

DEEP LEARNING

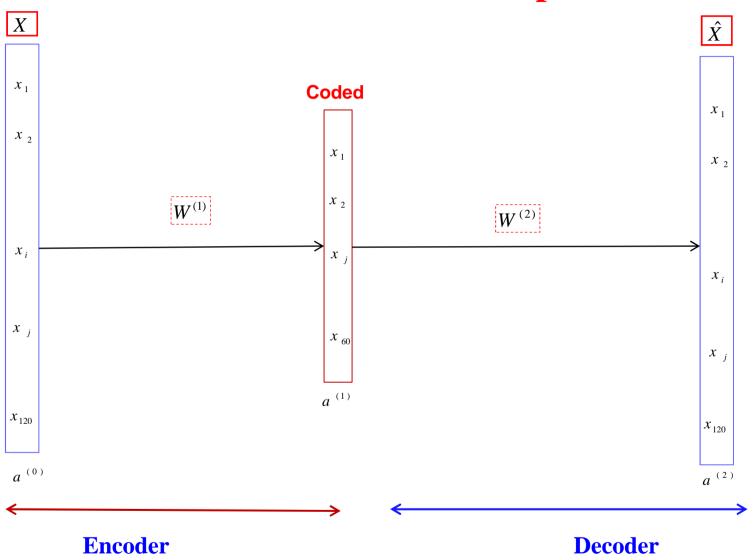
Deep AutoEncoder (DAE)

+

Algoritmo de Aprendizaje MiniBatch

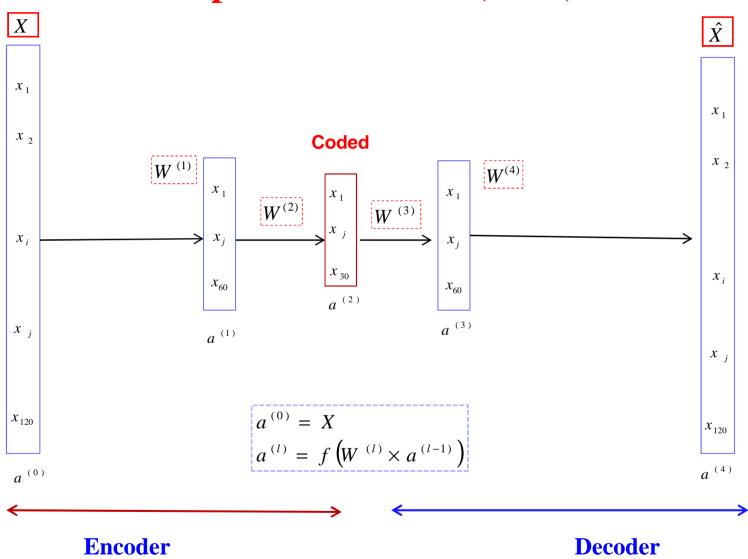


AutoEncoder Mono-Capa

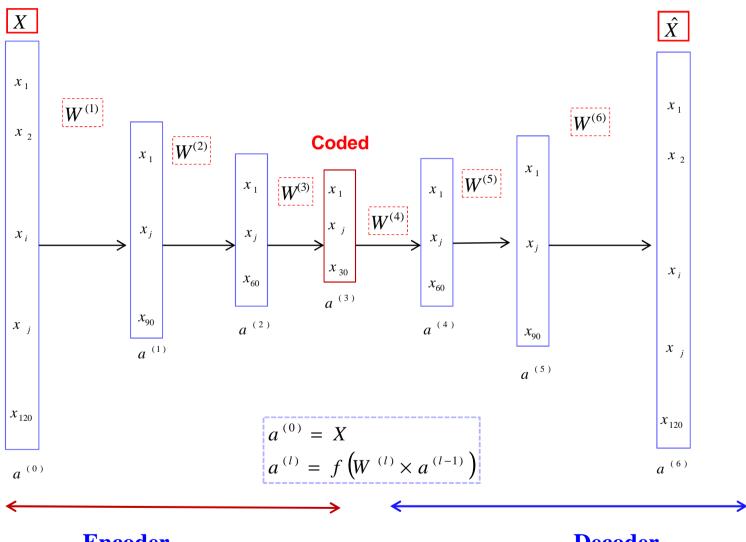


M

Deep AutoEncoder (DAE)







