



Greedy Color Completion

- Given
 - Intervals $I = \{ I_1 \sqsubset \dots \sqsubset I_{2k} \}$,
 - $\omega(I) \leq k$,
 - $c' : \text{prefix} \sqsubset I(l_k) \rightarrow [k]$ be a proper k -coloring on $\text{prefix} \sqsubset I(l_k)$
- Task is to assign color to next k intervals
- Observation
 - Let $I = \{ I_1 \sqsubset \dots \sqsubset I_m \}$ be a multiset of unit intervals. If $\omega(I) < m$, then the extremal intervals are disjoint, i.e., $I_1 < I_m$.



Greedy Color Completion

- Algorithm
 - Let $J = \{ I_l, I_{l+1}, \dots, I_k \}$, intervals that intersects I_k
 - Number of elements in $J = k - (l - 1)$
 - Coloring of J requires $k - (l - 1)$ colors.
 - Now color next $l - 1$ intervals with the other $(l - 1)$ colors, i.e. $\text{infix} \sqsubseteq I(I_{k+1}, I_{k+l-1})$
 - Now set $c(I_i) = c(I_{i-k})$ for $i \in \{k + l, \dots, 2k\}$ because by observation 1 intervals I_i and I_{i-k} do not intersect.
- Hence we colored $2k$ intervals from given k coloring.



Modulo Color Completion

- Given
 - n Intervals
 - $\omega(I) \leq k$,
 - Coloring of starting K intervals
 - K intervals assumes proper coloring
- Task is to assign color to every interval
- Algorithm
 - Apply Greedy Color Completion Algorithm on next K intervals recursively till no intervals are left.