

29. a. Express $f(x) = (\pi - x)^2$ as a Fourier series of periodicity 2π in $0 < x < 2\pi$ and hence deduce the sum $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$.

(OR)

- b. Compute the first three harmonics of the Fourier series of $f(x)$ given by the following table.

x	0	$\pi/3$	$2\pi/3$	π	$4\pi/3$	$5\pi/3$	2π
$f(x)$	1.0	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0

30. a. If a string of length l is initially at rest in equilibrium position and each point of it is given the velocity $\left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}\right)_{t=0} = v_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{l}$, $0 < x < l$, determine the transverse displacement $y(x, t)$.

(OR)

- b. Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to (i) $u(0, t) = 0$ for $t \geq 0$ (ii) $u(l, t) = 0$ for $t \geq 0$
 (iii) $u(x, 0) = \begin{cases} x & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq l/2 \\ l-x & \text{for } l/2 \leq x \leq l \end{cases}$

31. a. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2 & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ and hence evaluate

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2} dx.$$

(OR)

- b. Find Fourier cosine and sine transforms of e^{-ax} , $a > 0$ and evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(a^2 + x^2)^2}$ and

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(a^2 + x^2)^2} dx \text{ if } a > 0.$$

- 32.a.i. Find the Z-transform of $\left\{ \frac{1}{n(n+1)} \right\}, n \geq 1$.

- ii. Find the inverse Z-transform of $x(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z-1/2)(z-1/4)}$ using Convolution theorem.

(OR)

- b. Solve $y_{n+2} - 7y_{n+1} + 12y_n = 2^n$ given that $y_0 = 0, y_1 = 0$ using Z-transforms.

Reg. No.

B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019
Third to Seventh Semester

15MA201 – TRANSFORMS AND BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS

(For the candidates admitted during the academic year 2015 – 2016 to 2017-2018)

Note:

- (i) Part - A should be answered in OMR sheet within first 45 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 45th minute.
 (ii) Part - B and Part - C should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART – A (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)
Answer ALL Questions

- The complete integral of $p = 2qx$
 (A) $z = ax^2 + ay + c$ (B) $z = ax + ay^2 + c$
 (C) $z = ax^2 - ay + c$ (D) $z = ax + by + c$
- The partial differential equation formed by eliminating arbitrary function in $z = f(x^2 + y^2)$ is
 (A) $xp = yq$ (B) $xy = pq$
 (C) $xq = yp$ (D) $x + p = y + q$
- Solve $(D^3 - 7DD'^2 - 6D'^2)z = 0$
 (A) $z = \phi_1(y-x) + \phi_2(y-2x) + \phi_3(y+3x)$ (B) $z = \phi_1(y-x) + \phi_2(y+2x) + \phi_3(y-3x)$
 (C) $z = \phi_1(y+x) + \phi_2(y-2x) + \phi_3(y+3x)$ (D) $z = \phi_1(y+x) + \phi_2(y+2x) + \phi_3(y+3x)$
- The general integral of $z = xp + yq$ is
 (A) $\phi\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}\right) = 0$ (B) $\phi(x+y, y+z) = 0$
 (C) $\phi\left(x-y, \frac{x}{2}\right) = 0$ (D) $\phi\left(\frac{x}{y}, y+z\right) = 0$
- The constant a_0 of the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = k, 0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$
 (A) k (B) $2k$
 (C) 0 (D) $k/2$
- The RMS value of $f(x) = x$ in $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ is
 (A) 1 (B) 0
 (C) $1/\sqrt{3}$ (D) -1
- Find half-range cosine series of $f(x) = \cos x$ in $(0, \pi)$ the value of a_0 is
 (A) 4 (B) $2/\pi$
 (C) $4/\pi$ (D) 0

8. $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |x| dx$ is equal to

- (A) $2 \int_0^{\pi} x dx$ (B) 0
(C) $2 \int_0^{\pi} (-x) dx$ (D) $4 \int_0^{\pi} x dx$

9. In wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$, a^2 stands for

- (A) T/m (B) k/c
(C) m/T (D) k/m

10. One dimensional heat equation is used to find

- (A) Temperature (B) Displacement
(C) Time (D) Mass

11. How many initial and boundary conditions are required to solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$

- (A) Two (B) Three
(C) Four (D) Five

12. A rod of length l has its ends A and B are kept at 0°C and 100°C respectively, until steady state conditions prevail. Then the initial condition is given by

- (A) $u(x, 0) = ax + b + 100l$ (B) $u(x, 0) = \frac{100x}{l}$
(C) $u(x, 0) = 100lx$ (D) $u(x, 0) = (x + l)100$

13. If $F\{f(x)\} = F(s)$, then $F\{f(x-a)\}$

- (A) $e^{ias} F(s)$ (B) $e^{ias} F(a)$
(C) $e^{iax} F(a)$ (D) $e^{ias} F(x)$

14. The Fourier transform of $f(x) = e^{-x^2/2}$ is

- (A) e^{-s^2} (B) $\frac{1}{e^{s^2/2}}$
(C) $\frac{1}{e^{-s^2/2}}$ (D) $e^{-s^2/2}$

15. $F\{f(x) * g(x)\} =$

- (A) $F(s) + G(s)$ (B) $F(s) - G(s)$
(C) $F(s) \cdot G(s)$ (D) $F(s)/G(s)$

16. Under Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = 1/\sqrt{x}$ is

- (A) Self-reciprocal function (B) Cosine function
(C) Inverse function (D) Complex function

17. $Z[(-1)^n]$

- (A) $\frac{z+1}{z}$ (B) $\frac{z}{z-1}$
(C) $\frac{z}{z+1}$ (D) $\frac{-z}{z+1}$

18. If $Z[f(t)] = F(z)$, then $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} F(z)$

- (A) $f(0)$ (B) $f(1)$
(C) $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t)$ (D) $f(\infty)$

19. Find $Z^{-1}\left[\frac{z}{(z-1)^2}\right]$ is

- (A) $n+1$ (B) n
(C) $n-1$ (D) $1/n$

20. The poles of $\phi(z) = \frac{z^n}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ are

- (A) $z=1, z=2$ (B) $z=-1, z=-2$
(C) $z=1, z=-2$ (D) $z=0, z=2$

PART - B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer ANY FIVE Questions

21. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constants a and b from $z = (x^2 + a)(y^2 + b)$.

22. Solve $(D^2 - 2DD' + D'^2)z = e^{x+2y}$.

23. Express $f(x) = x$ in half range sine series of periodicity $2l$ in the range $0 < x < l$

24. Write the possible solutions and correct solution of one dimensional heat equation.

25. Classify the equation $(1+x^2)f_{xx} + (5+2x^2)f_{xy} + (4+x^2)f_{yy} = 2\sin(x+y)$.

26. If $F\{f(x)\} = F(s)$ then $F\{f(x)\cos ax\} = \frac{1}{2}[F(s-a) + F(s+a)]$.

27. Find $Z\{\sin n\theta\}$.

PART - C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

28. a. Solve (i) $9(p^2z + q^2) = 4$ (ii) $x(y-z)p + y(z-x)q = z(x-y)$.

(OR)

b. Solve $(D^3 - 2D^2D')z = \sin(x+2y) + 3x^2y$.