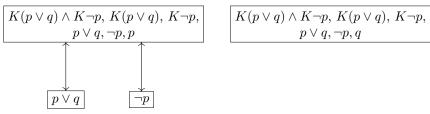
Exercise 3.1

a)



This yields the model M = (W, R, V) with $W = \{w_1\}, R(K) = \{(w_1, w_1)\}, V(p) = \text{ and } V(q) = \{w_1\}.$

Exercise 3.1 Variation

a)

$$K(p \lor q) \land K \neg p$$

Apply AND-Rule:

$$| K(p \lor q) \land K \neg p, K(p \lor q), K \neg p$$

Apply Axiom T:

$$\left| \begin{array}{c} K\left(p\vee q\right) \wedge K\neg p, \\ K\left(p\vee q\right), \ K\neg p, \\ p\vee q, \ \neg p \end{array} \right|$$

Apply OR-Rule:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} K\left(p\vee q\right) \wedge K\neg p, \\ K\left(p\vee q\right), \ K\neg p, \\ p\vee q, \ \neg p, \\ p \end{array} \right)$$

$$K(p \lor q) \land K \neg p, K(p \lor q), K \neg p, p \lor q, \neg p, q$$

⊥-Rule:

$$\begin{array}{c} K\left(p\vee q\right)\wedge K\neg p,\\ K\left(p\vee q\right),\, K\neg p,\\ p\vee q,\, \neg p,\\ p,\\ \bot \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} K\left(p\vee q\right)\wedge K\neg p,\\ K\left(p\vee q\right),\, K\neg p,\\ p\vee q,\, \neg p,\\ q \end{array}$$

No more rules can be applied and there is an open premodel left, thus the formula is satisfiable. Kripke Model: M = (W, R, V) with $W = \{w_1\}, R(K) =$

 $\{(w_1,w_1)\},\,V(p)=\{\}$ and $V(q)=\{w_1\}.$ Pointed S5 model (M,w) with M from above and $w=\{\neg p,q\}.$

b)

$$\neg \left(K \left(p \wedge q \right) \to K p \right)$$

Apply NotImpl-Rule:

Apply AND-Rule:

Exercise 3.2

ϕ	$M, w_2 \models$	$M, w_2 \models$	$M, w_2 \models$	$M, w_2 \models$	$M, w_1 \models$	$M, w_1 \models$
	$K_1\phi$	$K_2\phi$	$C\phi$	$D\phi$	$C\phi$	$D\phi$
\overline{p}		\boxtimes		\boxtimes		
q	\boxtimes			\boxtimes		\boxtimes
$p \wedge q$				\boxtimes		
$p\vee q$						\boxtimes