Externally add a Variable to a model in TensorFlow

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I have an existing TensorFlow model, and I want to add a new "parameter" (a tf.variable) to the model's list of parameters (such that it's trainable) and add it externally to the model's list of parameters / computational graph.



0

One approach that I tried, is to append the new parameters to the model's list of trainable weights, something like this (here new_parameter is a tf.Variable) -



```
model.layers[-1].trainable_weights.extend([new_parameter])
model.compile(....)
```

But I'm not sure if that's the best way to go about it. In PyTorch, we have nn.Parameter instead of tf.Variable, and we have <u>register_parameter</u> using which we can register tensors as new parameter's to the model's list of parameters. Is there any equivalent of register_parameter in TensorFlow? Or some other way to achieve the same goal?

It is possible by custom dense layer too !!

1 [Sample]:

```
import os
from os.path import exists
import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow_io as tfio
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
list_label = []
list_label_actual = [ 'Pikaploy', 'Pikaploy', 'Pikaploy', 'Pikaploy',
'Pikaploy', 'Candidt Kibt', 'Candidt Kibt', 'Candidt Kibt', 'Candidt Kibt',
'Candidt Kibt' ]
for file in files.take(15):
   image = tf.io.read_file( file )
   image = tfio.experimental.image.decode_tiff(image, index=0)
   list_file_actual.append(image)
   image = tf.image.resize(image, [32,32], method='nearest')
   list_file.append(image)
   list_label.append(1)
for file in files_2.take(18):
   image = tf.io.read_file( file )
   image = tfio.experimental.image.decode_tiff(image, index=0)
   list_file_actual.append(image)
   image = tf.image.resize(image, [32,32], method='nearest')
   list_file.append(image)
   list_label.append(9)
checkpoint_path = "F:\\models\\checkpoint\\" +
os.path.basename(__file__).split('.')[0] + "\\TF_DataSets_01.h5"
checkpoint_dir = os.path.dirname(checkpoint_path)
loggings = "F:\\models\\checkpoint\\" + os.path.basename(__file__).split('.')
[0] + "\\loggings.log"
if not exists(checkpoint_dir) :
   os.mkdir(checkpoint_dir)
   print("Create directory: " + checkpoint_dir)
log_dir = checkpoint_dir
: Class / Function
class MyDenseLayer(tf.keras.layers.Layer):
   def __init__(self, num_outputs, num_add):
      super(MyDenseLayer, self).__init__()
      self.num_outputs = num_outputs
      self.num_add = num_add
   def build(self, input_shape):
      self.kernel = self.add_weight("kernel",
      shape=[int(input_shape[-1]),
      self.num_outputs])
   def call(self, inputs):
      temp = tf.add( inputs, self.num add )
      temp = tf.matmul(temp, self.kernel)
      return temp
list_file = tf.cast( list_file, dtype=tf.int64 )
list_file = tf.constant( list_file, shape=(33, 1, 32, 32, 4), dtype=tf.int64)
list_label = tf.cast( list_label, dtype=tf.int64 )
list_label = tf.constant( list_label, shape=(33, 1, 1, 1), dtype=tf.int64)
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(( list_file, list_label ))
: Model Initialize
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
   tf.keras.layers.InputLayer(input_shape=( 32, 32, 4 )),
```

```
tf.keras.layers.Normalization(mean=3., variance=2.),
  tf.keras.layers.Normalization(mean=4., variance=6.),
  tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
  tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
  tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
  tf.keras.layers.Reshape((128, 225)),
  tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(96,
return_sequences=True, return_state=False)),
  tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(96)),
])
layer = MyDenseLayer(10, 5)
model.add(layer)
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Flatten())
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(192, activation='relu'))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
: Optimizer
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Nadam(
  learning_rate=0.00001, beta_1=0.9, beta_2=0.999, epsilon=1e-07,
  name='Nadam'
)
: Loss En
lossfn = tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(
  from_logits=False,
  reduction=tf.keras.losses.Reduction.AUTO,
  name='sparse_categorical_crossentropy'
)
: Model Summary
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss=lossfn, metrics=['accuracy'])
: FileWriter
if exists(checkpoint_path) :
  model.load_weights(checkpoint_path)
  print("model load: " + checkpoint path)
  input("Press Any Key!")
: Training
history = model.fit( dataset, batch_size=100, epochs=50 )
model.save_weights(checkpoint_path)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.show()
plt.close()
input("...")
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
normalization (Normalization)		0
normalization_1 (Normalization)	(None, 32, 32, 4)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	1184
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 15, 15, 128)	4224
reshape (Reshape)	(None, 128, 225)	0
bidirectional (Bidirectional)	(None, 128, 192)	247296
<pre>bidirectional_1 (Bidirectional)</pre>	(None, 192)	221952
my_dense_layer (MyDenseLayer) *** custom layer add		1920
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 10)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 192)	2112
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1930
Total params: 480,618 Trainable params: 480,618		

Trainable params: 480,618
Non-trainable params: 0

