

Iterated Prisoner's Dilemma

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STEP 1: Problem Identification and Statement

The objective of this assignment is to design and implement a software simulation of the Iterated Prisoner's Dilemma (IPD) game, a classic from game theory. The program uses information such as the player strategies and the number of rounds to play the game. The software prints the moves of each player in each round and displays the final result (winner information) at the end of the game. It also allows the user to reset the game, add new players, and drop existing players.

STEP 2: Gathering of Information and Input and Output Description

The iterated prisoner's dilemma (IPD) is a popular game from game theory. The traditional form of the prisoner's dilemma game has two players. Each player must choose between one of two possible moves: defect or cooperate. The combination of your move and your opponent's move determines some form of payoff, usually represented as a score.

The name "prisoner's dilemma" is derived from the following situation: Two prisoners are serving time for a minor offense. However, both are suspected of having committed a far more serious crime. The police approach each prisoner, privately, with the same deal. Each is given the choice between:

- 1) Implicating the other prisoner (i.e., defect, relative to the other prisoner) and thereby getting paroled,
- 2) Not implicating the other prisoner (i.e., cooperate, relative to the other prisoner) and thereby continuing to serve time for the minor offense.

In this example, each suspect has only one move and one payoff. If both cooperate, each continues to serve their remaining time in prison. If both defect, each gets paroled; however, each is then convicted of the more serious crime and must serve a new, longer jail sentence. If one defects and the other cooperates, the defector goes free, and the cooperator spends a lot of time behind bars. The consequences of these choices, when applied iteratively, set the stage for a dynamic and strategic game. This situation is the basis for interesting research in many areas, including political science, biology, and economics.

In the iterated version of the dilemma, players engage in repeated interactions with their opponent, with the first move made without knowledge of the opponent's response. Subsequent moves allow players to adapt their strategy based on their opponent's last move, introducing an element of complexity and strategic foresight.

The objective of the game is to accumulate the maximum points over a series of moves (N). The payoff table, a crucial component of the IPD, outlines the rewards for different combinations of cooperative and defective moves. Strategic nuances arise from the interplay of decisions, presenting players with the challenge of balancing self-interest with the potential for mutual cooperation.

IPD Payoff Table				
	Cooperate		Defect	
Cooperate	3,	3	0,	5
Defect	5,	0	1,	1

However, the complexity deepens as repeated interactions introduce the need for strategic thinking, fostering the development of cooperative strategies like "tit for tat" or exploring alternatives such as "Evil," "Random," "Cooperate," and "Forgiving."

Game Strategies

Examining the payoff table reveals intriguing dynamics, such as the allure of the highest payoff when one player defects while the other cooperates. However, if both players cooperate, each player will receive a higher payoff than if both had defected. In a single-move game, a rational choice might be to defect for the best chance of winning. However, in multiple encounters, forming a cooperative relationship with your opponent can be more advantageous. Developing a cooperative strategy, while guarding against defectors, is what makes this game an interesting behaviour model and a challenging programming task. One very simple and effective strategy is called the "tit for tat". With this strategy, your next move is always your opponent's last move. There are other strategies such as the "Evil", "Random", "Cooperate", and "Tit for Tat".

1. Evil:

The "Evil" strategy is straightforward and selfish. It always chooses to defect, betraying its opponent regardless of the opponent's previous move. This strategy aims to maximize its own score at the expense of the opponent.

2. Cooperate:

The "Cooperate" strategy is cooperative and trusting. It always chooses to cooperate, regardless of the opponent's previous move. This strategy aims to build mutual cooperation, fostering a positive outcome for both players over repeated interactions.

3. Random:

The "Random" strategy is unpredictable. In each round, it randomly chooses to cooperate or defect with a 50-50 chance. This strategy introduces an element of uncertainty, making it challenging for opponents to anticipate its moves.

4. Tit for Tat:

The "Tit for Tat" strategy is reciprocal and forgiving. It starts by cooperating or defecting (as per player decision) and then mirrors its opponent's last move in subsequent rounds. If the opponent cooperates, it cooperates; if the opponent defects, it defects. This strategy encourages cooperation by reciprocating the opponent's behaviour.

Input Description:

The program for this problem would consist of classes and functions to create and manage players, define game strategies, and execute the game. The main functionalities include adding/dropping players, setting the number of rounds, choosing game strategies, and initiating the game simulation.

The data relevant to this problem consists of integer values, character values, string values, and boolean values.

Beginning with choice1 (character value), which plays a vital role in navigating the program's menu.

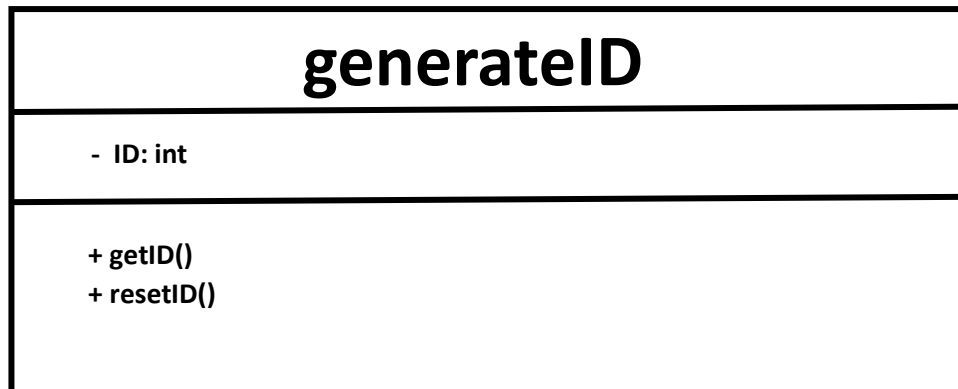
- 1) If User Chooses 1) (Add/Drop Players) – Game class is called:
Inputs: choice2, numOfPlayers, pID (ID of player to be dropped), playerName, addPlayers
- 2) If User Chooses 2) (Set Number of Rounds) – Game class is called:
Inputs: numOfRounds
- 3) If User chooses 3) (Choose game strategy) – Game class is called:
Inputs: choice3(game strategy of each player), defaultChar

Output Description:

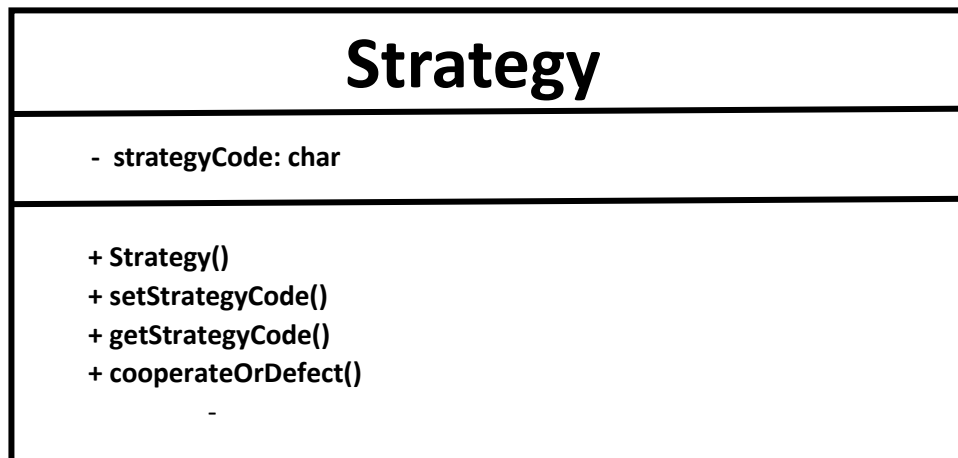
1. Player 1 Move (for each round)
2. Player 2 Move (for each round)
3. Player Information (Name, ID , Strategy ,Score, Moves)
4. Winner Information (Name, ID, Score)

Class Diagrams:

(i)



(i)



(iii)

Player
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- ID: int- name: string- score: int- numOfMoves: int- totalMoves: int- prevMoves: char(array)- s: Strategy Class Object- numOfPlayers: int
<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ Player()+Player(const Player& other)+ getID()+ getName()+ getScore()+ getStrategy()+ getNumOfMoves+ getLastMove()+ setName()+ setNumberOfMoves()+ updateStrategy()+ makeMove()+ setLastMove()+ printMoves()+ increaseScore()+ resetData()+ resetMoves+ resetNumOfPlayers()

(iv)

Game
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- players: array of Player class Objects- numOfPlayers: int- numOfRounds: int- strategy: char
<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ Game()+ setNumberOfRounds()+ displayResult()+ addPlayers()+ addPlayersToExistingGame()+ dropPlayer()+ getPlayerInfo()+ play()

The I/O diagram for this problem is illustrated below:

