

2D ARRAYS SOLUTIONS

Solution 1:

```
public class Solution {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[][] array = { {4, 7, 8}, {8, 8, 7} };  
  
        int countOf7 = 0;  
        for(int i=0; i<array.length; i++) {  
            for(int j=0; j<array[0].length; j++) {  
                if(array[i][j] == 7) {  
                    countOf7++;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("count of 7 is : " + countOf7);  
    }  
}
```

COLLEGE

Solution 2:

```
public class Solution {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[][] nums = { {1,4,9},{11,4,3},{2,2,3} };  
        int sum = 0;  
  
        //sum of 2nd row elements  
        for(int j=0; j<nums[0].length; j++) {  
            sum += nums[1][j];  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("sum is : " + sum);  
    }  
}
```

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Solution 3 :

```
public class Solution {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int row = 2, column = 3;  
        int[][] matrix = { {2, 3, 7}, {5, 6, 7} };  
  
        // Display original matrix  
        printMatrix(matrix);  
  
        // Transpose the matrix  
        int[][] transpose = new int[column][row];  
        for(int i = 0; i<row; i++) {  
            for (int j = 0; j<column; j++) {  
                transpose[j][i] = matrix[i][j];  
            }  
        }  
  
        // print the transposed matrix  
        printMatrix(transpose);  
    }  
  
    public static void printMatrix(int[][] matrix) {  
        System.out.println("The matrix is: ");  
        for(int i=0; i<matrix.length; i++) {  
            for (int j=0; j<matrix[0].length; j++) {  
                System.out.print(matrix[i][j] + " ");  
            }  
            System.out.println();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

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