






AVL Tree Storage in Gno

Efficient, deterministic smart contract storage

Why AVL Trees?

-  Self-balancing binary search trees
-  Deterministic and reproducible
-  Efficient lookups, insertions, deletions

Gno uses AVL trees to **guarantee state consistency**.

How AVL Trees Work

- Every **node stored by hash** 📦
- **State updates** = creating new tree versions
- Ensures **immutability** and **verifiability**

```
type Tree struct {  
    root *Node  
}
```

Storage Layer in Gno

store package = Abstracts storage

Handles AVL tree structure under the hood




Powers smart contract state management

Quick Example

```
tree := NewTree()  
tree.Set([]byte("foo"), []byte("bar"))  
value, _ := tree.Get([]byte("foo"))  
fmt.Println(string(value)) // bar
```

Simple key-value store backed by AVL logic

Why It Matters

-  Every contract's state = AVL tree
-  Trustless, deterministic execution
-  Enables blockchain reproducibility



Next Steps

Learn how to query and update your smart contract state

Dive deeper into storage proofs and verifications

Thanks for Learning! 🙏

AVL Trees = 🔥 for blockchain scalability

Follow up: 👉 "How to interact with Gno smart contract storage"