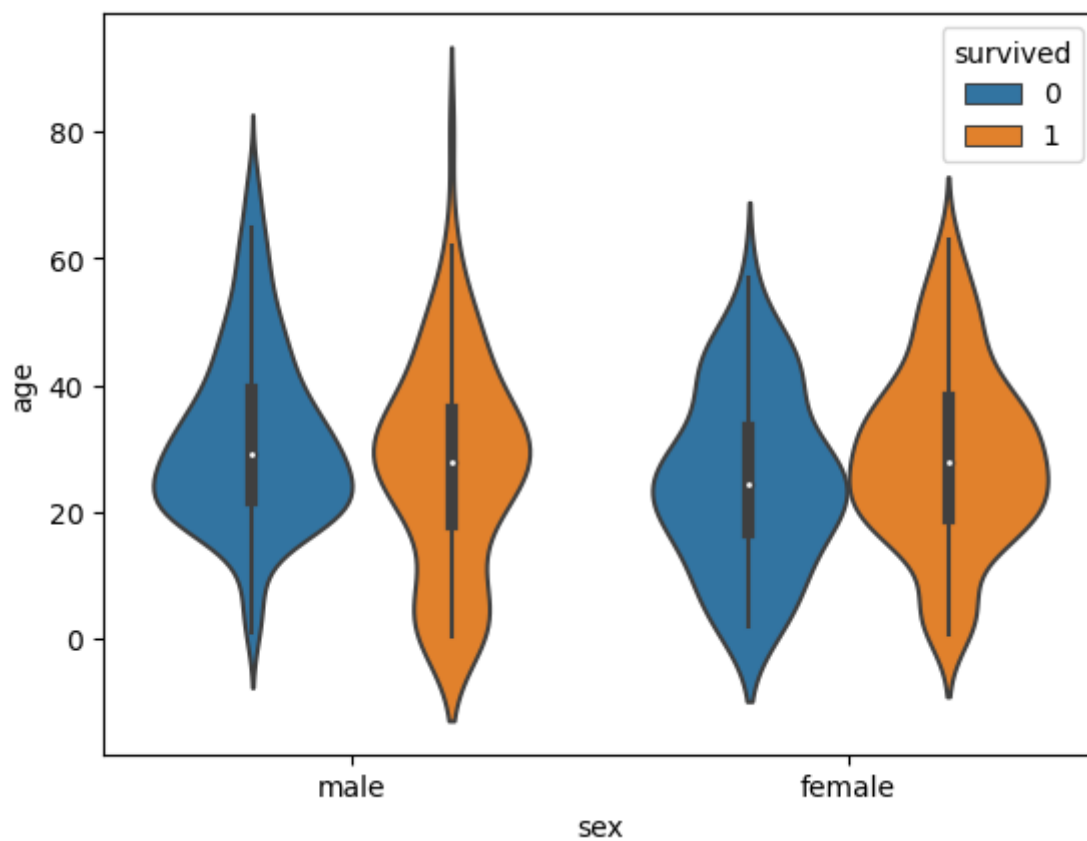

```
In [15]: sns.violinplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)
```

```
Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



