

Problem 1:

(a) Let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{pmatrix}_{m \times n}$$

and

$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 1}$$

$$A\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n \\ \vdots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n \end{pmatrix}_{m \times 1}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d(A\vec{x})}{d\vec{x}} &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{d(a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n)}{dx_1} & \cdots & \frac{d(a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n)}{dx_n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{d(a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n)}{dx_1} & \cdots & \frac{d(a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n)}{dx_n} \end{pmatrix}_{m \times n} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{pmatrix}_{m \times n} = A \end{aligned}$$

Hence, proved.

(b) Make assumptions same as above but make m=n.

So, as done earlier

$$A\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n \\ \vdots \\ a_{n1}x_1 + a_{n2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{nn}x_n \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 1}$$

Now,

$$\vec{x}^T A \vec{x} =$$

$$(a_{11}x_1x_1 + a_{12}x_2x_1 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_nx_1 + a_{21}x_1x_2 + a_{22}x_2x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_nx_2 + \cdots + a_{n1}x_1x_n + a_{n2}x_2x_n + \cdots + a_{nn}x_nx_n)_{1 \times 1}$$

Now, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d(\vec{x}^T A \vec{x})}{d\vec{x}} &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{d(a_{11}x_1x_1 + a_{12}x_2x_1 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_nx_1 + a_{21}x_1x_2 + a_{22}x_2x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_nx_2 + \cdots + a_{n1}x_1x_n + a_{n2}x_2x_n + \cdots + a_{nn}x_nx_n)}{dx_1} & \cdots & \frac{d(a_{11}x_1x_1 + a_{12}x_2x_1 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_nx_1 + a_{21}x_1x_2 + a_{22}x_2x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_nx_2 + \cdots + a_{n1}x_1x_n + a_{n2}x_2x_n + \cdots + a_{nn}x_nx_n)}{dx_n} \end{pmatrix}_{1 \times n} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} (2 * a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n) + (a_{21}x_2 + a_{31}x_3 + \cdots + a_{n1}x_n) & (2 * a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n) + (a_{12}x_1 + a_{32}x_3 + \cdots + a_{n2}x_n) & \cdots & (2 * a_{n1}x_1 + a_{n2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{nn}x_n) + (a_{1n}x_1 + a_{2n}x_2 + \cdots + a_{(n-1)n}x_{n-1}) \end{pmatrix}_{1 \times n} \end{aligned}$$

From RHS, we have

$$\vec{x}^T A = (a_{11}x_1 + a_{21}x_2 + \cdots + a_{n1}x_n \quad a_{12}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{n2}x_n \quad \cdots \quad a_{1n}x_1 + a_{2n}x_2 + \cdots + a_{nn}x_n)_{1 \times n}$$

and

$$\vec{x}^T A^T = (a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n \quad a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n \quad \cdots \quad a_{n1}x_1 + a_{n2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{nn}x_n)_{1 \times n}$$

Adding both we get,

$$RHS = \begin{pmatrix} (a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n) & \cdots & (a_{n1}x_1 + a_{n2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{nn}x_n) \\ + (a_{11}x_1 + a_{21}x_2 + \cdots + a_{n1}x_n) & + (a_{12}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{n2}x_n) & + (a_{1n}x_1 + a_{2n}x_2 + \cdots + a_{nn}x_n) \end{pmatrix}_{1 \times n} = LHS$$

Hence, proved.

Problem 2:

Resulting matrix will be of order $m * (nk)$

Problem 3:

(a)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4\sin(x)\cos(x)\cos(y) & -2\sin^2(x)\sin(y) \\ 2x & 3e^y \end{pmatrix}$$

(b)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6xy + yzw & 3x^2 + xzw & xyw & xyz \\ 2x\sin(x^2 + yw - z) & w\sin(x^2 + yw - z) & -\sin(x^2 + yw - z) & y\sin(x^2 + yw - z) \end{pmatrix}$$

Problem 4:

Let

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{pmatrix}_{n*1}$$

and

$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}_{n*1}$$

So,

$$\begin{aligned} \beta^T \vec{x} &= b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + \cdots + b_nx_n \\ \frac{d(e^{\beta^T \vec{x}})}{d\vec{x}} &= e^{\beta^T \vec{x}} \frac{d(\beta^T \vec{x})}{d\vec{x}} = e^{\beta^T \vec{x}} \left(\frac{d(b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + \cdots + b_nx_n)}{dx_1} \quad \frac{d(b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + \cdots + b_nx_n)}{dx_2} \quad \cdots \quad \frac{d(b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + \cdots + b_nx_n)}{dx_n} \right)_{1*n} \\ &= e^{\beta^T \vec{x}} \begin{pmatrix} b_1 & b_2 & \cdots & b_n \end{pmatrix}_{1*n} \\ &= \beta^T e^{\beta^T \vec{x}} \end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\frac{d(e^{\beta^T \vec{x}})}{d\vec{x}} = \beta^T e^{\beta^T \vec{x}}$$