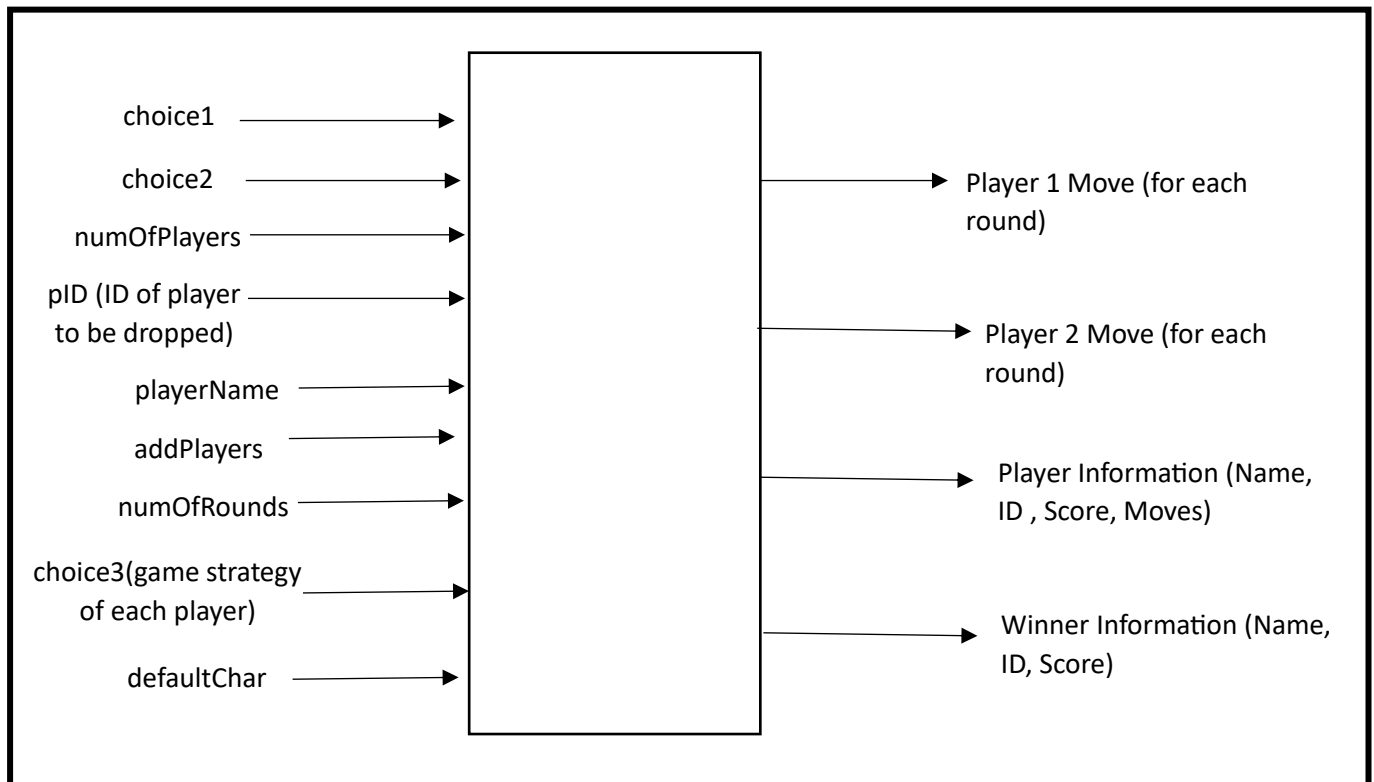


Figure 0.1: I/O Diagram

Description of Menu and Output Messages:

1. Menu Options:

- Option 1: Add/Drop Players
- Option 2: Set Number of Rounds
- Option 3: Choose your Game Strategy
- Option 4: Start the Game
- Option 5: Exit

2. User Interaction and Input Validation:

- The program begins by displaying the menu options. The user is prompted to enter their choice (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5).
- If the user enters a choice other than 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, the program displays an appropriate error message and prompts the user to re-enter a valid choice.
- Each option's execution is dependent on the completion of certain steps. For example, option 1 requires players to be created before dropping, option 2 requires players to be created, and option 3 requires players and the number of rounds to be set.

3. Option 1: Add/Drop Players

- Sub-options:
 - **1: Add New Players to the Game (Reset Game)**
 - The user is prompted to enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required).
 - Input validation ensures that the entered value is a positive integer and exactly 2 players are added.
 - Names for each player are entered with input validation for string values.
 - **2. Add players to the Existing Game**
 - Ensure that players are already created (Option 1, Sub-option 1).
 - The user is prompted to enter the number of players to add to the existing game.
 - Input validation ensures a positive integer value for the number of players to add, and the total number of players does not exceed the limit.
 - Names for each additional player are entered with input validation for string values.
 - **3: Drop Players**
 - The user is prompted to enter the ID of the player to drop.
 - Input validation ensures a non-negative integer value for the player ID.

4. Option 2: Set Number of Rounds

- The user is prompted to enter the number of rounds.
- Input validation ensures that the entered value is a positive integer.
- The number of rounds is set for the game, and memory is allocated for each player's moves based on the number of rounds.

5. Option 3: Choose your Game Strategy

- The user is prompted to choose a strategy (r, c, e, t) for each player.
- Input validation ensures valid strategy codes are entered.
- The chosen strategy is set for each player.

6. Option 4: Start the Game

- The game is played through multiple rounds.
- Players make moves based on their strategies and opponents' previous moves.
- Scores are calculated for each player based on the interactions.
- The winner is determined by the highest cumulative score.
- The final result is displayed, indicating the winner or a tie.

7. Option 5: Exit

- Displays a thank you message and terminates the program.

STEP 3: Test Cases and Algorithm Design

Test Cases:

Press 1 to Add/Drop Players
Press 2 to Set Number of Rounds
Press 3 to Choose your Game Strategy
Press 4 to Start the Game
Press 5 to quit the Program

Please enter your choice:

1.1) User Selects Option 1

1.1.1) User Selects Option 1 and Enters valid Input

Output: *Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)*

Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game

Press 3 to Drop Players

Please enter your choice: 1

Please enter the number of players: 2

Enter the name for Player1: A

Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player2: B

Players added successfully!

1.1.2) User Selects Option 1 and Enters Invalid Input

Output: *Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)*

Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game

Press 3 to Drop Players

Please enter your choice: 1

Please enter the number of players: 3

Error! Please enter exactly 2 players:

1.1.3) User Selects Option 2 (After having added 2 players)

Output: *Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)*

Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game

Press 3 to Drop Players

Please enter your choice: 1

Please enter the number of players: 2

*Enter the name for Player1: A
Players added successfully!*

*Enter the name for Player2: B
Players added successfully!*

*Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game
Press 3 to Drop Players*

*Please enter your choice:2
Error! Max Limit Reached! Could not add new players*

1.1.4) User Selects Option 2 (After having added 2 players and then Dropping 1 Player (Option 3))

Output: *Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game
Press 3 to Drop Players*

Please enter your choice:1

Please enter the number of players: 2

*Enter the name for Player1: A
Players added successfully!*

*Enter the name for Player2: B
Players added successfully!*

*Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game
Press 3 to Drop Players*

*Please enter your choice:3
Enter the ID of the player you want to drop: 1
Player 1 successfully deleted*

*Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game
Press 3 to Drop Players*

*Please enter your choice:2
Please enter the number of players to add to the game: 1
Enter the name of Player: C
Players added successfully!*

1.2) User Selects Option 2

1.2.1) User has not Selected Option1 before Option 2

Output: *Error: Create the players first (Option 1)!*

1.2.2) User has Selected Option1 before Option 2

Output: *Please enter the number of rounds: 5*

1.3) User Selects Option 3

1.3.1) User has not Selected Option 1 or 2 before Option 3

Output: *Error: Create the players, and set the number of rounds first (Options 1, and 2)!*

1.3.2) User has Selected Option 1 and 2 before Option 3 (User enters invalid input)

Output: =====

GAME STRATEGIES

=====

Enter r for Random

Enter c for Cooperate

Enter e for Evil

Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1, Please choose your strategy: g

Please either 'r', 'c', 'e', or 't' for your strategy :

Player 1, Please choose your strategy: c
 Player 2, Please choose your strategy: e

Output:

<i>Round</i>	<i>Player 2</i>	<i>Player 2 Score</i>	<i>Player 1</i>	<i>Player 1 Score</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>2</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>5+5 = 10</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0 + 0 = 0</i>
<i>3</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>10 + 5 = 15</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0 + 0 = 0</i>
<i>4</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>15 + 5 = 20</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0 + 0 = 0</i>
<i>5</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>20 + 5 = 25</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0 + 0 = 0</i>
<i>Score:</i>		<i>25</i>		<i>0</i>

Result:

WinnerID: 2

Name: B

Score: 25

1.4.2) Player 1 Strategy: Cooperate, Player 2 Strategy: Tit for tat

Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)

Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game

Press 3 to Drop Players

Please enter your choice: 1

Please enter the number of players: 2

Enter the name for Player1: A

Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player2: B

Players added successfully!