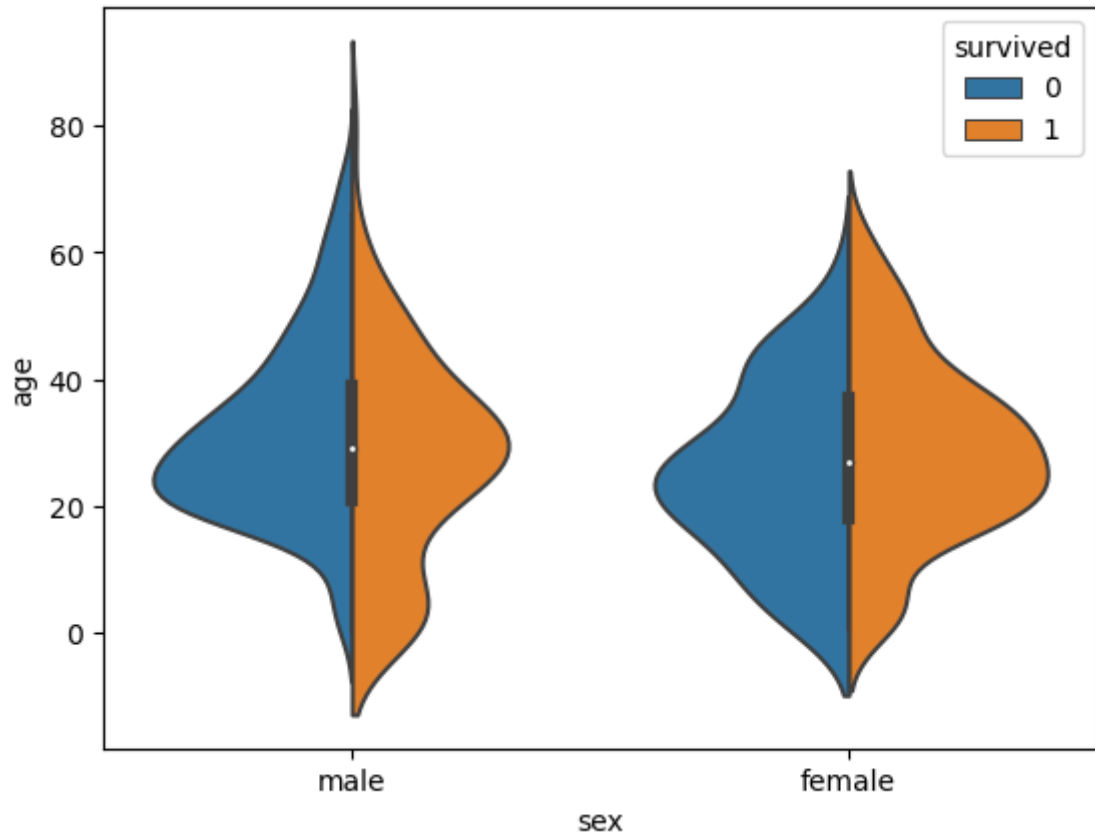
```
In [16]: sns.violinplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, hue='survived')
```