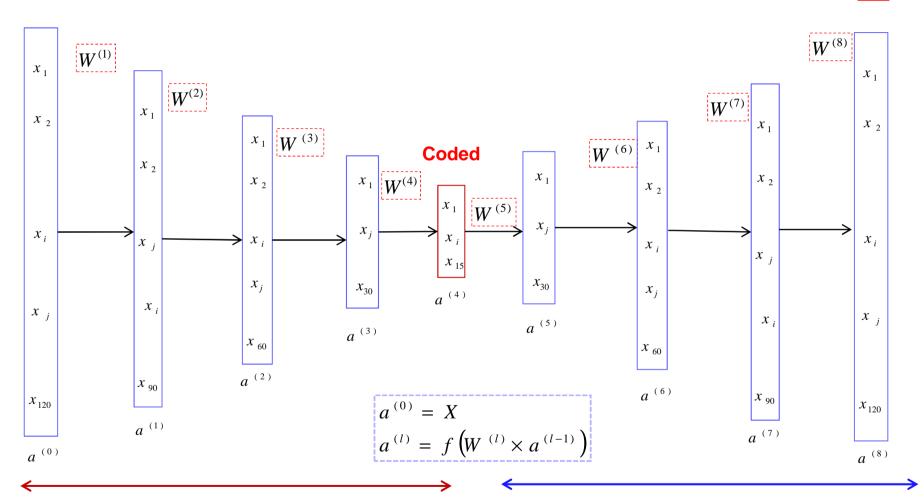
Encoder

Decoder



X

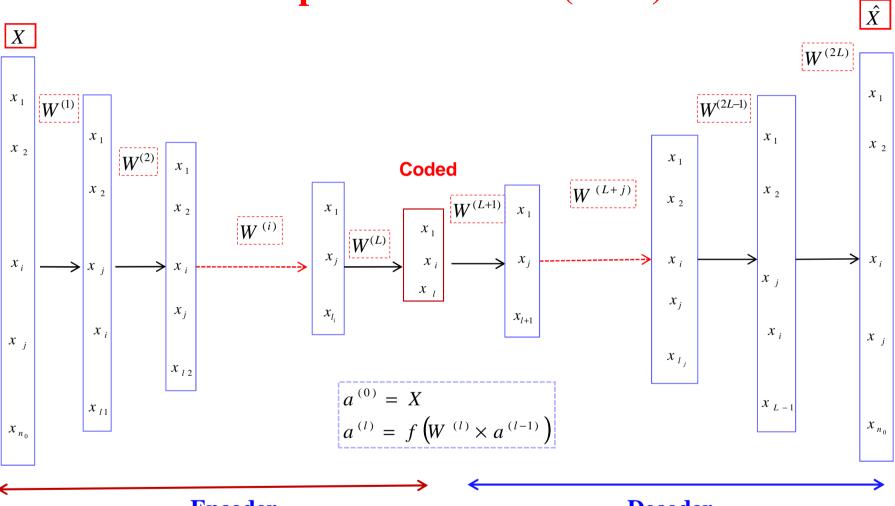




Encoder

Decoder



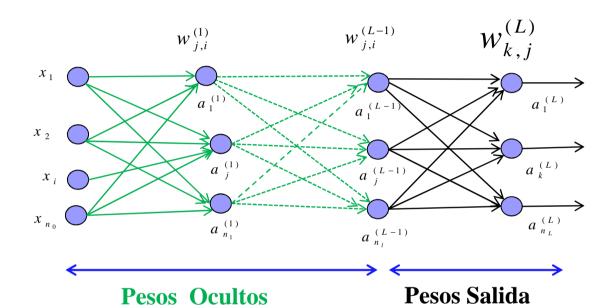


Encoder

Decoder

M

Topología de DEA := (MLP)



$$a^{(0)} = X$$

$$z^{(l)} = W^{(l)} \times a^{(l-1)}$$

$$a^{(l)} = f\left(z^{(l)}\right)$$

$$z^{(L)} = W^{(L)} \times a^{(L-1)}$$
$$a^{(L)} = f\left(z^{(L)}\right)$$



Aprendizaje Adaptativo MiniBatch:

Algoritmo ADAM Mejorado (mADAM)



• Considerar una base de datos de *N*-muestras dada como:

$$\{X_i, Y_i\}_{i=1}^N, X_i \in \Re^d, Y_i \in \Re^m$$

- X_i: representa la data de training
- Y_i: representa la data deseada
- d: denota el número de variables de entrada
- m: denota el número de salidas



• **Paso 1**: Re-ordenar aleatoriamente la localización de cada muestra de la base de datos de training.

