

Vector vs. vector Stanford (SPL)

std::vector

V. add(value)

V. remove(i)

V. insert(i, value)

V.at(i)
V[i]

V. push_back(value)

V.erase(V.begin() + i)
iterator

V.insert(V.begin() + i, value)

V.at(i)
V[i]

String Streams

#include <sstream>

istringstream

↳ lets you read "tokens" from a string

Ostringstream

↳ lets you write tokens to a

can be a

string buffer

```
istringstream iss("hello world 123 456");
    string word1, word2, word3;
    iss >> word1; // word1 = "hello"
    iss >> word2; // word2 = "world"
    iss >> x; // x = 123
    iss >> word3; // word3 = "456"
```

~~string~~
ostringstream oss;

istringstream

iss(result);

iss >> word1;

int age = 42;

int

ip = 95;

oss << "abc's age is ";
1 token (string)

oss << ~~age~~ age;
2nd token (int)

oss << " and his ip is ";

oss << ip;

~~string~~ result = oss.str();
cout << result; iss

oss << "abc's of" << af ;
oss << " and his ip is " << ip << odd ;

shring s = oss.ahl ;
↳ ?

what is the type of oss? ossingation

~~for~~ string l = getLine("line?");

istream is(l);

int i;

string s;

is >> i

or

is >> s ?

Homework Exercise:

with $\&$ SPL functions
like

getInteger
getDoubles

using ~~isStreaming~~
stream operators

cost \ll obs; X

```
string s = getline("input?");
```

```
    stringstream iss(s);  
    string word; int count = 0;  
    while (iss >> word)  
    {  
        count++;  
    }
```

```
    cout << count << endl;
```


<< >>

getline (input stream , string variable);

cout << "What is your full name?";
string name;
~~cin >> name;~~ // X: will not work

getline (cin, name);
↳ small

~~input~~

```
istream input("hello world\n what a  
          shiny line, line2;  
          getline(input, line); // line = "hello world"  
                                  nice  
                                  day\n")
```

```
if (getline(input, line3)) // returns false  
{                          in this example  
    // do something with line 3  
}
```

Exercise: count number of lines in a string

Caution: Do not mix \gg and `getline()`

on the same input stream!

```
string name; int age;  
cout << "How old are you? ";
```

```
cin >> age;
```

```
cout << "And what's your name? ";  
getline (cin, name); X will not work
```

Exercise: write a function `string-stats(s)`
and prints statistics about the string `s`.

```
string s = "Hello I am really enjoying COL1501n  
what a wonderful course this is in  
I am glad I chose IIT Delhi\N\nI  
am sure this will help me in  
future";  
string-stats(s);  
Line 1: 34 chars, 6 words  
Line 2: 32 chars, 5 words  
Line 3: 32 characters, 8 words.  
Line 4: 0 characters, 0 words
```

Line 5: 37 chars, 9 words

longest = 37 characters

average = 27.0 characters