```
Out[16]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



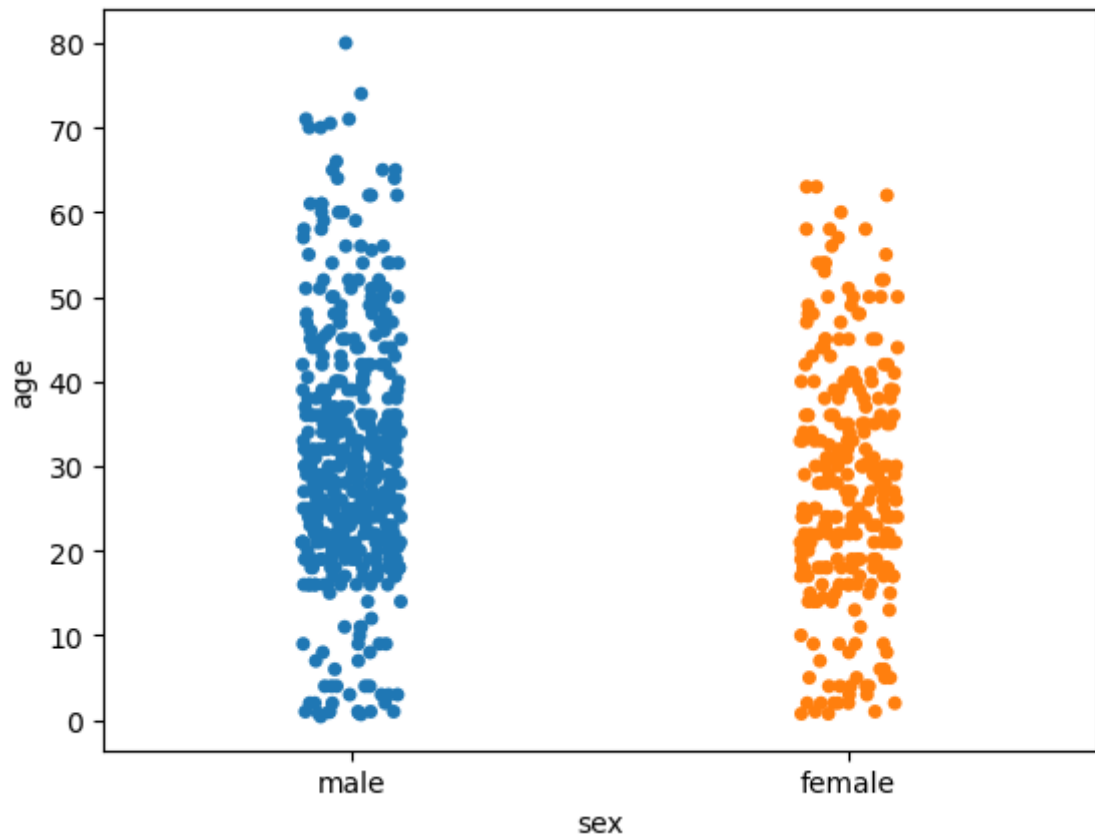
```
In [17]: sns.violinplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, hue='survived', split=True)
```

```
Out[17]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



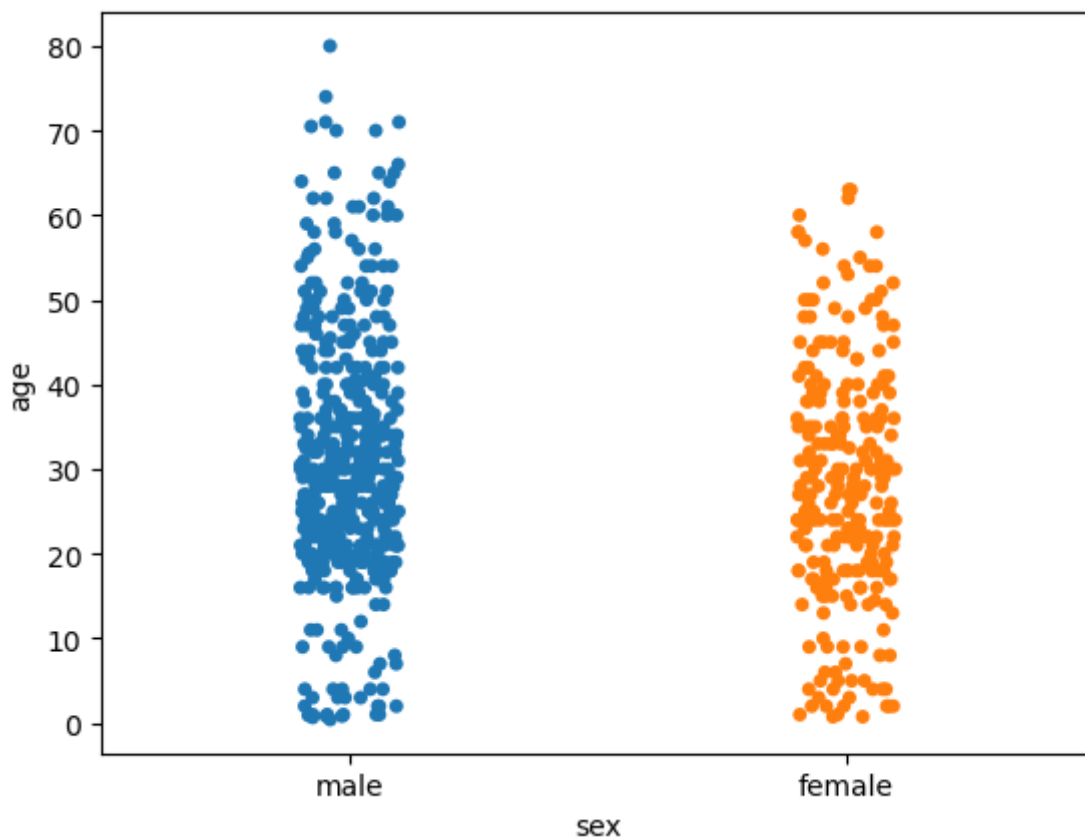
```
In [18]: sns.stripplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)
```