Please enter the number of rounds: 7

Player 1, Please choose your strategy: c

Player 2, Please choose your strategy: t

Output:

Player 2, please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: d

<i>Round</i>	<i>Player 2</i>	<i>Player 2 Score</i>	<i>Player 1</i>	<i>Player 1 Score</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>2</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>5 + 3 = 8</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0 + 3 = 3</i>
<i>3</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>8 + 3 = 11</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>3 + 3 = 6</i>
<i>4</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>11 + 3 = 14</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>6 + 3 = 9</i>
<i>5</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>14 + 3 = 17</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>9 + 3 = 12</i>
<i>6</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>17 + 3 = 20</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>12 + 3 = 15</i>
<i>7</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>20 + 3 = 23</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>15 + 3 = 18</i>
<i>Score:</i>		<i>23</i>		<i>18</i>

Result:

WinnerID: 2

Name: B

Score: 23

1.4.3) Game 1: Player 1 Strategy: Tit for Tat, Player 2 Strategy: Tit for tat

Game 2: Player 1 Strategy: Tit for Tat, Player 2 Strategy: Random

Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)

Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game

Press 3 to Drop Players

Please enter your choice: 1

Please enter the number of players: 2

Enter the name for Player1: Mr John

Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player2: Aman

Players added successfully!

Please enter the number of rounds: 10

Player 1, Please choose your strategy: t

Player 2, Please choose your strategy: t

Output:

Player 1, please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: d
Player 2, please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: c

<i>Round</i>	<i>Player 2</i>	<i>Player 2 Score</i>	<i>Player 1</i>	<i>Player 1 Score</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>2</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>0 + 5 = 5</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>5 + 0 = 5</i>
<i>3</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>5 + 0 = 5</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>5 + 5 = 10</i>
<i>4</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>5 + 5 = 10</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>10 + 0 = 10</i>
<i>5</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>10 + 0 = 10</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>10 + 5 = 15</i>
<i>6</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>10 + 5 = 15</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>15 + 0 = 15</i>
<i>7</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>15 + 0 = 15</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>15 + 5 = 20</i>
<i>8</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>15 + 5 = 20</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>20 + 0 = 20</i>
<i>9</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>20 + 0 = 20</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>20 + 5 = 25</i>
<i>10</i>	<i>defect</i>	<i>20 + 5 = 25</i>	<i>cooperate</i>	<i>25 + 0 = 25</i>
<i>Score:</i>		<i>25</i>		<i>25</i>

Result:

It's a tie

Tied Players:

Player 1

Player 2

Score of each player: 25

Round 2 (Continue running the code for the second time with new players):

Press 1 to Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)

Press 2 to Add Players to the Existing Game

Press 3 to Drop Players

Please enter your choice: 1

Please enter the number of players: 2

Enter the name for Player1: Alex

Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player2: Mary

Players added successfully!

Please enter the number of rounds: 5

Player 1, Please choose your strategy: r

Player 2, Please choose your strategy: c

Output:

Since Player 1 has chosen a random strategy, we cannot precisely predict the final scores of each player. However, given that Player 2 has opted for a cooperative strategy, we can anticipate that Player 1 is likely to win the game. If Player 1's move is 'c' through the random strategy, both players would receive 3 points. On the other hand, if Player 1's move is 'd' through the random strategy, Player 1 would gain 5 points, and Player 2 would receive 0 points. Therefore, we can logically infer that Player 1 is positioned to win.

Result:

WinnerID: 1

Name: Alex

Score: (depends on moves made)

1.5) User Selects Option 5

Output: *Thank you for playing!*

End of the program!

1) Menu Options

Algorithm Design:

Declare and Initialize Max_Players to 2

Define class generateID

Define private variables: static variable ID;

Define static function getID()

Increment ID by 1

Return ID

Define static function resetID()

Set ID to 0

Initialize static variable ID of generateID class to 0

Define class Strategy

Define private variables: strategyCode

Define default constructor Strategy()

Set strategyCode to 'r'

Define function setStrategyCode(char code), with parameter code

Set strategyCode to code

Define function getStrategyCode()

Return strategyCode

Define function cooperateOrDefect(char opponentLastMove), with parameter opponentLastMove

Switch based on strategyCode

If strategyCode is equal to 'r'

If rand()%2 is equal to 0

Return 'c'

Otherwise

Return 'd'

If strategyCode is equal to 'c'

Return 'c'

If strategyCode is equal to 'd'

Return 'd'

If strategyCode is equal to 't'

Return opponentLastMove

default case

Print "Error: Invalid Strategy Code", newline

Return '\0'

Define class Player

Define private variables: ID, name, score, numOfMoves, totalMoves, prevMoves, s, static variable numOfPlayers

Define default constructor Player()

Set ID using getID() function of generateID class

Set name to ""

Set score to 0

Set numOfMoves to 0

Set totalMoves to 0

Set prevMoves to nullptr

Increment numOfPlayers by 1

Define copy constructor Player(const Player& other), with parameter Player object other

Set ID to other.ID

Set name to other.name

Set score to other.score

Set numOfMoves to other.numOfMoves

Set totalMoves to other.totalMoves

*If other.prevMoves is not equal to nullptr
Set prevMoves = other.prevMoves*

*Otherwise
Set prevMoves to nullptr*

Set s = other.s

*Define function getID()
Return ID*

*Define function getName()
Return name*

*Define function getScore()
Return score*

*Define function getStrategy()
Return s.getStrategyCode()*

*Define function getNumOfMoves()
Return numOfMoves*

Define function getLastMove(int x), with parameter x

*If prevMoves is not equal to nullptr and $x \geq 0$ and $x < \text{numOfMoves}$
return prevMoves[numOfMoves – (numOfPlayers – 1) + x]*

*Otherwise
Print “Error! Cannot access last move”*

*Define function setName(string playerName), with parameter playerName
Set name to playerName*

*Define function setNumberOfMoves(int initTotalMoves), with parameter initTotalMoves
Set totalMoves to initTotalMoves * (numOfPlayers – 1)
Allocate memory for prevMoves array with size totalMoves*

*Define function updateStrategy(char code), with parameter code
Call s.setStrategyCode(code)*

*Define function makeMove(char opponentMove)
Define and Initialize move to s.cooperateOrDefect(opponentMove)*

Call printMoves(move), with argument move

*If numOfMoves less than or equal to totalMoves
Call setLastMove(move), with argument move*

*Otherwise
Print “Error: Too many moves made. Move index out of bounds.”, newline*

Return move

Define function setLastMove(char newMove), with parameter newMove
Set prevMoves[numOfMoves] to newMove
Increment numOfMoves by 1

Define function printMoves(char move), with parameter move
If move is equal to 'c'
Print "Player ", ID, " Move: Cooperate", newline
Print newline

Otherwise
Print "Player ", ID, " Move: Defect", newline
Print newline

Define function increaseScore(int newScore), with parameter newScore
Increment score by newScore

Define function resetData()
Set score to 0
Set numOfMoves to 0

Define function resetMoves()
Return prevMoves

Define static function resetNumOfPlayers()
Set numOfPlayers to 0

Define Destructor of Player class
Deallocate memory for prevMoves array

Initialize static variable numOfPlayers of Player class to 0

Define class Game
Define private variables: players, numOfPlayers, numOfRounds, strategy

Define default constructor Game()
Set players to nullptr
Set numOfPlayers to 0
Set numOfRounds to 0

Define function setNumberOfRounds(int rounds) , with parameter rounds
Set numOfRounds to rounds

Declare and Initialize i to 0

Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers
Call players[i].resetData()
Call players[i].setNumberOfMoves(rounds), with argument rounds
Increment i

```

Define function displayResult()
    Declare and initialize winnerID to -1, highestScore to -1
    Declare tiedPlayers array with size numOfPlayers
    Declare and Initialize numTiedPlayers to 0
    Declare winner

    Print newline
    Print "*****"
    Print newline

    Declare and initialize i to 0

    Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers
        Print "Player ID: ", player ID, newline
        Print "Name: ", player name, newline
        Print "Score: ", player score, newline
        Print newline

        If player score greater than highestScore
            Set numTiedPlayers to 0
            Set tiedPlayers[numTiedPlayers] to player ID
            Increment numTiedPlayers by 1
            Set winnerID to player ID
            Set winner to player name
            Set highestScore to player score

        Otherwise if player score is equal to highestScore

            If numTiedPlayers is equal to 0
                Create tiedPlayers array with size numOfPlayers

            Set tiedPlayers[numTiedPlayers] to player ID
            Increment numTiedPlayers by 1

        Increment i by 1

    Print "*****", newline
    Print newline

    Print "-----", newline
    Print "|          RESULT          |", newline
    Print "-----", newline

    If numTiedPlayers is equal to 1
        Print "|WinnerID: ", winnerID, "      |", newline
        Print "|Name: ", winner, "          |", newline
        Print "|Score: ", highestScore, "    |", newline

    Otherwise
        Print "|It's a tie                    |", newline
        Print "|                               |", newline
        Print "|Tied Players:                 |", newline