• Paso 2: Dividir las N-muestras de la base de datos en Batchs de M-muestras.

$$B = \frac{N}{M}$$

B: Número de Batch

- Paso 3: Entrenar el DAE usando un Número Máximo de Épocas.
 - Cada Épocas ajusta los pesos del DAE *B*-veces vía el mADAM.



Ajuste Pesos de DAE: MiniBatch-mADAM

$$E = \frac{1}{2M} \sum_{n=1}^{M} C_n = \frac{1}{2M} \sum_{n=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{n_L} \left(a_{k,n}^{(L)} - a_{k,n}^{(0)} \right)^2$$

Notación Matricial: Gradiente Pesos de Salida

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{(L)}} = \delta^{(L)} \times (a^{(L-1)})^{T}$$
$$\delta^{(L)} = e^{(L)} \otimes f'(z^{(L)})$$

Notación Matricial: Gradiente Pesos Ocultos

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{(l)}} = \left\{ \left(w^{(l+1)} \right)^T \times \delta^{(l+1)} \right\} \otimes f' \left(z^{(l)} \right) \times \left(a^{(l-1)} \right)^T$$

$$l = (L-1), (L-2), \dots, 3, 2, 1$$



Actualización Pesos de Salida

$$w^{(L)}(t) = w^{(L)}(t-1) - \mu \times gAdam$$

$$t = 1, 2, \dots, MaxIter$$

$$u \in (0,1)$$



Actualización Pesos de Salida

$$gAdam = \frac{\sqrt{1-\beta_{2}^{t}}}{1-\beta_{1}^{t}} \times \frac{V^{(L)}(t)}{\sqrt{S^{(L)}(t)} + \varepsilon}, \quad \varepsilon = (10^{-6}, 10^{-8})$$

$$V^{(L)}(t) = \beta_1 \times V^{(L)}(t-1) + (1-\beta_1) \frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{(L)}(t-1)}$$
$$S^{(L)}(t) = \beta_2 \times S^{(L)}(t-1) + (1-\beta_2) \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{(L)}(t-1)}\right)^2$$

$$w^{(L)}(0) = \text{random}$$
 $V^{(L)}(0), S^{(L)}(0) = W^{(L)}.\text{shape}$
 $V^{(L)}(0), S^{(L)}(0) = 0$
 $\beta_1 = 0.9 \qquad \beta_2 = 0.999$



Actualización Pesos Ocultos

$$w^{(l)}(t) = w^{(l)}(t-1) - \mu \times gAdam$$

 $l = L - 1, L - 2, ... 2, 1$
 $t = 1, 2, ..., MaxIter$



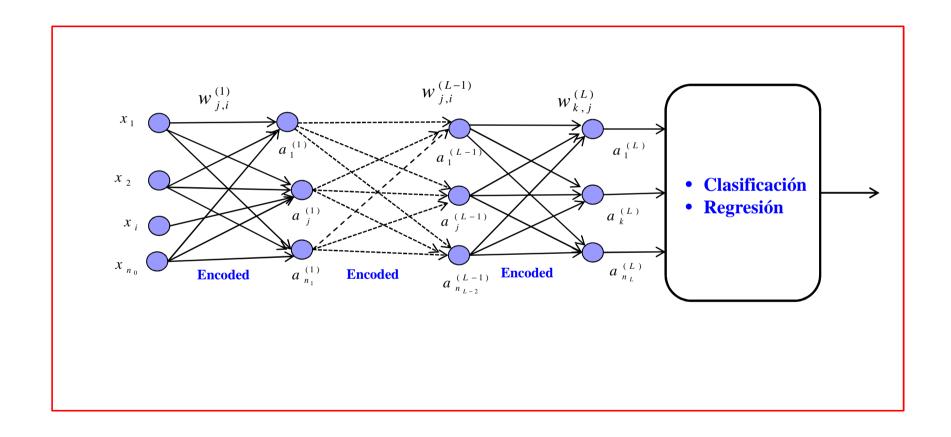
Actualización Pesos Ocultos

$$gAdam = \frac{\sqrt{1-\beta_2^t}}{1-\beta_1^t} \times \frac{V^{(l)}(t)}{\sqrt{S^{(l)}(t)} + \varepsilon}$$