```
Out[18]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



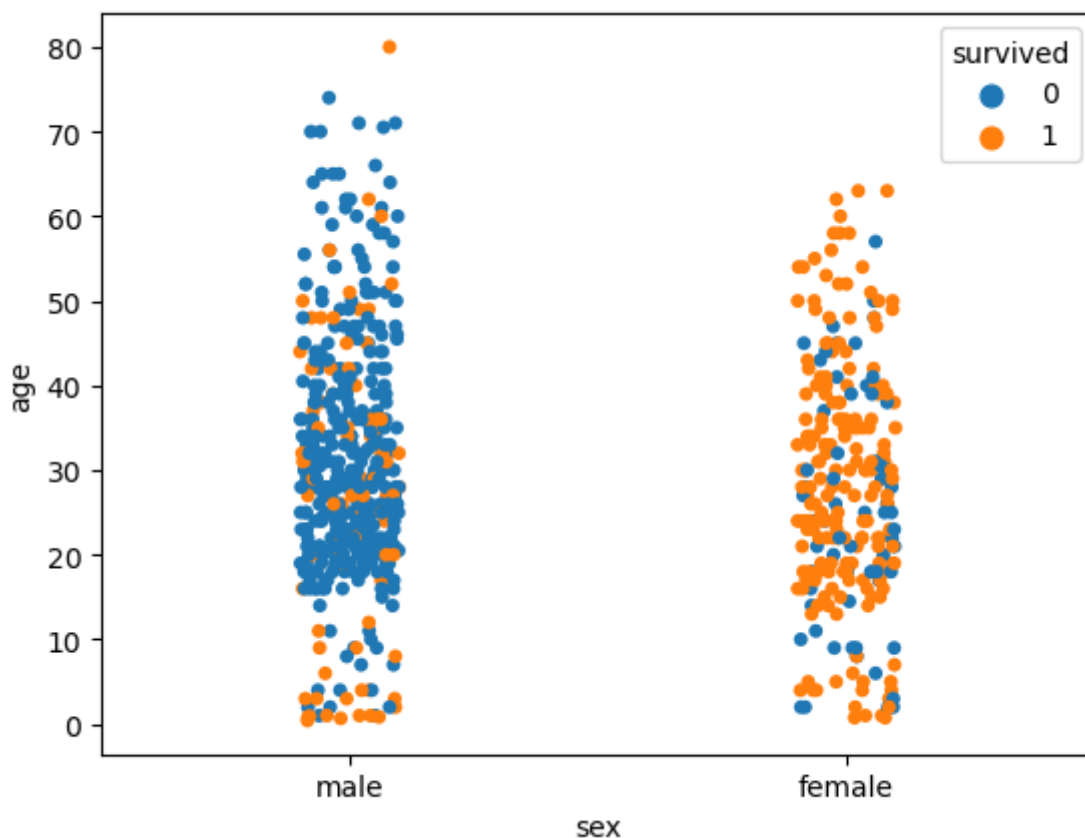
```
In [19]: sns.stripplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, jitter=True)
```

```
Out[19]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



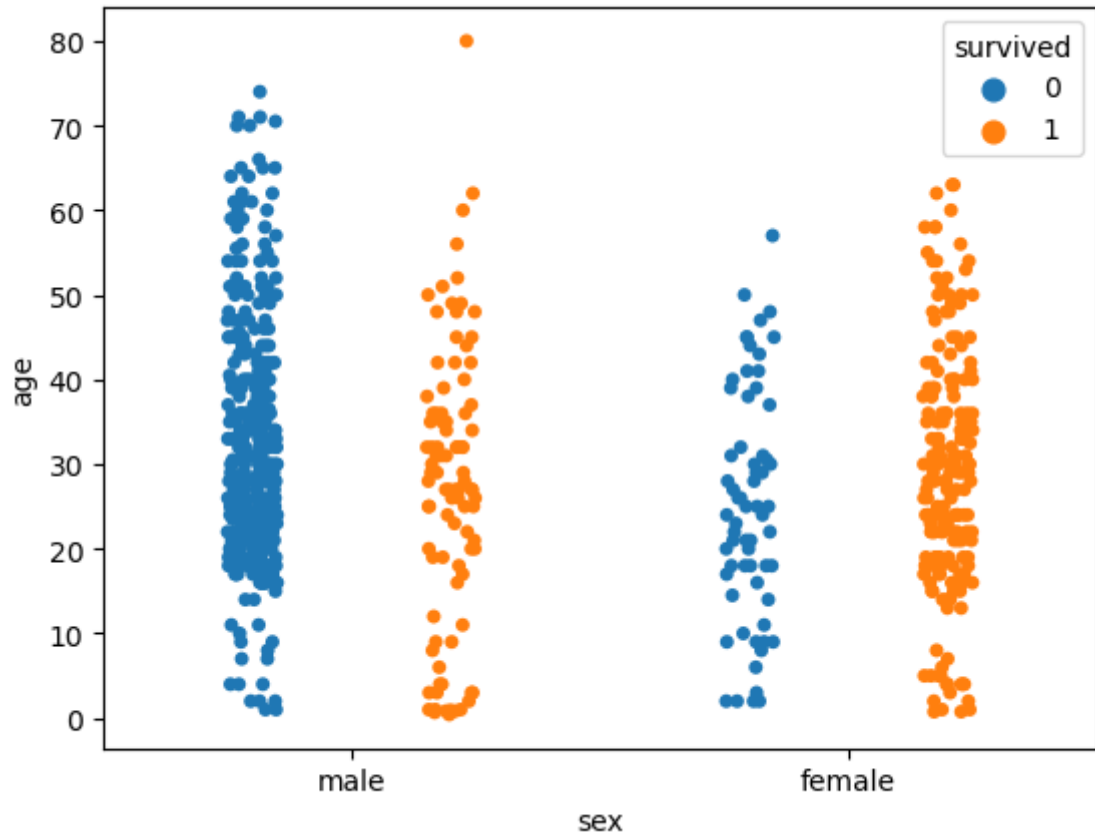
```
In [20]: sns.stripplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, jitter=True, hue='survived')
```