```

Declare and initialize i to 0

Repeat while i less than numTiedPlayers

Print "|Player ", tiedPlayers[i], " |", newline

Increment i by 1

Print "|", newline

Print "|Score of each player: ", highestScore, " |", newline

Print "-----", newline

Print newline

Deallocate memory for tiedPlayers array

Define function addPlayers(int numPlayers), with parameter numPlayers

If players is not equal to nullptr

Deallocate memory for players

Call resetID() function of generateID class

Call resetNumOfPlayers() function of Player class

Allocate memory for players array with size numPlayers

Set numOfPlayers to numPlayers

Ignore any remaining characters in the input buffer

Declare and initialize i to 0

Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers

Declare playerName

Print "Enter the name for Player", i + 1, ": "

Read value into playerName

Repeat while input is invalid

Print "Please enter a string value for the name of the player: "

Read value into playerName

Call players[i].setName(playerName), with argument playerName

Print "Players added successfully!", newline

Print newline

Increment i by 1

*Define function addPlayersToExistingGame(int numOfPlayersToAdd), with parameter numOfPlayersToAdd
If players is not equal to nullptr*

*If (numOfPlayers + numOfPlayersToAdd) less than or equal to Max_Players
Declare updatePlayers array of Player class with size (numOfPlayers + numOfPlayersToAdd)*

Declare and initialize i to 0

*Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers
Set updatePlayers[i] to players[i]
Call updatePlayers[i].resetData()
Increment i*

Deallocate memory for players array

Set players to updatedPlayers

Increment numOfPlayers by numOfPlayersToAdd

Otherwise

Print "Error! Max Limit Reached! Could not add new players", newline

Ignore any remaining characters in the input buffer

Declare and initialize i to (numOfPlayers – numOfPlayersToAdd)

*Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers
Declare playerName*

*Print "Enter the name for Player: "
Read value into playerName*

*Repeat while input is invalid
Print "Please enter a string value for the name of the player: "
Read value into playerName*

Call players[i].setName(playerName), with argument playerName

*Print "Players added successfully!", newline
Print newline*

Increment i by 1

*Define function dropPlayer(int playerID), with parameter playerID
Declare and initialize flag to false*

Declare and initialize i to 0

*Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers
If player ID is equal to playerID
Declare and initialize j to i
Repeat while j less than (numOfPlayers – 1)
Set players[j] to players[j+1]
Increment j by 1*

Set `players[numOfPlayers - 1]` to `Player()`
Decrement `numOfPlayers` by 1

Set `flag` to true
Print "Player ", `playerID`, " successfully deleted", newline
Break

Increment `i` by 1

If `flag` is equal to false
Print "Player ", `playerID`, " not found", newline

Define function `getPlayerInfo()`
Return `players`

Define function `play()`

Declare and initialize `i` to 0
Repeat while `i` less than `numOfRounds`
 Declare and initialize `j` to 0
 Repeat while `j` less than `numOfPlayers`
 Declare and initialize `x` to 0
 Declare and initialize `k` to 0
 Repeat while `k` less than `j`
 Print "-----", newline
 Print " Round ", `i + 1`, " ", newline
 Print "-----", newline
 Print newline

Declare and initialize `playerOne` to 'c'
Declare and initialize `playerTwo` to 'c'

If `i` is equal to 0
 Declare and initialize `defaultChar` to 'c'

If `player[j]`'s strategy is equal to 't'
 Print "Player ", `j+1`, " , please enter your first move:
 Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: "

Read value into `defaultChar`

Repeat while input is invalid or (`defaultChar` is not
equal to 'c' and `defaultChar` is not equal to 'd')

Print "Please enter either 'c' or 'd' for your
first move"

Read value into `defaultChar`

Set `playerOne` to `players[j].makeMove(defaultChar)`

Otherwise
Set `playerOne` to `players[j].makeMove(defaultChar)`

If player[k]'s strategy is equal to 't'

Print "Player ", k+1, ", please enter your first move:

Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: "

Read value into defaultChar

Repeat while input is invalid or (defaultChar is not equal to 'c' and defaultChar is not equal to 'd')

Print "Please enter either 'c' or 'd' for your first move"

Read value into defaultChar

Set playerTwo to players[k].makeMove(defaultChar)

Otherwise

Set playerTwo to players[k].makeMove(defaultChar)

Otherwise

Declare and initialize last_Move2 to players[k].getLastMove(x)

Declare and initialize last_Move1 to players[j].getLastMove(x)

Set playerOne to players[j].makeMove(last_Move2)

Set playerTwo to players[k].makeMove(last_Move1)

Increment x by 1

If playerOne is equal to 'c' and playerTwo is equal to 'c'

Call players[j].increaseScore(3), with argument 3

Call players[k].increaseScore(3), with argument 3

Otherwise if playerOne is equal to 'c' and playerTwo is equal to 'd'

Call players[j].increaseScore(0), with argument 0

Call players[k].increaseScore(5), with argument 5

Otherwise if playerOne is equal to 'd' and playerTwo is equal to 'c'

Call players[j].increaseScore(5), with argument 5

Call players[k].increaseScore(0), with argument 0

Otherwise

Call players[j].increaseScore(1), with argument 1

Call players[k].increaseScore(1), with argument 1

Increment k

Increment j

Increment i

Call displayResult()

Define Destructor of Game class

Deallocate memory for players array

Main Function:

Seed random number generator

Declare and initialize choice1 = 0, choice2 = 0

Declare choice3

Declare and initialize numOfPlayers to 0

Declare and initialize numOfRounds to 0

Declare and initialize addPlayers to 0

Declare and initialize name to ""

Declare and initialize playersCreated to false

Declare and initialize setNumberOfRounds to false

Declare and initialize setStrategy to false

Create Game object G

Repeat while choice1 is not equal to 5

Print newline

Print "-----", newline

Print " ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA ", newline

Print "-----", newline

Print "1. Add/Drop Players", newline

Print "2. Set Number of Rounds", newline

Print "3. Choose your Game Strategy", newline

Print "4. Start the Game", newline

Print "5. Exit", newline

Print "Enter your choice (1-5): "

Read value into choice1

Print newline

Switch based on choice1

If choice1 is equal to 1

Print newline

Print "1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)", newline

Print "2. Add Players to the Existing Game", newline

Print "3. Drop Players", newline

Print "Enter your choice (1-3): "

Read value into choice2

*Repeat while input is invalid or (choice2 is not equal to 1 and
choice2 is not equal to 2 and choice2 is not equal to 3)*

Print "Invalid Choice! Please enter either 1, 2 or 3: "

Read value into choice2

if choice2 is equal to 1

Print "Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required): ", newline

Read value into numOfPlayers

*Repeat while input is invalid or numOfPlayers is not equal to
Max_Players)*

Print "Error! Please enter exactly 2 players: "

Read value into numOfPlayers

Call G.addPlayers(numOfPlayers), with argument numOfPlayers

Set playersCreated to true

Otherwise if choice2 is equal to 2

If not playersCreated

Print "Error: Create the players first (Option 1)!", newline

Break

If numOfPlayers is equal to Max_Players

Print "Error! Max Limit Reached! Could not add new players"

Break

Declare and initialize maxReached to false

Print "Enter the number of players to add to the game", newline

Read value into addPlayers

*Repeat while input is invalid or addPlayers less than 1 or
(numOfPlayers + addPlayers) greater than 2*

If addPlayers less than 1

*Print "Please enter at least one player
to add:", newline*

Read value into addPlayers

Otherwise if (numOfPlayers + addPlayers) greater than 2

*Print "Please enter a maximum of 2 players to start
the game(enter exactly 2 players):"*

Read value into addPlayers

Set maxReached to true

Break

If not maxReached

*Call G.addPlayersToExistingGame(addPlayers) with
argument addPlayers*

Increment numOfPlayers by addPlayers

Otherwise

Continue

Break

Otherwise if choice2 is equal to 3

If not playersCreated

Print "Error: Create the players first (Option 1)!", newline

Break

Declare pID

Print "Enter the ID of the player you want to drop:", newline

Read value into pID

Repeat while input is invalid or $PID < 0$
 Print "Please enter a non-negative integer value for ID: "
 Read value into pID

Call $G.dropPlayer(pID)$ with argument pID
Decrement $numOfPlayers$ by 1

Break

If $choice1$ is equal to 2

 If not $playersCreated$
 Print "Error: Create the players first (Option 1)!", newline
 Break

 Declare and initialize $flag$ to true

 If not $flag$
 Declare and initialize i to 0
 Repeat while i less than $numOfPlayers$
 Deallocate memory for $G.getPlayerInfo()[i].resetMoves()$
 Increment i
 Set $flag$ to true

 Print "Enter the number of rounds:"
 Read value into $numOfRounds$

 Repeat while input is invalid or $numOfRounds$ less than or equal to 0
 Print "Please enter a positive value for number of rounds: "
 Read value into $numOfRounds$

