

Daily Expenses Sharing Application - Backend

This project implements the backend for a daily expenses sharing application. It allows users to add expenses, split them using different methods, and generate a balance sheet. The application supports the following features:

- User management (create and retrieve users).
- Expense management (add expenses, retrieve user-specific and overall expenses).
- Expense split methods: Equal, Exact, Percentage.
- Balance sheet generation.
- API endpoints for managing users and expenses.

Features

- **User Management:** Each user has a name, email, and mobile number.
- **Expense Splitting:**
 - **Equal Split:** Expenses are split equally among participants.
 - **Exact Split:** Specific amounts can be assigned to participants.
 - **Percentage Split:** Expenses are split based on percentages (must add up to 100%).
- **Balance Sheet:** A balance sheet showing individual and overall expenses can be generated and downloaded.

API Endpoints

Endpoint	Method	Description
/api/users/	POST	Create a new user
/api/users/<int:user_id>/	GET	Retrieve user details by ID
/api/expenses/	POST	Add a new expense
/api/expenses/user/<int:user_id>/	GET	Get all expenses for a specific user
/api/expenses/all/	GET	Get all expenses
/api/expenses/balance-sheet/	GET	Download the balance sheet

Installation and Setup

Prerequisites

- Python 3.x
- Django 4.x
- SQLite (default Django database)

Step 1: Clone the repository

```
bash
Copy code
git clone https://github.com/your-username/expense-sharing-app.git
cd expense-sharing-app
```

Step 2: Create a virtual environment

```
bash
Copy code
python -m venv env
source env/bin/activate # On Windows use `env\Scripts\activate`
```

Step 3: Install dependencies

```
bash
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pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Step 4: Set up the database

Run the following commands to create the necessary database tables:

```
bash
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python manage.py makemigrations
python manage.py migrate
```

Step 5: Run the development server

```
bash
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python manage.py runserver
```

The server will be available at <http://127.0.0.1:8000/>.

Step 6: Access the admin panel (Optional)

You can create an admin user and access the Django admin panel to manage users and expenses.

```
bash
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python manage.py createsuperuser
```

Go to <http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/> and log in with the admin credentials you created.

API Usage

1. Create a User

```
bash
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POST /api/users/
```

Request Body:

```
json
Copy code
{
  "name": "John Doe",
  "email": "john@example.com",
  "mobile": "1234567890"
}
```

2. Add an Expense

bash
Copy code
POST /api/expenses/

Request Body:

json
Copy code
{
 "description": "Dinner with friends",
 "total_amount": 3000,
 "split_method": "equal", # or "exact", "percentage"
 "participants": [
 {"user_id": 1, "amount": 1000}, # Only required for "exact"
 {"user_id": 2, "amount": 1000}, # Only required for "exact"
 {"user_id": 3, "amount": 1000} # Only required for "exact"
]
}

3. Get User Expenses

bash
Copy code
GET /api/expenses/user/<user_id>/

4. Download Balance Sheet

bash
Copy code
GET /api/expenses/balance-sheet/

Data Validation

- For the percentage split method, ensure that the percentages add up to 100%. If not, an error message will be returned.

Testing

You can test the API using tools like [Postman](#) or curl.

Example request using curl:

bash
Copy code
curl -X POST http://127.0.0.1:8000/api/users/ \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{"name": "John Doe", "email": "john@example.com", "mobile": "1234567890}"

Future Improvements

- **Authentication:** Implement user authentication (e.g., JWT).
- **Error Handling:** Add robust error handling for input validation.
- **Unit Tests:** Add unit tests and integration tests.
- **Performance:** Optimize the system for handling large datasets.