```
Out[20]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



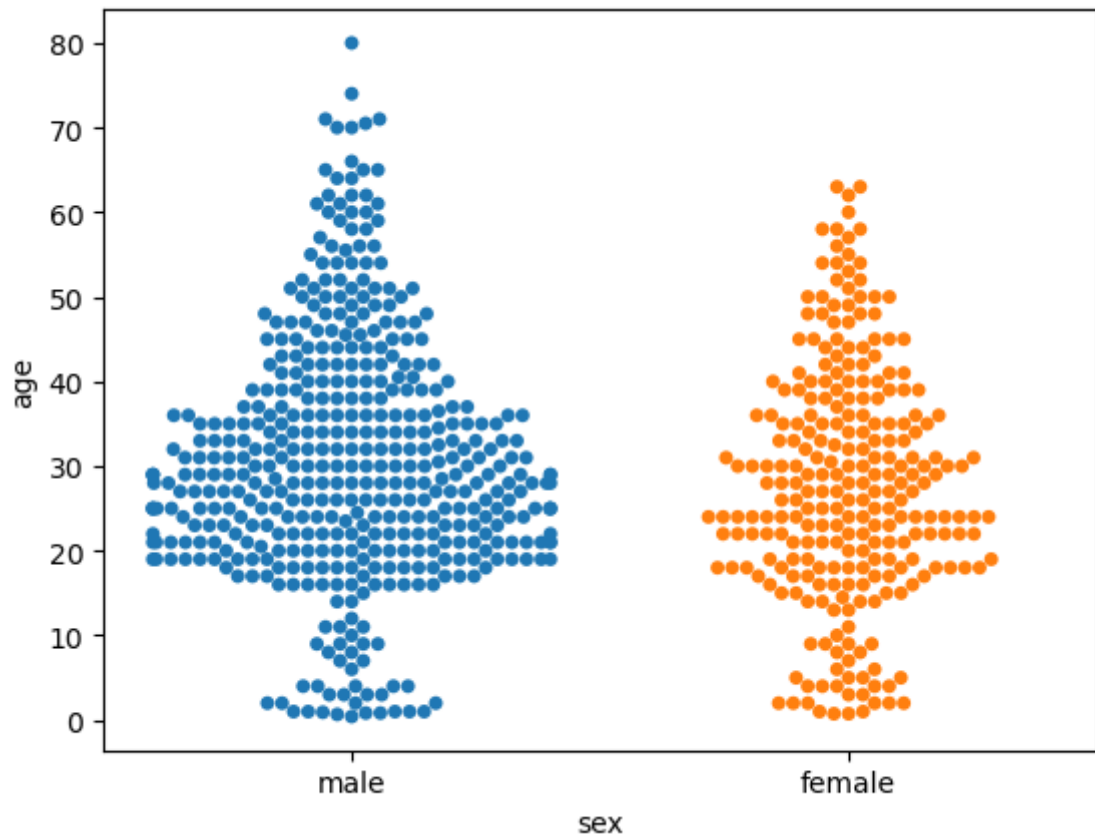
```
In [21]: sns.stripplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset, jitter=True, hue='survived', dodge=True)
```

```
Out[21]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



