On verifying AhirV2 generated VHDL using software testbenches

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The AhirV2 tool chain can be used to convert parts of a C program to VHDL (essentially, some of the functions in a program are mapped to VHDL). To verify the resulting VHDL, one would like to simulate it in a VHDL simulator (such as Modelsim from Mentor Graphics). The most natural way to do this is to use the original program itself as a testbench for this purpose.

- Stubs are created for the set of functions which are mapped to VHDL by the AhirV2 flow.
- The software testbench is compiled and linked with these stubs.
- Whenever a stub function is called, it tries to connect with a server created by the VHDL simulation process.
- The VHDL simulation process listens for calls from the stubs and exchanges data between the stubs and the actual VHDL being simulated.

1 An example

Consider the following program (lets say it is in file "prog.c"):

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <Pipes.h>
#include <stdio.h>

// note: initialized value..
uint32_t sum1 = 23;
uint32_t sum2 = 39;
```

```
// note: no problems with pointers :-)
uint32_t* tgt[2] = {&sum1, &sum2};
uint32_t get_sum(uint32_t idx)
 return(*(tgt[idx]));
}
void accumulate()
 int i = 0;
 while(1)
     int nxt = read_uint32("in_data");
#ifdef SW
     printf("read %u\n", nxt);
#endif
     // ugly, but this is just a demo,
     // we are showing off.
     *(tgt[i])= ((*tgt[i]) + nxt);
     write_uint32("out_data",*(tgt[i]));
#ifdef SW
     printf("wrote %u\n", *(tgt[i]));
#endif
     i = 1 - i;
 }
}
```

This program describes a system which listens for data on a pipe "in_data", and sends data out on a pipe "out_data". The incoming data is accumulated into the variable sum, and there are two methods to set and get the value of sum.

Now to test this program, we can write a test-bench such as this one (lets call this file "testbench.c").

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>

#include <Pipes.h>
#ifdef SW
#include <pipeHandler.h>
#include "prog.h"
```

```
#else
#include "vhdlCStubs.h"
#endif
void Exit(int sig)
fprintf(stderr, "## Break! ##\n");
exit(0);
}
// The model of the hardware accumulate thread
// is necessary when building the SW testbench.
#ifdef SW
DEFINE_THREAD(accumulate)
#endif
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
  signal(SIGINT, Exit);
 signal(SIGTERM, Exit);
 uint32_t data_in[10], data_out[10];
 int i;
#ifdef SW
  init_pipe_handler();
 // register FIFO
 register_pipe("in_data",10,32,0);
 // register FIFO..
 register_pipe("out_data",10,32,0);
#endif
#ifndef SW
 // to set the initial value of sum.
 // in the hardware version, storage
 // variables are initialized by calling
 // this function (auto-generated by
 // the Aa linker AaLinkExtMem)
 global_storage_initializer_();
#endif
#ifdef SW
```

```
// start the accumulate thread.
  // (this is necessary only in the SW model)
 PTHREAD_DECL(accumulate)
 PTHREAD_CREATE(accumulate)
#endif
  for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)
   data_in[i] = i;
  // write 10 things to in_data, it has enough room..
 write_uint32_n("in_data",(uint32_t*)data_in, 10);
  // read back 10 things from out_data..
 read_uint32_n("out_data",(uint32_t*)data_out, 10);
  fprintf(stdout, "from out_data, we read ");
  for(i=0; i < 10; i++)
    fprintf(stdout," %u ", data_out[i]);
  fprintf(stdout,"\n");
  fprintf(stdout, "Sum 0 is %d\n",get_sum(0));
  fprintf(stdout, "Sum 1 is %d\n",get_sum(1));
#ifdef SW
  close_pipe_handler();
#endif
```

In the SW case, the test-bench starts the accumulate thread, writes data to the hardware, and reads back stuff from the hardware. In the non-SW case, there is no need to start the accumulate thread, since it exists in the hardware model.

Obviously, we would prefer to use the same test-bench to verify that the VHDL system generated from "prog.c" functions correctly. The difference is that instead of using the pipeHandler, the test-bench now uses methods in SocketLib. Further, the VHDL is executed in a VHDL simulator; the simulator communicates with the test-bench using sockets. The *ifdef's* in the test-bench and the system program indicate the difference between the pure software version of the system-test-bench combination and the hardware-software version.