 Call $G.setNumberOfRounds(numOfRounds)$, with argument $numOfRounds$

 Set $setNumberOfRounds$ to true
 Set $flag$ to false
 Break

If $choice1$ is equal to 3

 If not $playersCreated$ or not $setNumberOfRounds$
 Print "Error: Create the players, and set the number of rounds first
 (Options 1, and 2)!", newline

 Break

Print newline
Print "=====", newline
Print " GAME STRATEGIES ", newline
Print "=====", newline
Print "Enter r for Random", newline
Print "Enter c for Cooperate", newline
Print "Enter e for Evil", newline
Print "Enter t for Tit for Tat", newline
Print newline

Declare and initialize i to 0

Repeat while i less than numOfPlayers

*Repeat while input is invalid or (choice3 is not equal to 'r' and
choice3 is not equal to 'c' and choice3 is not equal to 'e' and
choice 3 is not equal to 't')*

*Print "Player ", i + 1, " , Please choose your strategy: "
Read value into choice3*

*If choice3 is not equal to 'r' and choice3 is not equal to 'c' and
choice3 is not equal to 'e' and choice3 is not equal to 't'*

*Print "Please either 'r', 'c', 'e', or 't' for your
strategy : ", newline*

Clear Input Buffer

Ignore input until newline

Call G.getPlayerInfo()[i].updateStrategy(choice3) with argument choice3

Increment i by 1

Set setStrategy to true

Break

If choice1 is equal to 4

If not playersCreated or not setNumberOfRounds or not setStrategy

*Print "Error: Create the players, set the number of rounds, and choose
strategy first (Options 1, 2, and 3)!", newline
Break*

Call G.play()

Break

If choice1 is equal to 5

Print "Thank you for playing!", newline

Print newline

Print "End of the program!", newline

Break

default case

Print "Invalid Choice! Please enter either 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. "

Clear Input Buffer

Ignore input until newline

Continue

Exit with code 0

Define function isInvalidInput()

Declare and initialize invalidInput to false

If input fails

Assign true to invalidInput

Print "Error! Invalid Input! Please enter a valid numeric input!", newline

Print newline

Clear input buffer

Ignore input until newline

Otherwise

Assign false to invalidInput

Return invalidInput

STEP 4: Implementation

```
/*-----*/
/* Name: Aman Sunesh, NetID: as18181 */
/* Date: December 3, 2023 */
/* Program: IteratedPrisonersDilemma.cpp */
/* Description: This program implements the Iterated */
/* Prisoner's Dilemma (IPD) game, a classic scenario */
/* in game theory. Players, represented by distinct */
/* strategies, repeatedly choose to cooperate or */
/* defect based on their opponent's previous move. */
/* The strategies include Random (r), Cooperate (c), */
/* Evil (e), and Tit for Tat (t).The game progresses */
/* through multiple rounds, calculating scores for */
/* each player based on the interactions. The winner */
/* is determined by the highest cumulative score.The */
/* program provides a menu-driven interface for user */
/* interactions, allowing them to add/drop players, */
/* set the number of rounds, choose strategies, and */
/* initiate the game simulation. Proper memory */
/* management is ensured for a clean execution. */
/*-----*/

#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
```

```

#include <string>
#define Max_Players 2

using namespace std;

//Function prototype for input validation.
bool isValidInput();

//Class for generating unique IDs
class generateID
{
private:
    static int ID;

public:
    //Get the next available unique ID.
    static int getID()
    {
        ID++;
        return ID;
    }

    //Reset the static ID variable in the generateID class back to zero.
    static void resetID()
    {
        ID = 0;
    }
};

//Initializing static member ID of generateID class
int generateID::ID = 0;

//Class defining different strategies for the players
class Strategy
{
private:
    char strategyCode;

public:
    //Default Constructor
    Strategy()
    {
        strategyCode = 'r'; //Default strategy is Random
    }

    //Setter for strategyCode
    void setStrategyCode(char code)
    {
        strategyCode = code;
    }

    //Getter for strategyCode
    char getStrategyCode()
    {

```

```

        return strategyCode;
    }

    //Function to determine the move based on the strategy
    char cooperateOrDefect(char opponentLastMove)
    {
        switch (strategyCode)
        {

            case 'r': // Random
            {
                if (rand() % 2 == 0) {
                    return 'c';
                }
                else {
                    return 'd';
                }
            }

            case 'c': // Cooperate
                return 'c';

            case 'e': // Evil
                return 'd';

            case 't': // Tit for Tat
                return opponentLastMove;

            default:
            {
                cout << "Error: Invalid Strategy Code" << endl;
                return '\0';
            }
        }
    }
};

```

//Class representing player in the game.

```

class Player
{
private:
    int ID;
    string name;
    int score;
    int numOfMoves;
    int totalMoves;
    char* prevMoves;
    Strategy s;
    static int numOfPlayers;

```

```

public:
    //Default Constructor
    Player()
    {
        ID = generateID::getID();
        name = "";
        score = 0;
        numOfMoves = 0;
        totalMoves = 0;
        prevMoves = nullptr;
        numOfPlayers++;
    }

    //Copy Constructor
    Player(const Player& other)
    {
        //Copy primitive data members
        ID = other.ID;
        name = other.name;
        score = other.score;
        numOfMoves = other.numOfMoves;
        totalMoves = other.totalMoves;

        if (other.prevMoves != nullptr)
        {
            prevMoves = other.prevMoves;
        }

        else
        {
            prevMoves = nullptr;
        }

        //Copy strategy (assuming that Strategy has an appropriate copy constructor)
        s = other.s;
    }

    //Accessors
    int getID()
    {
        return ID;
    }

    string getName()
    {
        return name;
    }

    int getScore()
    {
        return score;
    }

```

```

char getStrategy()
{
    return s.getStrategyCode();
}

int getNumOfMoves() {
    return numOfMoves;
}

char getLastMove(int x)
{
    if (prevMoves != nullptr && x >= 0 && x < numOfMoves)
    {
        return prevMoves[numOfMoves - (numOfPlayers - 1) + x];
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "Error! Cannot access last move";
    }
}

//Modifiers
void setName(string playerName)
{
    name = playerName;
}

void setNumberOfMoves(int initTotalMoves)
{
    //Calculating total moves considering we do not know that the
    //number of players is 2
    totalMoves = initTotalMoves * (numOfPlayers - 1);

    prevMoves = new char[totalMoves];
}

void updateStrategy(char code)
{
    s.setStrategyCode(code);
}

char makeMove(char opponentMove)
{
    char move = s.cooperateOrDefect(opponentMove);

    printMoves(move);

    if (numOfMoves <= totalMoves)
    {

```



```

        setLastMove(move);
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "Error: Too many moves made. Move index out of
        bounds." << endl;
    }
    return move;
}

void setLastMove(char newMove)
{
    prevMoves[numOfMoves] = newMove;
    numOfMoves++;
}

//Functions
void printMoves(char move)
{
    if (move == 'c')
    {
        cout << "Player " << ID << " Move: Cooperate" << endl;
        cout << endl;
    }

    else
    {
        cout << "Player " << ID << " Move: Defect" << endl;
        cout << endl;
    }
}

void increaseScore(int newScore)
{
    score += newScore;
}

void resetData()
{
    score = 0;
    numOfMoves = 0;
}

char* resetMoves()
{
    return prevMoves;
}

static void resetNumOfPlayers()
{
    numOfPlayers = 0;
}

//Destructor
~Player()

```

```

        {
            delete[] prevMoves; // Deallocate memory for prevMoves array
        }
};

//Initializing static member numOfPlayers of Player class
int Player::numOfPlayers = 0;

//Class representing the game and its operations.
class Game
{
private:
    Player* players; //Array to store player objects
    int numOfPlayers;
    int numOfRounds;
    char strategy;

public:

    //Default Constructor
    Game()
    {
        players = nullptr;
        numOfPlayers = 0;
        numOfRounds = 0;
    }

    //Set the number of rounds and allocate memory for each player's moves
    void setNumberOfRounds(int rounds)
    {
        numOfRounds = rounds;

        //Allocate memory for each player's moves
        for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; i++)
        {
            // Reset player-specific data
            players[i].resetData();

            // Set the number of moves for each player based on
            // the specified rounds
            players[i].setNumberOfMoves(rounds);
        }
    }

    //Display the result of the game
    void displayResult()
    {
        int winnerID = -1, highestScore = -1;
        int* tiedPlayers = new int[numOfPlayers]; //Dynamic array to
        store IDs of tied players
        int numTiedPlayers = 0;
        string winner;
    }
}