```
In [25]: sns.swarmplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)
```

```
Out[25]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>
```



```
In [26]: sns.matrixplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)
```

```
-----  
AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_14272\2259532084.py in <module>  
----> 1 sns.matrixplot(x='sex', y='age', data=dataset)  
  
AttributeError: module 'seaborn' has no attribute 'matrixplot'
```

```
In [27]: dataset.corr()
```

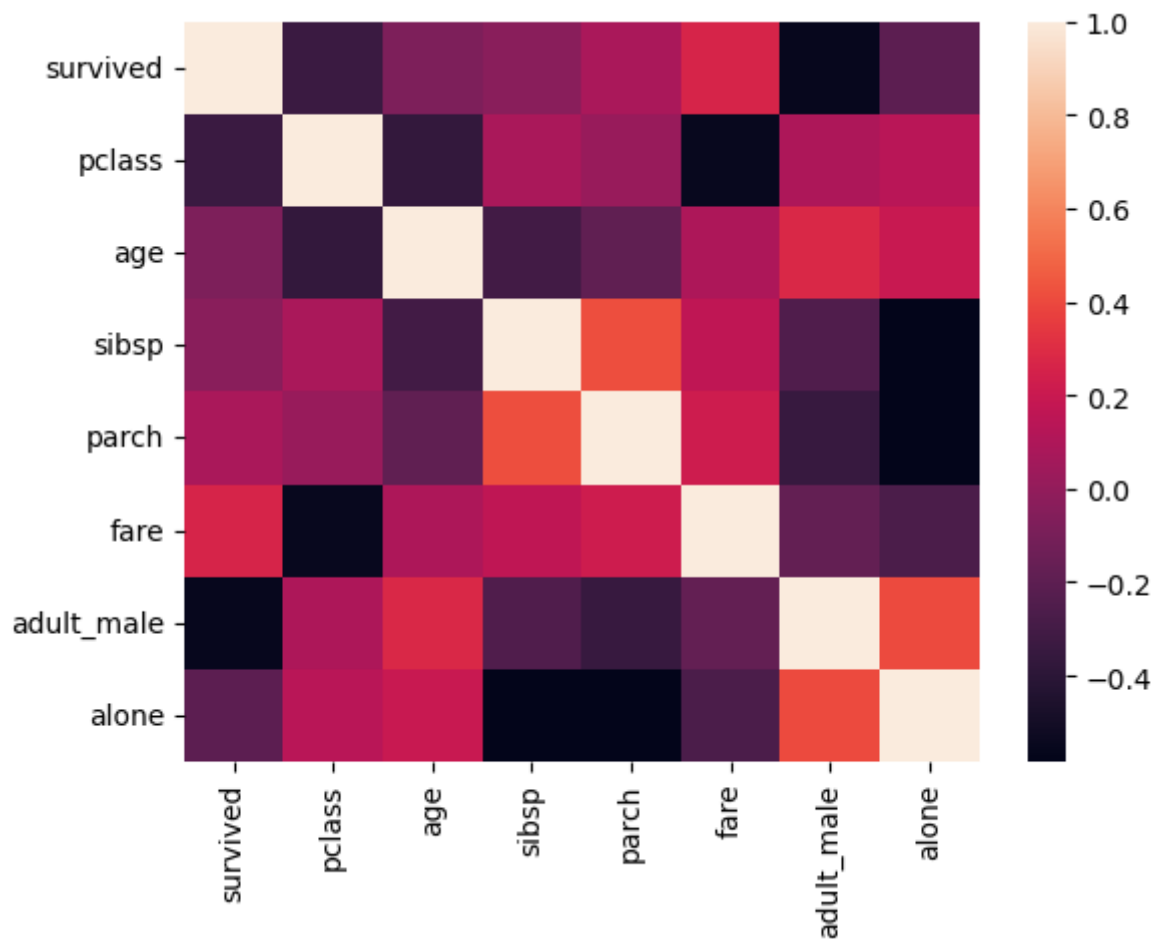
```
Out[27]:
```

	survived	pclass	age	sibsp	parch	fare	adult_male	alone
survived	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.077221	-0.035322	0.081629	0.257307	-0.557080	-0.203367
pclass	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.369226	0.083081	0.018443	-0.549500	0.094035	0.135207
age	-0.077221	-0.369226	1.000000	-0.308247	-0.189119	0.096067	0.280328	0.198270
sibsp	-0.035322	0.083081	-0.308247	1.000000	0.414838	0.159651	-0.253586	-0.584471
parch	0.081629	0.018443	-0.189119	0.414838	1.000000	0.216225	-0.349943	-0.583398
fare	0.257307	-0.549500	0.096067	0.159651	0.216225	1.000000	-0.182024	-0.271832
adult_male	-0.557080	0.094035	0.280328	-0.253586	-0.349943	-0.182024	1.000000	0.404744
alone	-0.203367	0.135207	0.198270	-0.584471	-0.583398	-0.271832	0.404744	1.000000