The following Makefile builds a software-only testbench executable, and also converts the system described in prog.c to VHDL. The same testbench can be

```
used to test the VHDL also.
# build software version of testbench (to check the "desired behaviour")
SOCKETLIB_INCLUDE=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/CtestBench/include
SOCKETLIB_LIB=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/CtestBench/lib
PIPEHANDLER_INCLUDE=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/pipeHandler/include
PIPEHANDLER_LIB=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/pipeHandler/lib
PTHREADUTILS_INCLUDE=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/pthreadUtils/include
VHDL_LIB=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/vhdl
VHDL_VHPI_LIB=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/CtestBench/vhdl
FUNCTIONLIB=$(AHIR_RELEASE)/functionLibrary/
SRC=./src
all: SW HW
TOAA:c2llvmbc llvmbc2aa aalink
TOVC:c2llvmbc llvmbc2aa aalink aa2vc
VC2VHDL: vc2vhdl vhdlsim
AA2VHDLSIM: aa2vc vc2vhdl vhdlsim
TOVHDL:TOVC vc2vhdl
# llvm2aa opts: pipelined case, extract-do-while.
#LLVM2AAOPTS=--storageinit=true
LLVM2AAOPTS=-extract_do_while=true --storageinit=true -pipedepths=pipedepths.txt
PROGDEES=
# the top-level modules
# -T specifies top-level daemon module
# -t specifies top-level slave module.
TOPMODULES=-T accumulate -t get_sum -t global_storage_initializer_
# compile with SW defined.
# note the use of IOLIB in building the testbench.
SW: $(SRC)/prog.c $(SRC)/prog.h $(SRC)/testbench.c
gcc -g -c -DSW $(PROGDEFS) -I$(PIPEHANDLER_INCLUDE)\
              -I$(FUNCTIONLIB)/include -I$(SRC) $(SRC)/prog.c
gcc -g -c -DSW $(PROGDEFS) -I$(PIPEHANDLER_INCLUDE)\
              -I$(PTHREADUTILS_INCLUDE) -I$(SRC) $(SRC)/testbench.c
gcc -g -o testbench_sw prog.o testbench.o\
              -L$(PIPEHANDLER_LIB) -lPipeHandler -lpthread
# five steps from C to vhdl simulator.
HW: c2llvmbc llvmbc2aa aalink aa2vc vc2vhdl vhdlsim
```

AA2VHDL: aa2vc vc2vhdl vhdlsim

```
# C to llvm byte-code.. use clang.
c2llvmbc: $(SRC)/prog.c $(SRC)/prog.h
clang -03 -std=gnu89 $(PROGDEFS) -I$(SOCKETLIB_INCLUDE)\
              -I$(FUNCTIONLIB)/include -emit-llvm -c $(SRC)/prog.c
opt --indvars --loopsimplify prog.o -o prog.opt.o
llvm-dis prog.opt.o
# llvm byte-code to Aa..
11vmbc2aa: prog.opt.o
11vm2aa $(LLVM2AAOPTS) prog.opt.o | vcFormat > prog.aa
# Aa to vC
aalink: prog.aa
AaLinkExtMem prog.aa | vcFormat > prog.linked.aa
AaOpt -B prog.linked.aa | vcFormat > prog.linked.opt.aa
aa2vc: prog.linked.opt.aa
Aa2VC -O -C prog.linked.opt.aa | vcFormat > prog.vc
# vC to VHDL
vc2vhdl: prog.vc
vc2vhdl -0 -S 4 -I 2 -v -a -C -e ahir_system\
                 -w -s ghdl $(TOPMODULES) -f prog.vc
vhdlFormat < ahir_system_global_package.unformatted_vhdl\</pre>
                 > ahir_system_global_package.vhdl
vhdlFormat < ahir_system.unformatted_vhdl\</pre>
                 > ahir_system.vhdl
vhdlFormat < ahir_system_test_bench.unformatted_vhdl\</pre>
                 > ahir_system_test_bench.vhdl
# build testbench and ghdl executable
# note the use of SOCKETLIB in building the testbench.
vhdlsim: vhdlTb ghdlModel
vhdlTb: $(SRC)/testbench.c vhdlCStubs.h vhdlCStubs.c
gcc -c vhdlCStubs.c -I$(SRC)\
                -I./ -I$(SOCKETLIB_INCLUDE)
gcc -c $(SRC)/testbench.c\
                -I$(PTHREADUTILS_INCLUDE) -I$(SRC)\
                -I./ -I$(SOCKETLIB_INCLUDE)
gcc -o testbench_hw testbench.o vhdlCStubs.o\
                -L$(SOCKETLIB_LIB) -lSocketLib -lpthread
ghdlModel: ahir_system.vhdl ahir_system_test_bench.vhdl ahir_system_global_package.vhdl
ghdl --clean
```

To test the software, run testbench_sw. To verify the hardware (using the VHDL simulator GHDL), start testbench_sw in one shell, and then start ahir_system_test_bench in a different shell.