b. Convert the following grammar into Greibach normal form  $A_1 \rightarrow A_2 A_3$ 

$$A_2 \to A_3 A_1 \mid b$$

$$A_3 \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \mid a$$

0. a. Design a push down automata for the language  $L = \{ww^R \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$ .

b. Derive the equivalent context tree grammar for the following push down automata.

$$PDA = \{\{q_0, q_1\}, \{0,1\}, \{z_0, x\}, \delta, q_0, z_0, \phi\} \text{ where } \delta \text{ is given as,}$$

$$\delta(q_0,0,z_0) = (q_0,xz_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0,0,0) = (q_0,xx)$$

$$\delta(q_0,1,0) = (q_1, \in)$$

$$\delta(q_1,1,0) = (q_1, \in)$$

$$\delta(q_1, \in, z_0) = (q_1, \in)$$

1. a. Construct a Turing machine for the language  $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \ge 1\}$ .

- b. Design a Turing machine to perform multiplication operation.
- 2. a. Prove that post correspondence problem is undecidable.

- b. Explain in detail about the following with example
  - NP complete problem
  - (ii) NP hard problem

Reg. No.



## B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2019

1st to 7th Semester

### 15CS301 - THEORY OF COMPUTATION

(For the candidates admitted during the academic year 2015 - 2016 to 2017 - 2018)

Note:

- Part A should be answered in OMR sheet within first 45 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 45th minute.
- Part B and Part C should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100

## $PART - A (20 \times 1 = 20 Marks)$ Answer ALL Questions

- 1. A language is regular if and only is
  - (A) Accepted by DFA

(B) Accepted by PDA

(C) Accepted by LBA

- (D) Accepted by Turing machine
- 2. Let the class of language accepted by finite state machine be L<sub>1</sub> and the class of languages represented by regular expression be L2 then
  - (A)  $L_1 < L_2$

(B)  $L_1 > = L_2$ 

(C)  $L_1 UL_2 = **$ 

- (D)  $L_1 = L_2$
- 3. Which of the following is true?
  - (A) Every subset of a regular set is (B) Every finite subset of non-regular set is
- regular
  - (C) The union of two non regular set is (D) Infinite union of finite set is regular not regular
- 4. Which of the following is not a regular expression.
  - $\left\lceil (a+b)^*(aa+bb)\right\rceil^*$

(B)  $\left[ (0+1) - (0b+a1)^*(a+b) \right]^*$ 

(C)  $(01+11+10)^*$ 

- (D)  $(1+2+0)^*(1+2)^*$
- 5. Context sensitive grammar are
  - (A) Type 0 language

(B) Type 1 language

(C) Type 2 language

- (D) Type 3 language
- 6. Connect hierarchical relationship among context free, right linear and context sensitive language is
  - (A) Context free C right linear C context (B) Context fee C context sensitive C right
    - linear
  - Context sensitive C right linear C (D) Right linear C context free C context context free
    - sensitive
- 7. Which of the following CFG's can't be simulated by an FSM?
  - (A)  $S \rightarrow Sa \mid b$

- (B)  $S \rightarrow aSb \mid ab$
- (C)  $S \rightarrow abX, X \rightarrow cY, Y \rightarrow d \mid aX$
- (D)  $S \to OS \mid Y, Y \to OY \mid O$

8.	The context free languages are closed for  (i) Intersection  (ii) Union  (iii) Complementation  (iv) Kleene star  (A) (i) and (iv)  (C) (ii) and (iv)		(i) and (iii) (ii) and (iii)
9.	equivalent to power of non-		±
10.	` '	(B)	l form if every production is of the form A→BC, A→a A→BCa, A→A
1.	In Chomsky normal form a string of length (A) 2n-1 (C) 2n		2n+1
2.	Which of the following language is accepted (A) Context sensitive language (C) Regular language	(B)	
3.		(B)	$QA = (Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, q_o, z_o, F)$ is mapping of $\delta: Q \times \Sigma \times \Gamma \to Q \times \Gamma$ $\delta: Q \times \Sigma \to Q \times \Gamma \times \{L, R\}$
4.	- -	, ,	We can construct a Turing machine which always have halts We cant construct a TM
.5.	According to pumping lemma for regular law Which of the following portion cannot be an (A) x (C) z	emp (B)	ty string.
6.		(B)	3 are non terminals is called Unit production Greibach normal form
7.	A pushdown automata is said to be configurations.  (A) Finite  (C) Non deterministic	(B)	f it has atmost one transition around all  Non regular  Deterministic

18. A Turing machine that is able to simulate over Turing machines	18.	A Turing	machine	that is ab	le to	simulate	over	Turing	machines
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(A) Nested Turing machine

(B) Universal Turing machine

(C) Counter machine

(D) Halting machine

19. Set or language accepted by Turing machine.

(A) Recursively enumerable language

(B) Recursive language

(C) Regular language

(D) Non regular language

20. Which of the following problem is not NP-hard?

(A) Hamiltonian circuit problem

(B) The 0/1 Knapsack problem

(C) Finding BI-connected component of (D) The graph coloring a graph

# PART - B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks) Answer ANY FIVE Questions

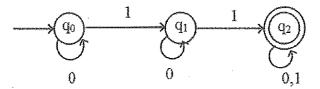
- 21. Construct DFA for the language L over {a,b}, which contains all string that does not start with 'ab'.
- 22. Using pumping lemma, prove  $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \ge 1\}$  is not regular language.
- 23. List different types of grammar with example.
- 24. Is non deterministic push down automata more powerful than deterministic push down automata? Justify.
- 25. Design a turing machine that accepts the language of odd integers, written in binary and given instantaneous description for input '1111'.
- 26. Prove that multitape Turing machine and single tape Turing machine are equivalent.
- 27. Differentiate recursive and recursive enumerable language.

$$PART - C (5 \times 12 = 60 Marks)$$
  
Answer ALL Questions

28. a. Construct minimized DFA for the regular expression " $ab(a+b)^*$ ".

(OR)

b. Find regular expression for the following DFA using  $R_{ii}^k$  formula.



29. a. Convert the following context free grammar to Chomsky normal form

 $S \rightarrow ABA |BaA|A$ 

 $A \rightarrow Ba|S|\epsilon$ 

 $B \rightarrow Ba|b|ca$ 

 $C \rightarrow Ca$ 

 $D\rightarrow\!\!DaD|a$