

Describing Pipelines

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Two ways of describing pipelines

- ▶ with distinct threads.
- ▶ by pipelining a loop.

An example

- ▶ We want to compute $d(k) = (a(k) + b(k)) \times c(k)$ for a sequence of numbers.
- ▶ The system should accept a sequence of numbers $\{a(k), b(k), c(k)\}$ and produce the sequence $\{d(k)\}$.

As separate threads

```
void Stage_0()
{
    while(1)
    {
        float a = read_float32("a_pipe");
        float b = read_float32("b_pipe");
        float c = read_float32("c_pipe");
        write_float32("c_forward_pipe", c);
        write_float32("s0_result", a+b);
    }
}
```

```
void Stage_1()
{
    while(1)
    {
        float c = read_float32("c_forward_pipe");
        float aSb = read_float32("s0_result");
        write_float32("d_pipe", aSb * c);
```

In a single loop

```
void Daemon()  
{  
    while(1)  
    {  
        float a = read_float32("a_pipe");  
        float b = read_float32("b_pipe");  
        float c = read_float32("c_pipe");  
        write_float32("d_pipe", (a+b)*c);  
    }  
}
```

Loop Pipelining

- ▶ Loop pipelining involves executing multiple iterations of a loop at the same time.
- ▶ While doing this, all dependencies must be taken care of.
 - ▶ Operation order.
 - ▶ Data dependency.
 - ▶ Memory accesses.
 - ▶ Pipe accesses.

Example