## Making Tables with gtsummary

Using the gtsummary package to make various types of tables in r markdown.

```
library(dplyr)
library(gtsummary)
library(palmerpenguins)
#data(package = 'palmerpenguins')
```

## Summarize descriptive statistics

Throughout the post we will use an example dataset of 200 subjects treated with either Drug A or Drug B, with a mix of categorical, dichotomous, and continuous demographic and response data. The dataset has label attributes (using the labelled package) for column names.

This markdown will use the palmer penguins dataset

```
sm_penguins <- penguins %>% select(species, island, sex, flipper_length_mm, body_mass_g)
head(sm_penguins)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
     species island
                       sex
                              flipper_length_mm body_mass_g
     <fct>
           <fct>
                       <fct>
                                           <int>
                                                       <int>
## 1 Adelie Torgersen male
                                             181
                                                        3750
## 2 Adelie Torgersen female
                                             186
                                                        3800
## 3 Adelie Torgersen female
                                                        3250
                                             195
## 4 Adelie Torgersen <NA>
                                             NA
                                                          NA
## 5 Adelie Torgersen female
                                             193
                                                        3450
## 6 Adelie Torgersen male
                                             190
                                                        3650
```

In one line of code we can summarize the overall demographics of the dataset!

Notice some nice default behaviors: Detects variable types of input data and calculates descriptive statistics Variables coded as 0/1, TRUE/FALSE, and Yes/No are presented dichotomously Recognizes NA values as "missing" and lists them as unknown Label attributes automatically printed Variable levels indented and footnotes added

```
tbl_summary(sm_penguins)
```

```
## Table printed with 'knitr::kable()', not {gt}. Learn why at
## http://www.danieldsjoberg.com/gtsummary/articles/rmarkdown.html
## To suppress this message, include 'message = FALSE' in code chunk header.
```

Characteristic	N = 344
species	
Adelie	152 (44%)
Chinstrap	68 (20%)
Gentoo	124 (36%)
island	
Biscoe	168 (49%)

Characteristic	N = 344		
Dream	124 (36%)		
Torgersen	52 (15%)		
sex			
female	165 (50%)		
male	168 (50%)		
Unknown	11		
$flipper\_length\_mm$	197 (190, 213)		
Unknown	2		
$body\_mass\_g$	4,050 (3,550, 4,750)		
Unknown	2		

Start customizing by adding arguments and functions

Next you can start to customize the table by using arguments of the tbl\_summary() function, as well as pipe the table through additional gtsummary functions to add more information, like p-value to compare across groups and overall demographic column.

```
sm_penguins %>%
  tbl_summary(by = island) %>%
  add_p() %>%
  add_overall() %>%
  bold_labels()
```

- ## Table printed with 'knitr::kable()', not {gt}. Learn why at
  ## http://www.danieldsjoberg.com/gtsummary/articles/rmarkdown.html
- ## To suppress this message, include 'message = FALSE' in code chunk header.

				Torgersen, N =	
Characteristic	Overall, $N = 344$	<b>Biscoe</b> , $N = 168$	$\mathbf{Dream},  N = 124$	52	p-value
species					< 0.001
Adelie	152 (44%)	44 (26%)	56 (45%)	52 (100%)	
Chinstrap	68 (20%)	0 (0%)	68 (55%)	0 (0%)	
Gentoo	124~(36%)	124 (74%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
sex	, ,	,	, ,	, ,	> 0.9
female	165 (50%)	80 (49%)	61 (50%)	24 (51%)	
male	168 (50%)	83 (51%)	62 (50%)	23 (49%)	
Unknown	11	5	1	5	
flipper_length_	<b>mb9</b> 7 (190, 213)	214 (200, 220)	193 (188, 198)	191 (187, 195)	< 0.001
Unknown	2	1	0	1	
body_mass_g	4,050 (3,550,	4,775 (4,200,	3,688 (3,400,	3,700 (3,338,	< 0.001
<b>v</b> — — 5	4,750)	5,325)	3,956)	4,000)	
Unknown	2	1	0	1	