```
In [28]: corr=dataset.corr()
```

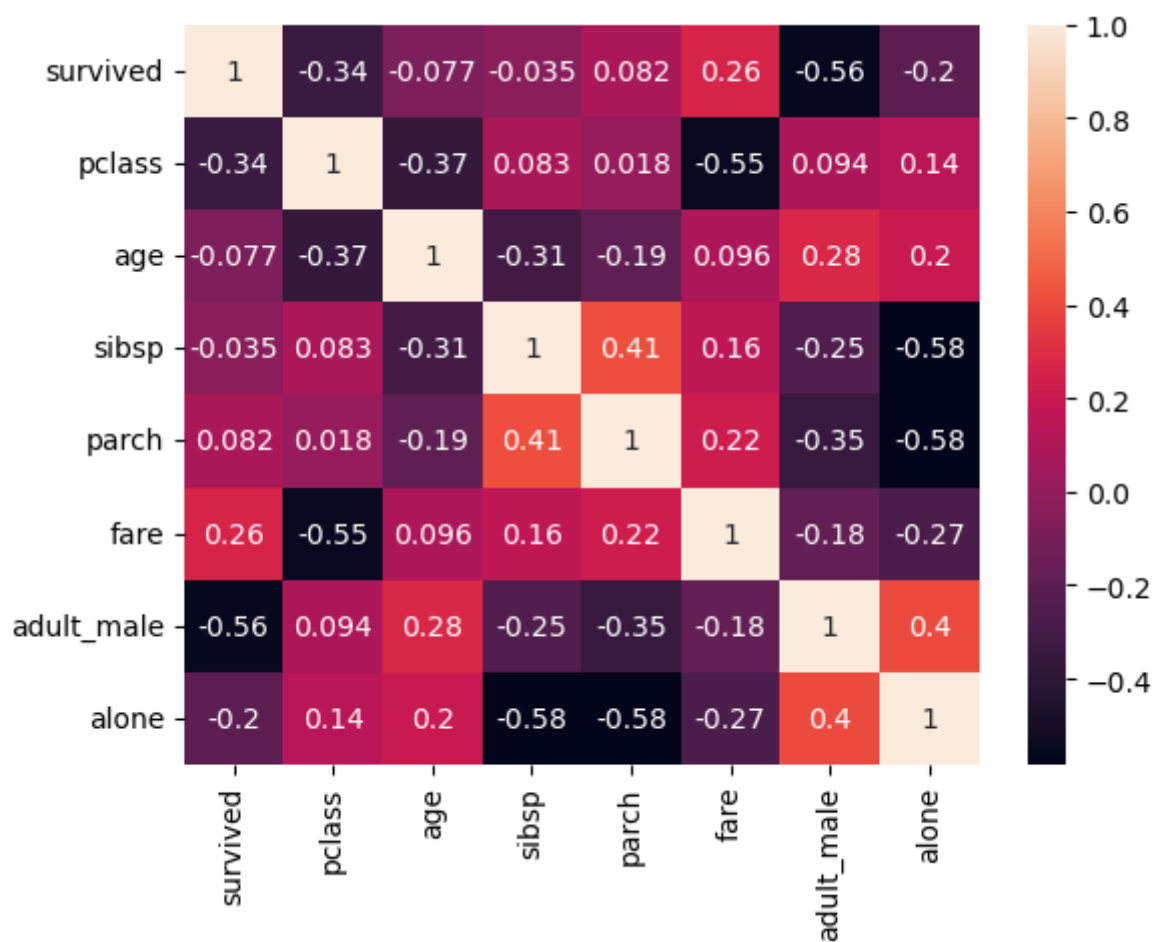
```
In [31]: sns.heatmap(corr)
```

