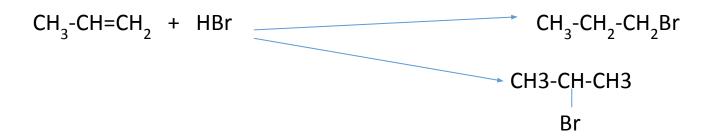
Unit V, **S9**

SLO-1: Cyclization

SLO-2: Ring opening reactions

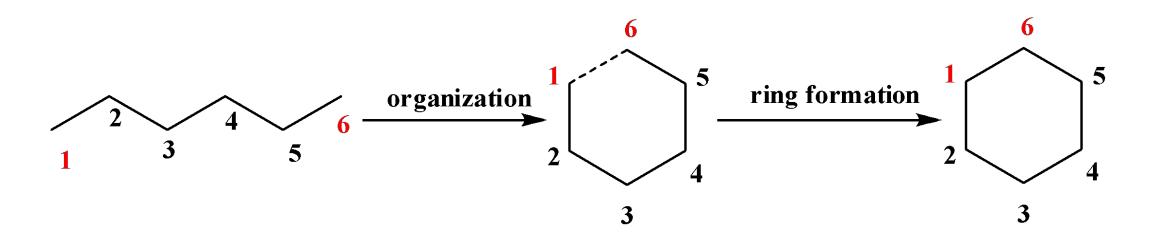
Predict the major product of this following reaction?



Cyclization

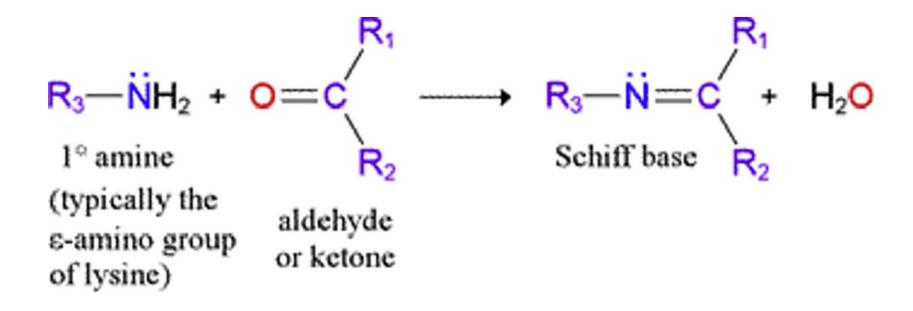
Cyclization refers to the formation of a ring in a chemical compound

Intramolecular reaction



Condensation reaction

Condensation reaction is a reaction in which two molecules combine to form a larger molecule, producing a small molecule such as H₂O as a by-product.



Dieckmann Condensation

It is an intramolecular Claisen condensation reaction.

Intramolecular Claisen reactions occur when five- or six-membered rings can be formed. These are called the **Dieckmann condensation** where one *ester, of the same molecule,* serves as an electrophile and the other is deprotonated and acts as a nucleophile.

$$OCH_3 = OCH_3 = OCH_$$

Claisen Condensation

The Claisen Condensation between esters containing α -hydrogens, promoted by a base such as sodium ethoxide, affords β -ketoesters.

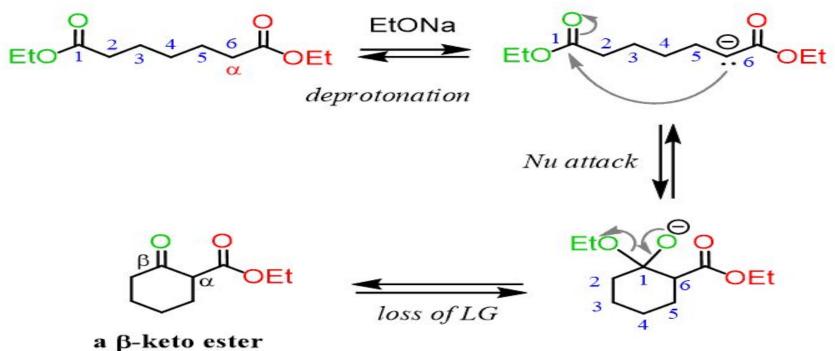
The driving force is the formation of the stabilized anion of the β -keto ester.