```

```

cout << endl;
cout << "*****" << endl;
cout << endl;

for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; i++)
{
    //Display player information
    cout << "Player ID: " << players[i].getID() << endl;
    cout << "Name: " << players[i].getName() << endl;
    cout << "Score: " << players[i].getScore() << endl;
    cout << endl;

    //Check for the winner
    if (players[i].getScore() > highestScore)
    {
        //Reset tied player count if a new highest score
        //is found
        numTiedPlayers = 0;
        tiedPlayers[numTiedPlayers++] =
        players[i].getID();
        winnerID = players[i].getID();
        winner = players[i].getName();
        highestScore = players[i].getScore();
    }

    else if (players[i].getScore() == highestScore)
    {
        if (numTiedPlayers == 0) //Allocate memory only
        //if it's the first tie
            tiedPlayers = new int[numOfPlayers];

        //Store the ID of a tied player
        tiedPlayers[numTiedPlayers++] =
        players[i].getID();
    }
}

cout << "*****" << endl;
cout << endl;

//Display Result
cout << "-----" << endl;
cout << "|                RESULT                |" << endl;
cout << "-----" << endl;

//Check if there is a single winner or a tie
if (numTiedPlayers == 1)
{
    //Display information for a single winner
    cout << "|WinnerID: " << winnerID << "
    |" << endl;

    cout << "|Name: " << winner << "
    |" << endl;
}

```

```

        cout << "|Score: " << highestScore << "
        |" << endl;
    }

    else
    {
        //Display information for a tie
        cout << "|It's a tie                                |" << endl;
        cout << "|                                           |" << endl;
        cout << "|Tied Players:                                |" << endl;

        for (int i = 0; i < numTiedPlayers; i++)
        {
            cout << "|Player " << tiedPlayers[i] << "
            |" << endl;
        }

        cout << "|                                           |" << endl;

        cout << "|Score of each player: " << highestScore << "
        |" << endl;
    }

    cout << "-----" << endl;

    cout << endl;

    //Deallocate memory for tiedPlayers array
    delete[] tiedPlayers;
}

```

```

//Add players to the game
void addPlayers(int numPlayers)
{
    //Release memory if players array is not null
    if (players != nullptr)
    {
        delete[] players;
        generateID::resetID();
        Player::resetNumOfPlayers();
    }

    players = new Player[numPlayers];
    numOfPlayers = numPlayers;

    //Clear any remaining newline characters in the input buffer.
    cin.ignore();
}

```

```

        for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; i++)
        {
            string playerName;

            cout << "Enter the name for Player " << i + 1 << ": ";

            //Use getline to read the entire line, allowing names with
            spaces.
            getline(cin, playerName);

            while (isInvalidInput())
            {
                cout << "Please enter a string value for the name
                of the player: ";

                //Use getline to read the entire line, allowing
                names with spaces.
                getline(cin, playerName);
            }

            players[i].setName(playerName);

            cout << "Players added successfully!" << endl;
            cout << endl;
        }
    }

    void addPlayersToExistingGame(int numOfPlayersToAdd)
    {
        //Ensure that game already exists
        if (players != nullptr)
        {

            //Check if the total number of players after adding new
            players is within the allowable limit
            if ((numOfPlayers + numOfPlayersToAdd) <= Max_Players)
            {
                //Create a temporary array to hold the updated
                players
                Player* updatePlayers = new Player[numOfPlayers +
                numOfPlayersToAdd];

                //Copy existing players data to the updated array
                and reset their individual data
                for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; i++)
                {
                    updatePlayers[i] = players[i];
                    updatePlayers[i].resetData();
                }

                //Deallocate the memory for players array
                delete[] players;
            }
        }
    }

```

```

        //Assign the updated array to Players
        players = updatePlayers;

        //Update the total number of players
        numOfPlayers += numOfPlayersToAdd;
    }

    else
    {
        cout << "Error! Max Limit Reached! Could not add
        new players" << endl;
    }

}

//Ignore any remaining characters in the input buffer
cin.ignore();

for (int i = (numOfPlayers - numOfPlayersToAdd); i < numOfPlayers
; i++)
{
    string playerName;

    cout << "Enter the name of Player: ";

    //Use getline to read the entire line, allowing names with
    spaces.
    getline(cin, playerName);

    while (isInvalidInput())
    {
        cout << "Please enter a string value for the name
        of the player: ";

        //Use getline to read the entire line, allowing
        names with spaces.
        getline(cin, playerName);
    }

    players[i].setName(playerName);

    cout << "Players added successfully!" << endl;
    cout << endl;
}

}

//Drop a player from the game
void dropPlayer(int playerId)
{
    bool flag = false;

    for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; ++i) {
        if (players[i].getID() == playerId) {
            for (int j = i; j < numOfPlayers - 1; j++)

```

```

        {
            players[j] = players[j + 1];
        }

        //Initialize last player object to zero in order
        to remove duplicate player objects
        players[numOfPlayers - 1] = Player();
        numOfPlayers--;

        flag = true;
        cout << "Player " << playerID << " successfully
        deleted" << endl;

        //Dynamic memory allocated to the dropped player
        object is deallocated at the end of main

        break;
    }
}

if (flag == false)
{
    cout << "Player " << playerID << " not found" << endl;
}
}

//Get information about the players
Player* getPlayerInfo() {
    return players;
}

//Start the game
void play()
{
    for (int i = 0; i < numOfRounds; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < numOfPlayers; j++)
        {
            int x = 0;

            for (int k = 0; k < j; k++)
            {
                cout << "-----
                --" << endl;
                cout << "                Round " << i + 1
                << "                " << endl;
                cout << "-----
                --" << endl;
                cout << endl;

                //Stores Player Moves
                char playerOne = 'c';

```

```

char playerTwo = 'c';

if (i == 0)
{
    //For the first round, the
    opponent's last move is set as
    'c'.

    //This does not impact the
    outcome since we only need the
    last move if the user chooses
    "tit for tat."

    //If the user chooses "tit for
    tat," the program prompts the
    user for their first move.

    //Otherwise, the first move is
    determined based on the player's
    selected strategy.

    char defaultChar = 'c';

    if (players[j].getStrategy() ==
        't')
    {
        cout << "Player " << j +
1 << ", please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: ";
        cin >> defaultChar;

        while (isInvalidInput()
|| (defaultChar != 'c' && defaultChar != 'd'))
        {
            cout << "Please
enter either 'c' or 'd' for your first move: ";
            cin >>
defaultChar;
        }

        playerOne =
players[j].makeMove(defaultChar);
    }

    else
    {
        playerOne =
players[j].makeMove(defaultChar); //If selected strategy is not tit for tat

        if (players[k].getStrategy() ==
't')

```



```

        {
            cout << "Player " << k +
1 << ", please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: ";
            cin >> defaultChar;

            while (isInvalidInput()
|| (defaultChar != 'c' && defaultChar != 'd'))
            {
                cout << "Please
enter either 'c' or 'd' for your first move: ";
                cin >>
defaultChar;
            }

            playerTwo =
players[k].makeMove(defaultChar);
        }

        else
        {
            playerTwo =
players[k].makeMove(defaultChar); //If selected strategy is not tit for tat
        }
    }

    else
    {
        int last_Move2 =
players[k].getLastMove(x);
        int last_Move1 =
players[j].getLastMove(x);

        playerOne =
players[j].makeMove(last_Move2);
        playerTwo =
players[k].makeMove(last_Move1);
    }

    x = x + 1;

    //Set Score based on moves
    if (playerOne == 'c' && playerTwo == 'c')
    {
        players[j].increaseScore(3);
        players[k].increaseScore(3);
    }
    else if (playerOne == 'c' && playerTwo == 'd')
    {
        players[j].increaseScore(0);
        players[k].increaseScore(5);
    }
    else if (playerOne == 'd' && playerTwo == 'c')
    {
        players[j].increaseScore(5);
        players[k].increaseScore(0);
    }
}

```

```

        }
        else // move1 == 'd' && move2 == 'd'
        {
            players[j].increaseScore(1);
            players[k].increaseScore(1);
        }
    }
}

}

displayResult(); // Display the final result of the game
}

//Destructor
~Game()
{
    delete[] players; //Deallocate memory for players array
}

};

//Main function
int main()
{
    //Seed the random number generator for generating random moves in the game
    srand(time(NULL));

    //Declare and Initialize Variables
    int choice1 = 0, choice2 = 0;
    char choice3;
    int numOfPlayers = 0;
    int numOfRounds = 0;
    int addPlayers = 0;
    string name = "";

    //Flags to track which steps have been completed
    bool playersCreated = false;
    bool setNumberOfRounds = false;
    bool setStrategy = false;

    //Create a Game Object
    Game G;

    //User Interface
    do
    {
        //Display menu options
        cout << endl;
        cout << "-----" << endl;
        cout << "            ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA            " << endl;
        cout << "-----" << endl;
        cout << "1. Add/Drop Players" << endl;
        cout << "2. Set Number of Rounds" << endl;
    }
}

```

```

cout << "3. Choose your Game Strategy" << endl;
cout << "4. Start the Game" << endl;
cout << "5. Exit" << endl;
cout << "Enter your choice (1-5): ";
cin >> choice1;
cout << endl;

switch (choice1)
{
    case 1:
    {
        //Option 1: Add/Drop Players

        cout << endl;
        cout << "1. Add New Players to the Game  
(Begin/Reset Game)" << endl;
        cout << "2. Add Players to the Existing Game" << endl;
        cout << "3. Drop Players" << endl;
        cout << "Enter your choice (1-3): ";
        cin >> choice2;

        while (isInvalidInput() || (choice2 != 1 && choice2 != 2 && choice2 != 3))
        {
            cout << "Invalid Choice! Please enter  
either 1,2 or 3: ";
            cin >> choice2;
        }

        if (choice2 == 1)
        {
            //Add Players
            cout << "Enter the number of players  
(exactly 2 players required): " << endl;
            cin >> numOfPlayers;

            while (isInvalidInput() || numOfPlayers != Max_Players)
            {
                cout << "Error! Please enter  
exactly 2 players: ";
                cin >> numOfPlayers;
            }

            //Number of players can be increased by  
modifying the condition of the while loop

            //Add new players to the game
            G.addPlayers(numOfPlayers);
            playersCreated = true;
        }
    }
}

```

```

else if (choice2 == 2)
{
    if (!playersCreated)
    {
        cout << "Error: Create the
        players first (Option 1)!" <<
        endl;
        break;
    }

    if (numOfPlayers == Max_Players)
    {
        cout << "Error! Max Limit
        Reached! Could not add new
        players";
        break;
    }

    bool maxReached = false;

    cout << "Enter the number of players to
    add to the game" << endl;
    cin >> addPlayers;

    while (isInvalidInput() || addPlayers < 1
    || (numOfPlayers + addPlayers) > 2)
    {
        if (addPlayers < 1)
        {
            cout << "Please enter at
            least one player to add:
            " << endl;
            cin >> addPlayers;
        }

        else if ((numOfPlayers +
        addPlayers) > 2)
        {
            //For the context of
            cout << "Please enter a
            maximum of 2 players to start the game(enter exactly 2 players): ";

            cin >> addPlayers;
            maxReached = true;
            break;
        }
    }

    if (!maxReached) //Executes if and only
    if number of players is within the
    allowed limit
    {
        //Add additional players to the
        game

```

```

        G.addPlayersToExistingGame
        (addPlayers);

        numOfPlayers += addPlayers;
    }

    else
    {
        continue;
    }

    break;
}

else if (choice2 == 3)
{
    //Drop Players
    if (!playersCreated)
    {
        cout << "Error: Create the
        players first (Option 1)!" <<
        endl;
        break;
    }

    int pID;

    cout << "Enter the ID of the player you
    want to drop: " << endl;
    cin >> pID;

    while (isInvalidInput() || pID < 0)
    {
        cout << "Please enter a non-
        negative integer value for ID:
        ";
        cin >> pID;
    }

    //Drop the specified player
    G.dropPlayer(pID);
    numOfPlayers--;
}

break;
}

case 2:
{
    //Option 2: Set Number of Rounds

    //Ensure players are created before setting the
    number of rounds
    if (!playersCreated)

```

```

        {
            cout << "Error: Create the players first
            (Option 1)!" << endl;
            break;
        }

        bool flag = true;

        if (!flag)
        {
            for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; i++)
            {
                //Deallocate memory for the
                player's previous moves
                delete[] G.getPlayerInfo()
                [i].resetMoves();

            }

            flag = true;
        }

        cout << "Enter the number of rounds: ";
        cin >> numOfRounds;

        while (isInvalidInput() || numOfRounds <= 0)
        {
            cout << "Please enter a positive value
            for number of rounds: ";
            cin >> numOfRounds;
        }

        //Set the number of rounds in the game
        G.setNumberOfRounds(numOfRounds);

        setNumberOfRounds = true;
        flag = false;
        break;
    }

    case 3:
    {
        //Option 3: Choose your game strategy

        //Ensure players and the number of rounds are set
        before choosing strategies.

        if (!playersCreated || !setNumberOfRounds)
        {

```

```

        cout << "Error: Create the players, and
        set the number of rounds first (Options
        1, and 2)!" << endl;
        break;
    }

    //Display available game strategies
    cout << endl;
    cout << "===== " << endl;
    cout << "          GAME STRATEGIES          " << endl;
    cout << "===== " << endl;
    cout << "Enter r for Random" << endl;
    cout << "Enter c for Cooperate" << endl;
    cout << "Enter e for Evil" << endl;
    cout << "Enter t for Tit for Tat" << endl;
    cout << endl;

    //Prompt each player to choose a strategy
    for (int i = 0; i < numOfPlayers; i++)
    {
        do
        {
            cout << "Player " << i + 1 << "
, Please choose your strategy: ";

            cin >> choice3;

            if (choice3 != 'r' && choice3 !=
'c' && choice3 != 'e' && choice3 != 't')
            {
                cout << "Please either
'r', 'c', 'e', or 't' for your strategy : " << endl;
            }

            cin.clear();

            cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');

        } while (isInvalidInput() || (choice3 !=
'r' && choice3 != 'c' && choice3 != 'e' && choice3 != 't'));

        //Set the chosen strategy for the player

        G.getPlayerInfo()[i].updateStrategy(choice3);

    }

    setStrategy = true;
    break;
}

case 4:
{

```

```

        //Option 4: Start the game

        //Ensure players, the number of rounds, and
        strategies are set before starting the game.
        if (!playersCreated || !setNumberOfRounds ||
        !setStrategy)
        {
            cout << "Error: Create the players, set
            the number of rounds, and choose strategy
            first (Options 1, 2, and 3)!" << endl;
            break;
        }

        //Start the game
        G.play();

        break;
    }

    case 5:
    {
        //Option 5: Exit

        cout << "Thank you for playing!" << endl;

        cout << endl;

        cout << "End of the program!" << endl;
        break;
    }

    default:
    {
        //Handle invalid choices
        cout << "Invalid Choice! Please enter either 1,
        2, 3, 4, or 5. ";

        //Clears the input buffer
        cin.clear();

        //To ensure that error message is printed only
        once
        cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(),
        '\n');

        continue;
    }
}

} while (choice1 != 5);

return 0;
}

//Function to check if the input is valid
bool isValidInput()

```



```

{
    bool invalidInput = false;

    //Check for invalid input
    if (cin.fail())
    {
        invalidInput = true;
        cout << "Error! Invalid Input! Please enter a valid numeric
input!" << endl;
        cout << endl;

        //Clears the input buffer
        cin.clear();

        //To ensure that error message is printed only once
        cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
    }

    else
    {
        invalidInput = false;
    }

    return invalidInput;
}

```

STEP 5: Test and Verification (and Debugging)

Test Cases 1.1.1-1.1.2:

The output for each of these test cases from the program is in agreement with the test case expected output. This can be seen from the Sample Output section that follows this section.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.1.3: *User Selects Option 2 (After having added 2 players)*

Error! Max Limit Reached! Could not add new players

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.1.4:

The output for this test cases from the program is in agreement with the test case expected output. This can be seen from the Sample Output section that follows this section.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.2.1: User has not Selected Option1 before Option 2

Error: Create the players first (Option 1)!

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.2.2: User has Selected Option1 before Option 2

Enter the number of rounds: 5

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Cases 1.3.1-1.3.3:

The output for each of these test cases from the program is in agreement with the test case expected output. This can be seen from the Sample Output section that follows this section.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.4.1: Player 1 Strategy: Cooperate, Player 2 Strategy: Evil

Player ID: 1
Name: A
Score: 0

Player ID: 2
Name: B
Score: 25

```
-----  
|           RESULT           |  
-----  
|WinnerID: 2                 |  
|Name: B                     |  
|Score: 25                   |  
-----
```

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.4.2: Player 1 Strategy: Cooperate, Player 2 Strategy: Tit for tat

Player ID: 1
Name: A
Score: 18

Player ID: 2
Name: B
Score: 23

	<i>RESULT</i>

	<i>WinnerID: 2</i>
	<i>Name: B</i>
	<i>Score: 23</i>

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

**Test Case 1.4.3: Game 1: Player 1 Strategy: Tit for Tat, Player 2 Strategy: Tit for tat
Game 2: Player 1 Strategy: Tit for Tat, Player 2 Strategy: Random**

Game 1:

Player ID: 1
Name: Mr John
Score: 25

Player ID: 2
Name: Aman
Score: 25

RESULT
It's a tie
Tied Players:
Player 1
Player 2
Score of each player: 25

Game 2:

Player ID: 1
Name: Alex
Score: 23

Player ID: 2
Name: Mary
Score: 3

RESULT
WinnerID: 1
Name: Alex
Score: 23

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Test Case 1.5 : User Selects Option 5

Thank you for playing!

End of the program!

,which is in agreement with the test case expected output.

Therefore, we can conclude that the program is functioning correctly.

