

Q- Develop a case study analysing the implementation of SDLC phases in a real-world engineering project. Evaluate how Requirement Gathering, Design, Implementation, Testing, Deployment, and Maintenance contribute to project outcomes.

### **Case Study: Smart Parking Management System for a City Mall**

A software engineering team was assigned to develop a **Smart Parking Management System** for a busy shopping mall.

The goal was to reduce traffic at the entrance, help drivers find empty parking spots quickly, and provide real-time monitoring to mall management.

The project followed the **SDLC phases**, and each phase contributed directly to the project's success.

#### **1) Requirement Gathering**

The team interacted with mall authorities, security staff, and regular customers to understand real problems:

- Long queues at parking entry
- Difficulty in locating empty parking slots
- Manual ticketing causing delays
- Need for a dashboard to track space availability

They documented both **functional** requirements (slot detection, entry system, payments) and **non-functional** requirements (speed, accuracy, security).

#### **Contribution to Outcome:**

Clear requirements helped the team understand the real pain points. This prevented unnecessary features and ensured the solution matched actual user needs.

#### **2) Design**

Based on the collected requirements, the team created:

- System architecture showing sensors → server → display boards
- Database design for storing slot status and user entries

- UI design for the mobile app and admin dashboard
- Workflow diagrams for entry, exit, and payments

### **Contribution to Outcome:**

A well-planned design acted as the **blueprint**.

It helped developers, testers, and engineers understand how all parts of the system would connect, reducing confusion and rework.

### **3) Implementation (Development)**

The development team worked in modules:

- Sensor integration module detects empty/filled slots
- Mobile application shows real-time parking availability
- Entry/exit module handles QR-based ticket scanning
- Dashboard module displays status to mall management

Developers followed coding standards, and daily reviews were conducted to ensure quality.

### **Contribution to Outcome:**

Implementation turned the plan into a working system.

Building in modules allowed different teams to work in parallel, which reduced development time.

### **4) Testing**

Testing was done continuously and included:

- **Functional testing:** Does the app show correct slot status?
- **Integration testing:** Do sensors correctly update the server?
- **Performance testing:** Can the system handle heavy weekend traffic?
- **Usability testing:** Is the app simple and quick for users?

All bugs were fixed before deployment.

### **Contribution to Outcome:**

Thorough testing ensured the system was **accurate, fast, and reliable**, especially during peak hours.

This increased user trust and reduced the chance of failures after launch.

## **5) Deployment**

The software was installed on mall servers, and sensors were placed in every parking slot.

The mobile app was launched, and staff were trained to use the system.

### **Contribution to Outcome:**

Deployment brought the system into real-world use, allowing customers to experience faster parking entry and easy navigation to empty spots.

## **6) Maintenance**

After launch, the team continued to:

- Fix real-time sensor issues
- Add new features like online payment and slot reservation
- Improve app performance based on feedback
- Update security modules regularly

### **Contribution to Outcome:**

Maintenance kept the system smooth, relevant, and updated.

Continuous improvements increased customer satisfaction and reduced complaints.

## **Final Evaluation**

By following the SDLC phases properly:

- The mall reduced parking entry time by **40%**
- Slot availability became **99% accurate**
- Customer satisfaction increased significantly
- Management received real-time insights for decision-making