1st step: Deprotonation

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ &$$

2nd step: Attack of nucleophile

The Mechanism of Dieckmann Condensation



tetrahedral intermediate

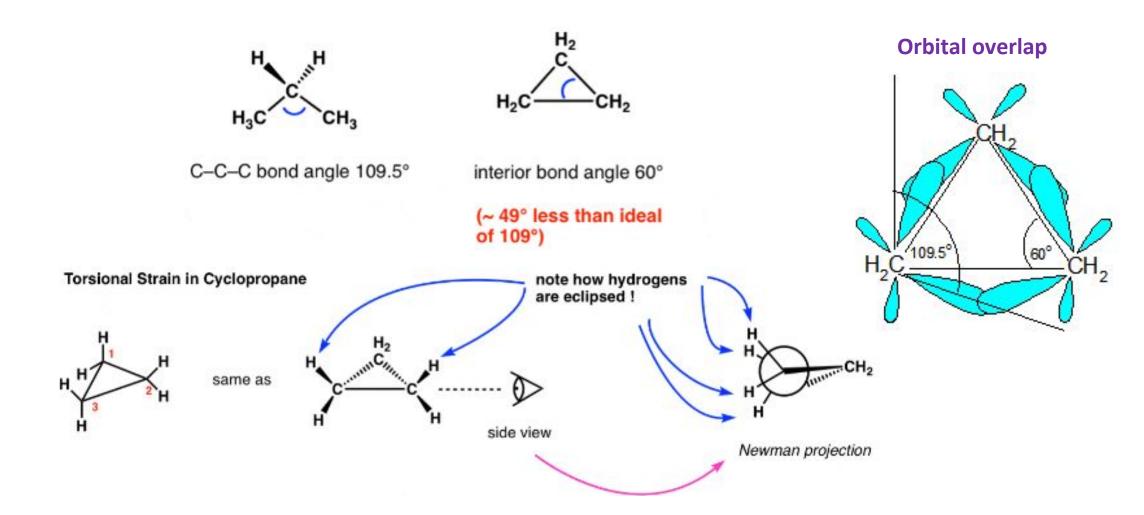
Mechanism of Dieckmann Condensation

Regioselective Dieckmann Condensation

Loss of the LG

Cyclopropane ring

Cyclopropane has large ring strain due to a mixture of angle strain and torsional strain

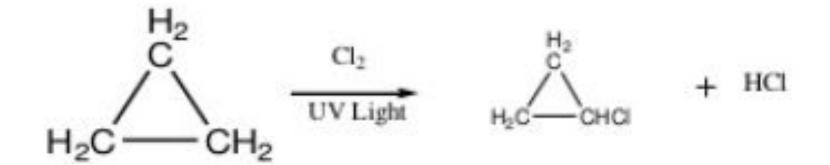


Formation of cyclopropane ring

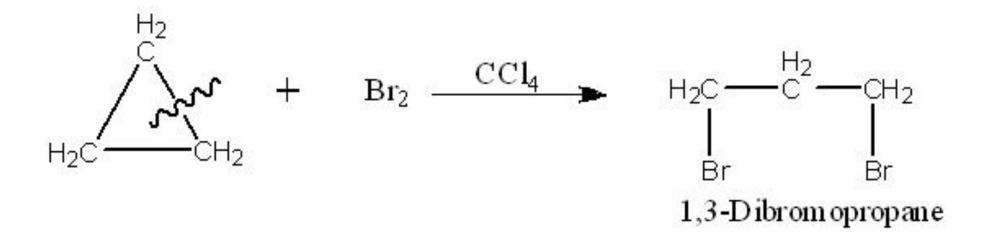


Ring opening reactions

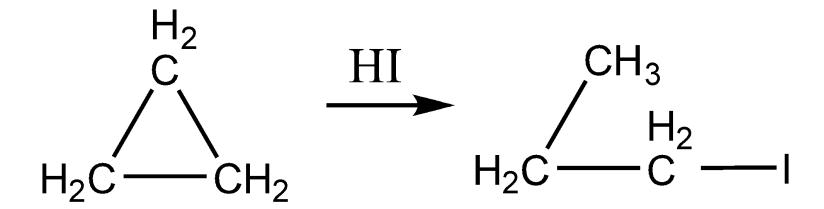
Chlorination



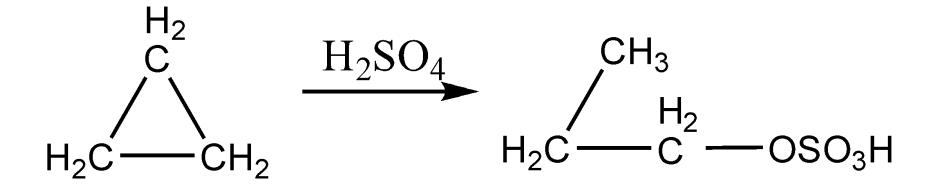
Bromination



Addition of HI (hydrogen iodide)



Addition of sulfuric acid



Reduction of Cycloalkane/ hydrogenation