```
Out[31]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



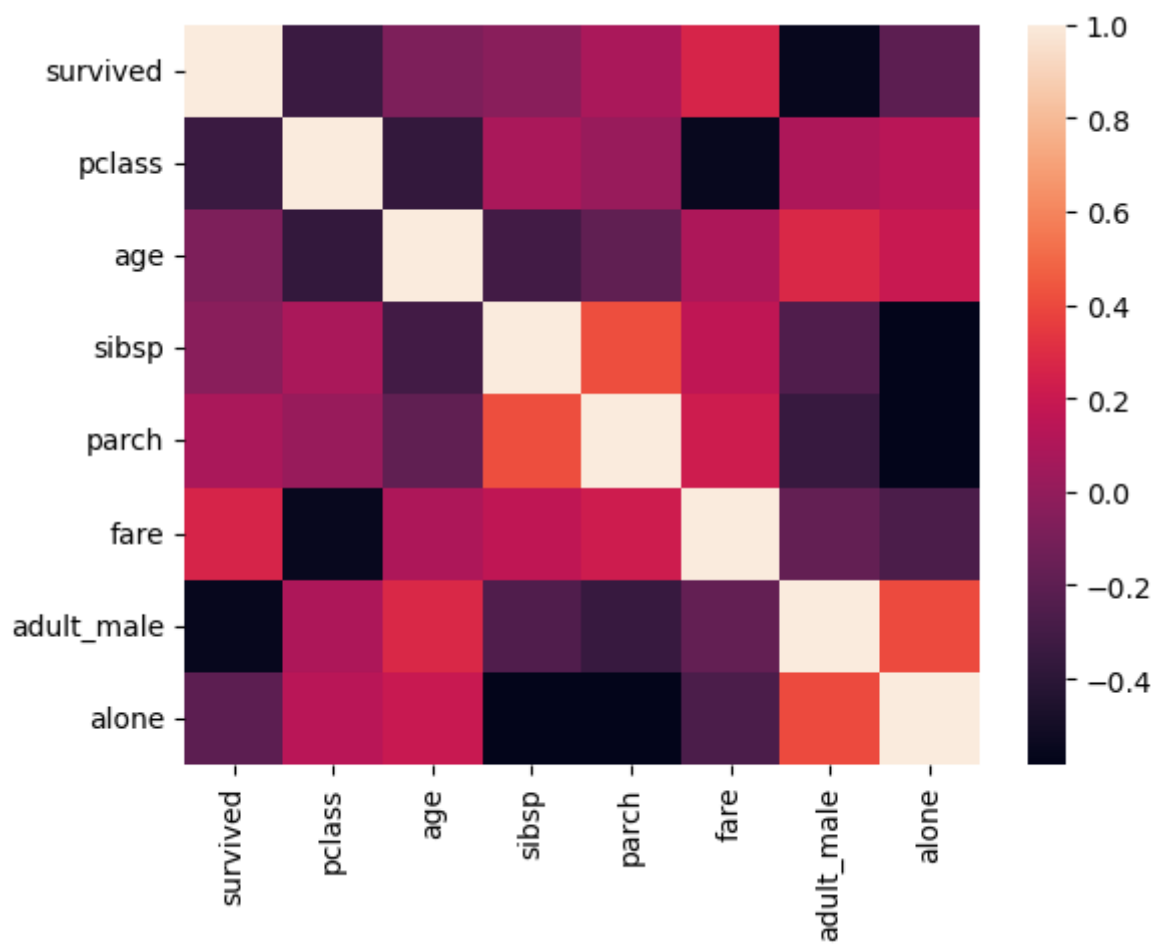
```
In [33]: sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True)
```

```
Out[33]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



In [34]: `sns.heatmap(corr)`

Out[34]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



In []: