## PRACTICAL: 06

**AIM:** Implementation of solution of Activity Selection Problem using Greedy method.

<b>ALGORITHM:</b>	
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- 1. Sort all the activities according to their end time.
- 2. Select the first activity and note the end time, call it as *current\_end*.
- 3. Now iterate through the rest of the activities. For each *current\_activity* 
  - 1. If start time of current\_activity > current\_end
    - 1. Select *current\_activity*.
    - 2. Update *current\_end* = *end time of current\_activity*.
  - 2. Else
    - 1. Ignore the *current\_acitvity*.

```
CODE:
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void printMaxActivities(int s[], int f[], int n)
{
  int i, j;
  cout << "Following activities are selected "<< endl;</pre>
  i = 0;
  cout <<" "<< i:
  for (j = 1; j < n; j++)
  {
   if (s[j] >= f[i])
      cout <<" " << j;
      i = j;
}
  int s[] = \{1, 3, 0, 5, 8, 5\};
  int f[] = \{2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 9\};
  int n = sizeof(s)/sizeof(s[0]);
```

```
printMaxActivities(s, f, n);
return 0;

OUTPUT:

Given Activities: [[1, 4], [4, 5], [0, 7], [7, 8], [9, 11], [10, 12]]
Selected Activities: [[1, 4], [7, 8], [9, 11]]
```

## TIME COMPLEXITY:-

**Best Case:-**

O(n)

**Average Case:-**

O(n\*log n)

Worst Case:-

O(n\*log n)