

UNITED NATIONS ENVIRONMENT PROGRAMME

- UNEP is the leading global environmental authority that sets the global environmental agenda and promotes the implementation of sustainable development within the United Nations system.
- UNEP is headquartered in Nairobi, Kenya, and operates through its divisions, regional offices, liaison offices, and collaborating centers of excellence.
- UNEP hosts several environmental conventions, secretariats, and inter-agency coordinating bodies.
- UNEP serves as an authoritative advocate for the global environment.
- UNEP is led by its Executive Director.

PROCESS OF UNEP

- 1. UNEP is the leading environmental authority in the United Nations system, with a mission to inspire and enable nations to improve their quality of life without compromising the future.
- 2. UNEP categorizes its work into seven thematic areas: climate change, disasters and conflicts, ecosystem management, environmental governance, harmful substances, resource efficiency, and environment under review.
- 3. Under the thematic areas:
 - UNEP focuses on strengthening countries' ability to respond to climate change through leadership in adaptation, mitigation, technology, and finance.
 - UNEP conducts environmental assessments in crisis-affected countries and provides guidance for improved environmental management in post-conflict and disaster scenarios.
 - UNEP promotes ecosystem management and restoration in a sustainable manner, including the protection of marine environments.
 - UNEP supports governments in establishing processes, institutions, laws, policies, and programs for sustainable development and environment integration in planning.
 - UNEP works to minimize the impact of harmful substances and hazardous waste on the environment and human health, including global negotiations on mercury and related projects.

- UNEP focuses on regional and global efforts to promote environmentally friendly production and consumption, such as the Marrakesh Process.
- 4. UNEP depends on voluntary contributions for 95% of its income, and it partners with organizations that support its mission.
- 5. UNEP annually honors individuals and institutions for their outstanding work in environmental protection.
- 6. UNEP hosts the secretariats of crucial multilateral environmental agreements and research bodies, addressing global challenges related to biodiversity, endangered species, mercury, ozone protection, migratory species, and more.

UNEP'S MAIN ACTIVITIES

1. Climate Change
2. Disaster of conflicts
3. Ecosystem Management
4. Environmental Governance
5. Environment Under Review
6. Harmful Substances
7. Resource Efficiency

UNEP Collaboration with Geneva-based UN Organisations

- UNEP and The World Health Organization (WHO)
- UNEP and The International Labour Organization (ILO)
- UNEP and The UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)
- UNEP and The World Meteorological Organization (WMO)
- UNEP and The UN Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)
- UNEP and The World Trade Organization (WTO)
- UNEP and the International Telecommunication Union (ITU)
- UNEP and the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (UNHCHR)