$$V^{(l)}(t) = \beta_1 V^{(l)}(t-1) + (1-\beta_1) \frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{(l)}(t-1)}$$
$$S^{(l)}(t) = \beta_2 S^{(l)}(t-1) + (1-\beta_2) \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial w^{(l)}(t-1)}\right)^2$$

$$w^{(l)}(0) = \text{random}, l = 1, 2, ..., L - 1$$
 $V^{(l)}(0), S^{(l)}(0) = w^{(l)}.\text{shape}$
 $V^{(l)}(0), S^{(l)}(0) = 0$
 $\beta_1 = 0.9 \qquad \beta_2 = 0.999$

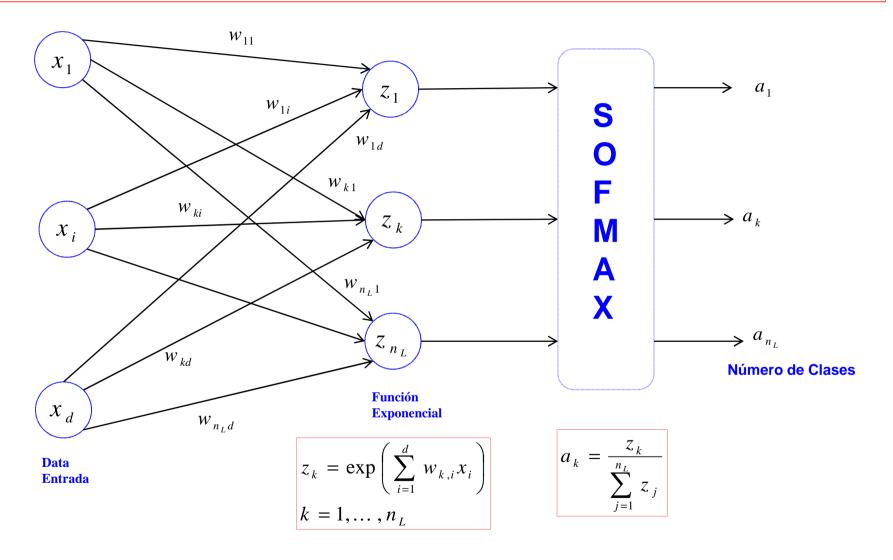
Deep AutoEncoder





Regresión Softmax usando mADAM

Softmax





Training Softmax usando MiniBatch mADAM



Training Softmax: MiniBatch mADAM

$$E = -\frac{1}{M} \sum_{n=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{n_L} Y_{k,n} \log (a_{k,n})$$

• \mathbf{M} : número de muestras, $\mathbf{n_L}$: numero de salidas, $\mathbf{Y_{k,n}}$: valores deseados

Notación Matricial : Gradiente Pesos

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W} = -\frac{1}{M} \{ (Y - A) \times X^T \}$$

Notación Matricial : Ajuste Pesos

$$w(t) = w(t-1) - \mu \times gAdam$$

$$t = 1, 2, ..., MaxIter$$

$$u \in (0,1)$$



Training Softmax: miniBatch mADAM

Actualización Pesos de Salida

$$gAdam = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \beta_{2}^{t}}}{1 - \beta_{1}^{t}} \times \frac{V(t)}{\sqrt{S(t)} + \varepsilon}, \quad \varepsilon = (10^{-6}, 10^{-8})$$

$$V(t) = \beta_1 \times V(t-1) + (1-\beta_1) \frac{\partial E}{\partial w(t-1)}$$
$$S(t) = \beta_2 \times S(t-1) + (1-\beta_2) \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial w(t-1)}\right)^2$$

$$w(0) = \text{random}$$
 $V(0), S(0) = w.\text{shape}$
 $V(0), S(0) = 0$
 $\beta_1 = 0.9 \qquad \beta_2 = 0.999$



TAREA 3:

Deep Learning: DAE + mADAM

CONTINUARÁ....