

Nome: Amanda Chen Zhen CT# 348

$$1. \binom{8}{3} = \frac{8!}{3!(8-3)!} = \frac{8!}{3!5!} = \frac{40,320}{720} = 56$$

Letra B.

$$2. \binom{200}{198} = \frac{200!}{198!(200-198)!} = \frac{200!}{198!2!} = \frac{200 \cdot 199 \cdot 198!}{198!2} = \frac{200 \cdot 199}{2} = 19,900$$

Letra A.

$$3. \binom{n-1}{2} = \binom{n+1}{4}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)!}{2!(n-1-2)!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{4!(n+1-4)!}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)!}{2!(n-3)!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{4!(n-3)!}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)!}{2!(n-3)!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{4!(n-3)!}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)!}{2 \cdot (n-3)!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{4 \cdot (n-3)!}$$

$$\frac{(n-1) \cdot (n-2) \cdot (n-3)!}{2 \cdot (n-3)!} = \frac{(n+1) \cdot n \cdot (n-1) \cdot (n-2) \cdot (n-3)!}{4 \cdot (n-3)!}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)(n-2)}{2} = \frac{(n+1)n}{4}$$

$$\frac{n^2 - 3n + 2}{2} = \frac{n^2 + n}{4}$$

$$2n^2 - 6n + 4 = n^2 + n$$

$$n^2 - 7n + 4 = 0$$

$$n=1$$

$$-2 \cdot 1^4 + 4 \cdot 1^3 + 26 \cdot 1^2 - 76 \cdot 1 + 48 = 0$$

$$-2 + 4 + 26 - 76 + 48 = 0$$

$$78 - 78 = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$n=2$$

$$-2 \cdot 2^4 + 4 \cdot 2^3 + 26 \cdot 2^2 - 76 \cdot 2 + 48 = 0$$

$$-32 + 32 + 104 - 152 + 48 = 0$$

$$152 - 152 = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$n=3$$

$$-2 \cdot 3^4 + 4 \cdot 3^3 + 26 \cdot 3^2 - 76 \cdot 3 + 48 = 0$$

$$-162 + 108 + 234 - 228 + 48 = 0$$

$$390 - 390 = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$V = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

$$4. \begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$$

↓

2 consecutivos da Linha 20 $\Rightarrow R: \begin{pmatrix} 21 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$

$$5. \binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} + \dots + \binom{n}{n}$$

soma na linha $n \rightarrow 2^n$

$$6. a. \sum_{p=0}^{10} \binom{10}{p} = \binom{10}{0} + \binom{10}{1} + \binom{10}{2} + \dots + \binom{10}{10}$$

soma da linha 10 $\rightarrow 2^{10} = 1024$

$$b. \sum_{p=0}^9 \binom{10}{p} = \binom{10}{0} + \binom{10}{1} + \binom{10}{2} + \dots + \binom{10}{9}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} \binom{10}{1} & \binom{10}{9} & \binom{10}{2} & \binom{10}{8} & \binom{10}{3} & \binom{10}{7} & \binom{10}{4} & \binom{10}{6} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 1 & 9 & 2 & 8 & 3 & 7 & 4 & 6 \end{array}$$

complementares

$$\binom{10}{0} = \frac{10!}{0!10!} = 1 \quad \binom{10}{1} = \frac{10!}{1!9!} = 10 \quad \binom{10}{2} = \frac{10!}{2!8!} = 45$$

$$\binom{10}{3} = \frac{10!}{3!7!} = 120 \quad \binom{10}{4} = \frac{10!}{4!6!} = 210$$

$$\binom{10}{5} = \frac{10!}{5!5!} = 252$$

$$1 + 10 + 45 + 120 + 210 + 252 + 210 + 120 + 45 + 10 = 1023$$

$$c. \sum_{p=2}^9 \binom{9}{p} \quad \binom{9}{2} \quad \binom{9}{3} \quad \binom{9}{4} \quad \binom{9}{5}$$

complementares

$$\binom{9}{2} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7!}{2 \cdot 7!} = 36 \quad \binom{9}{3} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6!}{3 \cdot 6!} = 84 \quad \binom{9}{4} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5!}{4 \cdot 5!} = 126$$

$$\binom{9}{8} = \frac{9 \cdot 8!}{8! \cdot 1} = 9 \quad \binom{9}{9} = \frac{9!}{9!} = 1$$

$$36 + 84 + 126 + 126 + 84 + 36 + 9 + 1 = 502$$

$$d. \sum_{p=4}^{10} \binom{p}{4} \quad \binom{4}{4} = \frac{4!}{4!} = 1 \quad \binom{5}{4} = \frac{5 \cdot 4!}{4!} = 5$$

$$\binom{6}{4} = \frac{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4!}{4! \cdot 2} = 15 \quad \binom{7}{4} = \frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4!}{4! \cdot 6} = 35 \quad \binom{8}{4} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4!}{4! \cdot 24} = 70$$

$$\binom{9}{4} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5!}{4! \cdot 26 \cdot 5!} = 126 \quad \binom{10}{4} = \frac{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6!}{4! \cdot 24 \cdot 6!} = 210$$

$$1 + 5 + 15 + 35 + 70 + 126 + 210 = 462$$

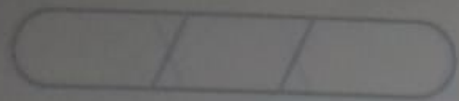
$$e. \sum_{p=5}^{10} \binom{p}{5}$$

$$\binom{5}{5} = \frac{5!}{5!} = 1 \quad \binom{6}{5} = \frac{6 \cdot 5!}{5! \cdot 1} = 6 \quad \binom{7}{5} = \frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5!}{5! \cdot 2} = 21$$

$$\binom{8}{5} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot \cancel{5!}}{5! \cdot 2} = 56 \quad \binom{9}{5} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot \cancel{5!}}{5! \cdot 24} = 126$$

$$\binom{10}{5} = \frac{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot \cancel{5!}}{120 \cdot \cancel{5!}} = 252$$

$$1 + 6 + 21 + 56 + 126 + 252 = 462$$



$$7. \sum_{k=0}^m \binom{m}{k} = 512$$

$$\binom{m}{0} + \binom{m}{1} + \binom{m}{2} + \dots + \binom{m}{m} \rightarrow \text{somma da linha } m \rightarrow 2^m$$

$m=9$

$$512 = 2^9$$

Letra E.