Sample Outputs –

1.1.1)

```
-----  
              ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA  
-----  
1. Add/Drop Players  
2. Set Number of Rounds  
3. Choose your Game Strategy  
4. Start the Game  
5. Exit  
Enter your choice (1-5): 1  
  
1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)  
2. Add Players to the Existing Game  
3. Drop Players  
Enter your choice (1-3): 1  
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):  
2  
Enter the name for Player 1: A  
Players added successfully!  
  
Enter the name for Player 2: B  
Players added successfully!
```

1.1.2)

```
-----
                ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 1
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):
3
Error! Please enter exactly 2 players:
```

1.1.3)

```

-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 1
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):
2
Enter the name for Player 1: A
Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player 2: B
Players added successfully!

-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 2
Error! Max Limit Reached! Could not add new players

```

1.1.4)

```

-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 1
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):
2
Enter the name for Player 1: A
Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player 2: B
Players added successfully!

-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 3
Enter the ID of the player you want to drop:
1
Player 1 successfully deleted

```

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 2
Enter the number of players to add to the game
1
Enter the name of Player: C
Players added successfully!
```

1.2.1)

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 2

Error: Create the players first (Option 1)!
```

1.2.2)

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 2

Enter the number of rounds: 5
```

1.3.1)

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 3

Error: Create the players, and set the number of rounds first (Options 1, and 2)!
```


1.3.2)

```
-----
                        ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 3

=====
                        GAME STRATEGIES
=====
Enter r for Random
Enter c for Cooperate
Enter e for Evil
Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1 , Please choose your strategy: g
Please either 'r', 'c', 'e', or 't' for your strategy :
Player 1 , Please choose your strategy:
```

1.3.3)

```
=====
                        GAME STRATEGIES
=====
Enter r for Random
Enter c for Cooperate
Enter e for Evil
Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1 , Please choose your strategy: c
Player 2 , Please choose your strategy: e
```

1.4.1)

```
-----
                        ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 1
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):
2
Enter the name for Player 1: A
Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player 2: B
Players added successfully!

-----
                        ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 2

Enter the number of rounds: 5
```

```
-----
                ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 3

=====
                GAME STRATEGIES
=====
Enter r for Random
Enter c for Cooperate
Enter e for Evil
Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1 , Please choose your strategy: c
Player 2 , Please choose your strategy: e
```

```
-----
                ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 4

-----
                Round 1
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
                Round 2
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
                Round 3
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
                Round 4
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect
Player 1 Move: Cooperate
```

```
-----
                        Round 5
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

*****

Player ID: 1
Name: A
Score: 0

Player ID: 2
Name: B
Score: 25

*****

-----
|              RESULT              |
-----
|WinnerID: 2                       |
|Name: B                           |
|Score: 25                         |
-----

-----
                        ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----

1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 5

Thank you for playing!

End of the program!
```

1.4.2)

```
-----
                        ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----

1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 1
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):
2
Enter the name for Player 1: A
Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player 2: B
Players added successfully!

-----
                        ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----

1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 2

Enter the number of rounds: 7
```

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 3
```

```
=====
GAME STRATEGIES
=====
Enter r for Random
Enter c for Cooperate
Enter e for Evil
Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1 , Please choose your strategy: c
Player 2 , Please choose your strategy: t
```

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 4
```

```
-----
Round 1
-----
```

```
Player 2, please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: d
Player 2 Move: Defect
```

```
Player 1 Move: Cooperate
```

```
-----
Round 2
-----
```

```
Player 2 Move: Cooperate
```

```
Player 1 Move: Cooperate
```

```
-----
Round 3
-----
```

```
Player 2 Move: Cooperate
```

```
Player 1 Move: Cooperate
```

Round 4

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

Round 5

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

Round 6

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

Round 7

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

Player ID: 1
Name: A
Score: 18

Player ID: 2
Name: B
Score: 23

RESULT	
WinnerID: 2	
Name: B	
Score: 23	

ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA

1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 5

Thank you for playing!

End of the program!

1.4.3)

```
-----
              ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players
Enter your choice (1-3): 1
Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):
2
Enter the name for Player 1: Mr John
Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player 2: Aman
Players added successfully!

-----
              ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 2

Enter the number of rounds: 10

-----
              ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 3

=====
              GAME STRATEGIES
=====
Enter r for Random
Enter c for Cooperate
Enter e for Evil
Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1 , Please choose your strategy: t
Player 2 , Please choose your strategy: t
```

```
-----
ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA
-----
1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 4

-----
Round 1
-----

Player 2, please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: c
Player 2 Move: Cooperate

Player 1, please enter your first move: Enter 'c' for cooperate or 'd' for defect: d
Player 1 Move: Defect

-----
Round 2
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect

Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
Round 3
-----

Player 2 Move: Cooperate

Player 1 Move: Defect

-----
Round 4
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect

Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
Round 5
-----

Player 2 Move: Cooperate

Player 1 Move: Defect

-----
Round 6
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect

Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
Round 7
-----

Player 2 Move: Cooperate

Player 1 Move: Defect

-----
Round 8
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect

Player 1 Move: Cooperate

-----
Round 9
-----

Player 2 Move: Cooperate

Player 1 Move: Defect

-----
Round 10
-----

Player 2 Move: Defect

Player 1 Move: Cooperate
```

Player ID: 1
Name: Mr John
Score: 25

Player ID: 2
Name: Aman
Score: 25

```
-----  
|               RESULT               |  
-----  
|It's a tie                          |  
|Tied Players:                      |  
|Player 1                          |  
|Player 2                          |  
|Score of each player: 25          |  
-----
```

ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA

1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit

Enter your choice (1-5): 1

1. Add New Players to the Game (Begin/Reset Game)
2. Add Players to the Existing Game
3. Drop Players

Enter your choice (1-3): 1

Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required):

2

Enter the name for Player 1: Alex

Players added successfully!

Enter the name for Player 2: Mary

Players added successfully!

ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA

1. Add/Drop Players
2. Set Number of Rounds
3. Choose your Game Strategy
4. Start the Game
5. Exit

Enter your choice (1-5): 2

Enter the number of rounds: 5

ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA

1. Add/Drop Players
 2. Set Number of Rounds
 3. Choose your Game Strategy
 4. Start the Game
 5. Exit
- Enter your choice (1-5): 3

=====

GAME STRATEGIES

=====

Enter r for Random
Enter c for Cooperate
Enter e for Evil
Enter t for Tit for Tat

Player 1 , Please choose your strategy: r
Player 2 , Please choose your strategy: c

ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA

1. Add/Drop Players
 2. Set Number of Rounds
 3. Choose your Game Strategy
 4. Start the Game
 5. Exit
- Enter your choice (1-5): 4

Round 1

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Defect

Round 2

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Cooperate

Round 3

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Defect

Round 4

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Defect

Round 5

Player 2 Move: Cooperate
Player 1 Move: Defect

```
*****
```

```
Player ID: 1  
Name: Alex  
Score: 23
```

```
Player ID: 2  
Name: Mary  
Score: 3
```

```
*****
```

```
-----  
|           RESULT           |  
-----  
|WinnerID: 1                 |  
|Name: Alex                  |  
|Score: 23                   |  
-----
```

1.5)

```
-----  
            ITERATED PRISONER'S DILEMMA  
-----
```

```
1. Add/Drop Players  
2. Set Number of Rounds  
3. Choose your Game Strategy  
4. Start the Game  
5. Exit  
Enter your choice (1-5): 5
```

```
Thank you for playing!
```

```
End of the program!
```

User Guide

The Iterated Prisoner's Dilemma (IPD) simulation is a program that implements the classic scenario from game theory. In this game, players repeatedly choose to cooperate or defect based on their opponent's previous moves. The goal is to accumulate the maximum number of points in a given number of moves. The simulation allows users to add and drop players, set the number of rounds, choose game strategies, and initiate the game simulation.

1) Adding/Dropping Players (Option 1):

- Choose option 1 from the main menu.
- Select sub-option 1 to add new players to the game or reset the game.
- Enter the number of players (exactly 2 players required).
- Input names for each player when prompted.

2) Adding Players to the Existing Game (Option 1):

- **Choose option 1 from the main menu.**
- Select sub-option 2 to add players to the existing game.
- Enter the number of players to add.
- Input names for each additional player when prompted.

3) Dropping Players (Option 1):

- Choose option 1 from the main menu.
- Select sub-option 3 to drop players.
- Enter the ID of the player you want to drop.

4) Setting Number of Rounds (Option 2):

- Choose option 2 from the main menu.
- Enter the desired number of rounds for the game.

5) Choosing Game Strategy (Option 3):

- Choose option 3 from the main menu.
- Enter the strategy code ('r' for Random, 'c' for Cooperate, 'e' for Evil, 't' for Tit for Tat) for each player when prompted.

6) Starting the Game (Option 4):

- Choose option 4 from the main menu.
- The game will simulate interactions between players over the specified number of rounds.
- The final results, including the winner or tied players, will be displayed.

7) Exiting the Program (Option 5):

- Choose option 5 to exit the program.