U.S.N.					

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

February / March 2023 Semester End Main Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

Course Code: 22AM5PCIML

Course: Introduction to Machine Learning

Date: 23.02.2023

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.

2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I

- 1 a) Define Machine Learning. List and explain the types of machine learning in detail with appropriate examples.
 - b) List and justify the main challenges in Machine learning with example. 10

UNIT-II

- 2 a) A generic optimization algorithm is capable of finding optimal solution to wide range of problems. Elaborate its technique and types in detail.
 - b) Define Regularized Regression. Compare shrinkage model and feature selection model.

UNIT - III

10

3 **Feature** Example 1 Example 3 Example 4 a) Example 2 $\mathbf{X_1}$ 4 7 8 13 4 5 \mathbf{X}_2 11 14

Using the given data calculate Mean, Covariance matrix and Eigenvalues.

b) Elucidate Linear and Non-Linear Support Vector Machine in detail. 10

UNIT - IV

- Why is tree pruning useful in decision tree induction? Is it drawback of using a separate set of tuples to evaluate pruning, justify.
 - b) Define CART. Along with its algorithm, explain the process of decision tree constructing precisely.

5	a)	Illustrate the Decision free pruning and rule extraction procedure with example.	10
	b)	Elaborate the aspect hyperparameters. "Regularization of hyperparameters task is performed to tune the model" Does the said action serve its purpose, justify.	10
		UNIT - V	
6	a)	Illustrate the following	10
		i)Hierarchical clustering.	
		ii)Agglomerative hierarchical clustering	
		iii)Divisive hierarchical clustering	
	b)	Explain the following aspects	10
		i)Bagging and pasting	
		ii)Boosting	
		OR	
7	a)	Define voting classifiers. Differentiate between hard and soft voting classifiers.	10
	b)	Divide the given dataset: {(1,2), (3,4), (2,3), (3,7), (2,3), (9,10), (1,3), (3,1)} into 2 clusters using k-means clustering algorithm.	10
