

Cloud VM Deployment

Step 1: Get the VM Ready

To start, you need to create a free virtual machine (VM) in a cloud service like AWS, GCP, or Azure. Once the VM is running, you'll establish a secure connection to it from your Kali Linux terminal using SSH.

```
(kali@cyber1)-[~]
$ ssh -i ~/.ssh/gcp_key kali@34.131.60.16
The authenticity of host '34.131.60.16 (34.131.60.16)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:NpLGF6q4IxtuezlAUxcobyKPNMym2xANQ9d4K+PXYP0.
This host key is known by the following other names/addresses:
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:10: [hashed name]
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '34.131.60.16' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Welcome to Ubuntu 25.04 (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-1015-gcp x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/pro

This system has been minimized by removing packages and content that are
not required on a system that users do not log into.

To restore this content, you can run the 'unminimize' command.

4 updates can be applied immediately.
1 of these updates is a standard security update.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

kali@task14:~$
```

Step 2: Put Your Web Page Online

After you're connected, you'll get your web page files onto the VM. First, **clone the GitHub repo**. Then, you'll **install the Apache web server and copy your files** into its root directory. This makes your webpage accessible to the public internet. Your second screenshot will show your webpage successfully loaded in a web browser using the VM's public IP address.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with a dark theme. The address bar displays the URL `34.131.60.16`. The browser's tab bar shows two tabs: 'Kali Linux' and 'Register'. The 'Register' tab is active. Below the address bar, there is a row of bookmarks including 'OffSec', 'Kali Linux', 'Kali Tools', 'Kali Docs', 'Kali Forums', 'Kali NetHunter', 'Exploit-DB', 'Google Hacking DB', and 'Amana's page'. The main content area of the browser displays a registration form titled 'Register'. The form is centered and has a white background with a subtle shadow. It contains the following fields: 'First Name:', 'Last Name:', 'Email ID:', 'Phone Number:', 'Password:', and 'Confirm Password:'. Each field is represented by a white rectangular input box. At the bottom of the form is a green rectangular button labeled 'Submit'.

Register

First Name:

Last Name:

Email ID:

Phone Number:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Step 3: Set Up the Database

To enable user registration, Need a place to store the data. You will **install PHP and MySQL** on the VM. After the installation, **log into MySQL** and **create a new database, a table, and a user**. This provides the necessary structure to store of user information. the third screenshot will capture the terminal commands you used to set up the database components.

```
kali@task14:~$ sudo mysql
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 31
Server version: 11.4.7-MariaDB-0ubuntu0.25.04.1 Ubuntu 25.04

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Support MariaDB developers by giving a star at https://github.com/MariaDB/server
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE webapp;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE USER 'webuser'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'StrongPass123';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.006 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON webapp.* TO 'webuser'@'localhost';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.002 sec)

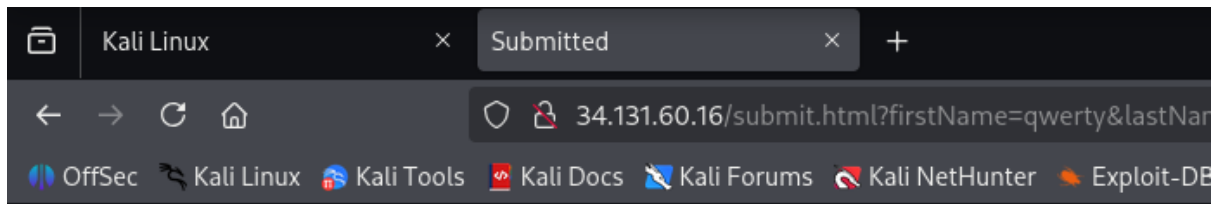
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> USE webapp;
Database changed
MariaDB [webapp]> CREATE TABLE users (
    → id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    → username VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    → password VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    → email VARCHAR(255)
    → );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [webapp]> EXIT;
Bye
```

Step 4: Create a User Account

In this final step, The web application fully functional. we need to **create the necessary PHP files** that will handle user registration and login. Once the files are in place, **register a new user and then log back in** to test the system. Your fourth and final screenshot will show that you have successfully logged in, confirming everything is working as it should.



You've been registered.

Please check your email for details.

Final Checklist

- **Note the VM's public IP:** This is the address people will use to access the webpage.
- **Upload the files:** Create a text file with these steps, the four screenshots, and the IP, and upload it all to your GitHub repo named `task14`.
- **Terminate the VM:** Be sure to terminate the VM after a week to avoid any unexpected charges.